

## Supplementary information

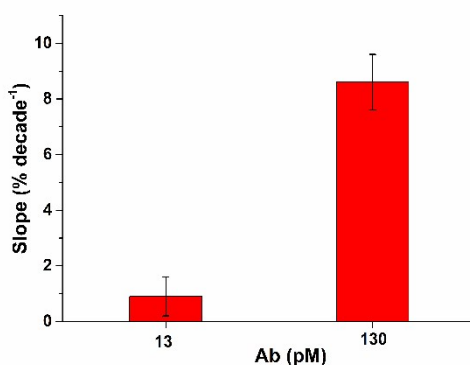
### Sensitive detection of a prostate specific antigen (PSA) using impedimetric assays with *in-situ* PSA's glycan analysis

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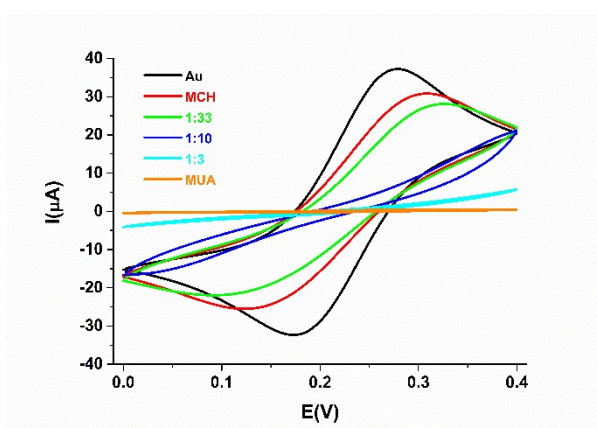
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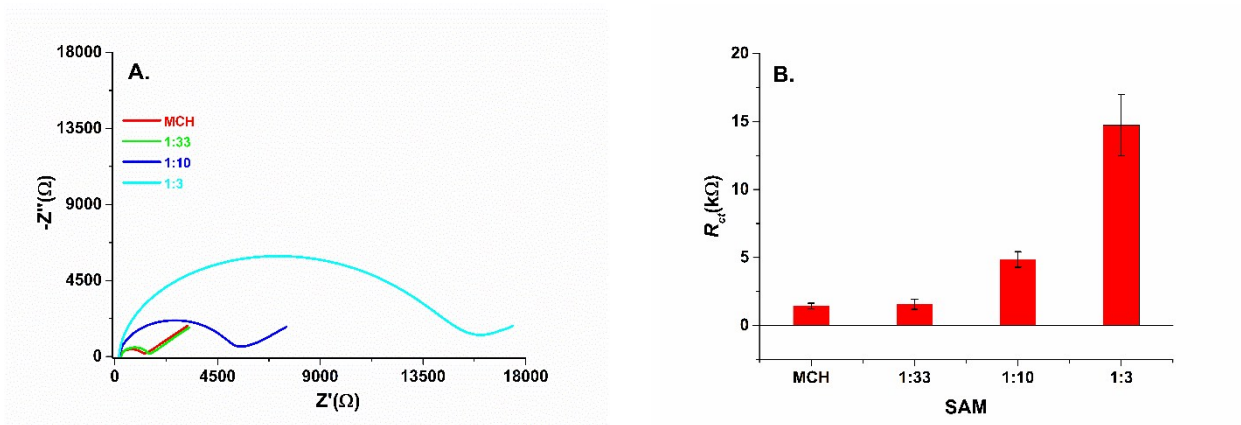
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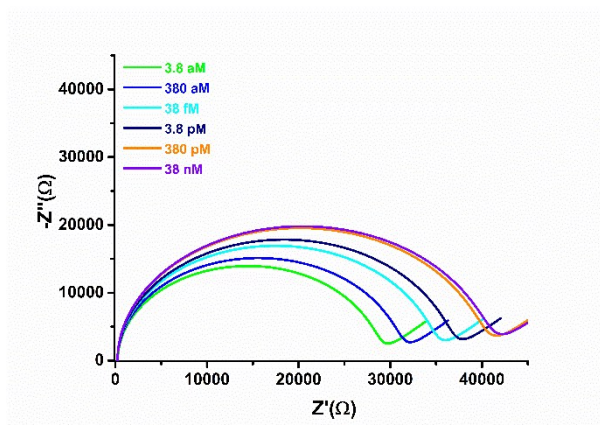
**Figure S1:** Calibration slope for detection of PSA with an impedimetric immunosensor prepared either by covalent immobilisation of an antibody from a stock solution of 13 pM or 130 pM on a mixed SAM composed of MUA and MCH of 1:3.



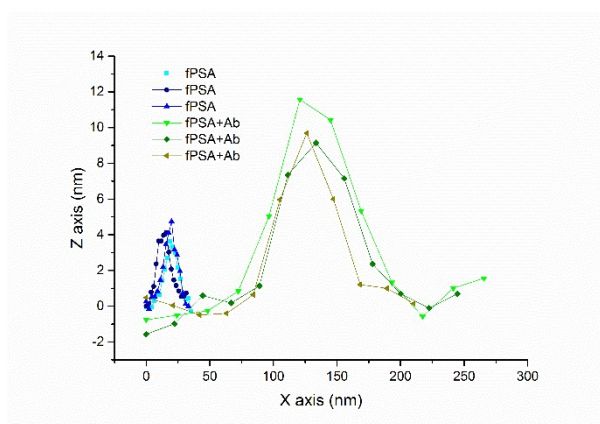
**Figure S2:** CV of ferricyanide as a redox probe at various SAMs i.e. pure SAMs composed of MUA or MCH and a mixed SAMs composed of MUA and MCH with a different ratio (1:33, 1:10 and 1:3). Moreover CV of ferricyanide on a bare gold surface is shown, as well.



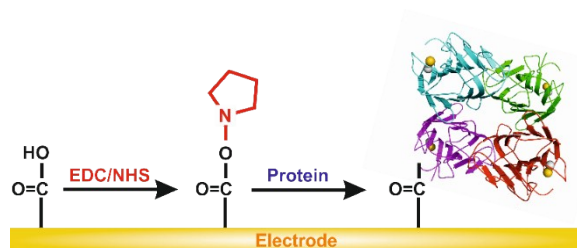
**Figure S3:** A) Nyquist plots obtained at various SAMs i.e. pure SAMs composed of MCH and a mixed SAMs composed of MUA and MCH with a different ratio (1:33, 1:10 and 1:3). B) Typical values of  $R_{ct}$  obtained at various SAM layers.



**Figure S4:** Nyquist plot for construction of a calibration curve for PSA analysis with an impedimetric immunosensor prepared by covalent immobilisation of an antibody from a stock solution of 130 pM.



**Figure S5:** AFM profile of PSA proteins attached to the surface (fPSA) and features appeared after incubation of the PSA modified surface with an antibody (fPSA+Ab).



**Figure S6:** Scheme of covalent protein immobilisation on Au electrode modified by a mixed SAM containing  $-\text{COOH}$  groups using EDC/NHS coupling reagents.

**Table S1:** Results obtained by fitting Nyquist plot shown in Fig. 3A with an equivalent circuit  $[\text{R}(\text{C}[\text{RW}])]$  with relevant fitted elements shown.

$R_s$	RSD	$R_{ct}$	RSD	C	RSD	$\chi^2$
$\Omega$	%	$\Omega$	%	F	%	
730	0.85	13500	0.91	1.77E-07	1.1	0.051

$R_s$  – solution resistance,  $R_{ct}$  – charge transfer resistance, C – capacitance,  $\chi^2$  – deviation of fitted values from real ones

**Table S2:** Results obtained by fitting Nyquist plot shown in Fig. 3B with an equivalent circuit  $[\text{R}(\text{Q}[\text{RW}])]$  with relevant fitted elements shown.

$R_s$	RSD	$R_{ct}$	RSD	n	RSD	$\chi^2$
$\Omega$	%	$\Omega$	%		%	
720	0.51	13800	0.55	0.97	0.35	0.015

$R_s$  – solution resistance,  $R_{ct}$  – charge transfer resistance, n – constant,  $\chi^2$  – deviation of fitted values from real ones