

Differentiation of Chinese Liquors by Using Ambient Glow

Discharge Ionization mass spectrometry

Cheng Zhen¹, Yueming Zhou¹, Ning Zhang¹, Jiyun Wang¹, Zongxiu Nie^{1,2*}

1. Key Laboratory of Analytical Chemistry for Living Biosystems, Institute of Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100190, China; Beijing National Laboratory for Molecular Sciences, Beijing 100190, Beijing, China.

2. Beijing Mass Spectrometry Center, Beijing 100190, China.

* Corresponding author. E-mail address: znie@iccas.ac.cn (Z.X. Nie).

Supporting information

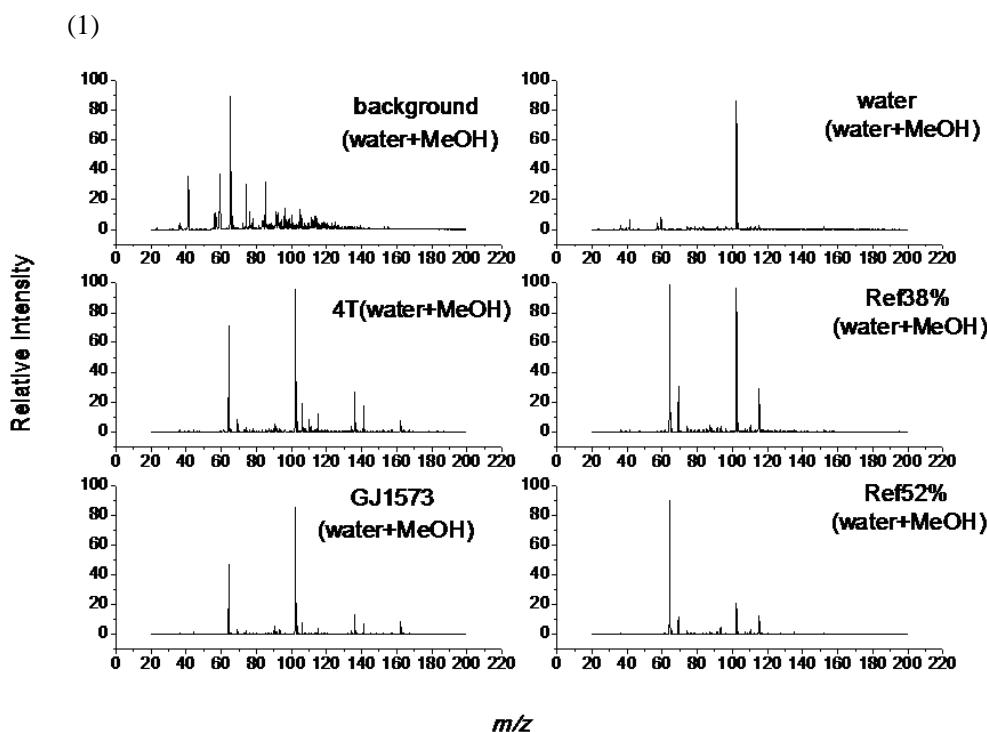


Figure S1. Several samples mass spectra obtained from EESI-MS

(2)

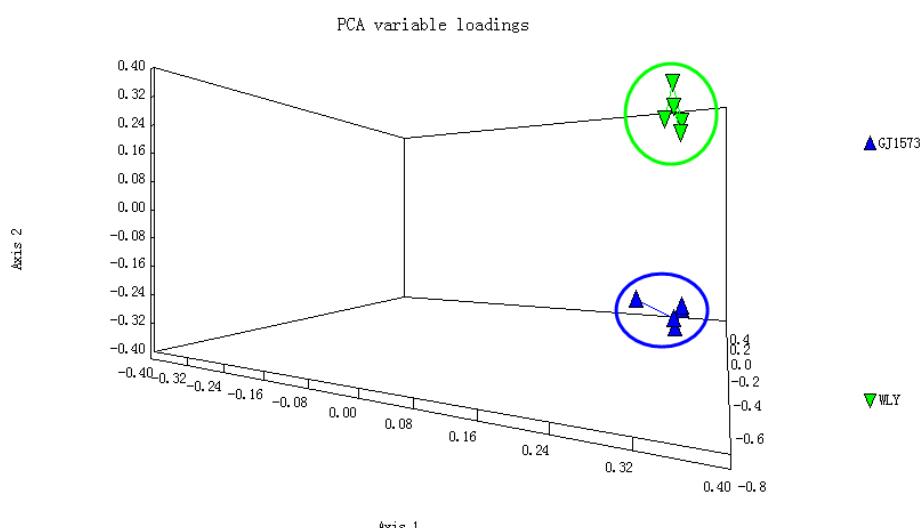


Figure S2. The PCA result of Guojiao 1573TM and WuliangyeTM

(3)

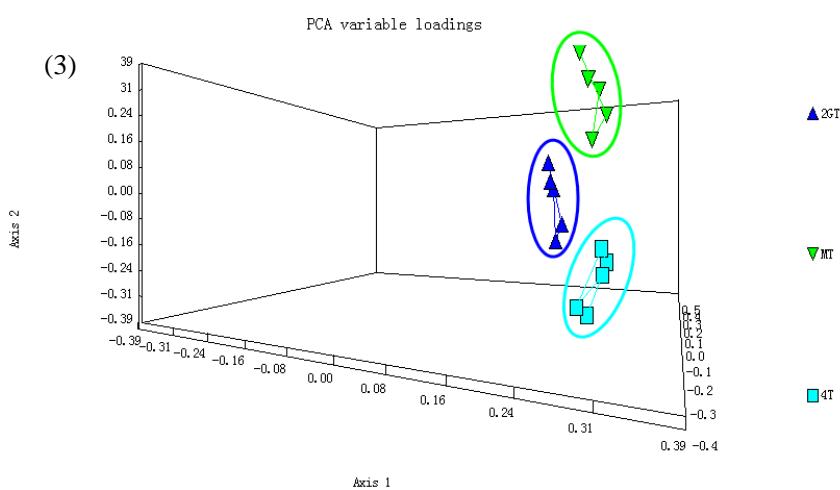


Figure S3. The PCA result of ErguotouTM, MoutaiTM and SiTeTM

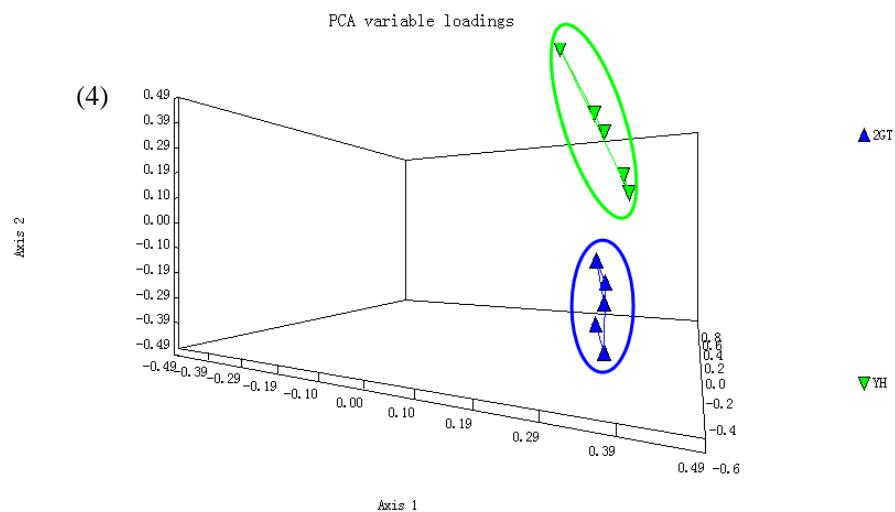


Figure S4. The PCA result of Red star EerguotouTM and Yanghe Blue ClassicTM

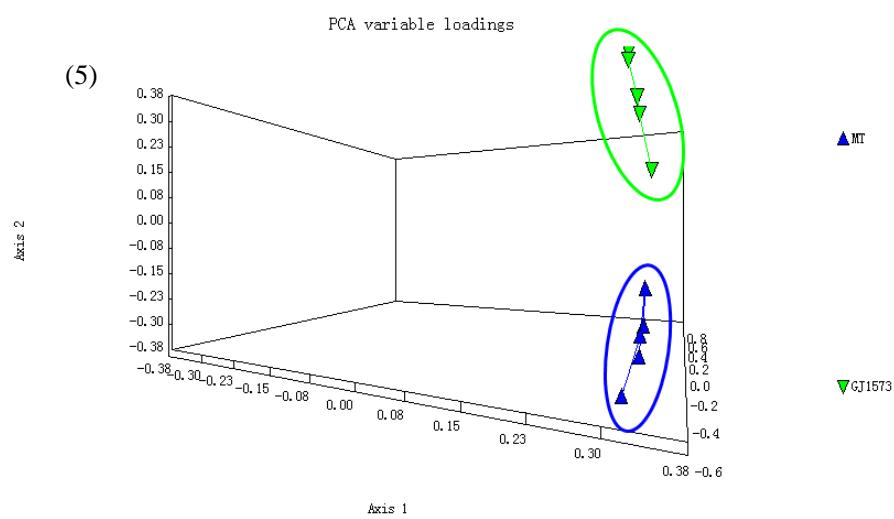


Figure S5. The PCA result of Guojiao 1573TM and MoutaiMoutaiTM

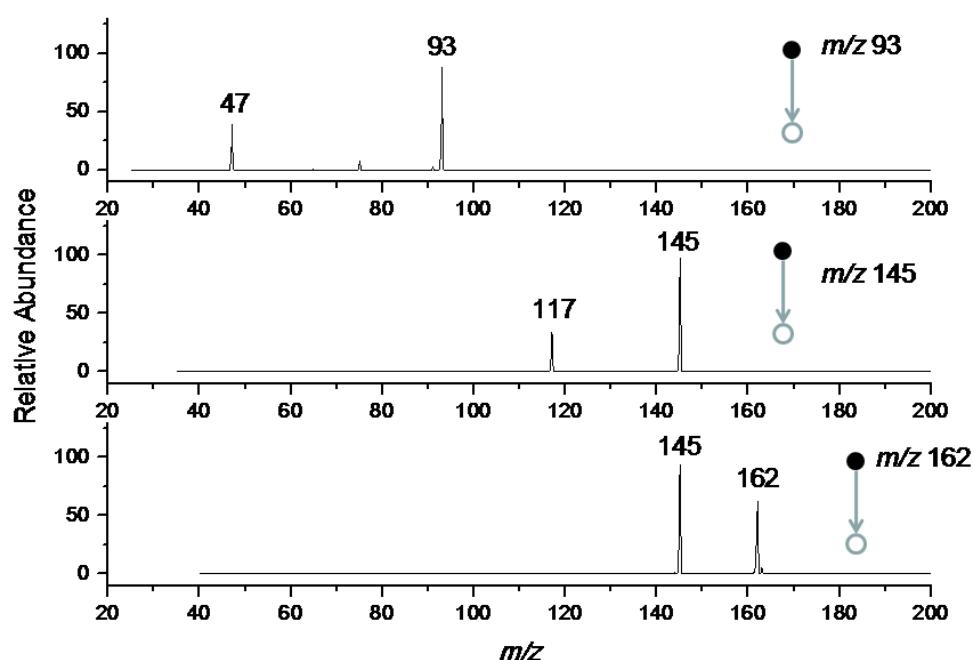


Figure S6. The CID analysis of ethanol dimer(m/z 93) in the MS of SiTe wine and the CID analysis of ammonium adduct of ethyl caproate (m/z 162)and ethyl caproate(m/z 145)