Supporting Information

A Rapid Method for Detection of Genetically Modified Organisms Based on Magnetic Separation and Surface-Enhanced Raman Scattering

Burcu Guven¹, İsmail Hakkı Boyacı¹*, Ugur Tamer² and Pınar Çalık³

- ¹ Department of Food Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, Hacettepe University, Beytepe 06800Ankara, Turkey
- ² Department of Analytical Chemistry, Faculty of Pharmacy, Gazi University, 06330 Ankara, Turkey
- ³ Department of Chemical Engineering, Industrial Biotechnology and Metabolic Engineering Laboratory, Middle East Technical University, 06531 Ankara, Turkey

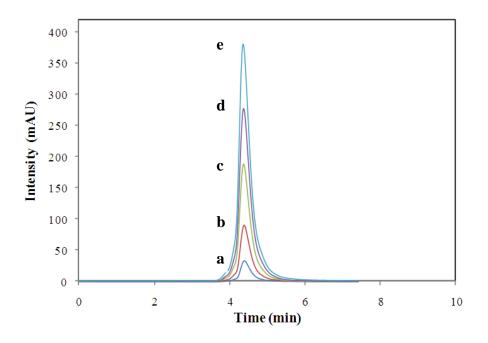


Fig. S1. Probe intensities (a) 1 $\mu M,$ (b) 2.5 $\mu M,$ (c) 5 $\mu M,$ (d) 7.5 $\mu M,$ (e) 10 μM

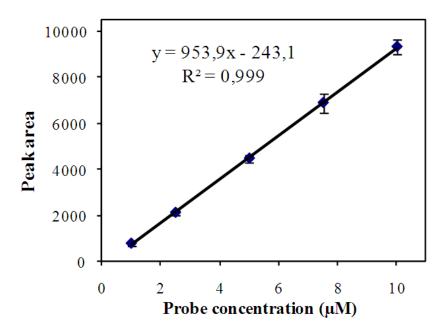
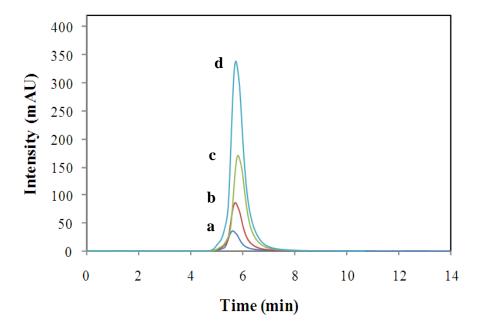


Fig. S2. Calibration curve for probe oligonucleotide in range of 1-10 μM

Fig. S3.



Target intensities (a) 1 $\mu M,$ (b) 2.5 $\mu M,$ (c) 5 $\mu M,$ (d) 10 μM

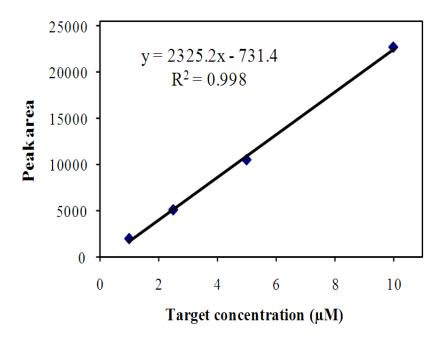


Fig. S4. Calibration curve for target oligonucleotide in range of 1-10 μM

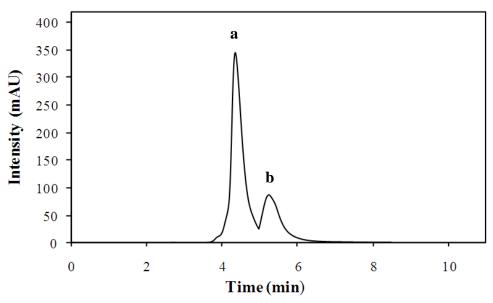


Fig. S5. Probe and target chromatogram (a) probe, (b) target oligonucleotide