

Electronic Supplementary Information

Title: Spontaneous resolution upon crystallization of allenyl-bis-phosphine oxides

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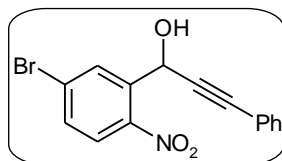
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General Methods: All reactions were performed under nitrogen atmosphere unless stated otherwise. Chemicals/solvents were purified as required using standard procedures,¹ unless otherwise noted. Chlorodiphenylphosphine (Ph₂PCl), procured from Aldrich, was distilled prior to use. ¹H, ¹³C and ³¹P NMR spectra were recorded using a 400 MHz spectrometer in CDCl₃ (unless stated otherwise) with shifts referenced to SiMe₄ (δ = 0) or 85 % H₃PO₄ (δ = 0). All *J* values are in Hz. IR spectra were recorded neat or by using KBr pellets on a JASCOFT/IR 5300 spectrometer. Melting points were determined by using a local hot stage melting point apparatus and are uncorrected. Elemental analyses were carried out on a Perkin-Elmer 240C CHN or Thermo Finnigan EA1112 CHNS analyzer. For TLC, glass microslides were coated with silica-gel-GF₂₅₄ (mesh size 75μ) and spots were identified using iodine or UV chamber as appropriate. For column chromatography, silica gel of 100-200 mesh size was used. LC-MS data were obtained using electrospray ionization (positive mode) on a C-18 column. Mass spectra were recorded using HRMS (ESI-TOF analyzer) equipment. X-ray data were collected at 293 K on a Bruker AXS-SMART or on an OXFORD diffractometer using Mo-K_α radiation (λ = 0.71073 Å). Structures were solved and refined using standard methods.²

1 Synthesis of propargyl alcohols [2a-f, 3a-c, 4, 16 and 18]

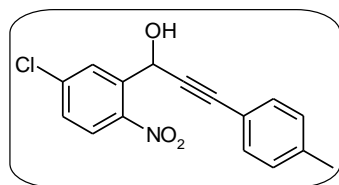
Propargyl alcohols **2-4**, **16** and **18** were prepared according to the known literature methods.³ Among these **2a-b**³, **2d**³, **3a-c**³, **16**⁴ and **18**³ are known.

Compound 2c



In a round bottom flask (50 mL) equipped with phenylacetylene (0.42 mL, 3.8mmol), and THF (20 mL), *n*-BuLi (3.5 mL, 5.6 mmol) was added drop-wise *via* syringe at -30 °C. Then the mixture was stirred at -30 °C for 0.5 h. This was followed by the drop-wise addition of 5-bromo-2-nitro-benzaldehyde⁵ (0.8 g, 3.48 mmol) dissolved in THF (10 mL) at -20 °C over a period of 15 min. After completion of addition, the mixture was warmed to 0 °C and stirring continued for 1-2 h. Then it was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution, the solvent removed and extracted with diethyl ether. The organic layer was washed with brine solution followed by drying the organic layer with anh. Na₂SO₄. The product **2c** was purified by column chromatography using silica gel with ethyl acetate-hexane (1:4) as the eluent. Yellow solid; Yield 1.04 g (90%); mp 68–70 °C; IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3222, 2953, 2926, 2849, 2219, 1605, 1562, 1518, 1348, 1293, 1173, 1074, 1036, 975, 899; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.17 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 7.87 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 7.62 (dd, *J* = 8.8 Hz, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 7.44-7.27 (m, 5H, Ar-*H*), 6.26 (s, 1H, CHOH), 3.46 (br, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.6, 137.5, 132.4, 132.3, 131.9, 129.0, 128.9, 128.4, 126.6, 121.7 (Ar-*C*), 87.1 (C≡C), 86.1 (C≡C), 61.2 (CHOH); LC-MS *m/z* 332 [M]⁺; Anal. Calcd. for C₁₅H₁₀BrNO₃:C, 54.24; H, 3.03; N, 4.22. Found: C, 54.32; H, 3.09; N, 4.28.

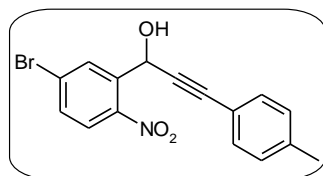
Compound 2e



Procedure was similar to that for compound **2c** using 4-ethynyl toluene (0.79 mL, 6.25 mmol) and 5-chloro-2-nitro-benzaldehyde⁵ (1.05 g, 5.68 mmol). Brown solid; yield 1.49 g (87%); mp 70–72 °C; IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3260, 2964, 2921, 2866, 2219, 1605, 1573, 1523, 1353, 1288, 1178,

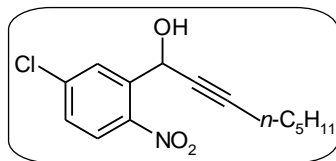
1112, 1079, 1041, 981, 877; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.01 (dd \rightarrow t, 1H, Ar-*H*), 7.94 (dd, $J = 8.8$ Hz, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 7.46-7.10 (m, 5H, Ar-*H*), 6.26 (d, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 1H, *CHOH*), 3.54 (br, 1H, *OH*), 2.34 (s, 3H, CH_3); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 146.0, 140.3, 139.2, 137.7, 131.8, 129.3, 129.2, 129.1, 126.6, 118.6 (Ar-C), 87.3 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{C}$), 85.4 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{C}$), 61.3 (*CHOH*), 21.5 (CH_3); LC-MS m/z 302 [M] $^+$; Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{12}\text{ClNO}_3$: C, 63.69; H, 4.01; N, 4.64. Found: C, 63.58; H, 4.07; N, 4.58.

Compound 2f



Procedure was similar to that for compound **2c** using 4-ethynyl toluene (0.49 mL, 3.83 mmol) and 5-bromo-2-nitrobenzaldehyde (0.80 g, 3.48 mmol). Brown solid; yield 1.03 g (86%); mp 76–78 $^{\circ}\text{C}$; IR (KBr, cm^{-1}) 3266, 2964, 2915, 2860, 2219, 1600, 1562, 1523, 1348, 1293, 1173, 1079, 1041, 970, 860; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.17 (d, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 7.86 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 7.62 (dd, $J = 8.8$ Hz, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 7.34-7.10 (m, 4H, Ar-*H*), 6.25 (s, 1H, *CHOH*), 3.42 (br, 1H, *OH*), 2.35 (s, 3H, CH_3); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 146.6, 139.3, 137.6, 132.3, 131.8, 129.1, 128.8, 126.6, 118.6 (Ar-C), 87.4 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{C}$), 85.4 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{C}$), 61.3 (*CHOH*), 21.6 (CH_3); LC-MS m/z 346 [M] $^+$; Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{12}\text{BrNO}_3$: C, 55.51; H, 3.49; N, 4.05. Found: C, 55.62; H, 3.45; N, 4.12.

Compound 4

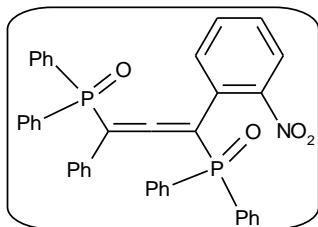


Procedure was similar to that for compound **2c** using 1-heptyne (1.49 mL, 11.32 mmol) and 5-chloro-2-nitro-benzaldehyde (1.5 g, 8.08 mmol). Gummy liquid; yield 2.0 g (88%); IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3414, 3101, 2959, 2926, 2855, 2225, 1611, 1573, 1523, 1468, 1342, 1293, 1178, 1140, 1107, 1074, 1014, 893; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.95-7.41 (m, 3H, Ar-*H*), 6.01 (s, 1H, *CHOH*), 3.27 (br, 1H, *OH*), 2.23 (t, 2H, *CH*₂), 1.51-1.27 (m, 6H, *CH*₂), 0.88 (t, 3H, *CH*₂*CH*₃); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 146.1, 140.2, 138.2, 129.3, 129.0, 126.5 (Ar-*C*), 88.7 (*C* \equiv *C*), 77.4 (*C* \equiv *C*), 60.9 (*CHOH*), 31.0, 28.0, 22.2 and 18.7 (*CH*₂), 14.0 (*CH*₃); LC-MS *m/z* 282 [*M*]⁺; Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{ClNO}_3$: C, 59.68; H, 5.72; N, 4.97. Found: C, 59.76; H, 5.69; N, 5.07.

2 Synthesis of allenyl-bis-phosphine oxides [6-15] and allenylphosphine oxides **17** and **19**

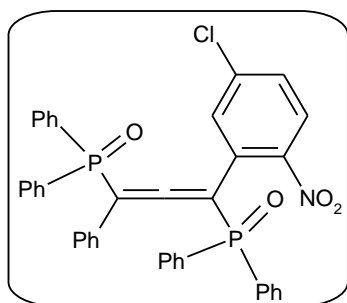
An oven dried 25 mL round-bottomed flask was charged with propargyl alcohol **2a** (0.34 g, 1.36 mmol), NEt_3 (0.4 mL, 2.85 mmol) and dry THF (5 mL). The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 5 min. To this, **1** (0.51 mL, 2.85 mmol) dissolved in dry THF (5 mL) was added drop-wise at 0 °C over a period of 15 min. Then the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1-2 h. Filtration followed by removal of the solvent and purification by column chromatography (hexane/ethyl acetate; 2:1) afforded **6** as a white solid. Similarly, compounds **7-15**, **17** and **19** were prepared.

Compound 6



Yield 0.797 g (92%); mp 176–178 °C; IR (KBr, cm^{-1}) 3057, 2924, 2853, 1935, 1738, 1593, 1526, 1435, 1346, 1198, 1117, 750; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.99-7.94 (m, 2H, Ar-*H*), 7.90 (dd, $J = 7.6, 2.0$ Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 7.58-7.19 (m, 25H, Ar-*H*), 6.77 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 210.4 (C=C=C), 148.0, 132.9, 132.6, 132.5, 132.4, 132.2, 131.9, 131.7, 131.6, 130.9, 130.6, 130.3, 130.0, 129.3, 129.0, 128.8, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.2, 126.0, 124.8 (Ar-C), 104.9 (dd, $^1J(\text{P-C}) = 90.0$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P-C}) = 12.9$ Hz, P-C), 102.0 (dd, $^1J(\text{P-C}) = 90.7$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P-C}) = 14.9$ Hz, P-C); ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 27.10 (d, $J = 12.8$ Hz), 26.83 (d, $J = 12.8$ Hz); LC-MS m/z 638 $[\text{M}+1]^+$; Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{39}\text{H}_{29}\text{NO}_4\text{P}_2$: C, 73.47; H, 4.58; N, 2.20. Found: C, 73.65; H, 4.51; N, 2.28.

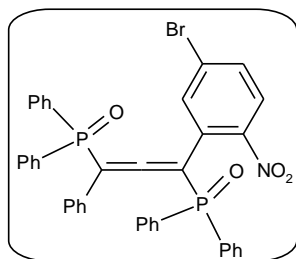
Compound 7



This compound was prepared by following a procedure similar to that for **6** using propargyl alcohol **2b** (0.31 g, 1.06 mmol). White solid; yield 0.653 g (91%); mp 164–166 °C; IR (KBr, cm^{-1}) 3052, 2926, 2855, 1940, 1600, 1529, 1441, 1337, 1200, 1112, 948; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.96-7.91 (m, 2H, Ar-*H*), 7.80 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 7.59-7.19 (m, 24H, Ar-*H*), 6.50 (1 s, 1H, Ar-*H*); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 210.0 (t, $J \sim 6.0$ Hz, C=C=C), 146.1, 139.2,

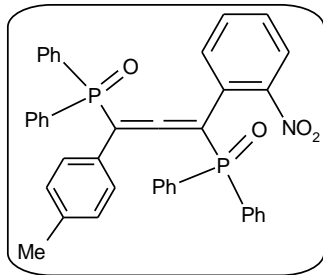
132.7, 132.5, 132.4, 132.3, 132.2, 132.1, 132.0, 131.6, 131.5, 129.3, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.4, 128.3, 127.8, 126.0 (Ar-C), 105.5 (dd, $^1J(\text{P-C}) = 88.0$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P-C}) = 13.0$ Hz, P-C), 101.4 (dd, $^1J(\text{P-C}) = 91.0$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P-C}) = 14.0$ Hz, P-C); ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 27.14 (d, $J = 13.5$ Hz), 26.80 (d, $J = 13.5$ Hz); HRMS (ESI): Calcd. for $\text{C}_{39}\text{H}_{28}\text{ClNO}_4\text{P}_2$ ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$ and $\text{M}^+ + \text{H} + 2$): m/z 672.1261 and 674.1261. Found: 672.1260 and 674.1245.

Compound 8



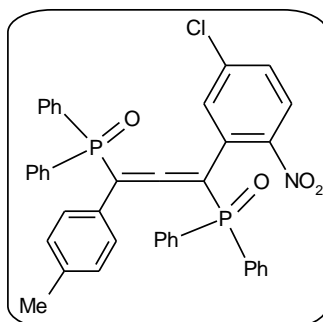
This compound was prepared by following a route similar to that for **6** using propargyl alcohol **2c** (0.32 g, 0.96 mmol). White solid; yield 0.595 g (86%); mp 158–160 °C; IR (KBr, cm^{-1}) 3052, 2926, 2849, 1934, 1595, 1562, 1529, 1436, 1347, 1205, 1118, 1074, 926; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.95–7.90 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.74 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.60–7.20 (m, 24H, Ar-H), 6.70 (1 s, 1H, Ar-H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 210.1 (t, $J \sim 6.0$ Hz, C=C=C), 146.7, 135.1, 132.7, 132.6, 132.5, 132.4, 132.3, 132.2, 132.1, 131.9, 131.7₀, 131.6₆, 131.6, 131.4, 131.3, 130.9, 130.6, 130.3, 130.0₈, 130.0₅, 129.8₂, 129.7₇, 129.7, 129.0₁, 128.9₈, 128.9, 128.7₉, 128.7₅, 128.7, 128.5, 128.3, 127.9, 127.7, 126.1 (Ar-C), 105.6 (dd, $^1J(\text{P-C}) = 90.0$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P-C}) = 12.5$ Hz, P-C), 101.3 (dd, $^1J(\text{P-C}) = 91.5$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P-C}) = 13.5$ Hz, P-C); ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 27.23 (d, $J = 13.0$ Hz), 26.83 (d, $J = 13.0$ Hz); HRMS (ESI): Calcd. for $\text{C}_{39}\text{H}_{28}\text{BrNO}_4\text{P}_2$ ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$ and $\text{M}^+ + \text{H} + 2$): m/z 716.0756 and 718.0756. Found: 716.0777 and 718.0766.

Compound 9



This compound was prepared by following a procedure similar to that for **6** using propargyl alcohol **2d** (0.31 g, 1.16 mmol). White solid; Yield: 0.711 g (94%); mp 190–192 °C; IR (KBr, cm^{-1}) 3052, 2997, 2953, 2915, 1934, 1600, 1573, 1523, 1436, 1348, 1195, 1123, 997, 904; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.99–7.94 (m, 2H, Ar-*H*), 7.87 (dd, $J = 6.8$ Hz, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 7.60–7.01 (m, 24H, Ar-*H*), 6.83 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 2.29 (s, 3H, CH_3); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 210.5 (t, $J = 6.0$ Hz, C=C=C), 148.1, 138.4, 132.8, 132.6, 132.5, 132.4, 132.2, 132.1, 131.8, 131.7, 131.6, 131.0₃, 130.9₇, 130.8, 130.4, 129.4, 129.2, 128.8, 128.7₁, 128.6₆, 128.5₉, 128.5₅, 128.3, 128.2, 126.8, 126.1, 124.7 (Ar-C), 104.9 (dd, $^1J(\text{P-C}) = 95.0$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P-C}) = 8.0$ Hz, P-C), 101.8 (dd, $^1J(\text{P-C}) = 97.5$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P-C}) = 9.5$ Hz, P-C), 21.3 (CH_3); ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 27.01 and 26.84 (AB quartet, $J \sim 13.0$ Hz); HRMS (ESI): Calcd. for $\text{C}_{40}\text{H}_{31}\text{NO}_4\text{P}_2$ ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$): m/z 652.1807. Found: 652.1804.

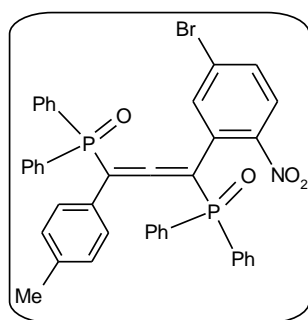
Compound 10



Procedure was similar to that for compound **6** using propargyl alcohol **2e** (0.35 g, 1.16 mmol). White solid; yield 0.713 g (89%); mp 180–182 °C; IR (KBr, cm^{-1}) 3058, 2926, 2849,

1918, 1600, 1556, 1523, 1436, 1342, 1195, 1112, 937; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.94-7.89 (m, 2H, Ar-*H*), 7.75 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 7.56-7.00 (m, 23H, Ar-*H*), 6.55 (1 s, 1H, Ar-*H*), 2.24 (1 s, 3H, CH_3); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 210.0 (t, $J \sim 6.0$ Hz, $\text{C}=\text{C}=\text{C}$), 146.1, 139.0, 138.5, 132.5, 132.3, 132.2₄, 132.1₅, 132.0, 131.9, 131.7, 131.5, 131.4, 131.2, 130.7, 130.5, 130.2, 129.3, 129.2, 128.9, 128.7, 128.5, 128.3, 128.2, 127.7, 126.4, 125.9 (Ar-*C*), 105.3 (dd, $^1J(\text{P}-\text{C}) = 90.0$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P}-\text{C}) = 12.0$ Hz, P-*C*), 101.0 (dd, $^1J(\text{P}-\text{C}) = 93.0$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P}-\text{C}) = 13.0$ Hz, P-*C*), 21.1 (PhCH_3); ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 27.25 (d, $J \sim 13.0$ Hz), 26.76 (d, $J \sim 13.0$ Hz); HRMS (ESI): Calcd. for $\text{C}_{40}\text{H}_{30}\text{ClNO}_4\text{P}_2$ ($\text{M}^+ + \text{Na}$ and $\text{M}^+ + \text{Na} + 2$): m/z 708.1237 and 710.1237. Found: 708.1236 and 710.1219.

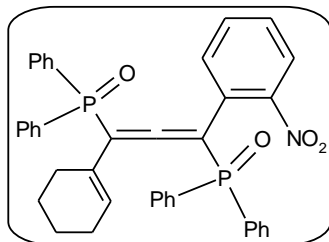
Compound 11



This compound was prepared by following a procedure similar to that for **6** using propargyl alcohol **2f** (0.30 g, 0.86 mmol). White solid; yield 0.577 g (91%); mp 184–186 °C; IR (KBr, cm^{-1}) 3052, 2921, 2855 1912, 1595, 1556, 1523, 1436, 1348, 1200, 1118, 932; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.91-7.02 (m, 26H, Ar-*H*), 6.74 (1 s, 1H, Ar-*H*), 2.24 (1 s, 3H, CH_3); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 210.0 (t, $J \sim 6.0$ Hz, $\text{C}=\text{C}=\text{C}$), 146.6, 138.5, 134.9, 132.5, 132.3₄, 132.2₅, 132.2, 132.0, 131.9, 131.7, 131.5, 131.4, 131.3, 130.7, 130.5, 130.2, 130.0, 129.3, 128.9, 128.7, 128.6, 128.3, 128.2, 127.8, 127.5, 126.4, 125.9 (Ar-*C*), 105.3 (dd, $^1J(\text{P}-\text{C}) = 90.0$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P}-\text{C}) = 12.0$ Hz, P-*C*), 100.9 (dd, $^1J(\text{P}-\text{C}) = 93.5$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P}-\text{C}) = 12.5$ Hz, P-*C*), 21.1 (PhCH_3); ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 27.41 (d, $J = 13.1$ Hz), 26.79 (d, $J = 13.1$ Hz); HRMS (ESI): Calcd. for

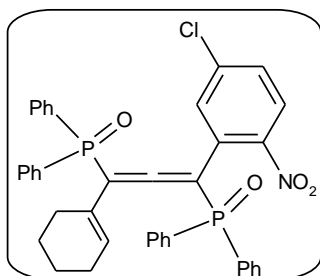
$C_{40}H_{30}BrNO_4P_2$ ($M^+ + Na$ and $M^+ + Na + 2$); m/z 752.0731 and 754.0731. Found: 752.0733 and 754.0723.

Compound 12



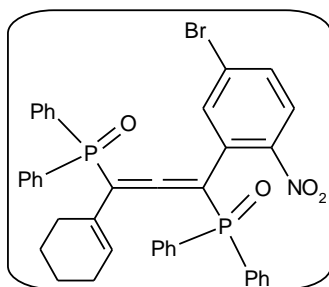
This compound was prepared by following a route similar to that for **6** using propargyl alcohol **3a** (0.45 g, 1.75 mmol). White solid; yield 1.061 g (94%); mp 180–182 °C; IR (KBr, cm^{-1}) 3052, 2921, 2855, 1918, 1611, 1573, 1529, 1479, 1436, 1342, 1195, 1118, 997; 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.02–7.97 (m, 2H, Ar-*H*), 7.85 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 7.67–7.29 (m, 20H, Ar-*H*), 6.77 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 5.76 (br s, 1H, =*CH*), 1.94–1.89 (m, 4H, CH_2), 1.55–1.45 (m, 4H, CH_2); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 210.1 (t, $J \sim 6.0$ Hz, C=C=C), 148.0, 132.6, 132.5₁, 132.4₇, 132.4, 132.3, 132.2, 131.9, 131.8, 131.7, 131.6, 131.5, 131.4, 131.3, 130.8, 129.7, 128.9, 128.5, 128.4, 128.2, 128.1, 127.8, 126.4, 124.5 (Ar-C), 106.3 (dd, $^1J(P-C) = 90.5$ Hz, $^3J(P-C) = 11.5$ Hz, P-C), 101.8 (dd, $^1J(P-C) = 95.0$ Hz, $^3J(P-C) = 13.0$ Hz, P-C), 28.4, 25.9, 22.6 and 21.4 (CH_2); ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 27.12 (d, $J = 13.8$ Hz), 25.93 (d, $J = 13.8$ Hz); HRMS (ESI): Calcd. for $C_{39}H_{33}NO_4P_2$ ($M^+ + H$): m/z 642.1964. Found 642.1964. After obtaining the crystals [ethyl acetate + chloroform in the v/v ratio ~1:1], the two enantiomers (*R* and *S*) were separated by hand picking, based on slightly different morphology. For solid state CD spectra, two/ three single crystals having similar morphology were combined, and made into KBr pellet. Combination of single crystals was done several times to get the best CD spectra. For the other enantiomer also, a similar procedure was adapted.

Compound 13



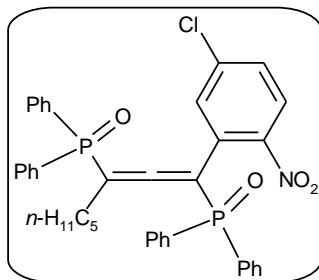
This compound was prepared by following a procedure similar to that for **6** using propargyl alcohol **3b** (0.36 g, 1.22 mmol). White solid; yield 0.752 g (91%); mp 148–150 °C; IR (KBr, cm^{-1}) 3058, 2926, 2860, 1907, 1595, 1562, 1534, 1441, 1342, 1195, 1112, 932; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.99-7.94 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.76 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.64-7.30 (m, 19H, Ar-H), 6.49 (1 s, 1H, Ar-H), 5.84 (br s, 1H, =CH), 1.93 (br, 4H, CH_2), 1.55-1.45 (m, 4H, CH_2); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 209.7 (t, $J \sim 6.0$ Hz, C=C=C), 146.1, 139.0, 132.6, 132.4, 132.3, 132.2₄, 132.1₅, 132.1, 132.0, 131.9, 131.7, 131.6, 131.4, 131.3₂, 131.2₈, 131.0, 130.5, 129.5, 129.1, 128.7, 128.6₇, 128.6₅, 128.5₉, 128.5₅, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 128.2, 127.6₃, 127.5₈, 127.5, 125.9 (Ar-C), 107.1 (dd, $^1J(\text{P-C}) = 90.0$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P-C}) = 11.2$ Hz, P-C), 101.2 (dd, $^1J(\text{P-C}) = 95.5$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P-C}) = 12.5$ Hz, P-C), 28.5, 26.1, 22.7 and 21.5 (CH_2); ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 27.55 (d, $J = 13.4$ Hz), 25.59 (d, $J = 13.4$ Hz); HRMS (ESI): Calcd. for $\text{C}_{39}\text{H}_{32}\text{ClNO}_4\text{P}_2$ ($\text{M}^+ + \text{Na}$ and $\text{M}^+ + \text{Na} + 2$): m/z 698.1393 and 700.1393. Found: 698.1391 and 700.1373.

Compound 14



Procedure was similar to that for compound **6** using propargyl alcohol **3c** (0.22 g, 0.65 mmol). White solid; yield 0.433 g (93%); mp 188–190 °C; IR (KBr, cm^{-1}) 3052, 2926, 2855, 1912, 1595, 1562, 1534, 1436, 1353, 1205, 1123, 932; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.99-7.94 (m, 2H, Ar-*H*), 7.70-7.31 (m, 20H, Ar-*H*), 6.69 (1 s, 1H, Ar-*H*), 5.85 (br s, 1H, =*CH*), 1.93 (br, 4H, CH_2), 1.55-1.46 (m, 4H, CH_2); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 209.7 (t, $J \sim 6.0$ Hz, $\text{C}=\text{C}=\text{C}$), 146.7, 134.9, 132.5, 132.3, 132.2, 132.1₂, 132.0₆, 132.0, 131.9, 131.8, 131.6, 131.5₄, 131.4₈, 131.4, 131.3, 131.2, 130.9, 130.4, 129.4, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5₃, 128.4₉, 128.3, 128.2, 127.5, 127.4, 125.9 (Ar-*C*), 107.0 (dd, $^1J(\text{P}-\text{C}) = 90.0$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P}-\text{C}) = 11.0$ Hz, P-*C*), 101.0 (dd, $^1J(\text{P}-\text{C}) = 95.5$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P}-\text{C}) = 12.5$ Hz, P-*C*), 28.5, 26.0, 22.6 and 21.4 (CH_2); ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 27.58 (d, $J = 13.4$ Hz), 25.64 (d, $J = 13.4$ Hz); HRMS (ESI): Calcd. for $\text{C}_{39}\text{H}_{32}\text{BrNO}_4\text{P}_2$ ($\text{M}^+ + \text{Na}$ and $\text{M}^+ + \text{Na} + 2$): m/z 742.0888 and 744.0888. Found: 742.0889 and 744.0880.

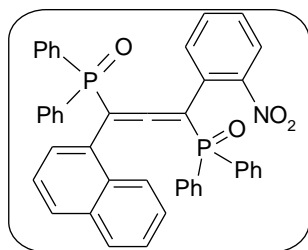
Compound 15



This compound was prepared by following a procedure similar to that for **6** using propargyl alcohol **4** (0.45 g, 1.61 mmol). White solid; yield 0.946 g (88%); mp 124–126 °C; IR (KBr, cm^{-1}) 3063, 2959, 2926, 2849, 1934, 1595, 1567, 1523, 1468, 1436, 1353, 1195, 1129, 1003, 937; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.04-7.99 (m, 2H, Ar-*H*), 7.80 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 7.67-7.30 (m, 19H, Ar-*H*), 6.86 (1 s, 1H, Ar-*H*), 2.08-2.01 (m, 2H, CH_2), 1.27-1.07 (m, 6H, CH_2), 0.78 (t, 3H, CH_3); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 209.0 (t, $J \sim 6.0$ Hz, $\text{C}=\text{C}=\text{C}$), 146.6, 139.1, 132.7,

132.6, 132.5, 132.4, 132.2₂, 132.2₀, 132.1₄, 132.1₁, 131.9, 131.8, 131.7, 131.6, 131.5, 131.4, 131.2, 130.8, 130.5, 130.3, 130.1, 129.4, 129.1, 128.8, 128.7, 128.5, 128.4, 126.0 (Ar-C), 102.8 (dd, $^1J(\text{P-C}) = 90.5$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P-C}) = 10.5$ Hz, P-C), 100.1 (dd, $^1J(\text{P-C}) = 97.0$ Hz, $^3J(\text{P-C}) = 13.0$ Hz, P-C), 31.7, 28.7, 28.3 and 22.2 (CH₂), 13.9 (CH₃); ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.27 (d, $J = 13.8$ Hz), 26.53 (d, $J = 13.8$ Hz); HRMS (ESI): Calcd. for C₃₈H₃₄ClNO₄P₂ (M⁺ + Na and M⁺ + Na +2): m/z 688.1550 and 690.1550. Found: 688.1551 and 690.1533.

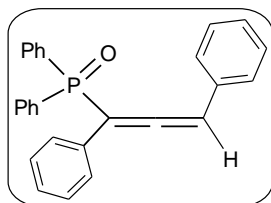
Compound A



3-Naphthalen-1-yl-1-(2-nitro-phenyl)-prop-2-yn-1-ol [IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3267, 2924, 2854, 2220, 1609, 1522, 1396, 1345, 1289, 1182, 1099, 1011, 947, 859, 777; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.29 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 8.12 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 8.04 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, Ar-*H*), 7.87 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H, Ar-*H*), 7.74-7.71 (m, 4H, Ar-*H*), 7.62-7.42 (m, 4H, Ar-*H*), 6.41 (s, 1H, CHO_H), 3.47 (s, 1H, OH); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.7, 135.5, 133.8, 133.1, 132.9, 130.9, 129.2, 129.1₂, 128.2, 126.9, 126.4, 125.8, 125.0, 124.9, 119.5, 91.6, 84.7, 61.8] (2.0g, 6.5 mmol) was used. The reaction mixture soon after the column showed Compound A and its P(V)-P(III) precursor [$\delta(\text{P})$: 25.6, -0.4] in the ratio ~1:4. Over a period of ca 12 h, in air complete conversion to A could be effected. Yield: 4.08 g (90%; light yellow solid); mp 148-150 °C; IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3057, 2924, 2852, 1926, 1639, 1573, 1522, 1436, 1344, 1192, 1118, 745, 698; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H, Ar-*H*), 7.77-7.50 (m, 7H, Ar-*H*), 7.47-7.30 (m, 13H, Ar-*H*), 7.25-7.00 (m, 7H, Ar-*H*), 6.89-6.72 (m, 2H, Ar-*H*); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz,

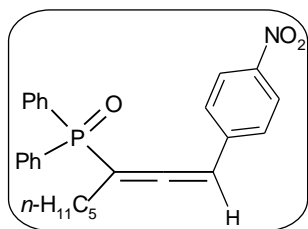
CDCl₃) δ 135.2, 135.0, 133.7, 133.5, 133.34, 133.27, 133.1, 132.9, 132.7, 132.6, 132.1, 132.0, 131.94, 131.90, 131.8, 129.9, 129.4, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.6, 128.50, 128.47, 128.4, 128.33, 128.27, 128.20, 128.18, 128.12, 128.10, 128.06, 128.01, 127.81, 127.78, 126.2, 125.9, 125.8, 125.7, 125.5, 125.3, 125.1, 124.8, 124.7; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 27.30 (d, *J* ~ 13.0 Hz), 24.86 (d, *J* ~ 13.0 Hz); HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C₄₃H₃₁NO₄P₂Na [M⁺+Na] 710.1626, found: 710.1625.

Compound 17



This compound was prepared by following a route similar to that for **6** using propargyl alcohol **16** (0.35 g, 1.70 mmol). White solid; yield 0.613 g (92%); mp 146–148 °C; IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3085, 3052, 3030, 1923, 1655, 1595, 1490, 1436, 1381, 1118, 1074, 926, 827; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.83-7.70 (m, 6H, Ar-*H*), 7.46-7.12 (m, 14H, Ar-*H*), 6.30 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H, *CH*); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 212.9 (d, ²*J*(P-C) = 5.0 Hz, C=C=C), 132.9, 132.5, 131.9, 131.8, 131.7, 131.6, 131.5, 128.7₀, 128.6₈, 128.3₂, 128.2₇, 128.2, 128.1, 127.9, 127.8, 126.9 (Ar-C), 105.4 (d, ¹*J*(P-C) = 98.0 Hz, PC), 98.4 (d, ³*J*(P-C) = 13.0 Hz, *CH*); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.64; HRMS (ESI): Calcd. for C₂₇H₂₁OP (M⁺ + H): *m/z* 393.1409. Found 393.1410.

Compound 19



Procedure was similar to that for compound **6** using propargyl alcohol **18** (0.25 g, 0.99 mmol). Yellow liquid; yield 0.346 g (81%); IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3058, 2959, 2932, 2860, 1929, 1595, 1512, 1436, 1342, 1195, 1118, 866; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.10 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H, Ar-*H*), 7.79-7.65 (m, 4H, Ar-*H*), 7.55-7.31 (m, 6H, Ar-*H*), 7.18 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H, Ar-*H*), 6.17 (d, $J = 10.4$ Hz, 1H, *CH*), 2.50-2.36 (m, 2H, CH_2), 1.59-1.51 (m, 2H, CH_2), 1.33-1.21 (m, 4H, CH_2), 0.80 (t, 3H, CH_3); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 209.8 ($^2J(\text{P-C}) = 6.0$ Hz, $\text{C}=\text{C}=\text{C}$), 146.8, 140.1, 132.3, 132.1, 132.0, 131.6, 131.5, 131.4, 131.3, 130.9, 130.5, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 127.0, 124.0 (Ar-*C*), 104.6 (d, $^1J(\text{P-C}) = 95.0$ Hz, *PC*), 96.1 (d, $^3J(\text{P-C}) = 13.0$ Hz, *CH*), 31.3, 28.0₉, 28.0₆ and 22.3 (CH_2), 13.9 (CH_3); ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 29.27; HRMS (ESI): Calcd. for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{26}\text{NO}_3\text{P}$ ($\text{M}^+ + \text{Na}$): m/z 454.1548. Found: 454.1549.

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- (2) G. M. Sheldrick, *SADABS, Siemens Area Detector Absorption Correction*, University of Göttingen, Germany, **1996**; G. M. Sheldrick, *SHELX-97- A program for crystal structure solution and refinement*, University of Göttingen, **1997**; G. M. Sheldrick, *SHELXTL NT Crystal Structure Analysis Package*, Bruker AXS, Analytical X-ray System, WI, USA, **1999**, version 5.10.
- (3) V. Srinivas, K. V. Sajna and K. C. Kumara Swamy, *Chem. Commun.*, 2011, **47**, 5629; G. Gangadhararao and K. C. Kumara Swamy, *Tetrahedron*, 2014, **70**, 2643.
- (4) W. Yan, Q. Wang, Y. Chen, J. L. Petersen and X. Shi, *Org. Lett.*, 2012, **14**, 5880.

- (5) (a) Benington, F.; Morin, R. D.; Clark, L. C. *J. Org. Chem.* **1960**, *25*, 1542. (b) Fan, J.; Wan, C.; Sun, G.; Wang, Z. *J. Org. Chem.* **2008**, *73*, 8608.

X-ray Data:

Compound 5: C₃₉H₂₉NO₃P₂, *M* = 621.57, orthorhombic, space group *P*2₁2₁2₁, *a* = 11.2790(6), *b* = 16.1962(8), *c* = 17.5843(9) Å, *V* = 3212.1(3) Å³, *Z* = 4, μ = 0.175 mm⁻¹, Flack parameter -0.03(9), data/restraints/parameters: 5347/0/406, R indices (*I* > 2σ(*I*)): R1 = 0.0421, wR2 (all data) = 0.1120. CCDC No. 1041550.

Compound 6: C₃₉H₂₉NO₄P₂, *M* = 637.57, orthorhombic, space group *P*2₁2₁2₁, *a* = 11.2810(5), *b* = 16.1001(8), *c* = 17.7437(9) Å, *V* = 3222.7(2) Å³, *Z* = 4, μ = 0.178 mm⁻¹, Flack parameter -0.09(12), data/restraints/parameters: 5547/0/415, R indices (*I* > 2σ(*I*)): R1 = 0.0586, wR2 (all data) = 0.1120. CCDC No. 1041551.

Compound 9: C₄₉H₃₁NO₄P₂, *M* = 651.60, orthorhombic, space group *P*2₁2₁2₁, *a* = 11.1755(11), *b* = 15.950(2), *c* = 18.117(2) Å, *V* = 3229.3(7) Å³, *Z* = 4, μ = 0.179 mm⁻¹, Flack parameter -0.03(16), data/restraints/parameters: 5200/0/425, R indices (*I* > 2σ(*I*)): R1 = 0.0765, wR2 (all data) = 0.1471. CCDC No. 1041552.

Compound 10: C₄₉H₃₀ClNO₄P₂, *M* = 686.04, triclinic, space group *P* $\bar{1}$, *a* = 9.9475(3), *b* = 13.0705(5), *c* = 14.9853(5) Å, α = 106.240(3), β = 94.143(3), γ = 110.585(3), *V* = 1719.36(11) Å³, *Z* = 2, μ = 2.211 mm⁻¹, data/restraints/parameters: 6544/0/434, R indices (*I* > 2σ(*I*)): R1 = 0.0435, wR2 (all data) = 0.1252. CCDC No. 1041553.

Compound 11: C₄₂H₃₂BrCl₆NO₄P₂, *M* = 969.24, triclinic, space group *P* $\bar{1}$, *a* = 11.5145(7), *b* = 13.3968(8), *c* = 14.6374(9) Å, α = 86.833(5), β = 75.632(5), γ = 87.590(5), *V* =

2183.0(2) Å³, $Z = 2$, $\mu = 1.424 \text{ mm}^{-1}$, data/restraints/parameters: 7681/0/507, R indices ($I > 2\sigma(I)$): $R1 = 0.0729$, $wR2$ (all data) = 0.2226. CCDC No. 1041554.

Compound (R)-12: $C_{39}H_{33}NO_4P_2$, $M = 641.60$, orthorhombic, space group $P2_12_12_1$, $a = 11.3350(6)$, $b = 17.7472(12)$, $c = 16.1457(8)$ Å, $V = 3247.9(3)$ Å³, $Z = 4$, $\mu = 0.177 \text{ mm}^{-1}$, Flack parameter -0.13(12), data/restraints/parameters: 5525/0/415, R indices ($I > 2\sigma(I)$): $R1 = 0.0564$, $wR2$ (all data) = 0.1610. CCDC No. 1041555.

Compound (S)-12: $C_{39}H_{33}NO_4P_2$, $M = 641.60$, orthorhombic, space group $P2_12_12_1$, $a = 11.3101(10)$, $b = 17.7378(17)$, $c = 16.0426(14)$ Å, $V = 3218.4(5)$ Å³, $Z = 4$, $\mu = 0.179 \text{ mm}^{-1}$, Flack parameter -0.27(11), data/restraints/parameters: 5523/0/415, R indices ($I > 2\sigma(I)$): $R1 = 0.0487$, $wR2$ (all data) = 0.1354. CCDC No. 1041556.

Compound (S)-12 [Low temperature (100K) data]: $C_{39}H_{33}NO_4P_2$, $M = 641.60$, orthorhombic, space group $P2_12_12_1$, $a = 11.326(2)$, $b = 15.940(3)$, $c = 17.593(3)$ Å, $V = 3176(1)$ Å³, $Z = 4$, $\mu = 0.181 \text{ mm}^{-1}$, Flack parameter -0.03(9), data/restraints/parameters: 5582/0/416, R indices ($I > 2\sigma(I)$): $R1 = 0.0402$, $wR2$ (all data) = 0.1079. CCDC No. 1051469.

Compound 13: $C_{39}H_{33}ClNO_4P_2$, $M = 677.05$, triclinic, space group $P\bar{1}$, $a = 9.7782(6)$, $b = 12.6735(7)$, $c = 15.2180(9)$ Å, $\alpha = 72.422(5)$, $\beta = 88.076(5)$, $\gamma = 69.077(5)$, $V = 1673.42(17)$ Å³, $Z = 2$, $\mu = 0.253 \text{ mm}^{-1}$, data/restraints/parameters: 5885/0/424, R indices ($I > 2\sigma(I)$): $R1 = 0.0534$, $wR2$ (all data) = 0.1545. CCDC No. 1041557.

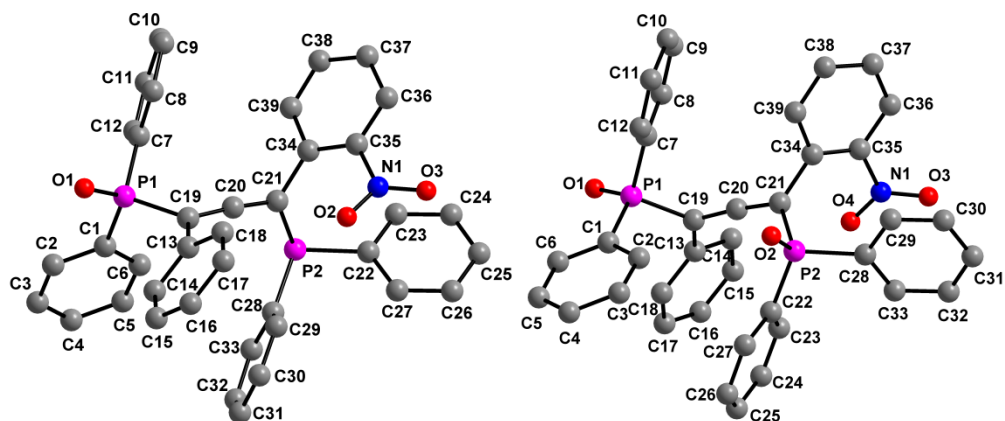


Fig. S1 Left: Molecular structure of compound **5**. Selected bond parameters: P1-O1 1.472(2), P1-C19 1.825(3), C19-C13 1.495(4), C19-C20 1.322(4), C20-C21 1.293(4), C21-C34 1.488(4), C21-P2 1.861(3) (Å). **Right:** Molecular structure of compound **6**. Selected bond parameters: P1-O1 1.474(3), P1-C19 1.821(4), C19-C13 1.492(5), C19-C20 1.319(6), C20-C21 1.300(6), C21-C34 1.495(5), C21-P2 1.834(4), P2-O2 1.483(3) (Å). Hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity in both the drawings.

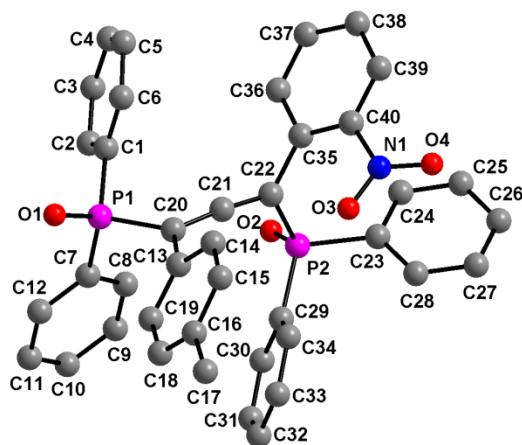


Fig. S2 Molecular structure of compound **9**. Hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity. Selected bond parameters: P1-O1 1.468(4), P1-C20 1.806(6), C20-C13 1.463(8), C20-C21 1.322(8), C21-C22 1.278(8), C22-C35 1.478(8), C22-P2 1.829(6), P2-O2 1.467(4) (Å).

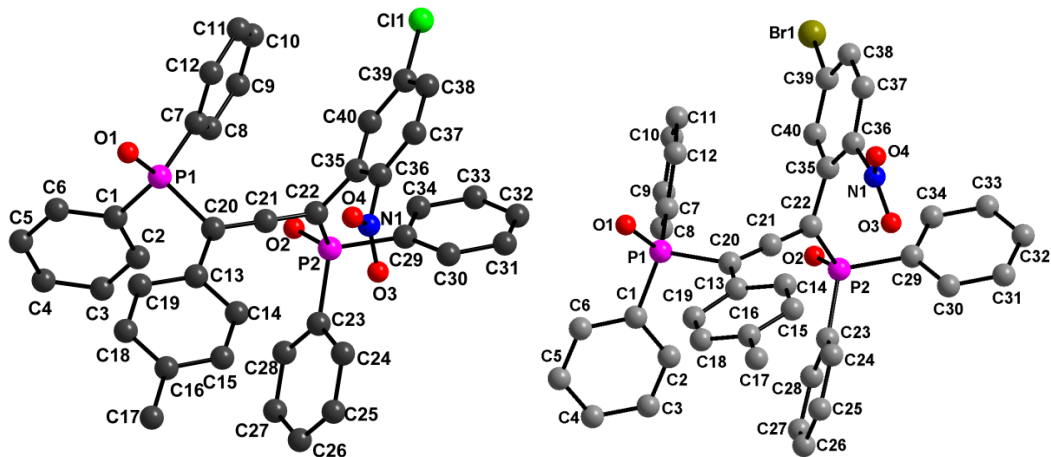


Fig. S3 Left: Molecular structure of compound **10**. Selected bond parameters: P1-O1 1.4828(13), P1-C20 1.8300(17), C20-C13 1.487(2), C20-C21 1.311(2), C21-C22 1.304(2), C22-C35 1.494(2), C22-P2 1.8395(17), P2-O2 1.4616(16) (Å). **Right:** Molecular structure of compound **11**. Selected bond parameters: P1-O1 1.488(4), P1-C20 1.828(5), C20-C13 1.481(7), C20-C21 1.307(7), C21-C22 1.305(6), C22-C35 1.483(6), C22-P2 1.828(5), P2-O2 1.482(3) (Å).

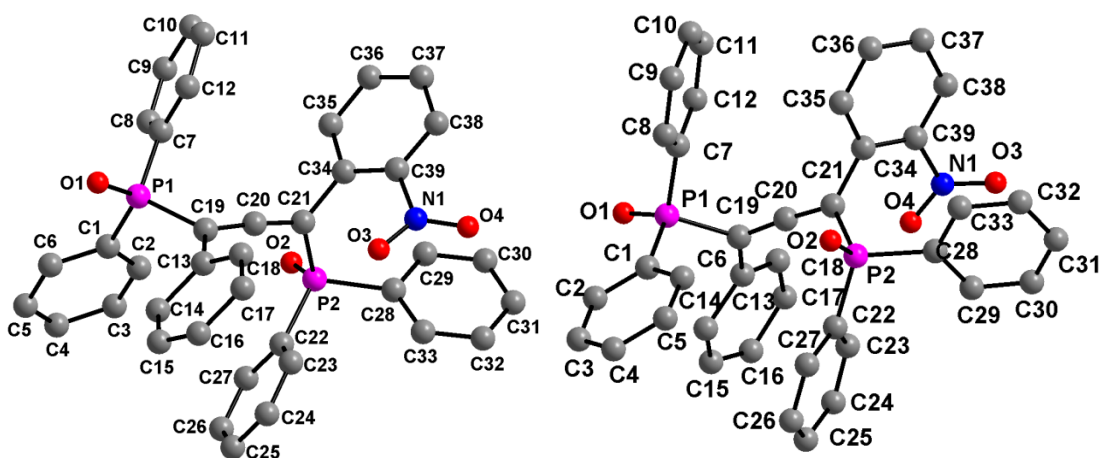


Fig. S4 Molecular structures for compounds (a) (*R*)-**12** (b) (*S*)-**12**. Hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity. Selected bond parameters with esd's in parentheses follow. **Compound (*R*)-12:** P1-O1 1.475(3), P1-C19 1.823(4), C19-C13 1.487(5), C19-C20 1.307(5), C20-C21 1.301(5), C21-

C34 1.480(5), C21-P2 1.824(4), P2-O2 1.476(3) (Å). **Compound (S)-12**: P1-O1 1.472(2), P1-C19 1.818(3), C19-C13 1.493(4), C19-C20 1.300(4), C20-C21 1.295(5), C21-C34 1.484(4), C21-P2 1.821(3), P2-O2 1.473(2) (Å).

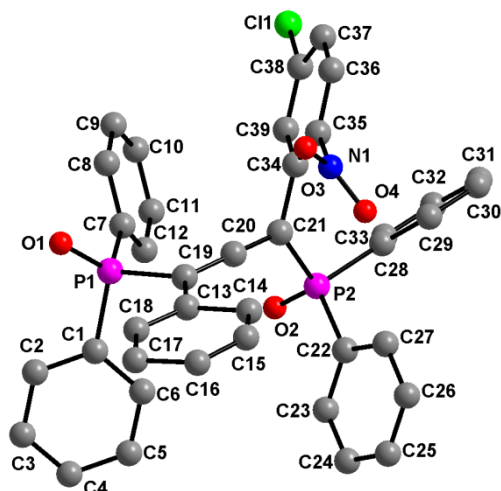


Fig. S5 Molecular structure of compound **13**. Hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity. Selected bond parameters with esd's in parentheses: P1-O1 1.4779(19), P1-C19 1.828(3), C19-C13 1.493(4), C19-C20 1.309(3), C20-C21 1.306(3), C21-C34 1.492(3), C21-P2 1.831(3), P2-O2 1.4713(19) (Å).

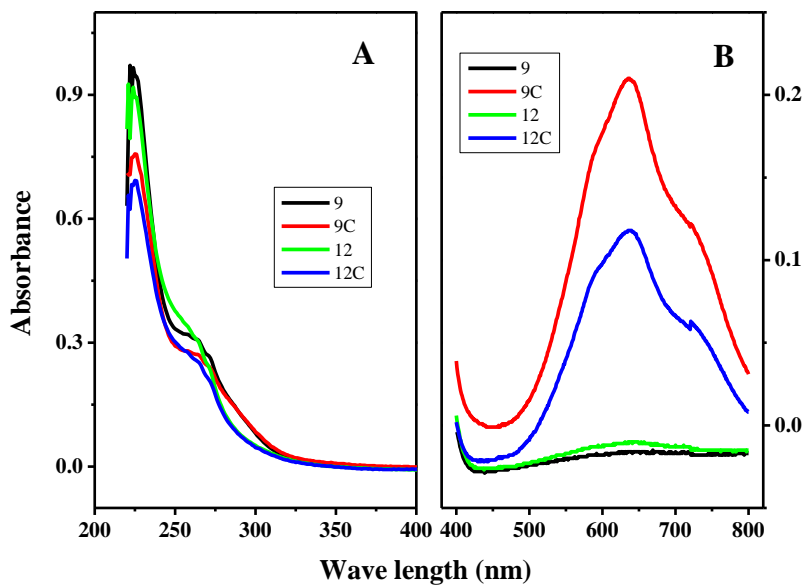


Fig. S6 The UV-Visible spectra of compounds **9** and **12** before and after colour change with (A) $c = 1.7 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol/L}$ and (B) $c = 1.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol/L}$. Whereas curves for **9** or **12** represent fresh solutions, those represented by **9C** or **12C** are for bluish-green coloured solutions formed after 2-days.

^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra

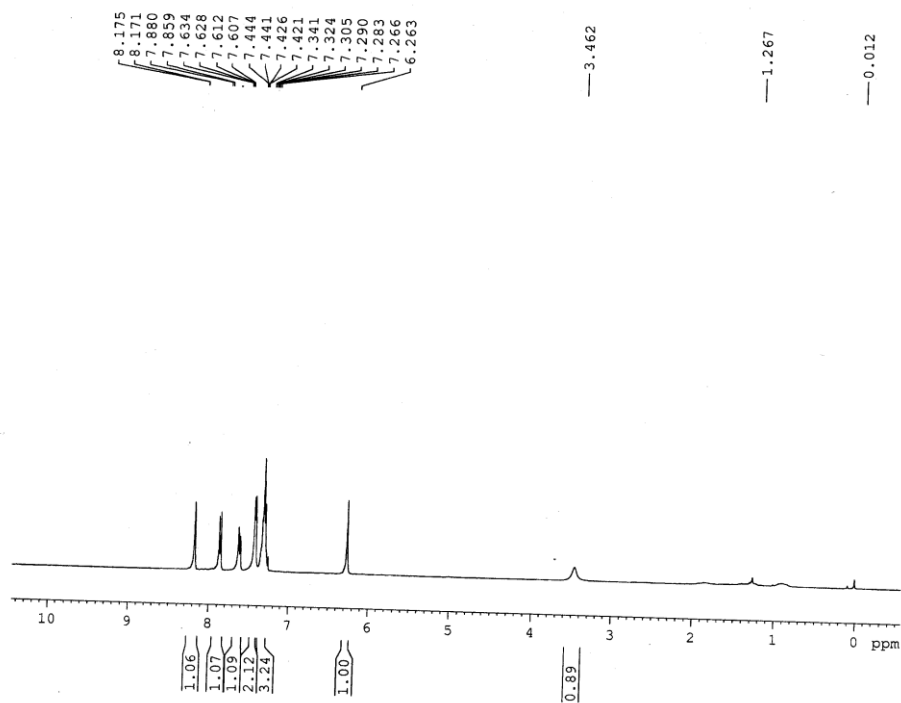


Figure S7. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **2c**

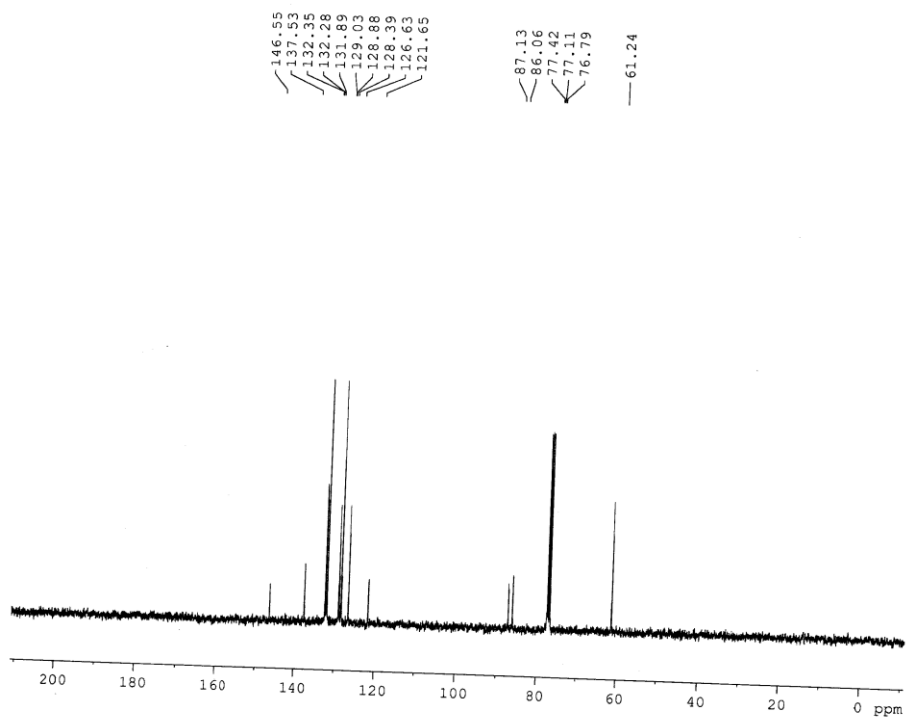


Figure S8. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **2c**

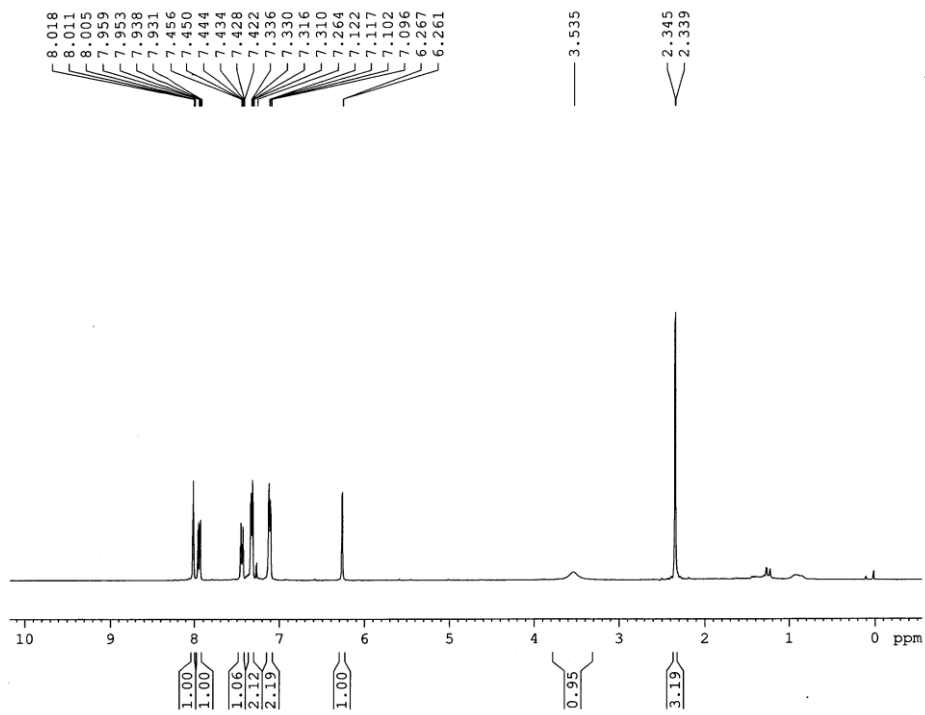


Figure S9. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **2e**

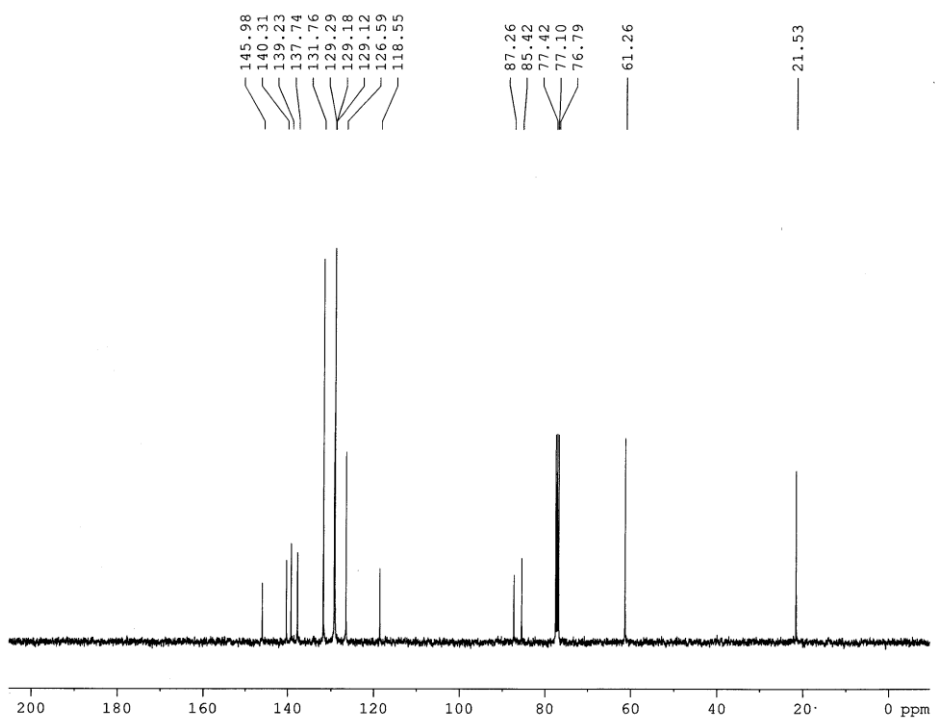


Figure S10. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **2e**

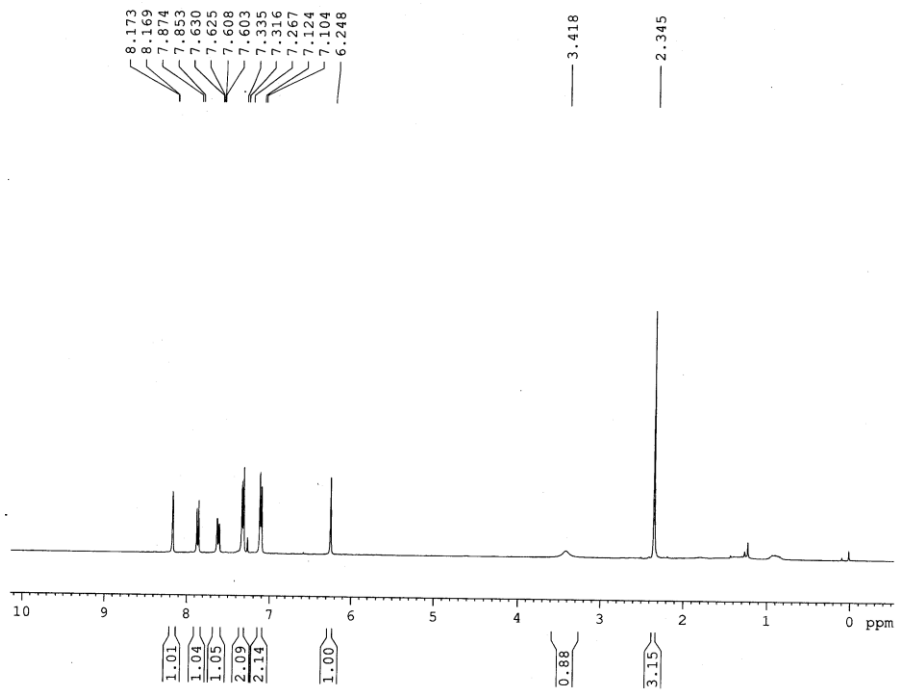


Figure S11. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **2f**

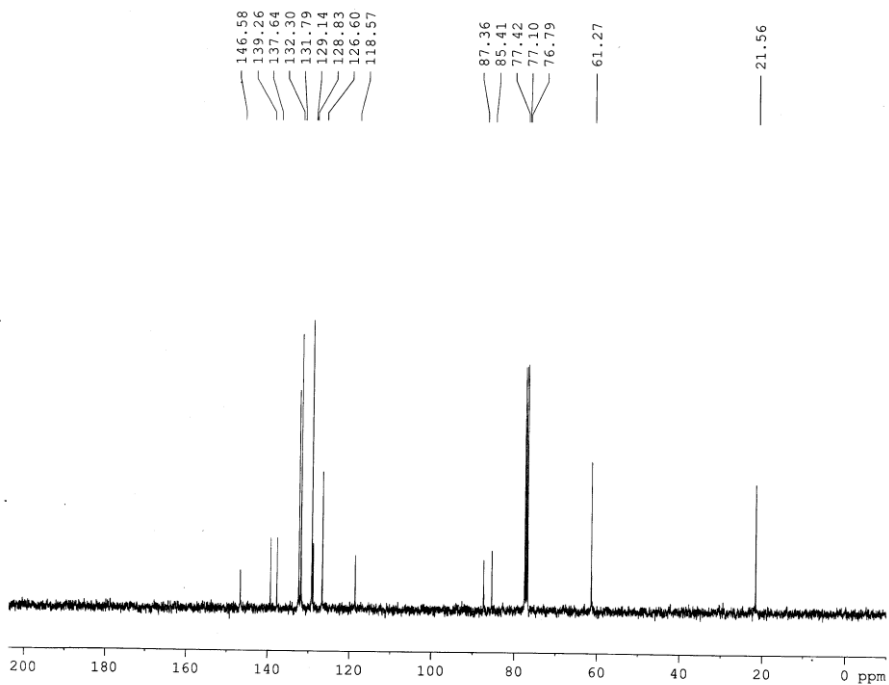


Figure S12. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **2f**

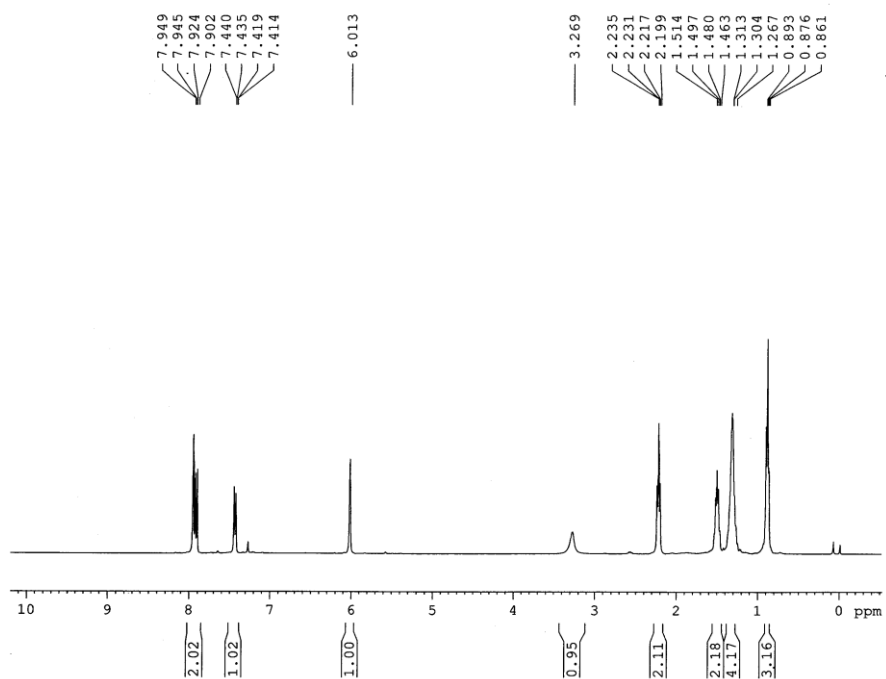


Figure S13. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **4**

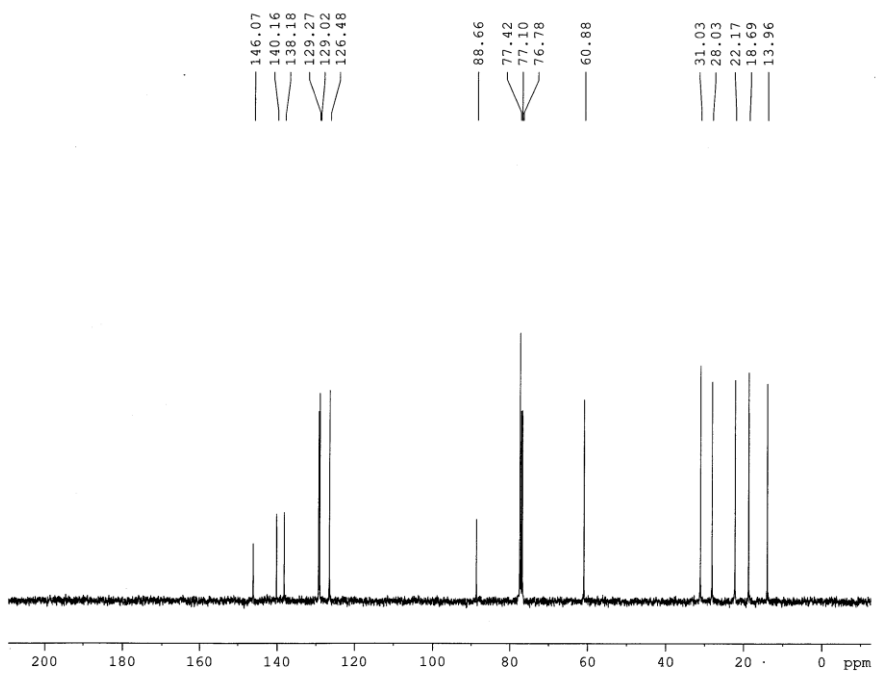


Figure S14. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **4**

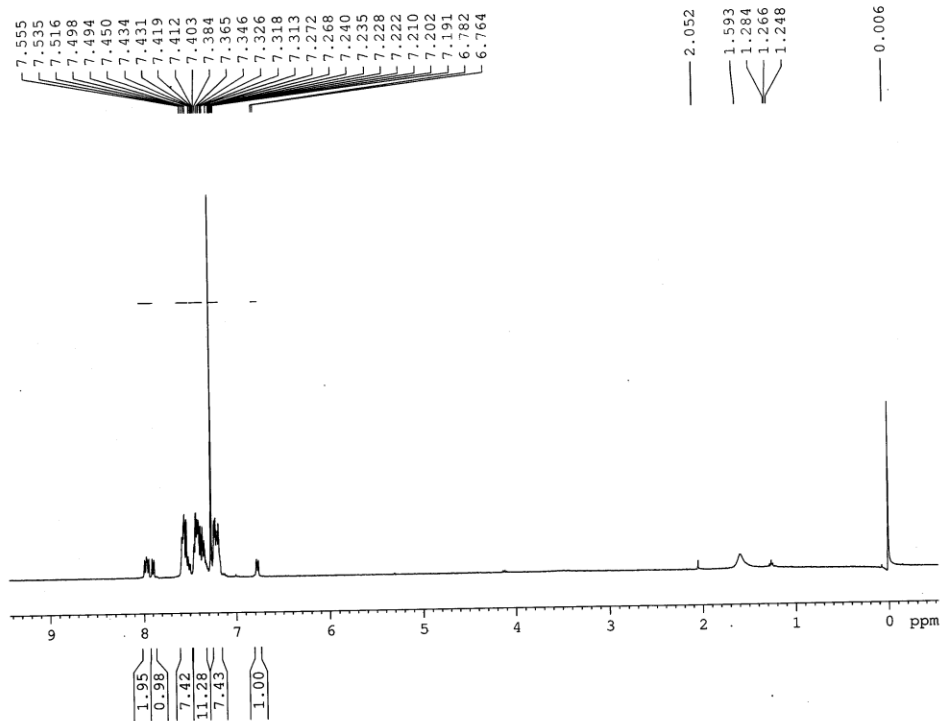


Figure S15. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **6**

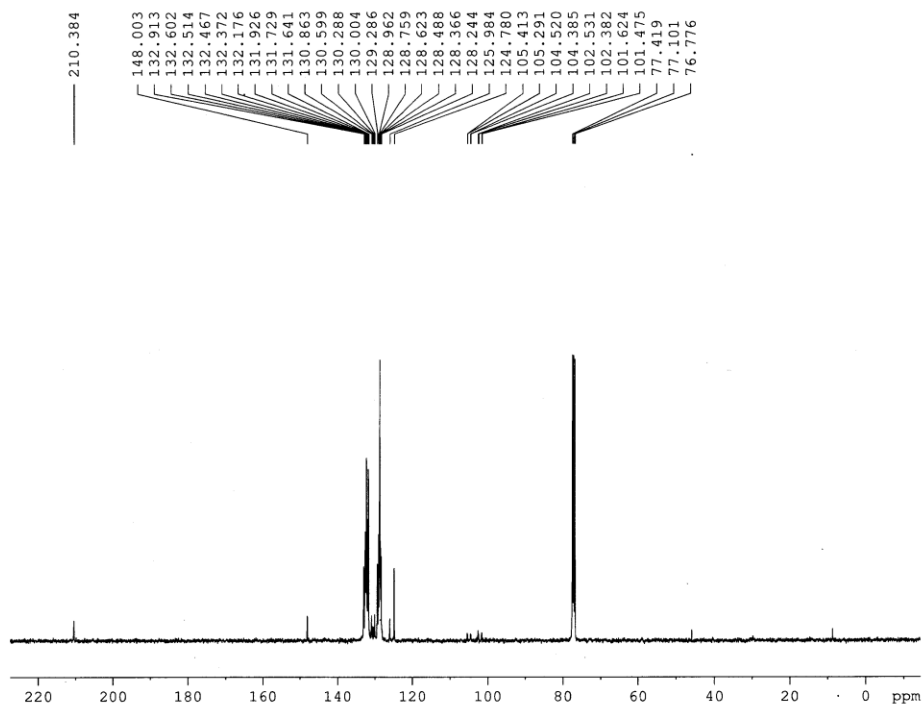


Figure S16. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **6**

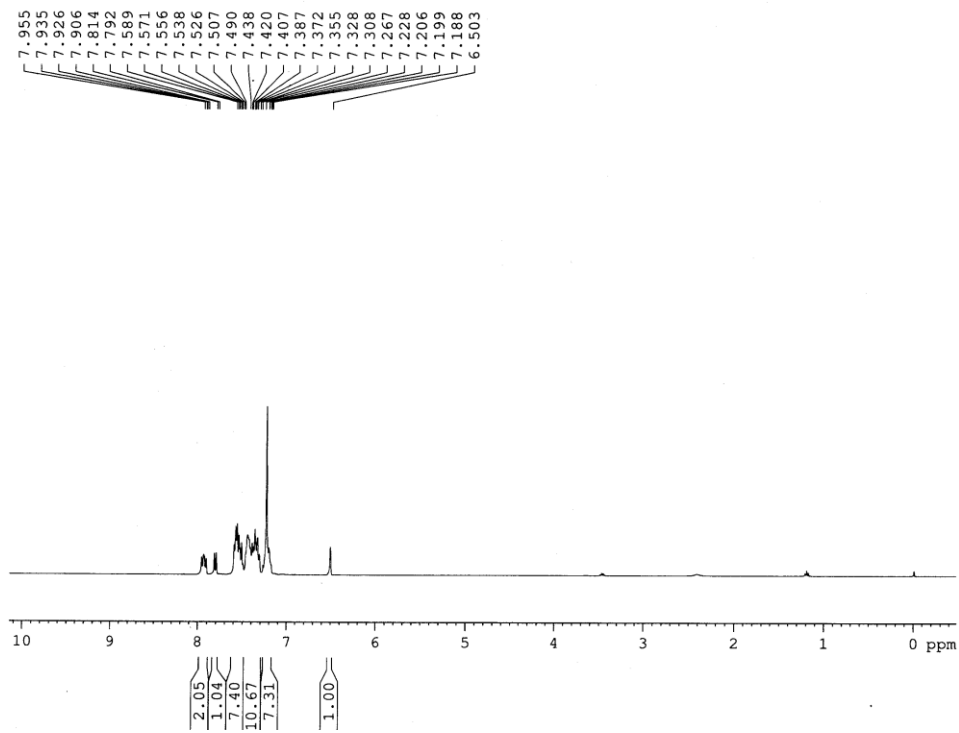


Figure S17. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **7**

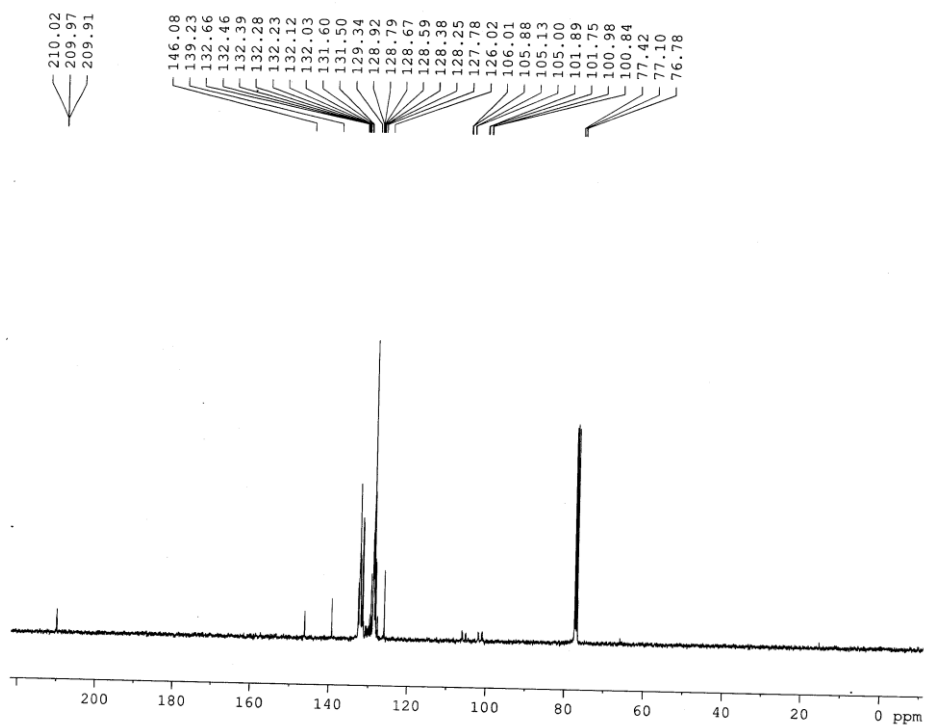


Figure S18. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **7**

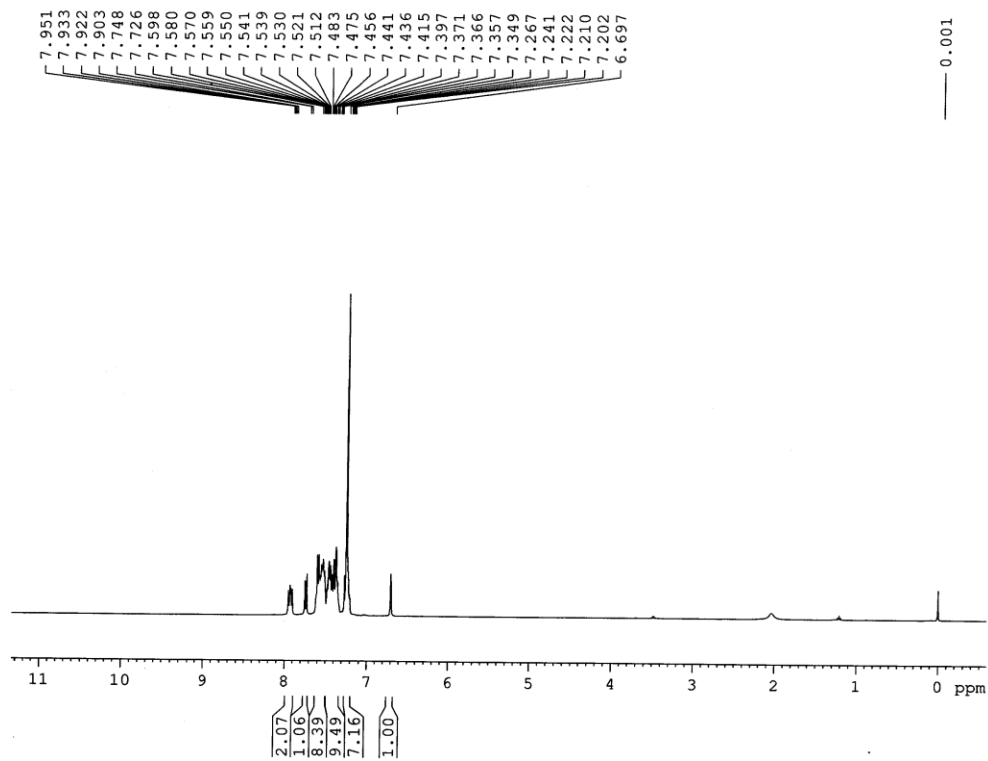


Figure S19. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **8**

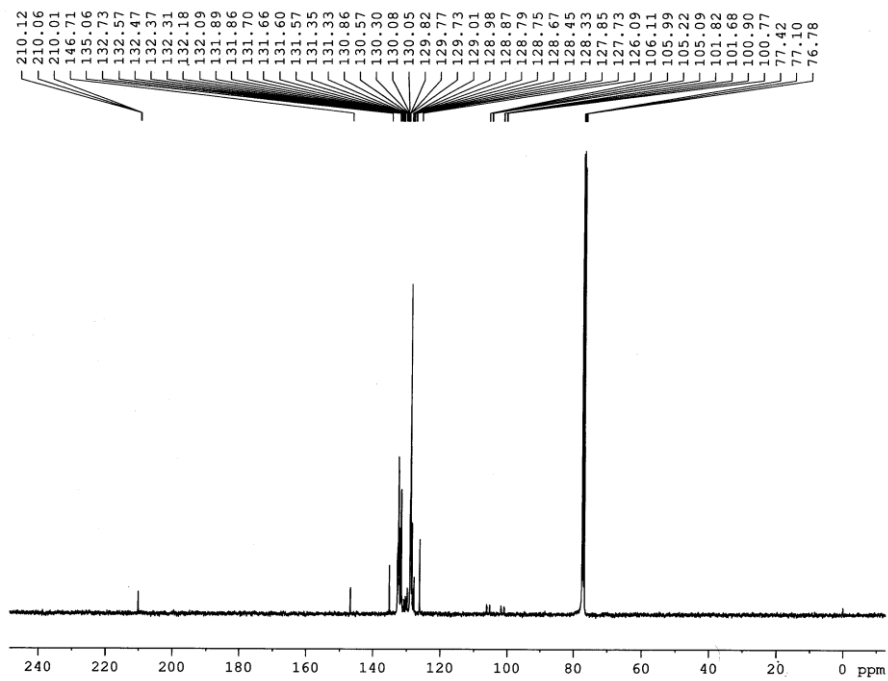


Figure S20. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **8**

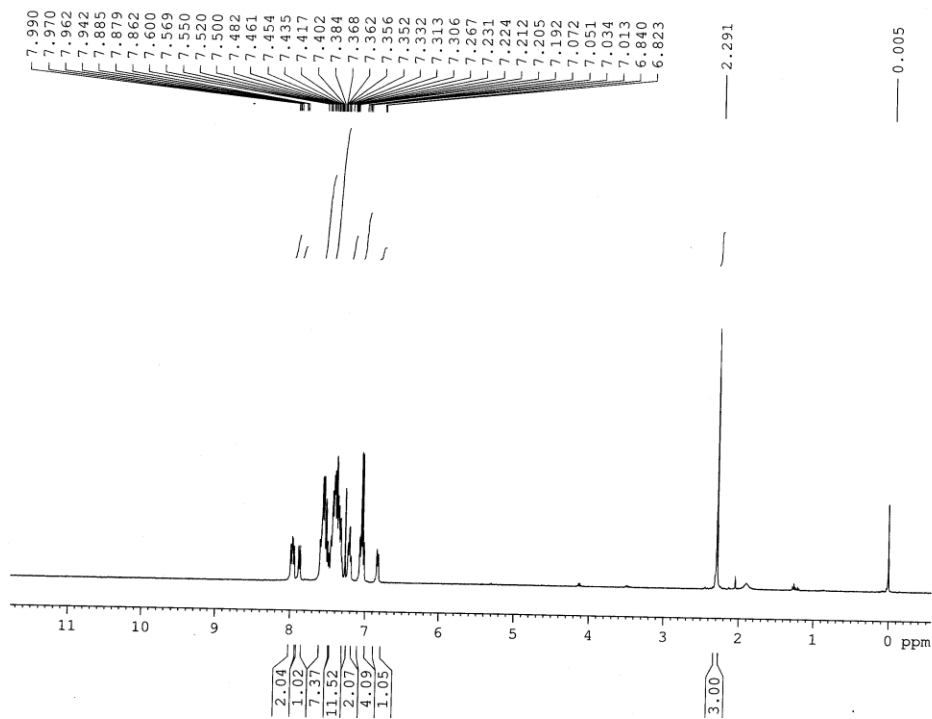


Figure S21. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **9**

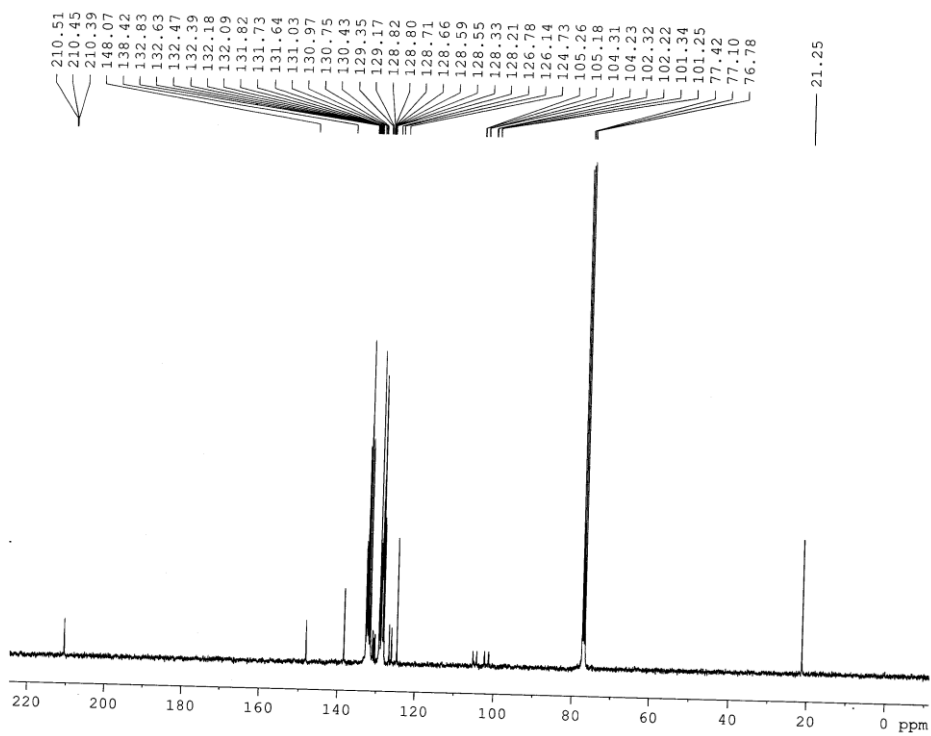


Figure S22. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **9**

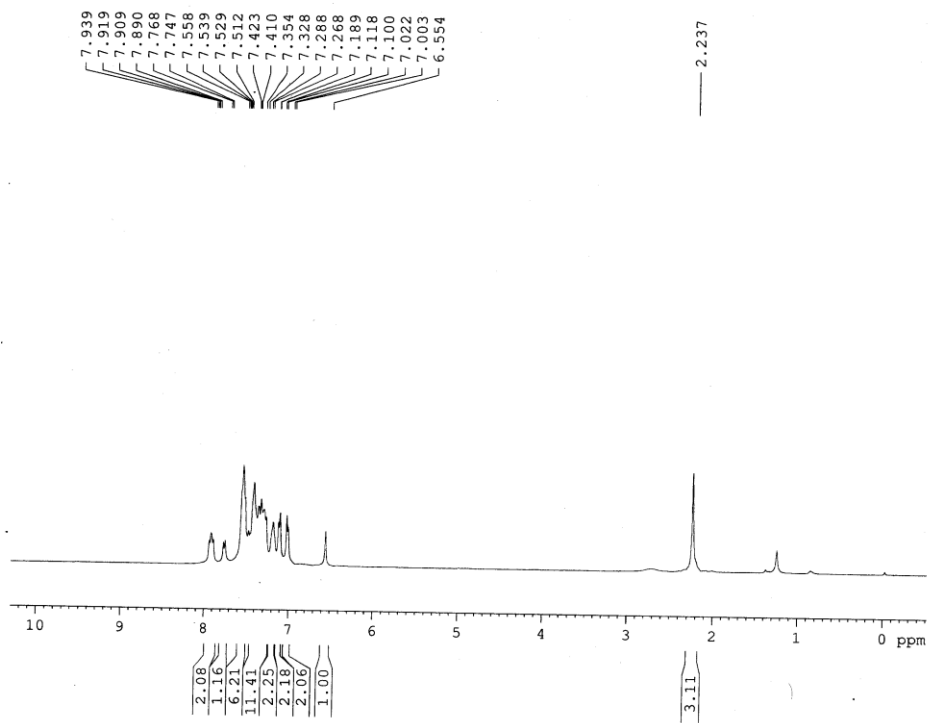


Figure S23. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **10**

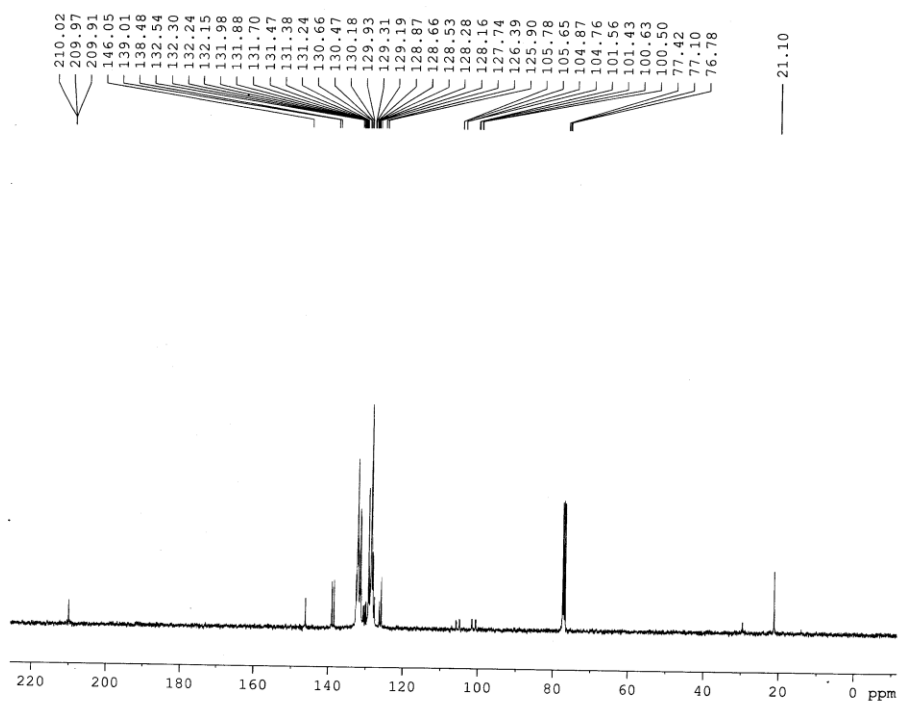


Figure S24. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **10**

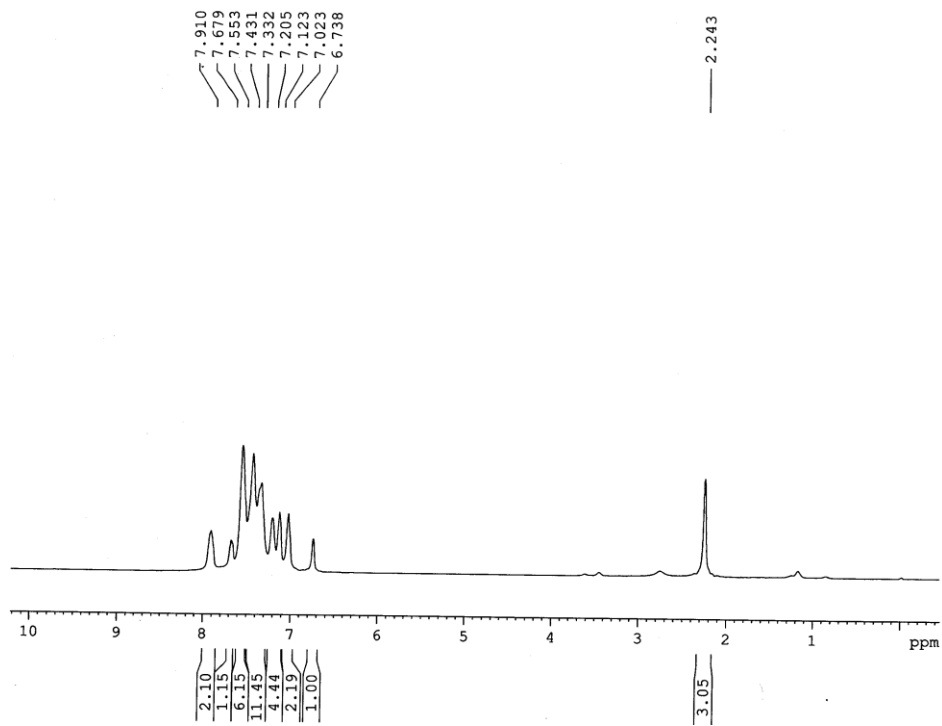


Figure S25. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **11**

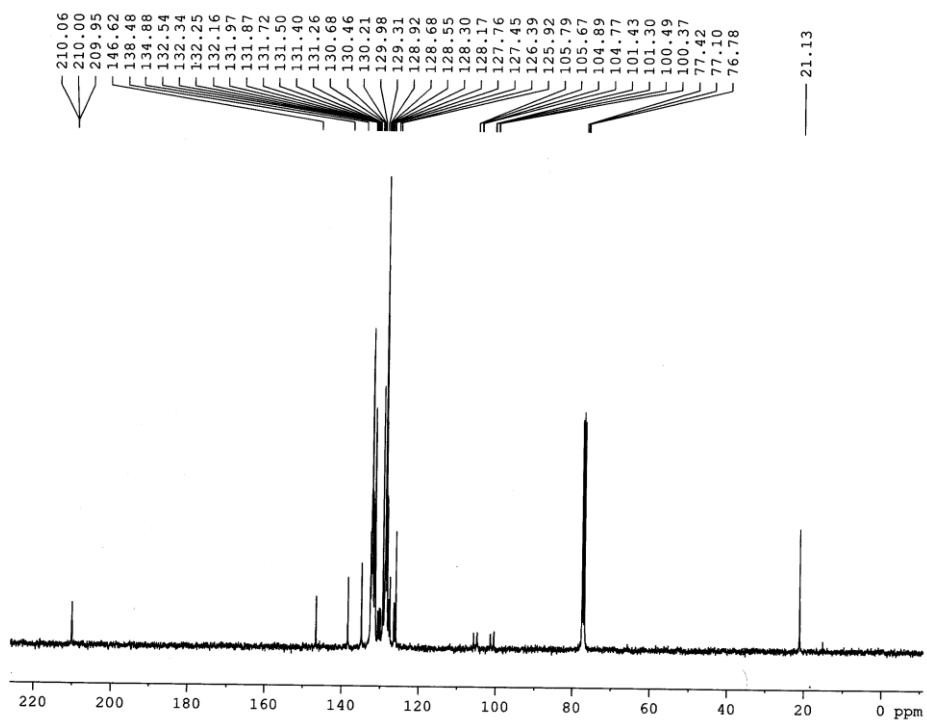


Figure S26. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **11**

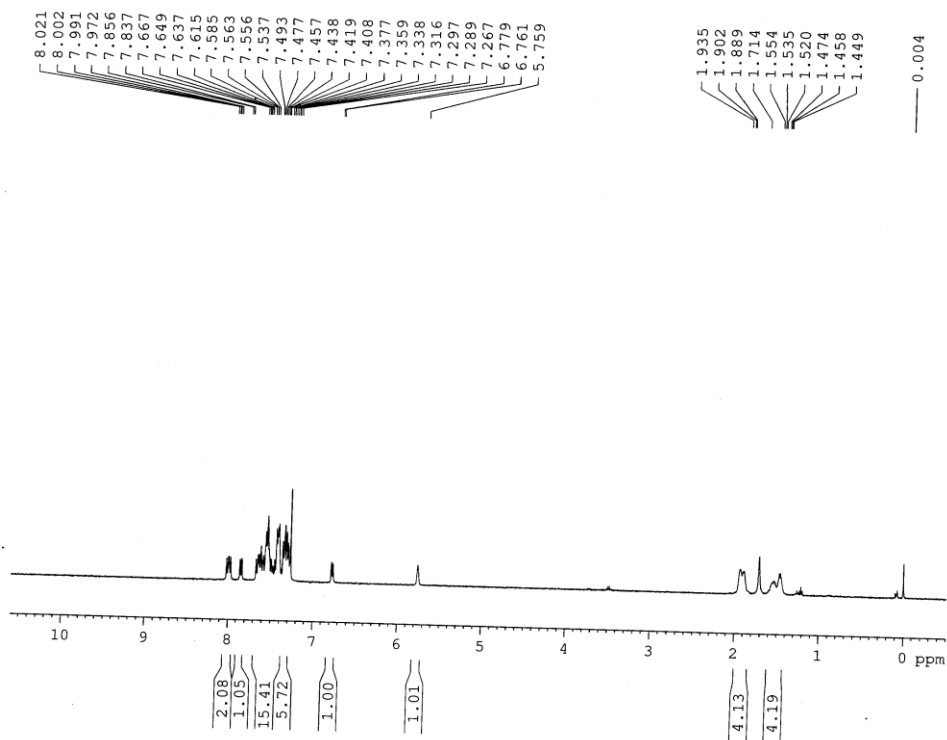


Figure S27. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **12**

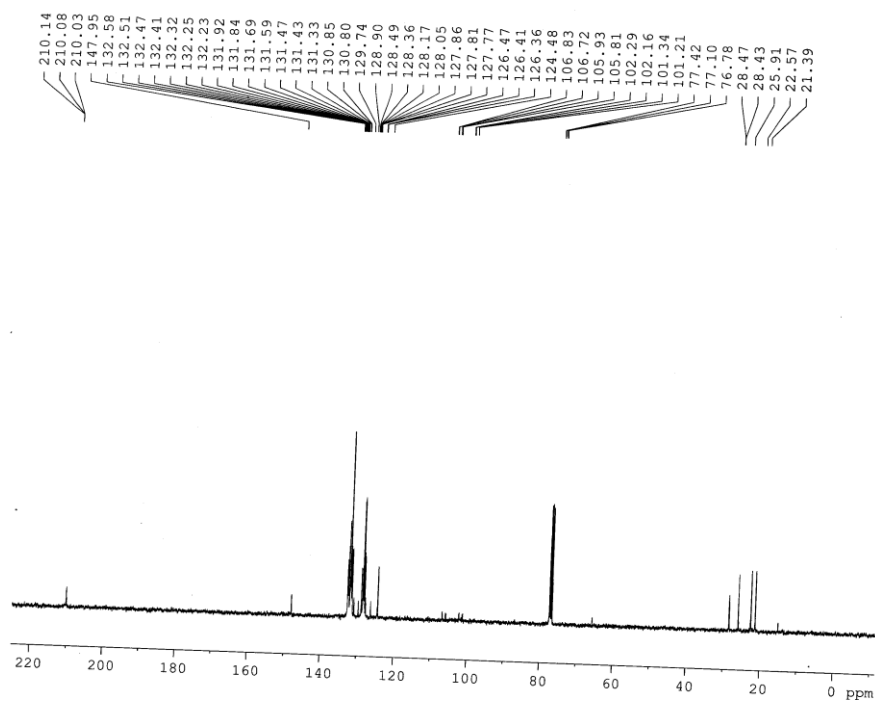


Figure S28. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **12**

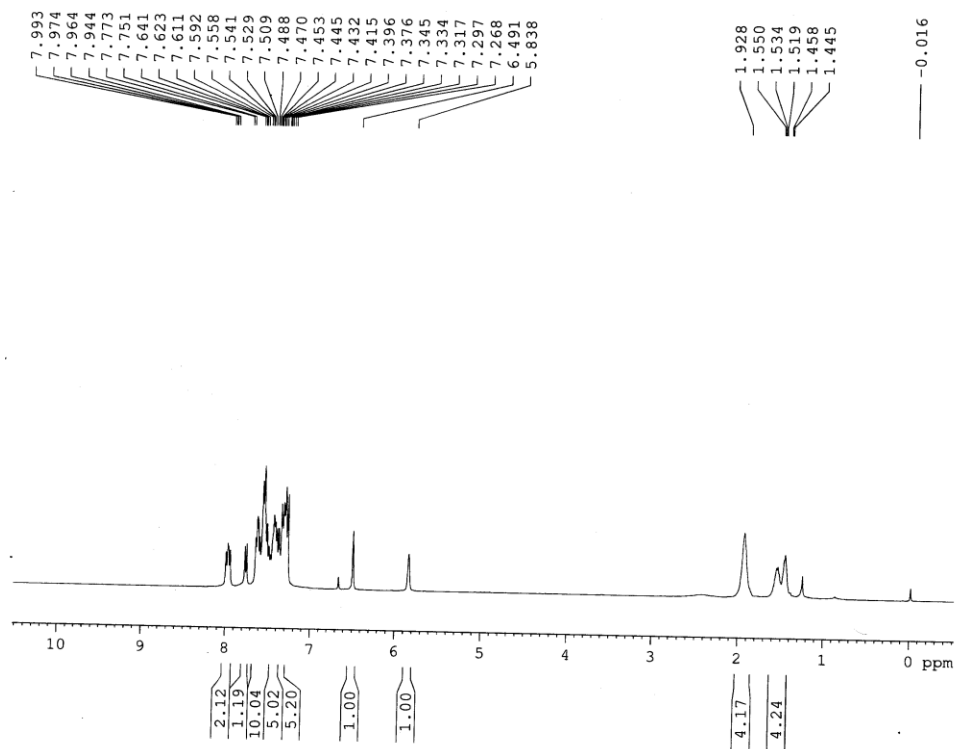


Figure S29. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound 13

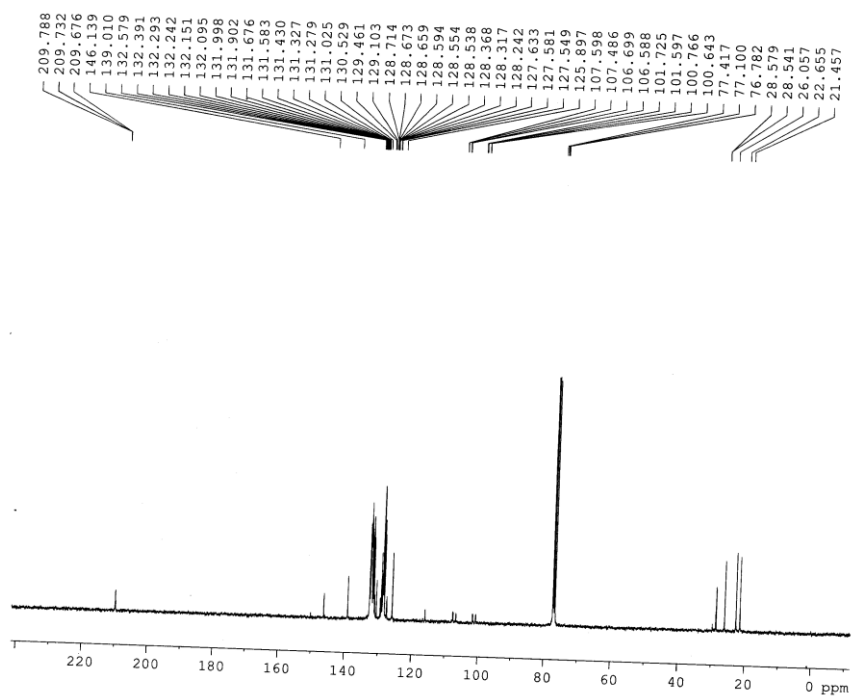


Figure S30. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound 13

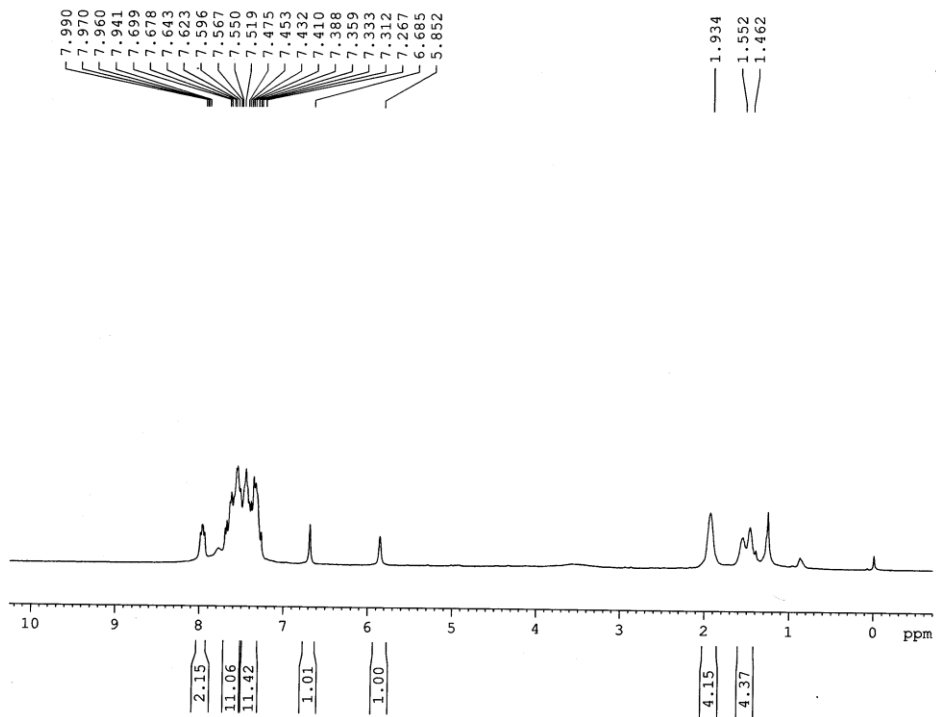


Figure S31. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **14**

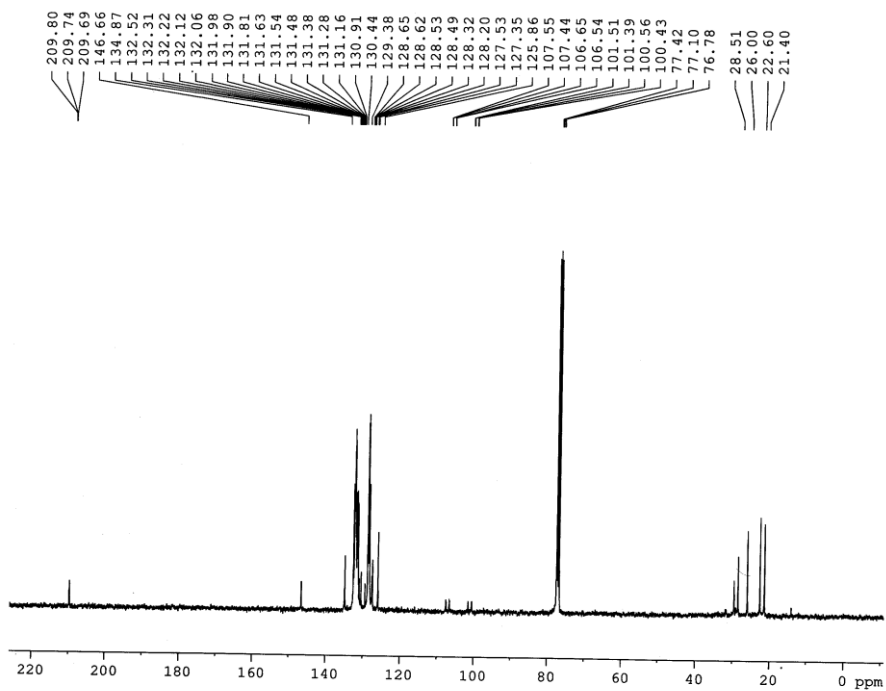


Figure S32. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **14**

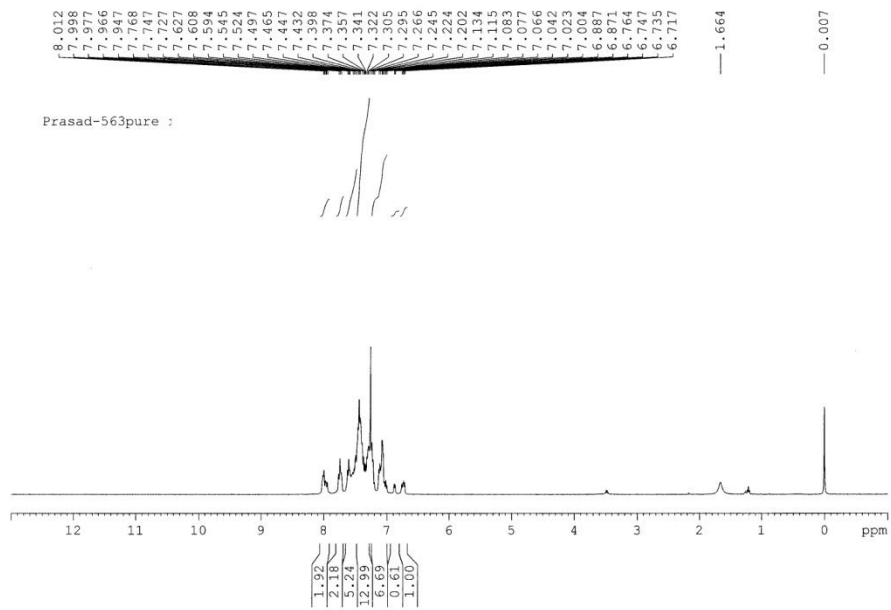


Figure S33. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound A

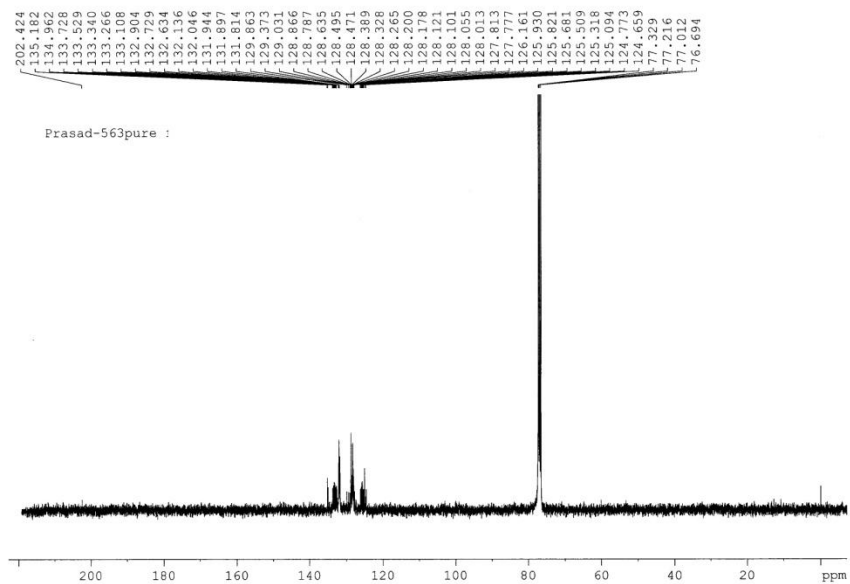


Figure S34. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound A

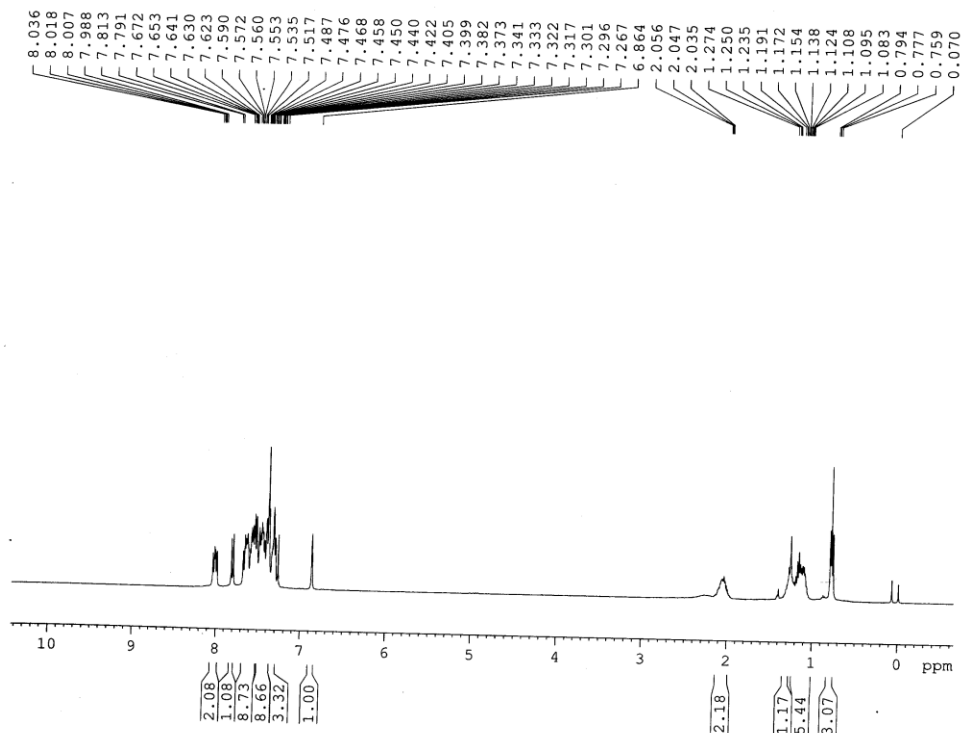


Figure S35. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound 15

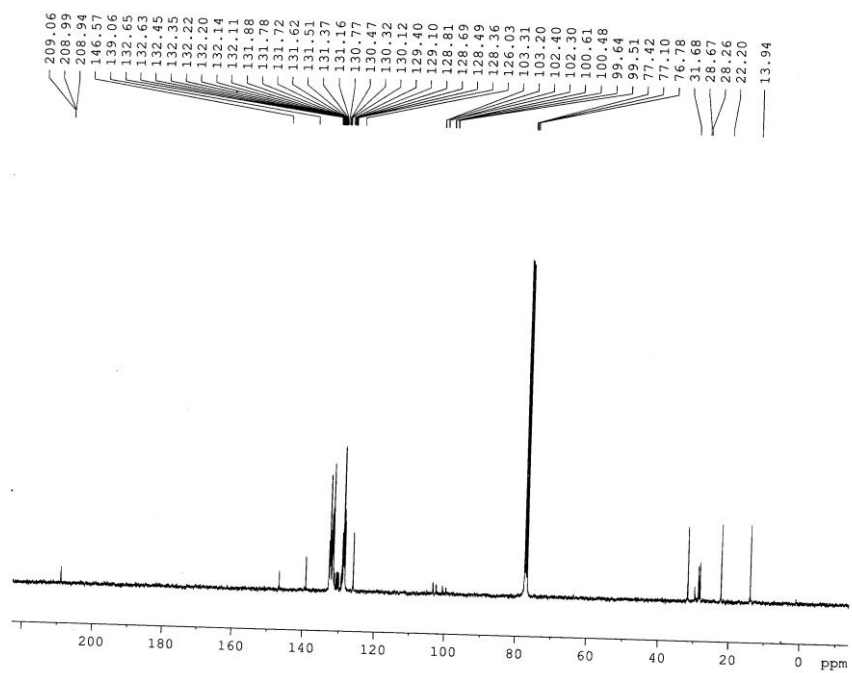


Figure S36. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound 15

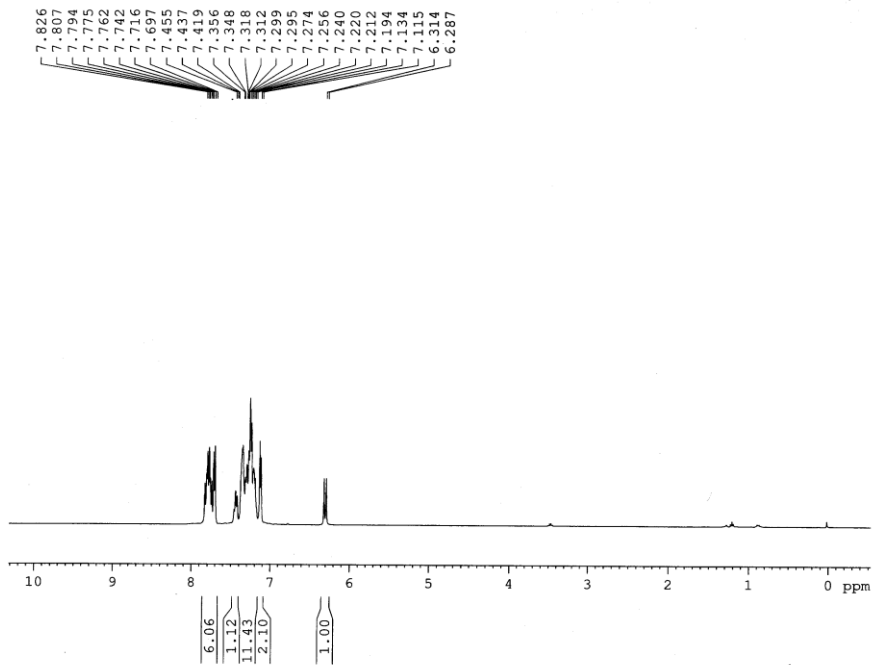


Figure S37. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **17**

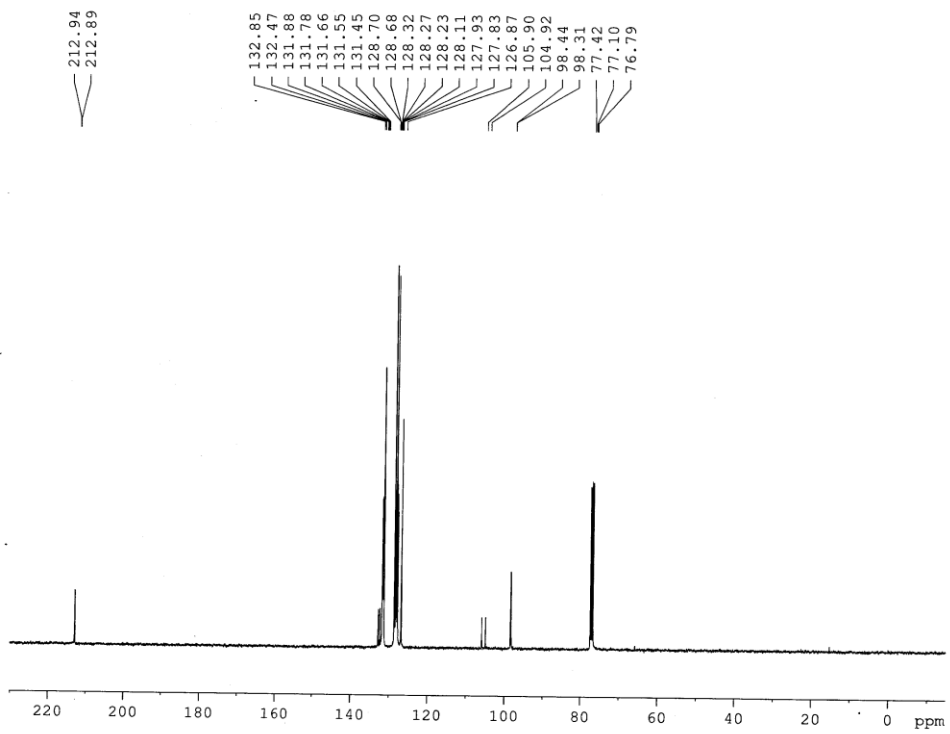


Figure S38. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **17**

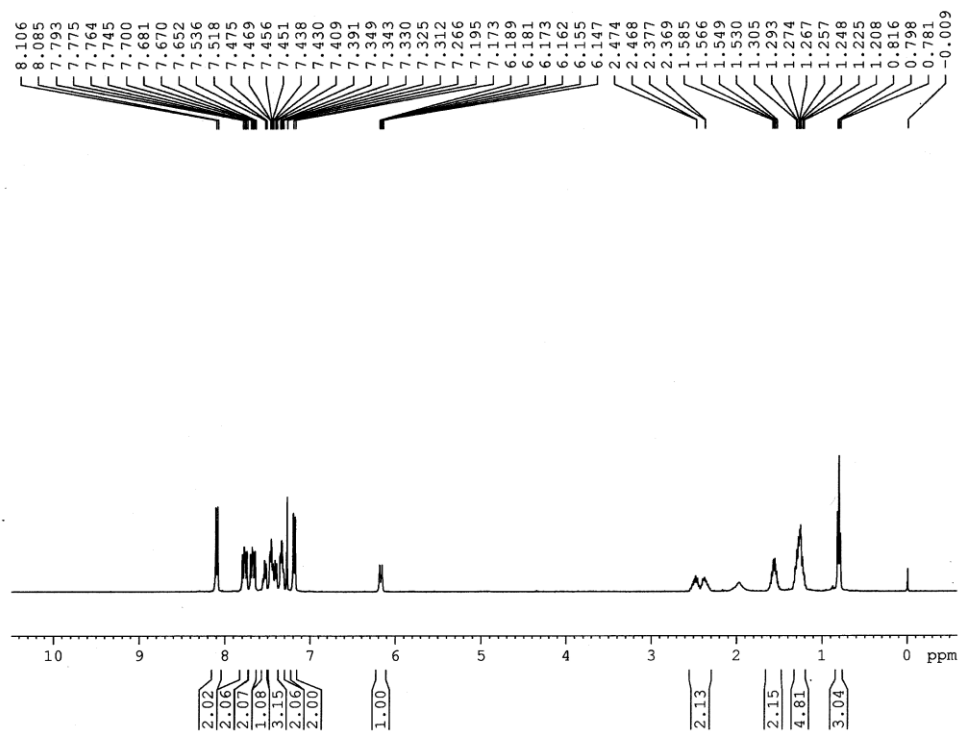


Figure S39. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **19**

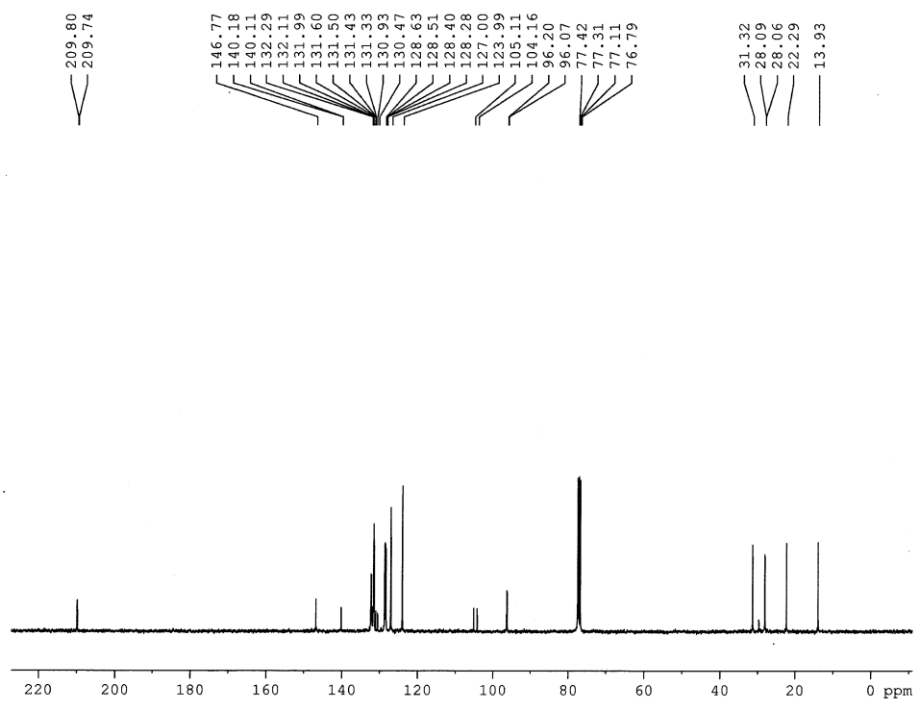
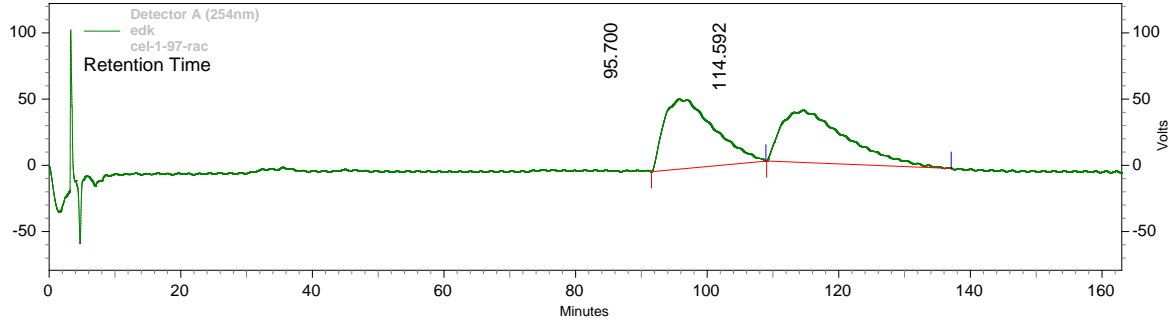


Figure S40. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **19**

Compound 12-(racemic mixture after column chromatography)

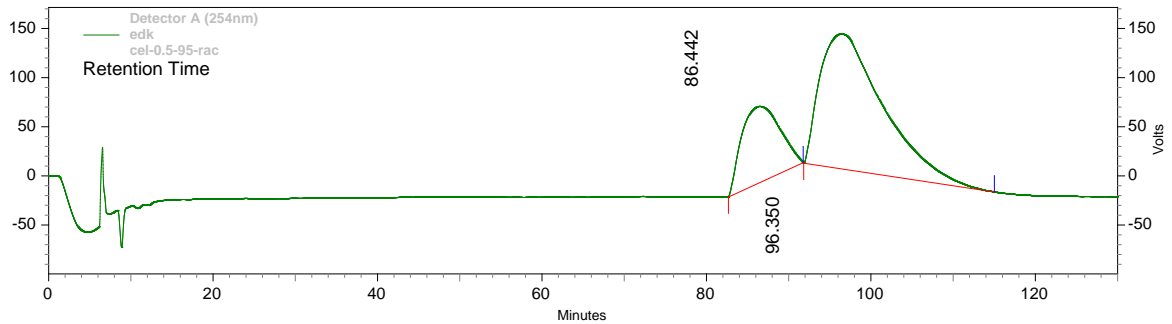
Shimadzu CLASS-VP V6.14 SP1 Area % Report Page 1 of 1
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 Data Name: E:\Class VP\Data\edk\Prasad\al-p-rac-567\cel-1-97-rac
 Acquired: 2/27/2015 12:27:41
 Printed: 2/27/2015 15:12:22
 Column: Cellulose-1(chiral); Flow rate (97: 3 of hexane and 2-propanol) : 1.0 ml/ min



Detector A (254nm)					
Pk #	Retention Time	Area	Area %	Height	Height %
1	95.700	27658130	50.616	52865	57.287
2	114.592	26985170	49.384	39416	42.713
Totals		54643300	100.000	92281	100.000

Compound 12- [ten handpicked crystals after crystallization enantiomer ratio ca 3:1]

Shimadzu CLASS-VP V6.14 SP1 Area % Report Page 1 of 1
 Method Name: C:\CLASS-VP\untitled.met
 Data Name: E:\Class VP\Data\edk\Prasad\al-p-rac-567\cel-0.5-95-rac
 Acquired: 2/26/2015 17:41:14
 Printed: 2/26/2015 19:58:37
 Column: Cellulose-1(chiral); Flow rate (97: 3 of hexane and 2-propanol): 0.5 ml/ min.



Detector A (254nm)					
Pk #	Retention Time	Area	Area %	Height	Height %
1	86.442	25270599	25.657	77693	36.161
2	96.350	73222287	74.343	137161	63.839
Totals		98492886	100.000	214854	100.000