## **Electronic Supporting Information**

## Urea hydration from dielectric relaxation spectroscopy: old findings confirmed, new insights gained

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## Supporting tables and figures

	<i>m</i> / mol kg⁻¹	<i>d</i> / g cm <sup>-3</sup>	<i>c /</i> M	$\eta$ ·10 $^3$ / Pa s								
_		5 °	°C									
	1.999	1.03151	1.841	1.600								
6.001		1.07834	4.757	1.853								
	11.995	1.12500	7.844	2.368								
25 °C												
	0.100	0.99865	0.099	0.888								
	0.250	1.00099	0.247	0.897								
	0.500	1.00482	0.488	0.905								
	0.998	1.01215	0.953	0.921								
	1.999	1.02586	1.831	0.957								
	3.998	1.04963	3.384	1.045								
	6.001	1.06963	4.718	1.135								
	9.000	1.09423	6.393	1.287								
11.995		1.11408	7.768	1.442								
	15.006	1.13048	8.923	1.616								
_	17.994	1.14411	9.894	1.794								
45 °C												
	1.999	1.01739	1.816	0.653								
	6.001	1.05920	4.672	0.776								
	11.995	1.10211	7.684	0.985								

**Table S1.** Densities, *d*, molarities, *c*, and viscosities,  $\eta$ , of aqueous urea solutions at solute molalities, *m*, and temperatures of (5, 25 & 45) °C.

<i>m</i> / mol kg <sup>-1</sup>	<i>S</i> <sub>1</sub>	<i>S</i> <sub>2</sub>	<b>S</b> <sub>3</sub>	τ <sub>1</sub>	τ <sub>2</sub>	τ <sub>3</sub>	Es	€∞	$\chi^2 \cdot 10^3$			
5 °C												
1.999	21.67	62.90	2.26	31.4	14.1	1.34	91.57	4.74	43			
6.001	45.11	46.10	2.09	37.8	13.9	1.29	98.91	5.61	39			
11.995	63.37	32.99	3.10	47.3	14.5	1.18	104.78	5.33	42			
25 °C												
0.100	0.54	71.78	4.03	18.9*	8.45	0.54	78.73	2.38	11			
0.250	2.16	70.83	3.15	19.1*	8.38	0.29	79.19	3.04	20			
0.500	3.63	69.01	1.85	19.3*	8.56	1.78	79.74	5.25	25			
0.998	8.06	65.97	5.86	19.7*	8.60	0.56	81.24	1.34	25			
1.999	15.52	60.55	2.91	20.4	8.60	0.94	83.51	4.52	39			
3.998	26.93	51.40	3.27	22.4	8.91	1.55	86.83	5.23	35			
6.001	36.40	46.13	3.71	24.0	9.01	0.90	90.54	4.29	14			
9.000	47.33	38.17	4.44	26.4	9.33	0.88	93.94	3.99	18			
11.995	55.05	32.49	2.90	29.0	9.74	1.59	96.41	5.98	15			
15.006	61.40	27.85	2.37	31.5	9.84	1.72	98.13	6.50	15			
17.994	65.46	25.03	4.15	34.1	10.2	0.92	99.34	4.70	20			
45 °C												
1.999	15.94	54.04	2.63*	13.2	5.43	0.17*	76.24	3.63	24			
6.001	34.18	41.22	2.63*	15.9	5.92	0.17*	82.51	4.48	58			
11.995	45.26	33.75	2.63*	20.3	7.81	0.17*	88.27	6.63	82			

**Table S2.** Amplitudes,  $S_j$ , and relaxation times,  $\tau_j / ps$ , of the resolved modes, j = 1...3; static and high-frequency permittivity limits,  $\varepsilon_s$  and  $\varepsilon_{\infty}$ , and reduced error function,  $\chi^2$ , obtained as a function of solute molality, m, for the dielectric spectra of urea in water at (5, 25 and 45) °C.

\* Parameter fixed in fit procedure



**Fig. S1.** Relative permittivity,  $\varepsilon'$ , and dielectric loss,  $\varepsilon''$ , spectra of a solution of 6.0 mol kg<sup>-1</sup> urea in water at (5, 25 and 45) °C. Symbols correspond to the experimental data, lines show to the fits with the 3D model. The arrows address the curves to appropriate axes.



**Fig. S2.** Amplitudes of the solute mode,  $S_1$ , and the  $\alpha$ -relaxation of water,  $S_2$ , as a function of urea concentration, c, at 25 °C. Also shown is the total amplitude of bulk-like water,  $S_b(c) = S_2(c) + S_3(c) + \mathcal{E}_{\infty}(c) - \mathcal{E}_{\infty}(0)$ .



**Fig. S3.** Fraction,  $f_{\rm b} = c_{\rm b} / c_{\rm w}$ , of the solvent not contributing to the amplitude of bulk-like water at 25 °C.