

## Supporting information:

### Highly flexible transparent conductive graphene /single-walled carbon nanotube nanocomposite films produced by Langmuir–Blodgett assembly

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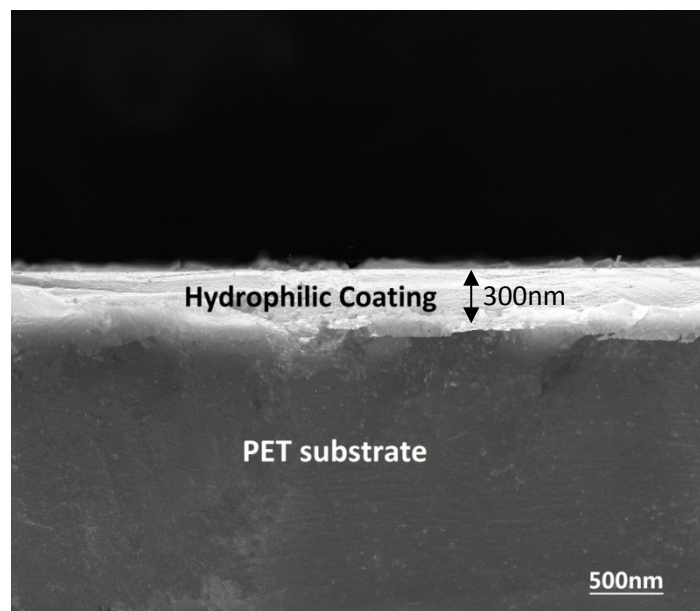
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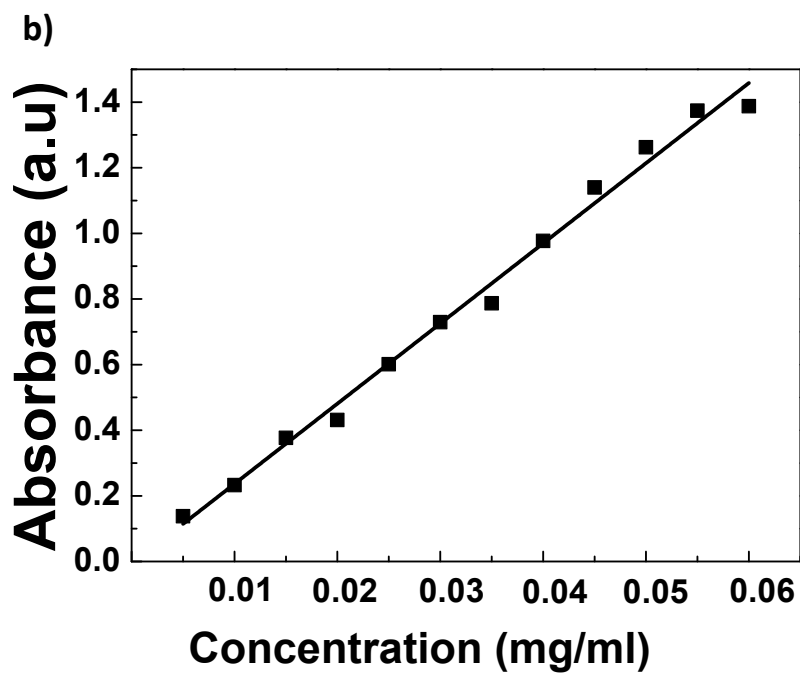
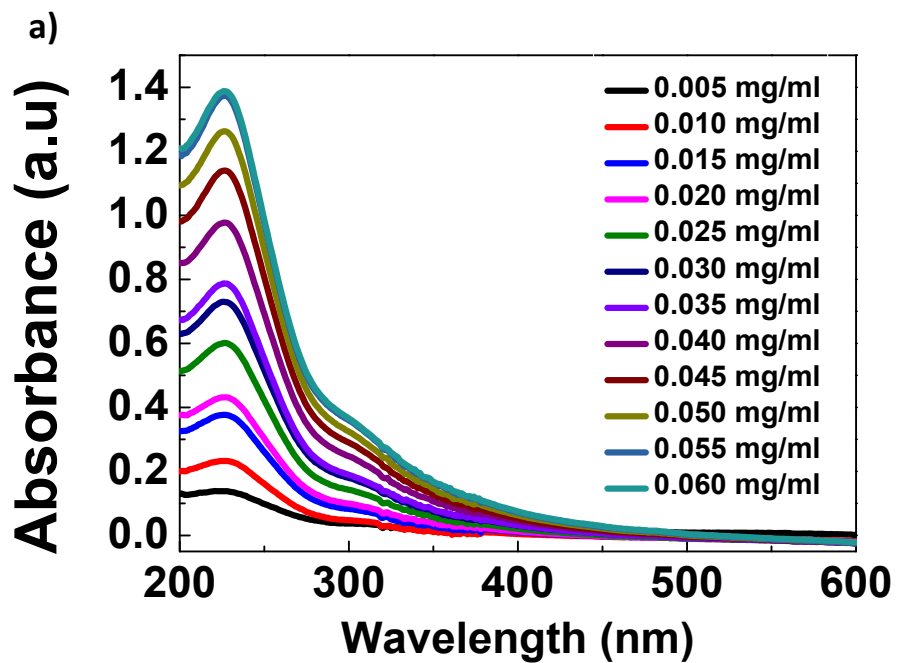
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**Fig. S1** Cross-sectional SEM micrograph of PET after hydrophilic coating.

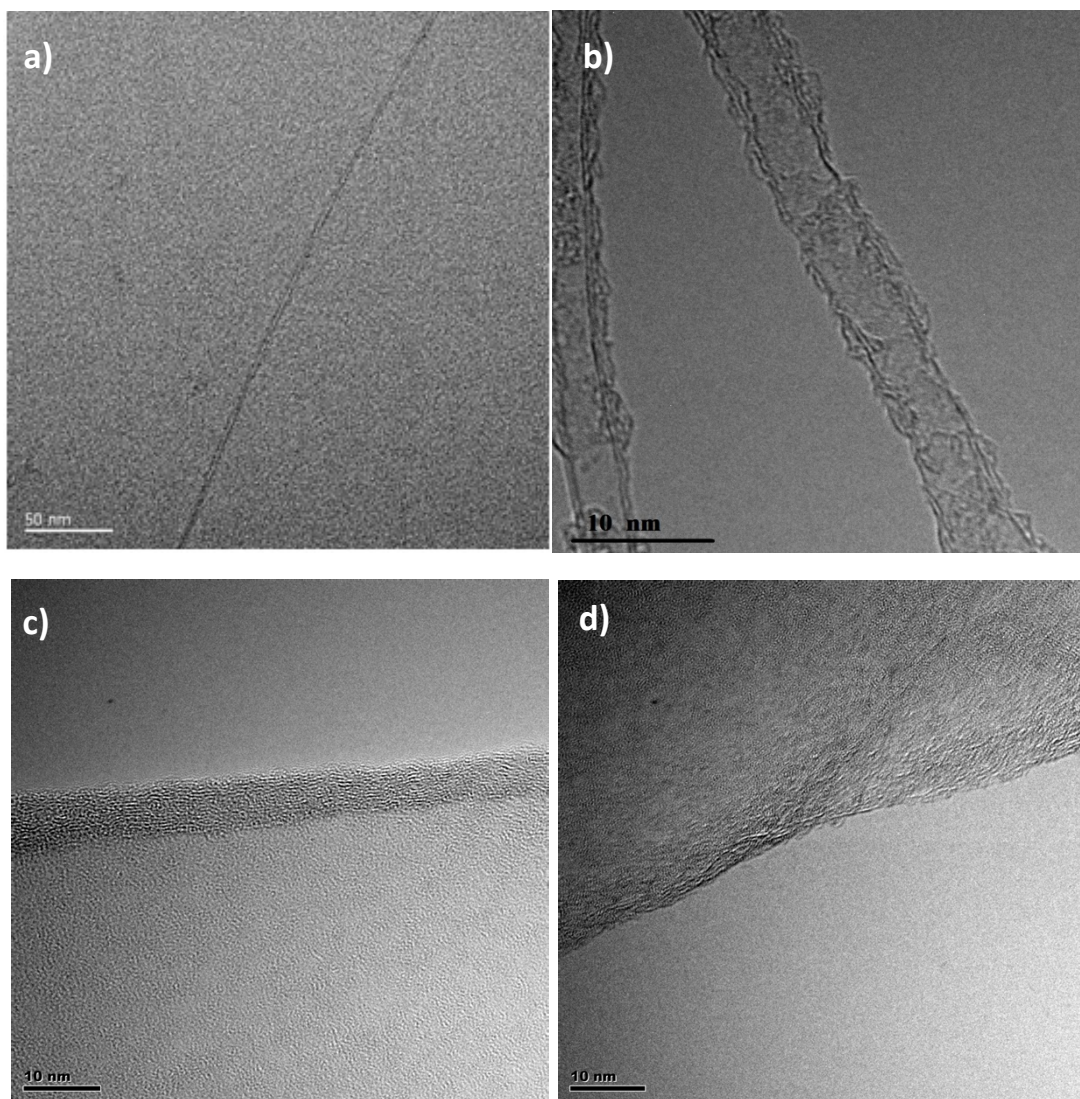
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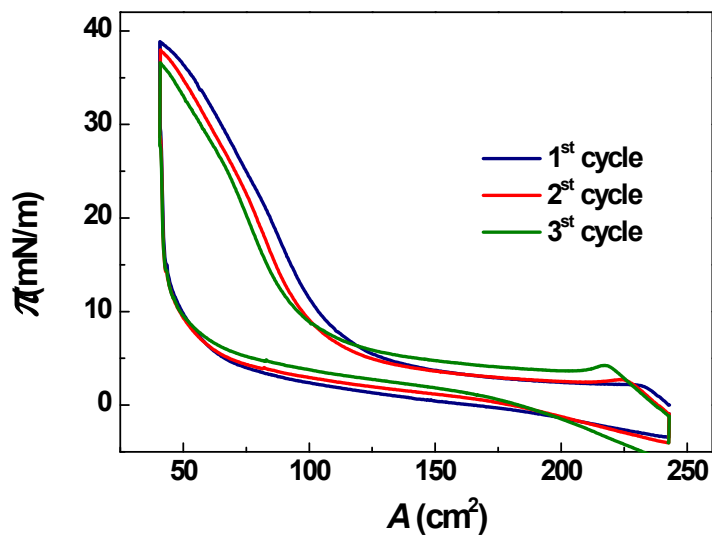
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**Fig. S2** (a) UV - vis spectra of UL-GO dispersed in water at varied concentrations. (b) Absorption at the peak as a function of the concentration of UL-GO.



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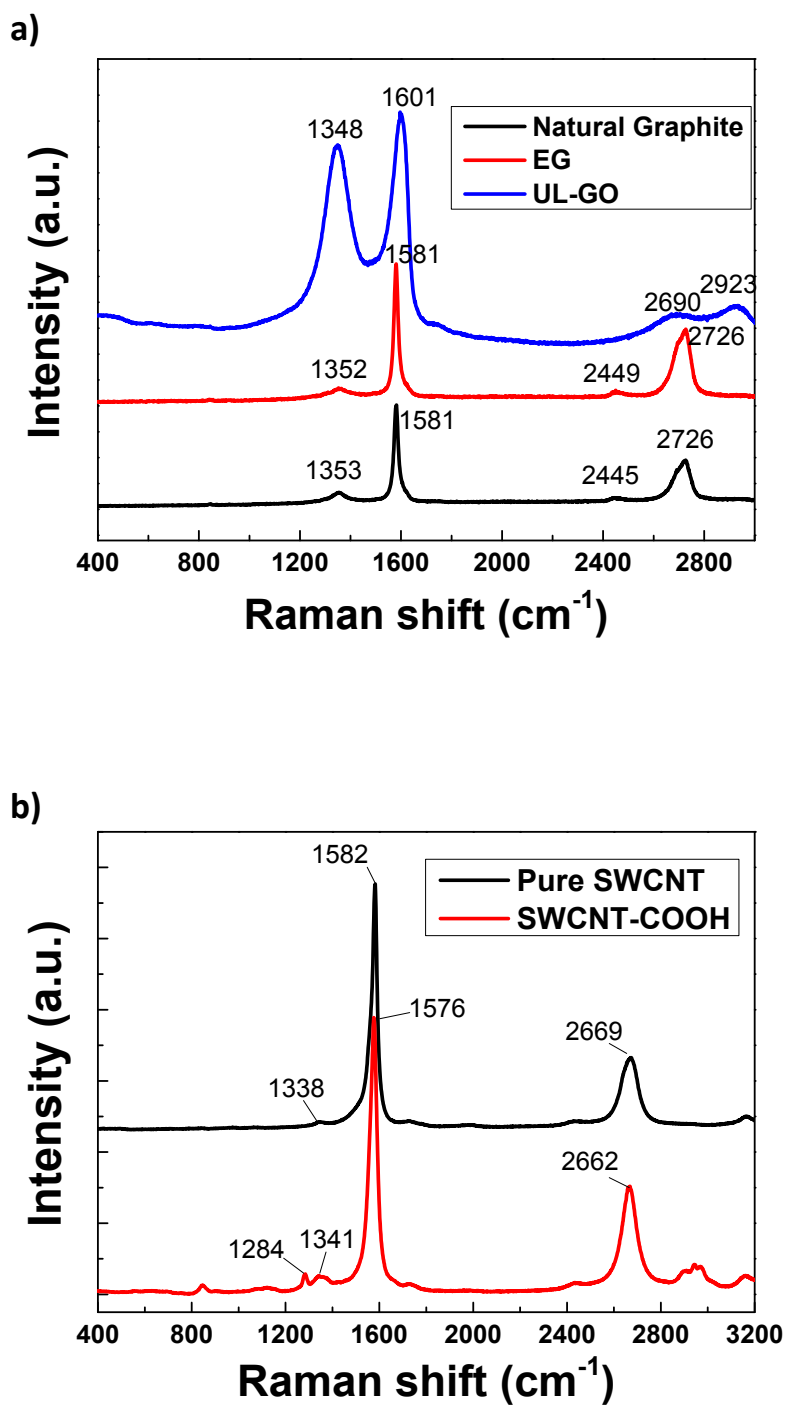
**Fig. S3** TEM images of the COOH-functionalized SWCNTs (a-b) and GO sheet (c-d).



**Fig. S4** Isotherm plots of three sequential compression/expansion cycles, confirming highly reversible and stable SWCNT monolayer against compression. The three curves essentially overlap on top of another over the whole area.

**Table S1** Relative percentages of carbon and assignments of UL-GO/SWCNT and rUL-GO/SWCNT.

Binding energy and assignment	C-C $sp^2$	C=C $sp^3$	C-O	-C=O	-O-C=O
	~284.8 eV	~285.6 eV	~286.6 eV	~287.8 eV	~290.3 eV
UL-GO/SWCNT	30.12%	20.51%	29.49%	17.69%	2.29%
HI-rUL-GO/SWCNT	51.95%	19.10%	13.10%	12.73%	1.92%



**Fig. S5** (a) Raman spectra for natural graphite, EG and UL-GO. (b) Raman spectra for pure SWCNT 5 and COOH-functionalized SWCNTs.

**Table S2** Comparison of opto-electrical properties for TCFs made by solution based methods.

Fabrication Method	Graphene Type	Sheet Resistance ( $\Omega/\text{sq}$ )	Transmittance (%)	$\sigma_{DC}/\sigma_{OP}$	Reference
L-B assembly	Hybrid films with SWCNTs	8100	90	0.443	Current work
	Expandable graphite exfoliated With DMF	$1.5 \times 10^5$	92	0.03	Li <i>et al.</i> <sup>1</sup> Nature Nanotechnol. 2008, 3, 538
	High temperature annealing	$4.0 \times 10^6$	95	0.0018	Kim <i>et al.</i> <sup>2</sup> Adv. Mater. 2010, 22, 1954
	High temperature annealing	6848	82	0.27	Wang <i>et al.</i> <sup>3</sup> Carbon
Transfer printing	Chemical reduction	$3.0 \times 10^4$	80	0.05	Liu <i>et al.</i> <sup>4</sup> Nanotechnology 2009, 20, 465605
	Chemical Reduction+ High temperature annealing	$1.0 \times 10^5$	65	0.008	Eda <i>et al.</i> <sup>5</sup> Nature Nanotechnol. 2008, 3, 270
	Chemical Reduction+ High temperature annealing	$7.0 \times 10^4$	65	0.011	Eda <i>et al.</i> <sup>6</sup> APL 2008, 92, 233305
	High temperature annealing	5000	80	0.32	Wu <i>et al.</i> <sup>7</sup> APL 2008, 92, 263302
Spin coating	High temperature annealing	1750	70	0.55	Liang <i>et al.</i> <sup>8</sup> Nanotechnology, 2009, 20, 13 434007
Dip coating	Chemical reduction	$1.1 \times 10^4$	87	0.23	Zhu <i>et al.</i> <sup>9</sup> APL 2009, 95, 103104
	High temperature annealing	1800	70	0.54	Wang <i>et al.</i> <sup>10</sup> Nano Lett. 2008, 8, 323
	High temperature annealing	8000	70	0.12	Zhao <i>et al.</i> <sup>11</sup> Electrochimica Acta, 2009, 55, 491
	Chemical Reduction+ High temperature annealing	$11 \times 10^6$	95	0.0007	Kim <i>et al.</i> <sup>12</sup> Langmuir, 2009, 25, 11302

## References

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