

## SUPPORTING INFORMATION

### **Novel Pyrromethene dyes with N-ethyl carbazole at *meso* position: a comprehensive photophysical, lasing, photostability and TD-DFT study†**

Kishor G. Thorat,<sup>a</sup> Priyadarshani Kamble,<sup>b</sup> Alok K. Ray\*<sup>b</sup> and Nagaiyan Sekar\*<sup>a</sup>

<b>Table of content</b>	<b>Page no.</b>
1 <b>Table S1</b> Mulliken Charges (e.s.u.) on selected atoms of the dyes <b>1-3</b> at their respective optimized ground state and excited state geometries, calculated by using B3LYP/6-31G(d) PCM level of theory in n-heptane	<b>S3</b>
2 <b>Table S2.</b> Ab initio calculated parameters of PM dyes <b>2-3</b> in solvents of different polarities using TD-DFT (B3LYP/6-31G(d)) PCM method	<b>S3</b>
3 <b>Fig. S1</b> Normalized absorption spectra of the dye <b>2</b> in various solvents	<b>S4</b>
4 <b>Fig. S2</b> Normalized emission spectra of the dye <b>2</b> in various solvents	<b>S4</b>
5 <b>Fig. S3</b> Normalized absorption spectra of the dye <b>3</b> in various solvents	<b>S5</b>
6 <b>Fig. S4</b> Normalized emission spectra of the dye <b>3</b> in various solvents	<b>S5</b>
7 <b>Fig. S5</b> Optimized structure in GS and Mulliken charges of dye <b>1</b> in GS and ES in solvent n-heptane	<b>S6</b>
8 <b>Fig. S6</b> Optimized structure in GS and Mulliken charges of dye <b>2</b> in GS and ES in solvent n-heptane	<b>S6</b>
9 <b>Fig. S7</b> Optimized structure in GS and Mulliken charges of dye <b>3</b> in GS and ES in solvent n-heptane	<b>S7</b>
10 <b>Fig. S8</b> A schematic of narrow band dye laser set up used for experiments	<b>S7</b>
11 <b>Fig. S9</b> Plausible reaction mechanism of the dyes <b>2</b> and <b>3</b> with $^1\text{O}_2$	<b>S8</b>
12 <b>Fig. S10</b> $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum of Ethyl 4-benzyl-3, 5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate ( <b>6</b> )	<b>S8</b>
13 <b>Fig. S11</b> $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR spectrum of Ethyl 4-benzyl-3, 5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate ( <b>6</b> )	<b>S9</b>
14 <b>Fig. S12</b> Mass spectrum of Ethyl 4-benzyl-3, 5- dimethyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate ( <b>6</b> )	<b>S9</b>
15 <b>Fig. S13</b> $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum of sodium 4-benzyl-3, 5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate ( <b>7</b> )	<b>S10</b>
16 <b>Fig. S14</b> $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR spectrum of sodium 4-benzyl-3, 5- dimethyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate ( <b>7</b> )	<b>S10</b>
17 <b>Fig. S15</b> Mass spectrum of sodium 4-benzyl-3, 5- dimethyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate ( <b>7</b> )	<b>S11</b>
18 <b>Fig. S16</b> $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum of 3-Benzyl-2, 4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole ( <b>8</b> )	<b>S12</b>
19 <b>Fig. S17</b> $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR spectrum of 3-Benzyl-2, 4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole ( <b>8</b> )	<b>S12</b>
20 <b>Fig. S18</b> Mass spectrum of 3-Benzyl-2, 4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole ( <b>8</b> )	<b>S13</b>
21 <b>Fig. S19</b> $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum of the dye <b>2</b>	<b>S14</b>
22 <b>Fig. S20</b> $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR spectrum of the dye <b>2</b>	<b>S15</b>
23 <b>Fig. S21</b> $^{19}\text{F}$ NMR spectrum of the dye <b>2</b>	<b>S15</b>
24 <b>Fig. S22</b> HRMS spectrum of the dye <b>2</b>	<b>S16</b>
25 <b>Fig. S23</b> $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum of the dye <b>3</b>	<b>S16</b>
26 <b>Fig. S24</b> $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR spectrum of the dye <b>3</b>	<b>S17</b>
27 <b>Fig. S25</b> $^{19}\text{F}$ NMR spectrum of the dye <b>3</b>	<b>S17</b>
28 <b>Fig. S26</b> HRMS spectrum of the dye <b>3</b>	<b>S18</b>

**Table S1:** Mulliken Charges (e.s.u.) on selected atoms of the dyes **1-3** at their respective optimized ground state and excited state geometries, calculated by using B3LYP/6-31G (d) PCM level of theory in n-heptane

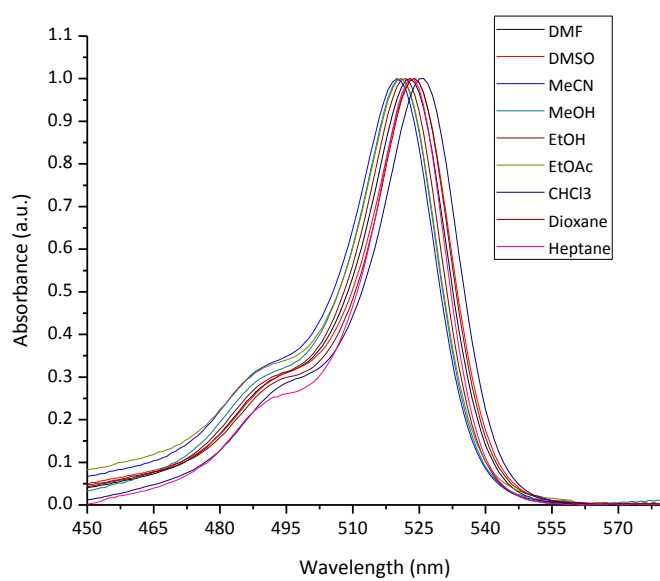
Atom no.	Dye 1		Dye 2		Dye 3	
	GS <sup>[a]</sup>	ES <sup>[b]</sup>	GS	ES	GS	ES
C-1	+0.087	+0.091	+0.088	+0.080	+0.097	+0.089
C-2	+0.019	+0.012	+0.015	+0.021	+0.007	+0.014
C-3	+0.316	+0.323	+0.317	+0.316	+0.334	+0.315
N-3'	-0.576	-0.571	-0.579	-0.582	-0.581	-0.583
B-4	+0.693	+0.687	+0.694	+0.694	+0.694	+0.695
C-7'	+0.183	+0.180	+0.215	+0.234	+0.214	+0.234
C-8	+0.115	+0.111	-0.030	-0.037	-0.027	-0.035
C9	-0.015	-0.006	+0.020	+0.016	+0.019	+0.017
C-10	-0.056	-0.059	-0.055	-0.056	-0.123	-0.123
C-11	+0.007	+0.007	+0.005	+0.007	+0.180	+0.181

<sup>[a]</sup>Mulliken charges of molecules in ground state; <sup>[b]</sup>Mulliken charges of molecules in excited state

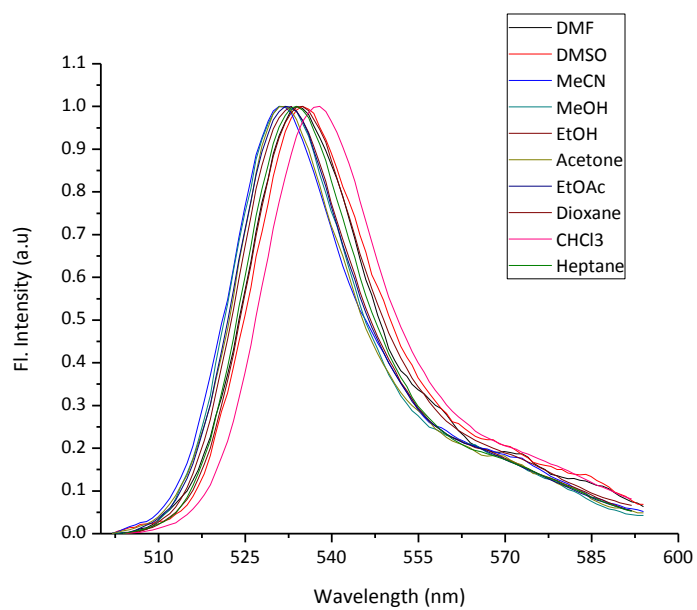
**Table S2:** Ab initio calculated parameters of PM dyes **2-3** in solvents of different polarities using TD-DFT (B3LYP/6-31G(d)) PCM method

Solvent	Dye 2					Dye 3				
	$E_H$ <sup>[a]</sup> (eV)	$E_L$ <sup>[b]</sup> (eV)	$E_H-E_L$ (eV)	$\mu_0$ <sup>[c]</sup> (Debye)	$\mu_1$ <sup>[d]</sup> (Debye)	$E_H$ (eV)	$E_L$ (eV)	$E_H-E_L$ (eV)	$\mu_0$ (Debye)	$\mu_1$ (Debye)
DMSO	-5.365	-2.421	2.944	8.445	9.236	-5.4348	-2.4865	2.9483	8.620	9.254
DMF	-5.361	-2.417	2.944	8.426	9.206	-5.4315	-2.4835	2.9480	8.600	9.230
ACN	-5.361	-2.417	2.944	8.422	9.207	-5.4310	-2.4830	2.9480	8.596	9.225
MeOH	-5.359	-2.415	2.944	8.413	9.195	-5.4296	-2.4816	2.9480	8.586	9.214
EtOH	-5.355	-2.412	2.943	8.381	9.153	-5.4225	-2.4735	2.9491	8.551	9.173
Acetone	-5.349	-2.405	2.943	8.352	9.111	-5.4198	-2.4721	2.9477	8.521	9.138
EtOAc	-5.289	-2.349	2.941	7.987	8.661	-5.3638	-2.4177	2.9461	8.128	8.558
CHCl <sub>3</sub>	-5.270	-2.330	2.940	7.861	8.506	-5.3453	-2.4000	2.9453	7.998	8.414
Dioxane	-5.186	-2.250	2.935	7.293	7.806	-5.2658	-2.3235	2.9423	7.405	7.768
Heptane	-5.167	-2.235	2.932	7.151	7.636	-5.2473	-2.3067	2.9407	7.264	7.608

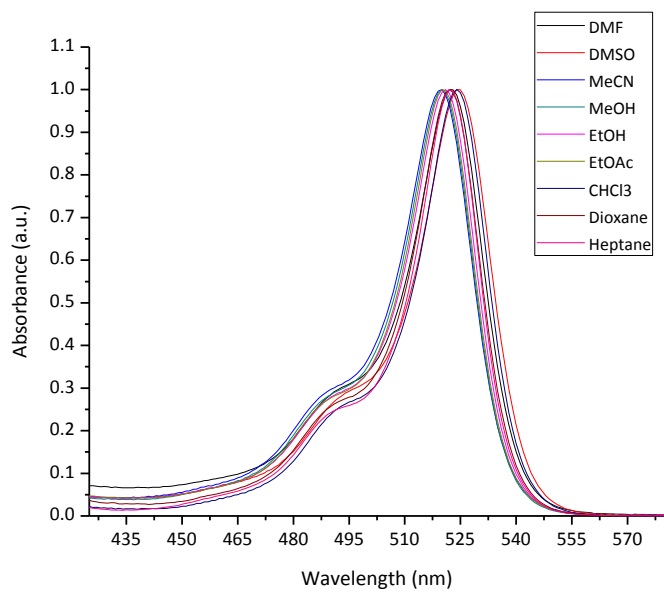
<sup>[a]</sup>Energy of highest occupied molecular orbital (HOMO); <sup>[b]</sup> Energy of lowest unoccupied molecular orbital (LUMO); <sup>[c]</sup>Dipole moment in ground state ( $S_0$ ); <sup>[d]</sup>Dipole moment in excited state ( $S_1$ ).



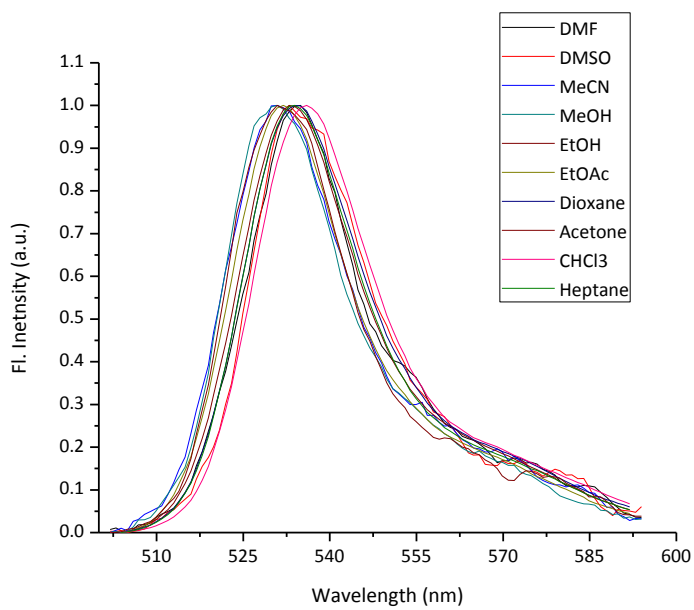
**Fig. S1** Normalized absorption spectra of the dye **2** in various solvents



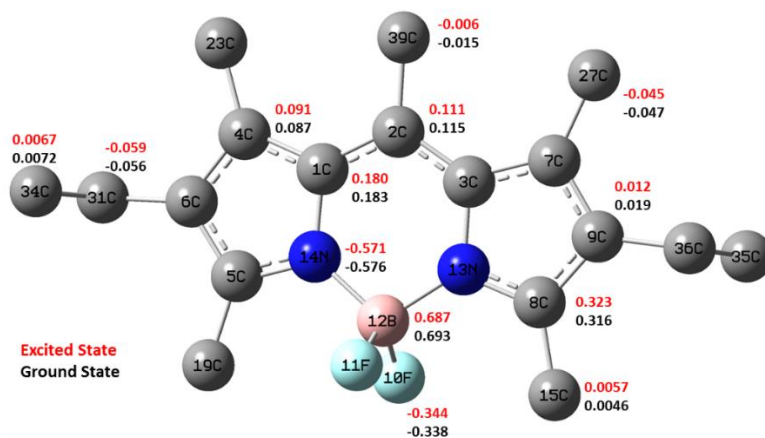
**Fig. S2** Normalized emission spectra of the dye **2** in various solvents



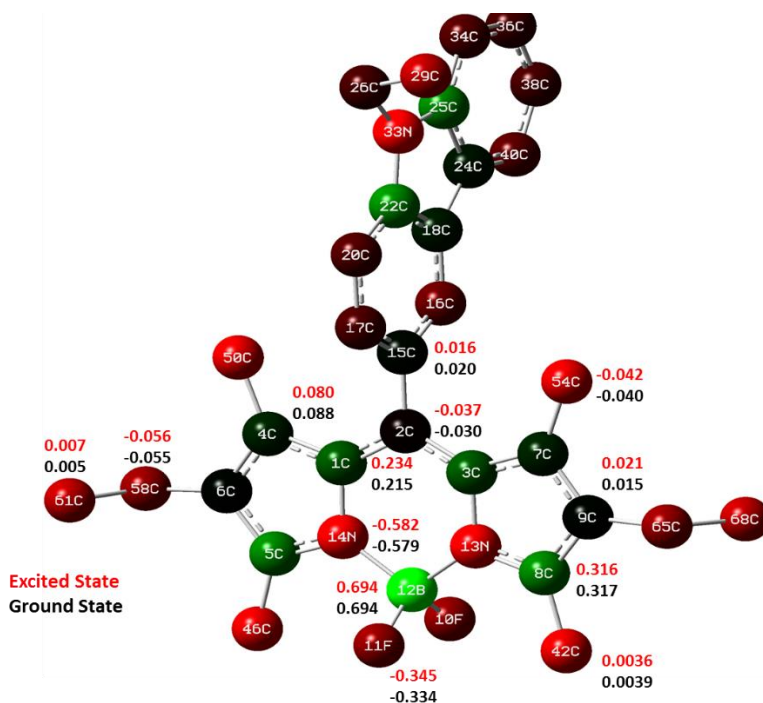
**Fig. S3** Normalized absorption spectra of the dye **3** in various solvents



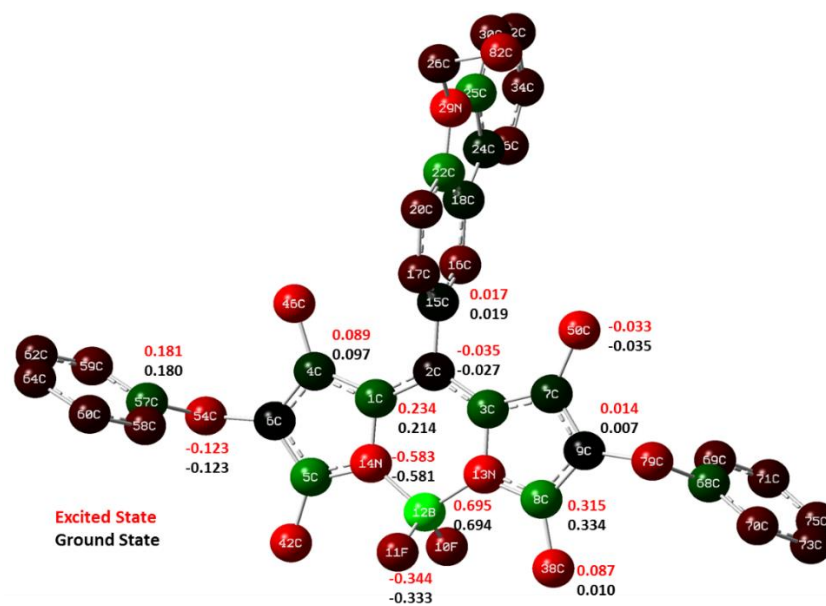
**Fig. S4** Normalized emission spectra of the dye **3** in various solvents



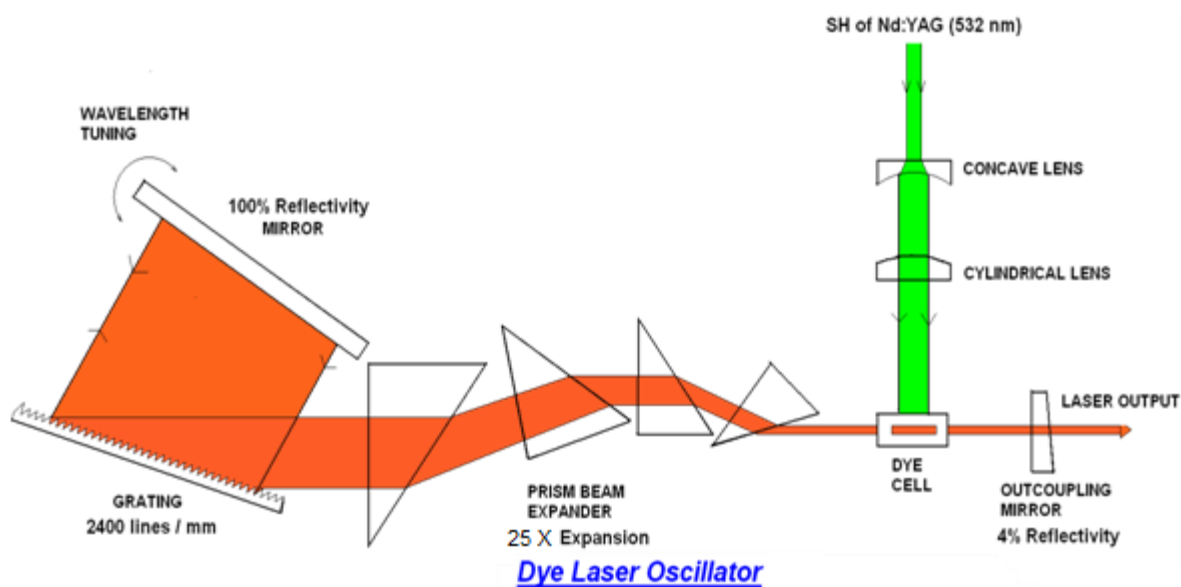
**Fig. S5** Optimized structure in ground ( $S_0$ ) state and Mulliken charges (e.s.u) of the dye 1 in ground state ( $S_0$ ) (black digits) and first excited state ( $S_1$ ) (red digits) in solvent n-heptane, calculated by B3LYP/6-31G(d) level of theory (hydrogen atoms are omitted for more clarity).



**Fig. S6** Optimized structure in ground ( $S_0$ ) state and Mulliken charges (e.s.u) of the dye 2 in ground state ( $S_0$ ) (black digits) and first excited state ( $S_1$ ) (red digits) in solvent n-heptane, calculated by B3LYP/6-31G(d) level of theory (hydrogen atoms are omitted for more clarity).



**Fig. S7** Optimized structure in ground (S<sub>0</sub>) state and Mulliken charges (e.s.u) of the dye **3** in ground state (S<sub>0</sub>) (black digits) and first excited state (S<sub>1</sub>) (red digits) in solvent n-heptane, calculated by B3LYP/6-31G(d) level of theory (hydrogen atoms are omitted for more clarity).



**Fig. 8** A schematic of narrow band dye laser set up used for experiments

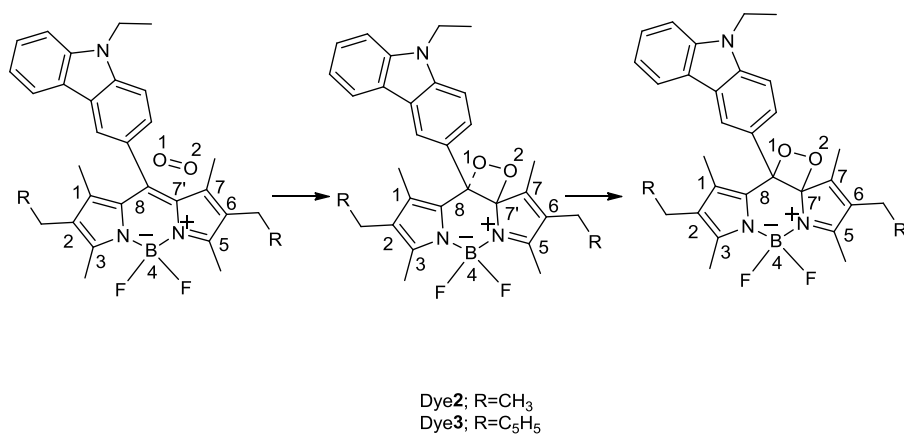


Fig. S9 Plausible reaction mechanism of the dyes **2** and **3** with <sup>1</sup>O<sub>2</sub>

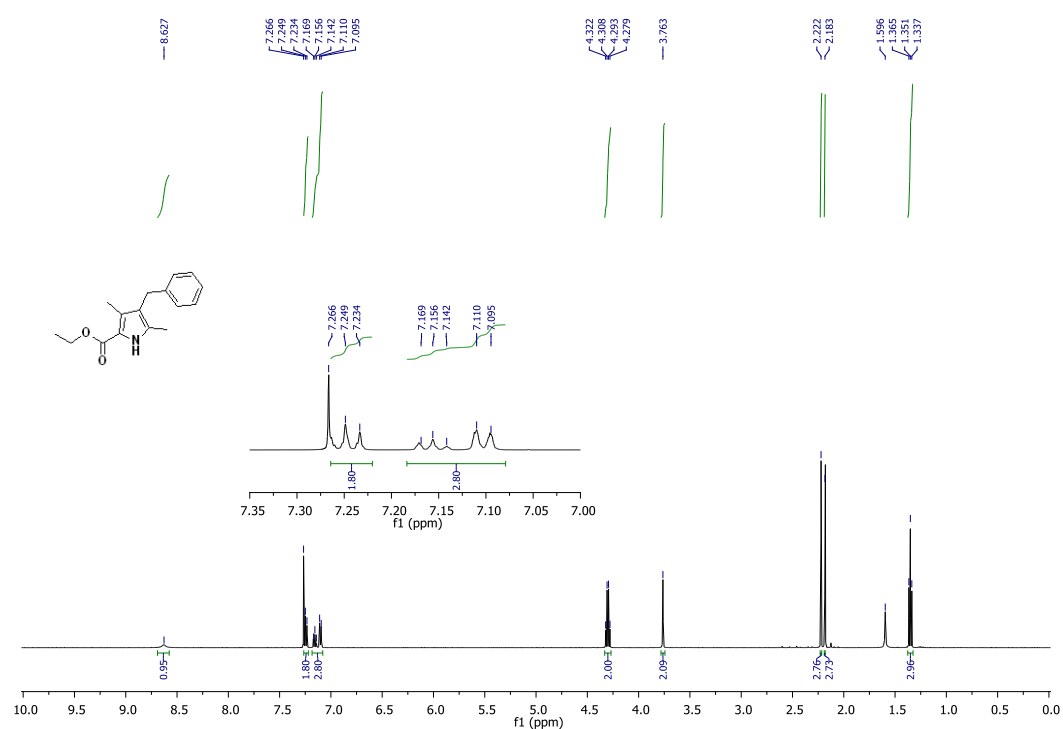


Fig. 10 <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of Ethyl 4-benzyl-3, 5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate (**6**)



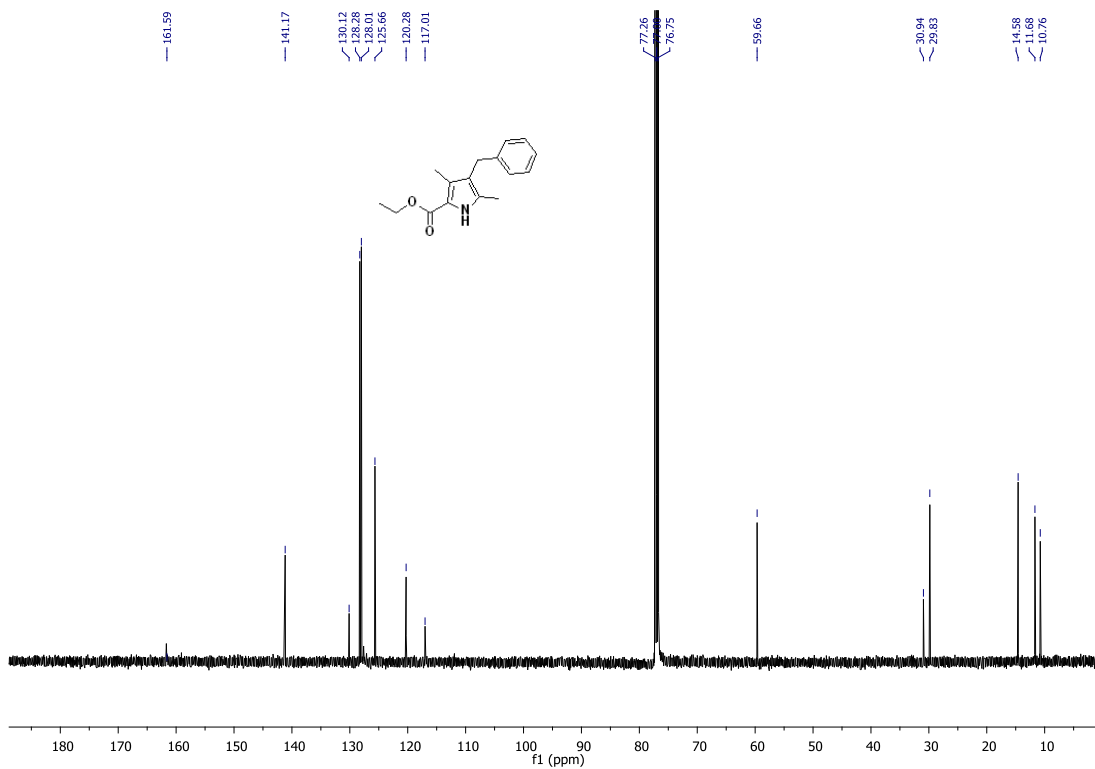


Fig. S11  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of Ethyl 4-benzyl-3, 5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate (6)

2- #10 RT: 0.10 AV: 1 NL: 3.10E6  
T: + c ESI Full ms [ 150.00-270.00]

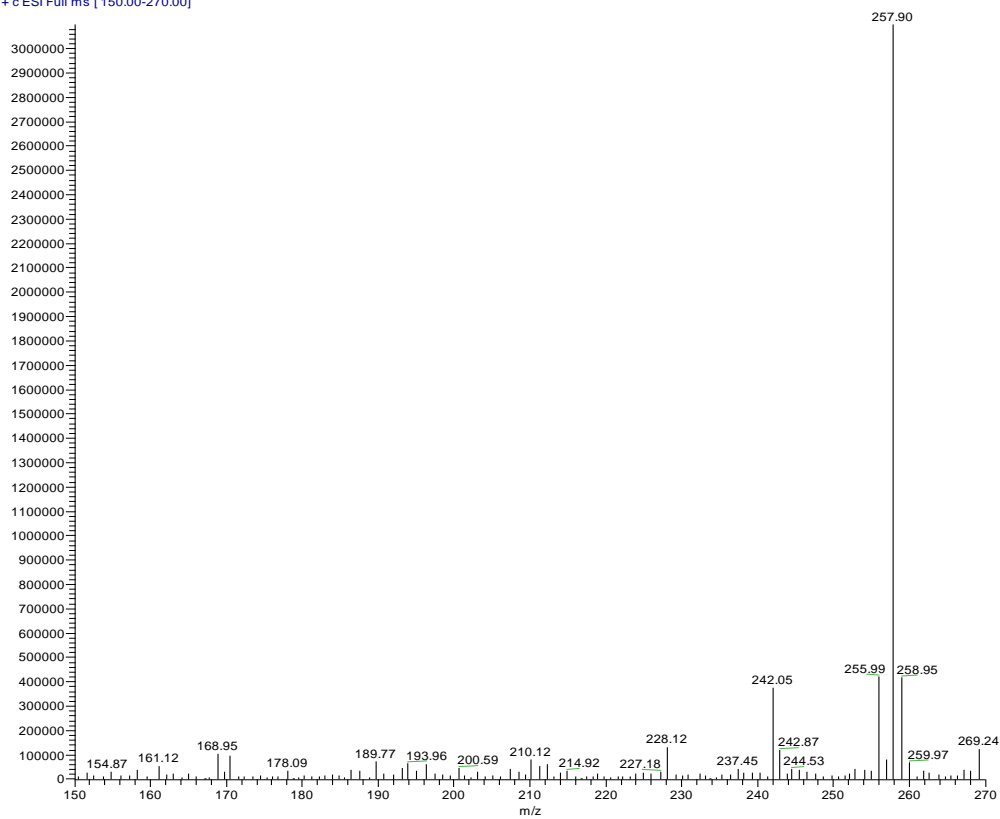
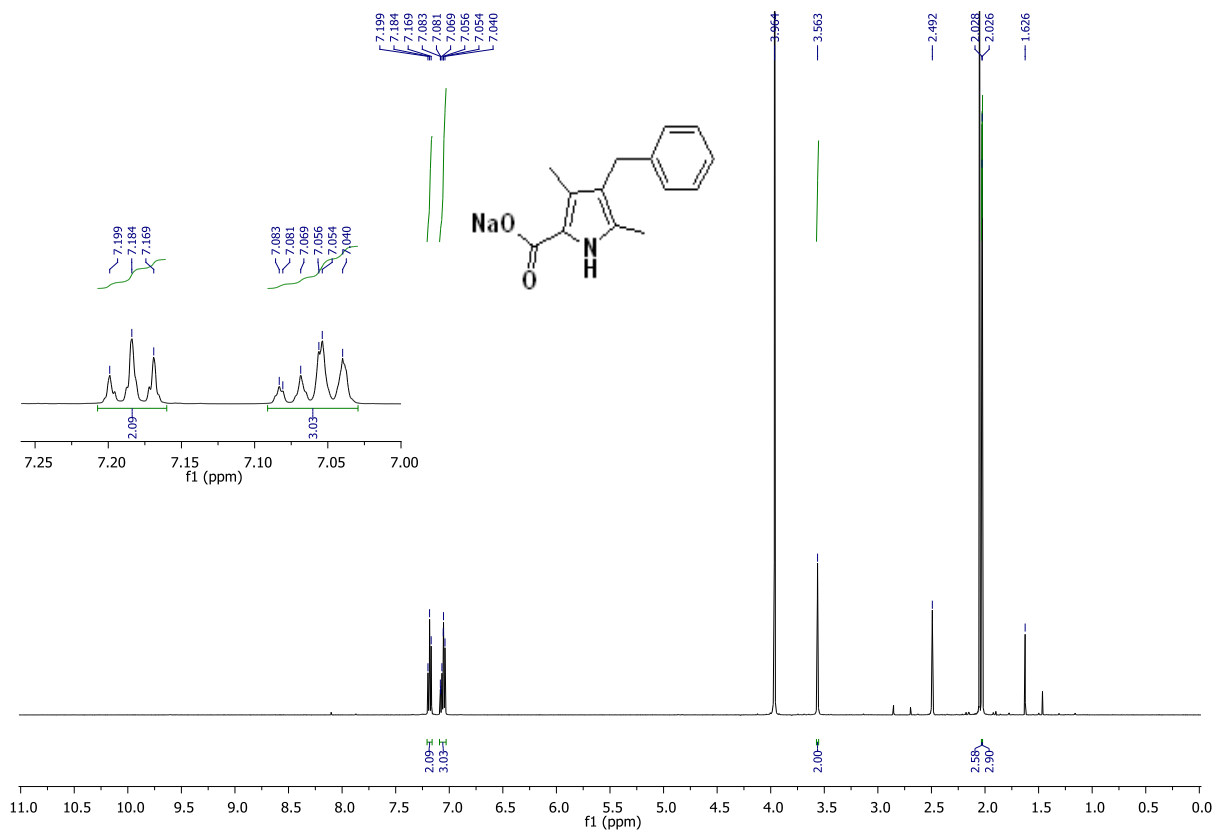
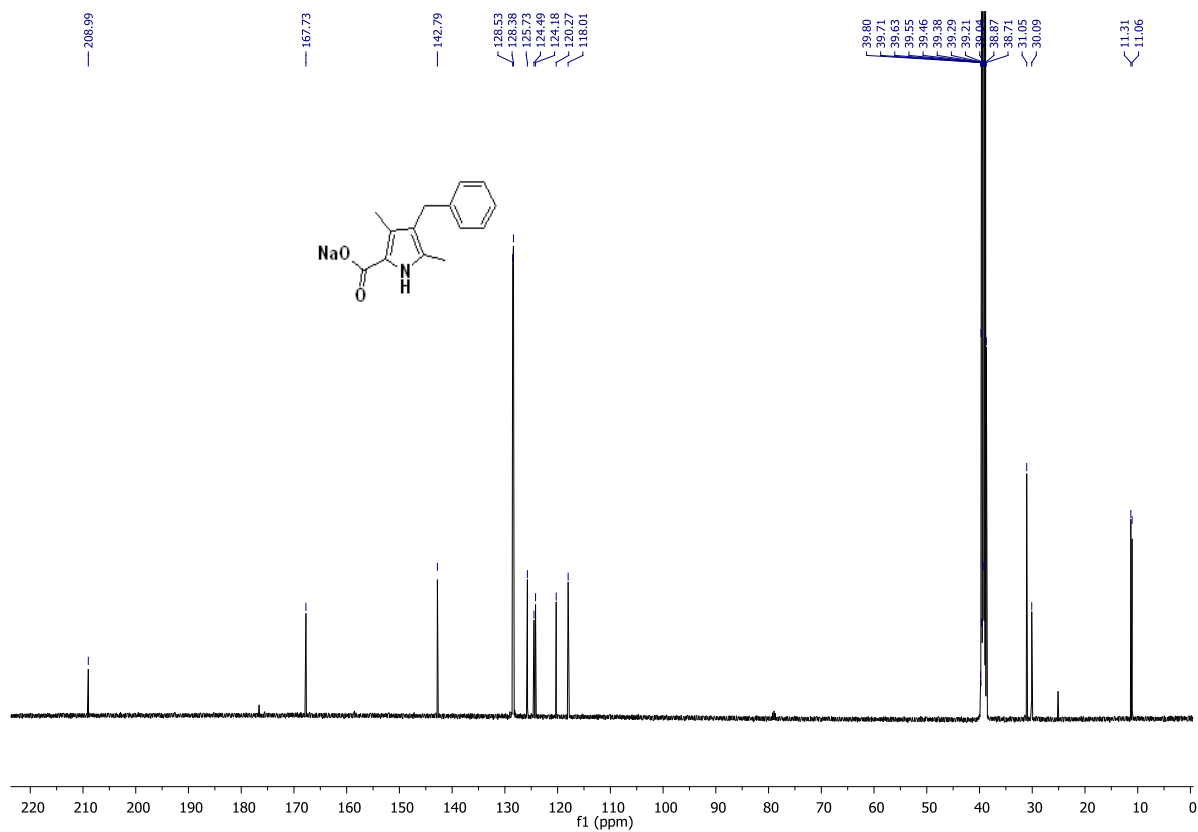


Fig. S12 Mass spectrum of Ethyl 4-benzyl-3, 5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate (6)



**Fig. S13** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of sodium 4-benzyl-3, 5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate (**7**)



**Fig. S14** <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of sodium 4-benzyl-3, 5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate (**7**)

BENZYL PYROLE ACID #54 RT: 0.59 AV: 1 NL: 2.97E6  
F: -c ESI Full ms [150.00-240.00]

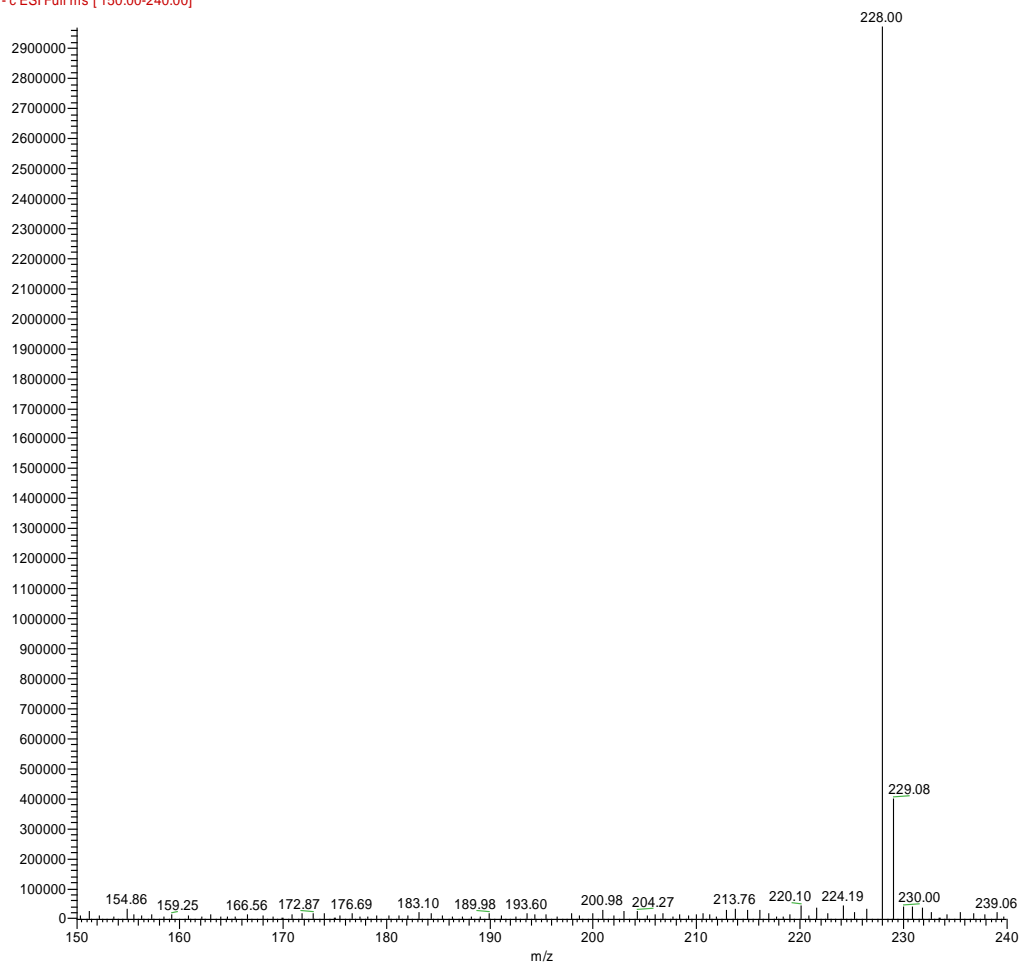


Fig. S15 Mass spectrum of sodium 4-benzyl-3, 5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate (7)

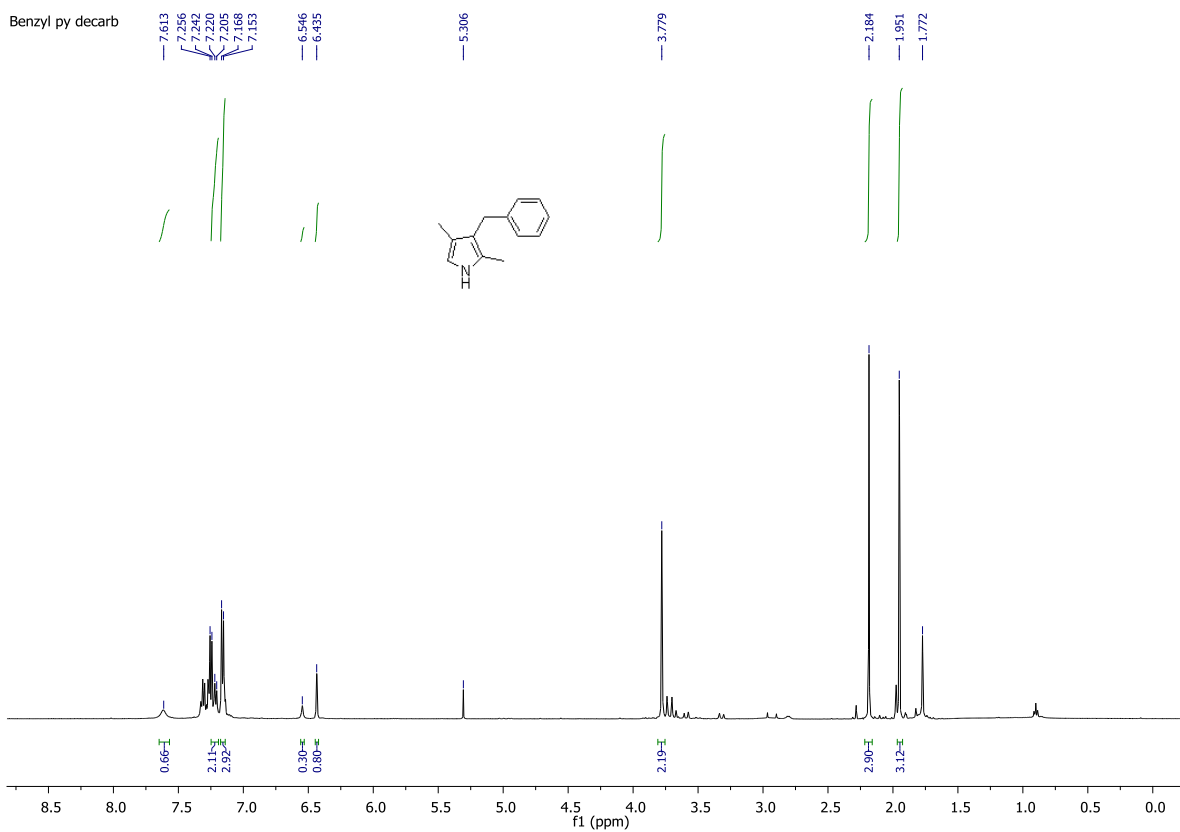


Fig. S16  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of 3-Benzyl-2, 4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole (**8**)

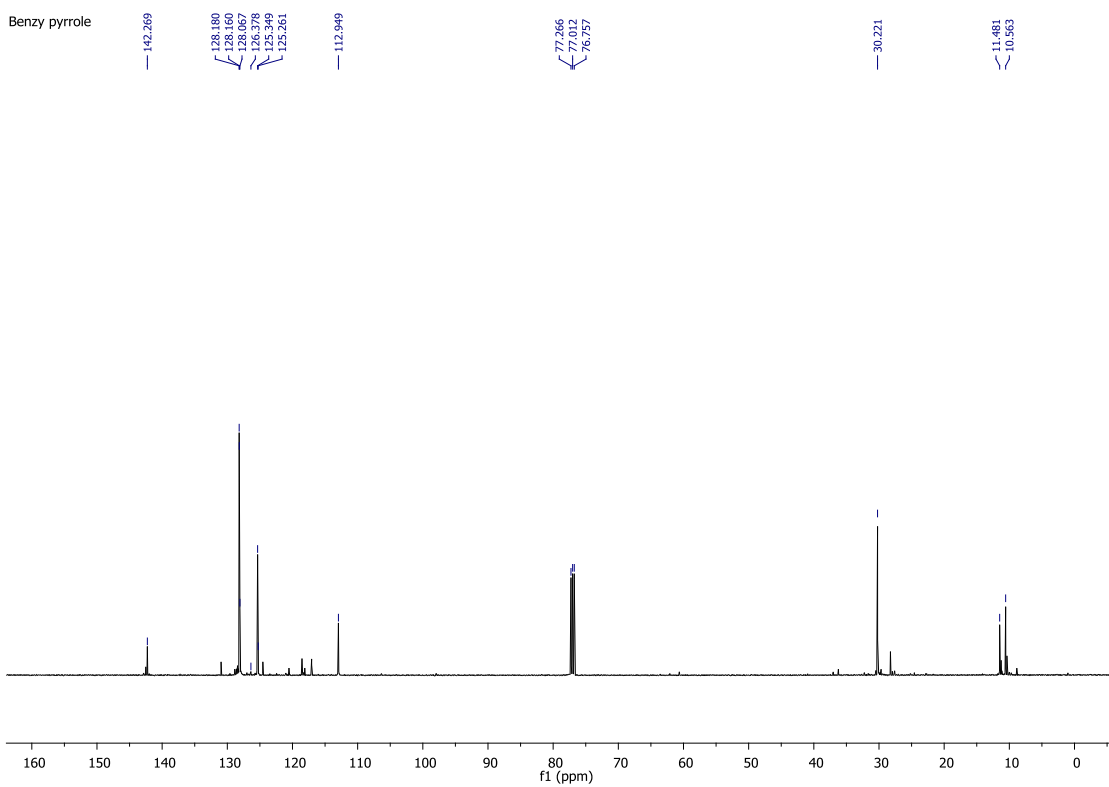


Fig. S17  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of 3-Benzyl-2, 4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole (**8**)

# Spectrum Plot - 1/19/2015 2:42 PM

1 A Scan 23 from ...ernal 2014-2015\lcms-80\benzyl pyrrole-186-.xms

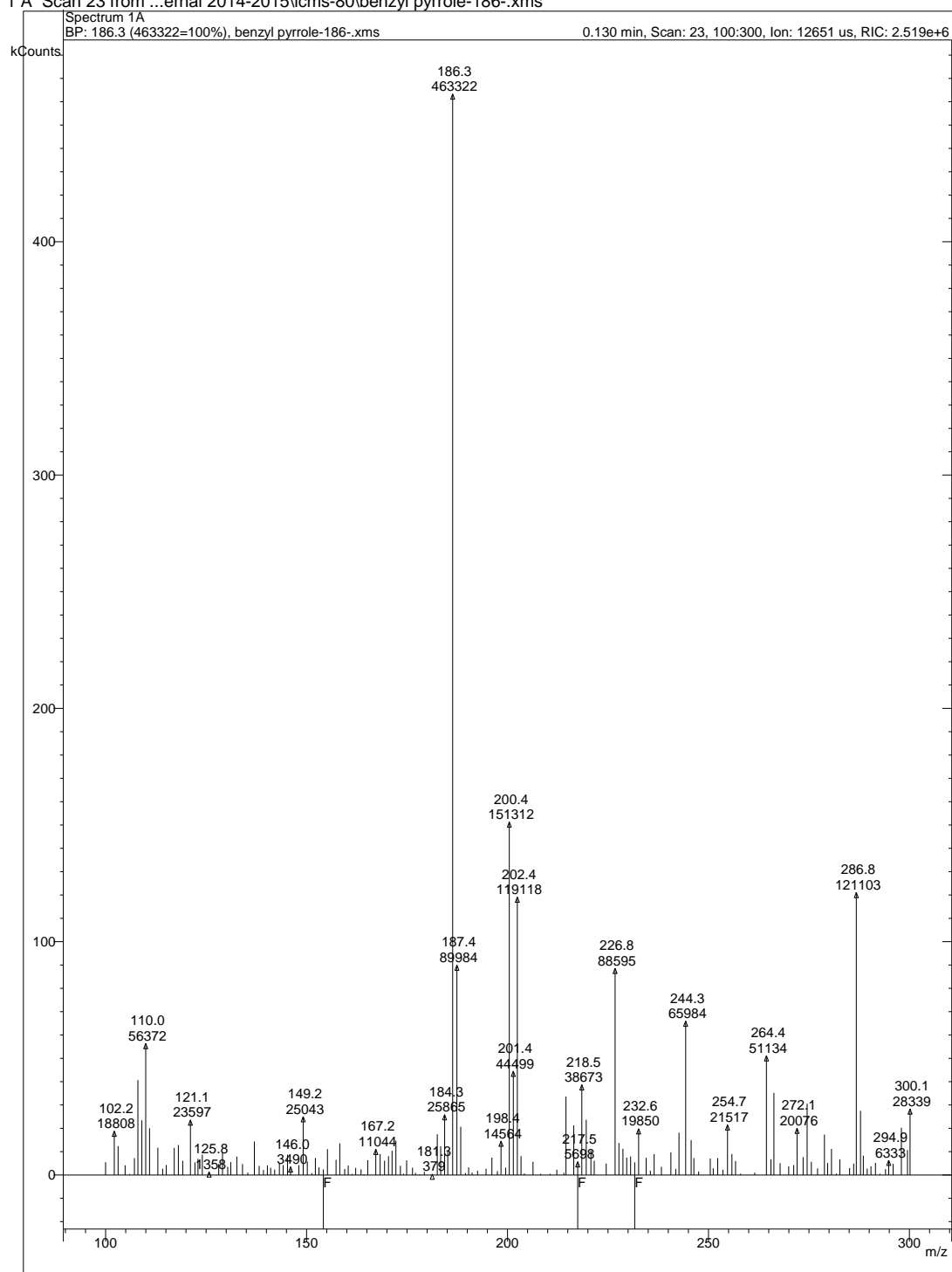


Fig. S18 Mass spectrum of 3-Benzyl-2, 4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole (8)

Dye2

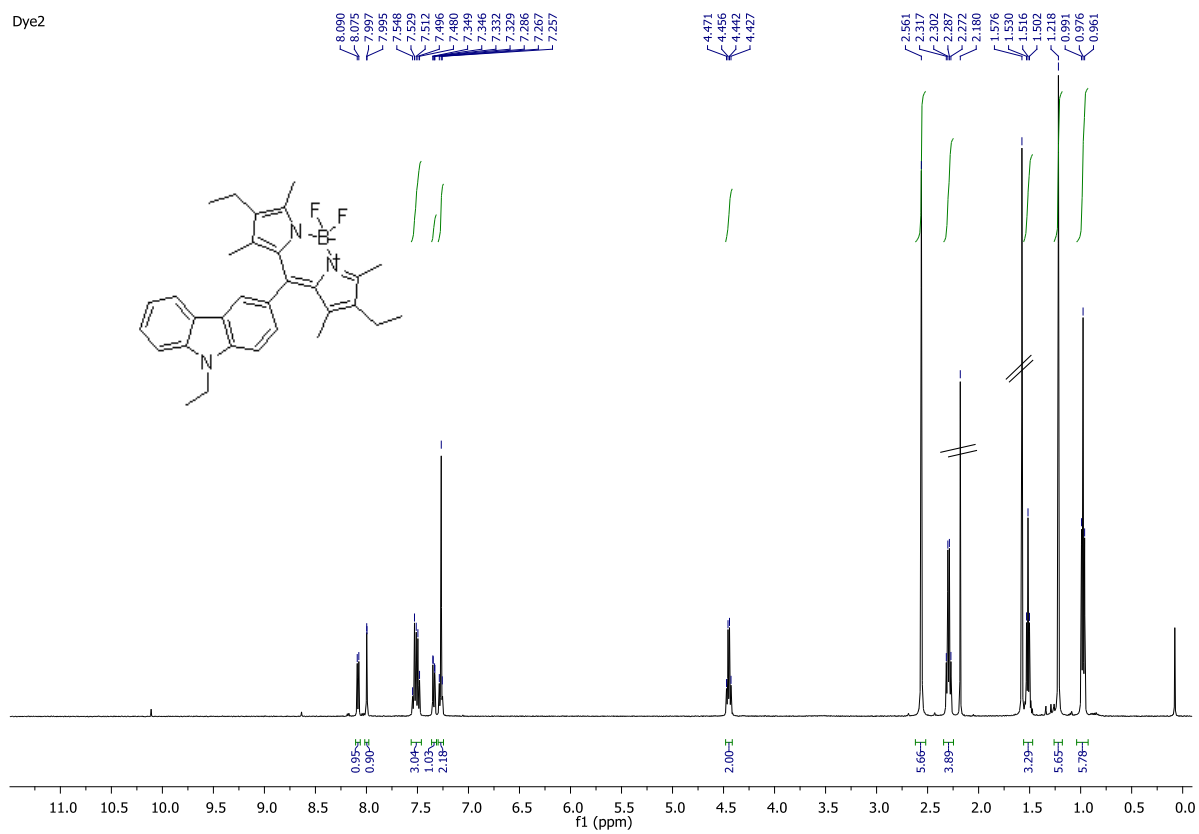


Fig. S19 <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the dye 2.

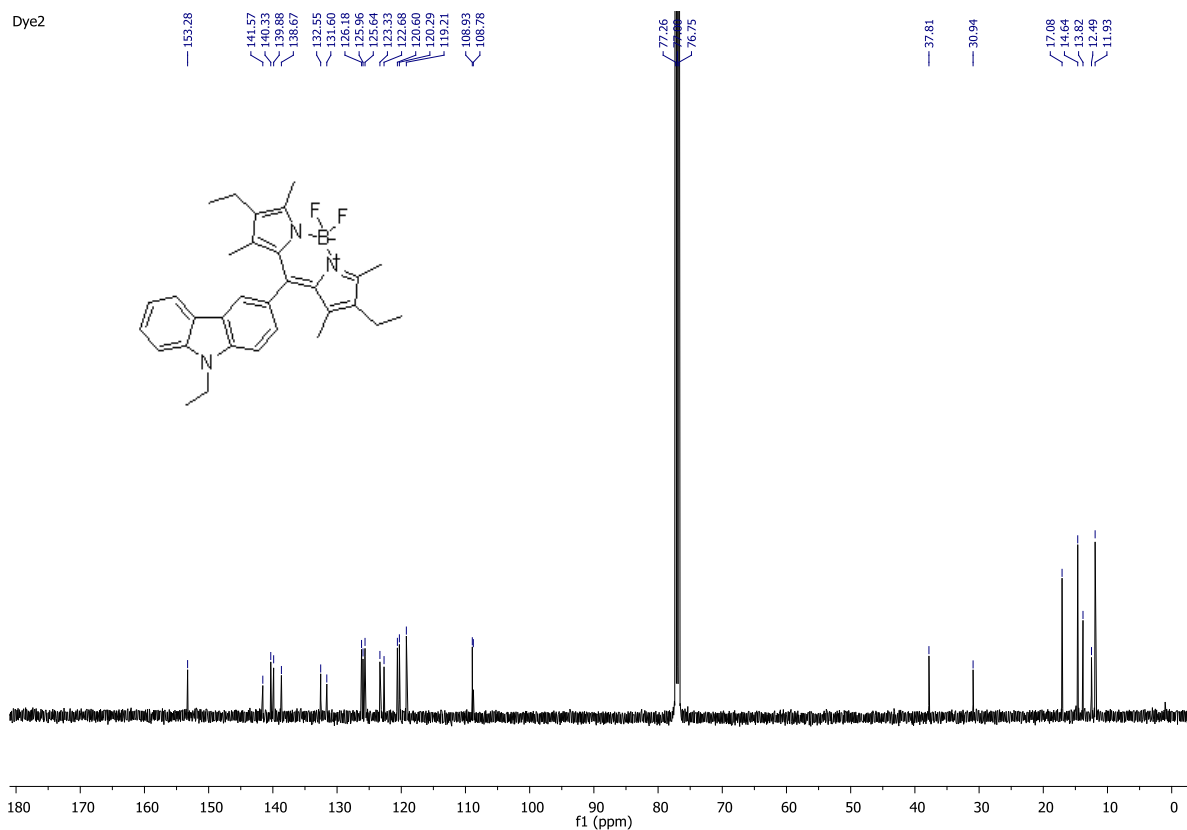


Fig. S20  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of the dye 2.

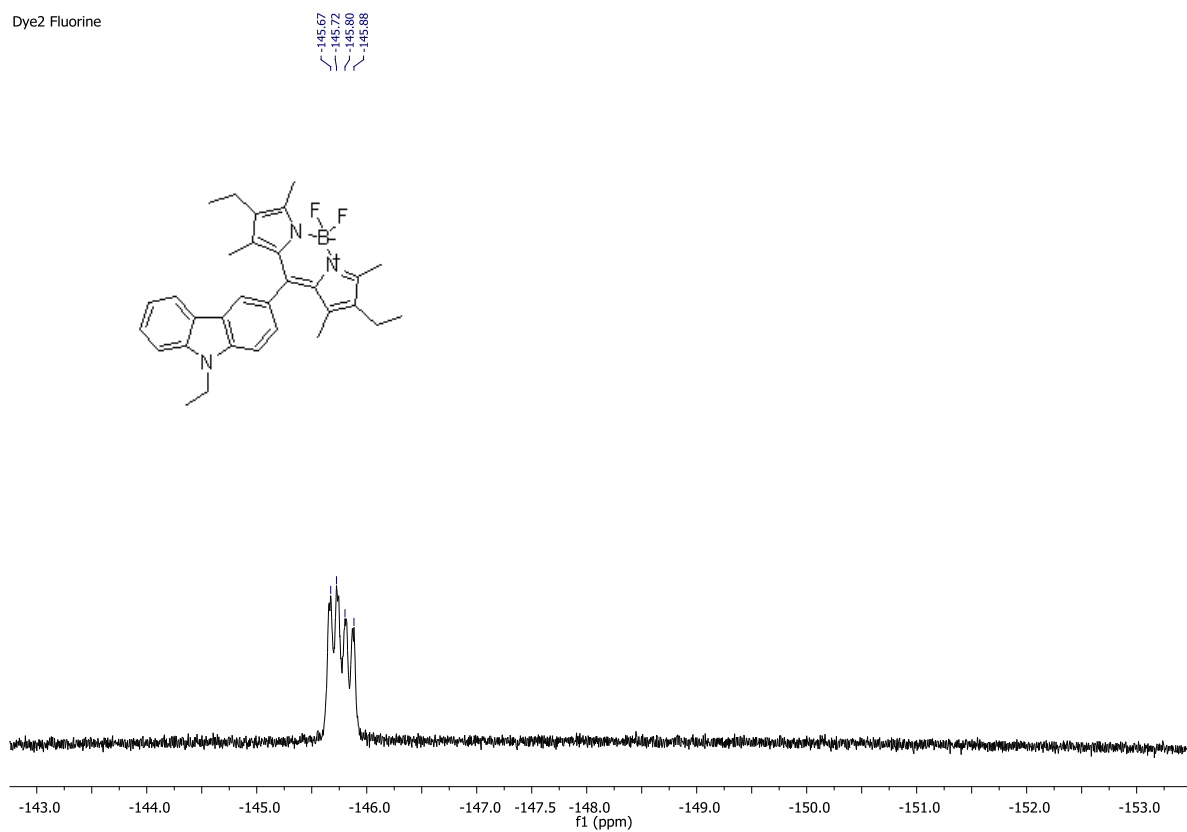
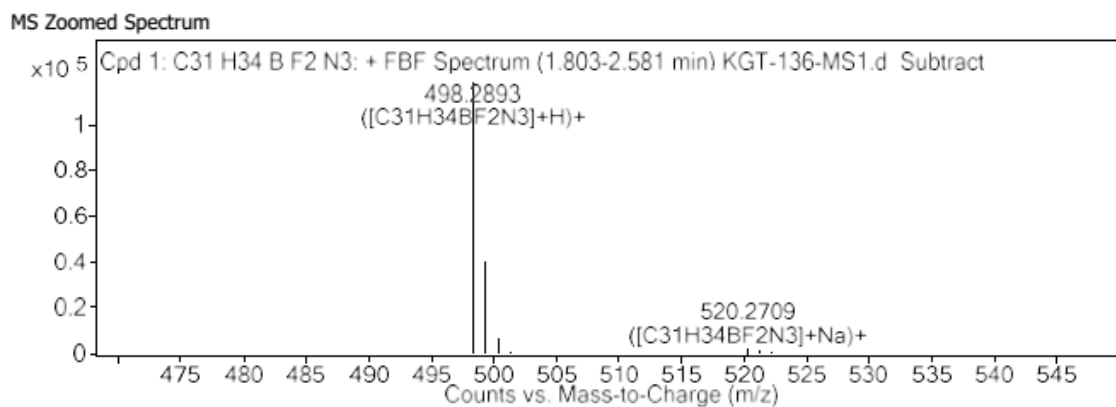


Fig. S21  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR spectrum of the dye 2.



MS Spectrum Peak List

m/z	z	Abund	Formula	Ion
498.2893	1	118870.19	C31H34BF2N3	(M+H) <sup>+</sup>
499.2921	1	40134.95	C31H34BF2N3	(M+H) <sup>+</sup>
500.2952	1	6948.03	C31H34BF2N3	(M+H) <sup>+</sup>
501.2988	1	771.98	C31H34BF2N3	(M+H) <sup>+</sup>
520.2709	1	2051.9	C31H34BF2N3	(M+Na) <sup>+</sup>
521.2742	1	967.78	C31H34BF2N3	(M+Na) <sup>+</sup>
522.2763	1	537.07	C31H34BF2N3	(M+Na) <sup>+</sup>

Fig. S22 HRMS spectrum of the dye 2.

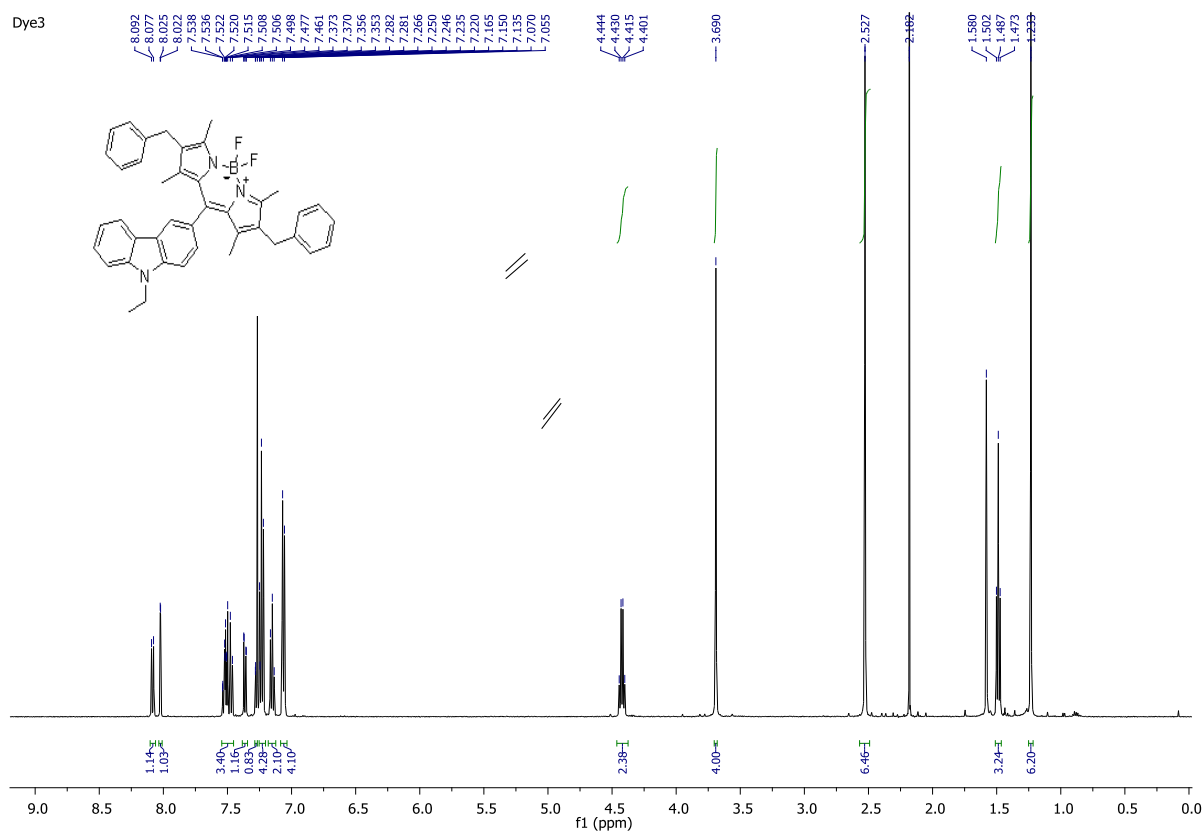


Fig. S23 <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the dye 3.



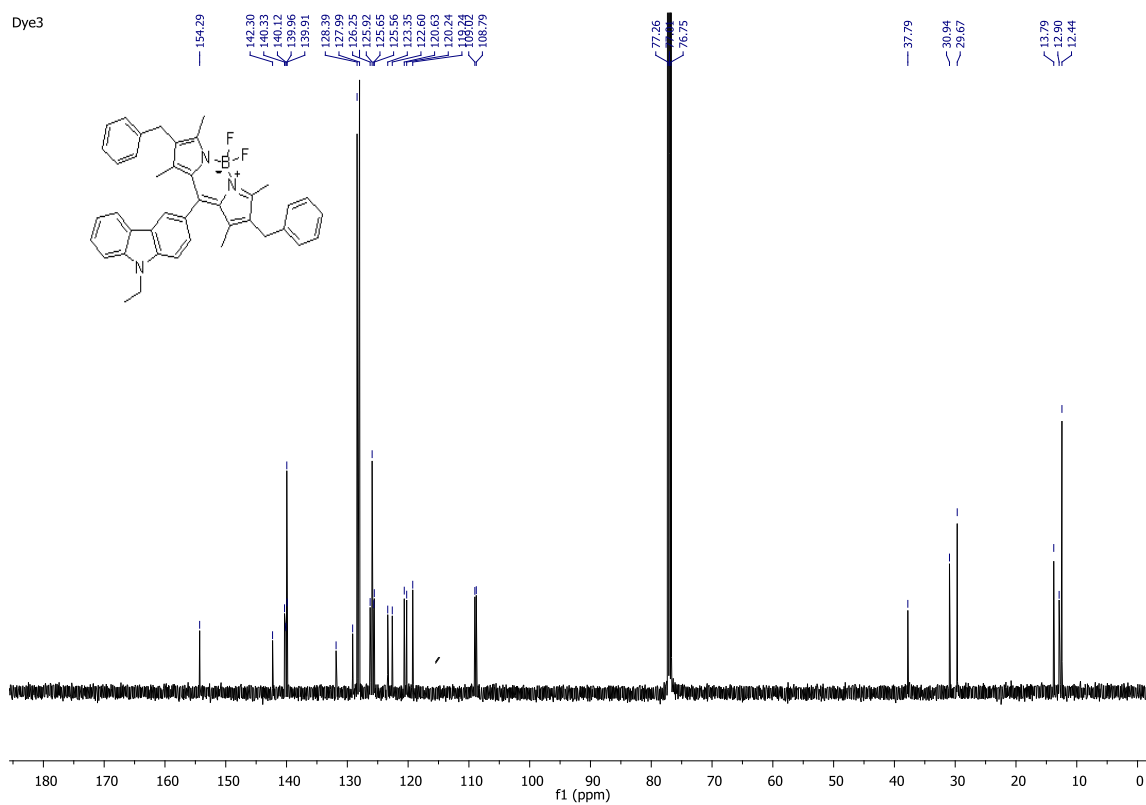


Fig. S24  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of the dye 3.

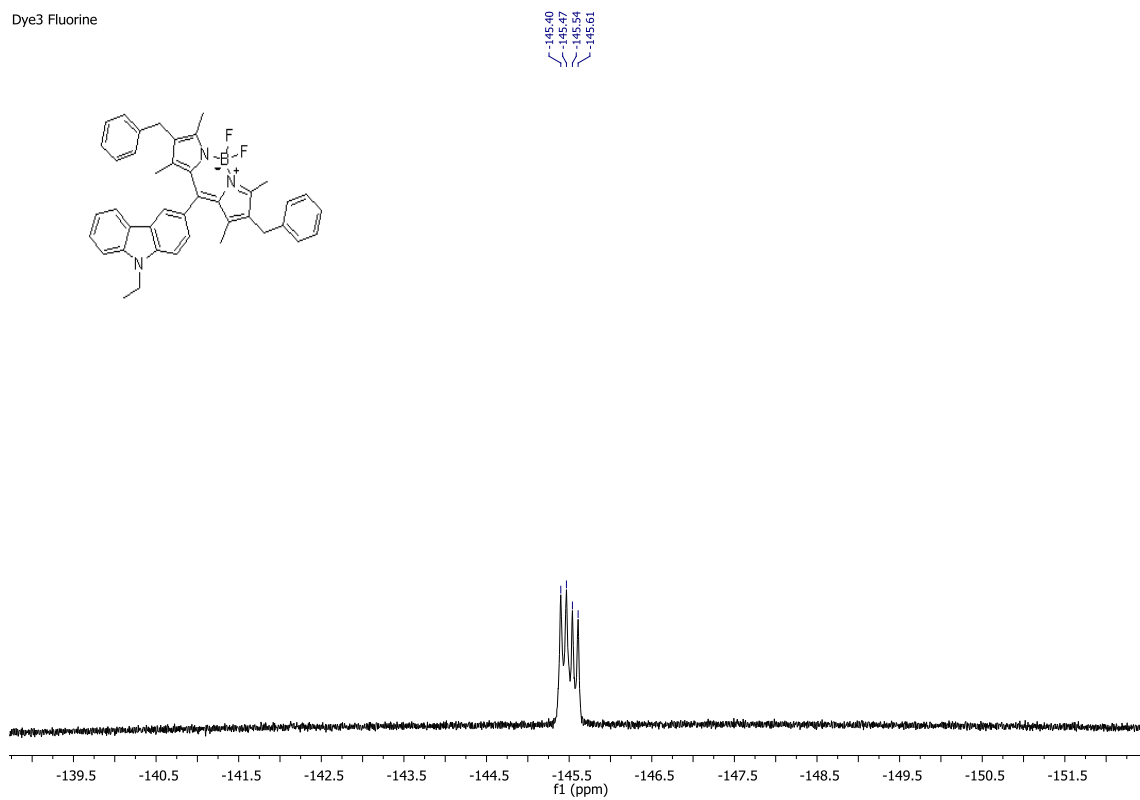
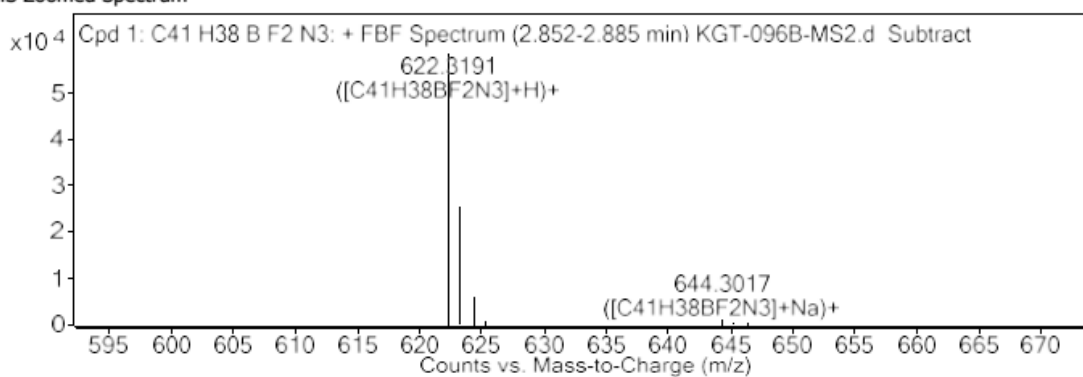


Fig. S25  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR spectrum of the dye 3.

## MS Zoomed Spectrum



## MS Spectrum Peak List

$m/z$	$z$	Abund	Formula	Ion
622.3191	1	58282.21	C <sub>41</sub> H <sub>38</sub> BF <sub>2</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	(M+H) <sup>+</sup>
623.3221	1	25492.14	C <sub>41</sub> H <sub>38</sub> BF <sub>2</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	(M+H) <sup>+</sup>
624.3247	1	5864.28	C <sub>41</sub> H <sub>38</sub> BF <sub>2</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	(M+H) <sup>+</sup>
625.3301	1	605.49	C <sub>41</sub> H <sub>38</sub> BF <sub>2</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	(M+H) <sup>+</sup>
644.3017	1	810.02	C <sub>41</sub> H <sub>38</sub> BF <sub>2</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	(M+Na) <sup>+</sup>
645.3052	1	546.92	C <sub>41</sub> H <sub>38</sub> BF <sub>2</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	(M+Na) <sup>+</sup>
646.316	1	430.4	C <sub>41</sub> H <sub>38</sub> BF <sub>2</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	(M+Na) <sup>+</sup>

Fig. S26 HRMS spectrum of the dye 3.