## Chelation-assisted CuAAC of star-shaped polymers enables fast self-healing at low temperatures.

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**Supporting Information** 

## **Table of contents**

- 1. NMR- and IR-investigations for the synthesis of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid (1a) and 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-5-carboxylic acid (1b).
  - 1.1 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of pyridine-2,4-carboxylic acid dimethylester (1) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.
  - 1.2 <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of pyridine-2,4-carboxylic acid dimethylester (1) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.
  - 1.3 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 2-(6-hydroxymethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid methylester (**2**) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.
  - 1.4 <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 2-(6-hydroxymethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid methylester (2) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.
  - 1.5 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 2-(6-azidoymethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid methylester (**3**) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.
  - 1.6  $^{13}$ C-NMR of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid methylester (**3**) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.
  - 1.7 IR-spectrum of 2-(6-hydroxymethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid methylester (3).
  - 1.8 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid (4 = 1a) in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>.
  - 1.9  $^{13}$ C-NMR of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid (**4** = **1a**) in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>.
  - 1.10 IR-spectrum of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid (**4** = **1a**).
  - 1.11 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 2-(6-hydroxymethyl)-pyridine-5-carboxylic acid methylester (5) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.
  - 1.12 <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 2-(6-hydroxymethyl)-pyridine-5-carboxylic acid methylester (5) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.
  - 1.13 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-5-carboxylic acid methylester (6) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.
  - 1.14 <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 2-(6-hydroxymethyl)-pyridine-5-carboxylic acid methylester (6) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.
  - 1.15 IR-spectrum of 2-(6-hydroxymethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid methylester (6).
  - 1.16 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-5-carboxylic acid (7 = 1b) in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>.
  - 1.17  $^{13}$ C-NMR of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-5-carboxylic acid (7 = 1b) in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>.
  - 1.18 IR-spectrum of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-5-carboxylic acid (7 = 1b).
- 2. NMR- and IR-investigations for the synthesis of star-shaped picolinazido-telechelic PIBs (2a, 2b).
  - 2.1 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of star-shaped picolinazido-telechelic PIB (**2a**).
  - 2.2 IR-spectrum of star-shaped picolinazido-telechelic PIB (2a).
  - 2.3 IR-spectrum of star-shaped picolinazido-telechelic PIB (**2b**).
- 3. *In Situ* NMR kinetic plot obtained by converting 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid methyl ester and phenylacetylene conducted in THF-d<sub>8</sub>: Here shown exemplary for Table 1, entry 7: CuBr, DIPEA (0.01 eq.).
- 4. IR-investigations of finally obtained networks after rheological investigations: Here shown exemplary for Table 2, entry 5 (2a + 3, 20 °C, CuF(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>) and for Table 2, entry 7 (2b + 3, 10 °C, CuF(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>).
  - 4.1 IR-spectrum of polymer network obtained by cross-linking of 2a + 3.
  - 4.2 IR-spectrum of polymer network obtained by cross-linking of **2b** + **3**.
- 5. Fluorescence measurements of reference samples.
  - 5.1 Fluorescence measurement of unscratched specimen.
  - 5.2 Fluorescence measurement of scratched specimen without CuBr(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>.

1. NMR- and IR-investigations for the synthesis of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid (1a) and 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-5-carboxylic acid (1b).

Synthetic-route to obtain 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid (**4** = **1a**):



Figure S1. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of pyridine-2,4-carboxylic acid dimethylester (1) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



Figure S2. <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of pyridine-2,4-carboxylic acid dimethylester (1) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



Figure S3. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 2-(6-hydroxymethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid methylester (2) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



Figure S4. <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 2-(6-hydroxymethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid methylester (2) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



Figure S5. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 2-(6-azidoymethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid methylester (3) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



Figure S6. <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid methylester (3) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



Figure S7. IR-spectrum of 2-(6-hydroxymethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid methylester (3).



Figure S8. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid (4 = 1a) in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>.



Figure **S9**. <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid (4 = 1a) in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>.



Figure **S10**. IR-spectrum of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid (4 = 1a).

Synthetic route to obtain 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-5-carboxylic acid (7 = 1b):



Figure S11. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 2-(6-hydroxymethyl)-pyridine-5-carboxylic acid methylester (5) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



Figure S12. <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 2-(6-hydroxymethyl)-pyridine-5-carboxylic acid methylester (5) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



Figure S13. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-5-carboxylic acid methylester (6) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.







Figure S16. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-5-carboxylic acid (7 = 1b) in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>.



Figure S17. <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-5-carboxylic acid (7 = 1b) in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>.



Figure S18. IR-spectrum of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-5-carboxylic acid (7 = 1b).

2. NMR- and IR-investigations for the synthesis of star-shaped picolinazido-telechelic PIBs (2a, 2b).



Figure S19. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of star-shaped picolinazido-telechelic PIB (2a).





3. *In Situ* NMR kinetic plot by conversion of 2-(6-azidomethyl)-pyridine-4-carboxylic acid methyl ester and phenylacetylene: - here shown exemplary for Table 1, entry 7: CuBr, DIPEA (0.01 eq.):



Figure S22. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR kinetic-plot (Table 1, entry 7) conducted in THF-d<sub>8</sub>.

To determine the conversion at different defined periods of time the integrals of the corresponding resonances (a) and (d) were chosen. Calculation was done according to the following equation (S1):

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conversion = \frac{intergal of resonance d}{(integral of resonance d + integral of resonance a)} * 100 \% (S1)
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When resonance (a) disappears the conversion to the final click-product was seen as complete (> 99 %).

4. IR investigation of cross-linked networks after rheological investigations: Here shown exemplary for Table 2, entry 5 (**2a** + **3**, 20 °C, CuF(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>).



Figure S23. IR-spectrum of polymer network obtained by cross-linking of 2a + 3.

Here shown exemplary for Table 2, entry 7 (2b + 3, 10 °C, CuF(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>).



Figure S24. IR-spectrum of polymer network obtained by cross-linking of 2b + 3.

5. Fluorescence measurements of reference samples.



Figure S25. Fluorescence measurement of unscratched specimen.



Figure S26. Fluorescence measurement of scratched specimen without CuBr(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>.