## Development of molecularly imprinted electrochemical sensors based on Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@MWNTs-COOH/CS nanocomposite layers for detecting traces of acephate and trichlorfon

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Fig. S1. FT-IR spectra of MWNTs-COOH (a) and Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@MWNTs-COOH (b)



Fig. S2. (A) CV curves of MIP/Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@MWNTs-COOH/CS/GCE at different scan rates (from

inner to outer): 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 and 250 mV s<sup>-1</sup> in the ORPS. (B)

The relationship between the scan rate and anodic (I  $_{\rm pa}$ ), cathodic (I  $_{\rm pc}$ ).



Fig. S3. The influences of the pH of the PBS on the current responses of MIP/Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@MWNTs-

COOH/CS/GCE for acephate (A) and trichlorfon (B).



Fig. S4. The influences of accumulation times on the response current of MIP/Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@MWNTs-

COOH/CS/GCE for acephate (A) and trichlorfon (B).

Table SI Repeatability experiments of the MIP sensor.										
	1	2	3	4	5	RSD				
Current (-µA)	34.82	34.07	33.41	32.40	32.62	3.01%				

Table S1 Repeatability experiments of the MI	P sensor
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	1	2	3	4	5	6	RSD
Current (-µA)	33.45	36.75	34.42	33.96	32.39	35.12	4.35%

 Table S1 The fabrication reproducibility experiments of the MIP sensor.