## UHPLC-MS/SRM Method for Quantification of Neem Metabolites from Leaf Extracts of Meliaceae Family Plants

**Supplementary Data** 

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	Solvents	Aza A	Nimbin	Salanin	Azadiradione	Epoxy or hydroxy azadiradione
5 min Sonication	Methanol	2.83	95.01	199.48	125.24	226996.09
	Acetonitrile	2.77	2.20	28.37	25.14	56870.17
	Acetone	2.40	-6.67	9.00	13.10	41836.19
	Ethylacetate	2.16	20.87	57.27	39.13	98005.54
	Methyltert- butyl ether	2.95	71.80	159.53	92.42	207641.33
1 hr at 37 °C	Methanol	2.83	94.88	200.24	124.86	246959.23
	Acetonitrile	3.08	41.09	113.39	69.48	144373.88
	Acetone	2.75	38.14	106.45	58.98	151603.70
	EthylAcetate	2.30	53.40	128.04	80.91	170426.75
	Methyltert- butyl ether	2.53	65.87	155.37	94.73	203949.75

Supplementary Table 1: Extraction of neem metabolites using different solvents.

The amounts presented here are  $pg/\mu g$  of leaf extract NF-Not found



**Supplementary Figure 1: UHPLC chromatogram of neem leaf extracts.** Neem leaf extract was injected to semi preparative C-18 column with the gradient started from 5%-85% B in 3-20 min and 3 mL/min flow rate. The detection at 220 nm showed the major peaks retention time at 22.6, 22.7 and 23.1 min. The insert shows the fraction collected for the three peaks.



**Supplementary Figure 2: UHPLC-MS chromatogram of three peaks collected from neem leaf extract.** (A) UHPLC-MS chromatogram of all three peaks collected from neem leaf extracts, (B) the corresponding mass spectra of the peaks retention time at 11.1 min.



Supplementary Figure 3: Estimation of E/H-azadi concentration. Different concentration of azadi from 0.312 to 10 ng on column was injected and analysed in the UHPLC-MS/SRM method for both the transitions [Azadi ( $451 \rightarrow 391$ ) and E/H-azadi ( $467 \rightarrow 435$ )]. Concentration versus area under the curve was considered to plot the standard curve. Based on this the calculated concentration of peak I (0.012 mg/mL), peak II (0.66 mg/mL) and peak III (0.009 mg/mL).



Supplementary Figure 4: Phylogenetic analysis of Meliaceae family plants based on RuBisCo small subunit. The eleven plants belong to Meliaceae family and one plant (Citrus maxima) belongs to Rutaceae family.



**Supplementary Figure 5: Chemical structure of neem metabolites.**