Supplementary Data

Reverse-phase high performance liquid chromatography separation of positional isomers on the MIL-53(Fe) packed column

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SUMMARY

This supporting information file includes additional results and informations as described in the text of the main article. Including:



Fig. S1. SEM images of MIL-53(Fe) after HPLC analysis



Fig. S2. HPLC chromatograms for the separation of : (A) xylene; (B) dichlorobenzene; (C) chlorotuluene; (D) nitroanline on the MIL-53(Fe) packed column using different ratios of ACN/H₂O as the mobile phase at a flow rate of 0.6 mL min⁻¹. All the separations were performed at room temperature and monitored with a UV detector at 254 nm.



Fig. S3. HPLC chromatograms on the MIL-53(Al) packed column for the separation of (A) xylene isomers; (B) dichlorobenzene isomers; (C) chlorotuluene isomers; (D) nitroanline isomers using 100% ACN as the mobile phase at a flow rate of 0.6 mL min⁻¹. All the separations were performed at room temperature and monitored with a UV detector at 254 nm.



Fig. S4. HPLC chromatograms on the MIL-53(Cr) packed column for the separation of (A) xylene isomers; (B) dichlorobenzene isomers; (C) chlorotuluene isomers; (D) nitroanline isomers using 100% ACN as the mobile phase at a flow rate of 0.6 mL min⁻¹. All the separations were performed at room temperature and monitored with a UV detector at 254 nm.



Fig. S5. HPLC chromatograms on the C8 column (25-cm long × 4.0-mm i.d., 5 μ m): (A) EB and xylene using CH₃CN/H₂O (50:50) as the mobile phase (B) Dichlorobenzene isomers using CH₃CN/H₂O (70:30) as the mobile phase. (C) Chlorotoluene isomers using CH₃CN/H₂O (60:40) as the mobile phase; (D) Nitroanline isomers using CH₃CN/H₂O (60:40) as the mobile phase. Flow rate: 1.0 mL min⁻¹. All the separations were performed at room temperature and monitored with a UV detector at 254 nm.



Fig. S6. HPLC chromatograms on the C18 column (25-cm long \times 4.0-mm i.d., 5 µm): (A) EB and xylene using CH₃CN/H₂O (70:30) as the mobile phase (B) Dichlorobenzene isomers using CH₃CN/H₂O (70:30) as the mobile phase. (C) Chlorotoluene isomers using CH₃CN/H₂O (70:30) as the mobile phase; (D) Nitroanline isomers using CH₃CN/H₂O (70:30) as the mobile phase. Flow rate: 1.0 mL min⁻¹. All the separations were performed at room temperature and monitored with a UV detector at 254 nm.



Fig.S7. Reproducibility of the chromatograms for HPLC on MIL-53(Fe) packed column: (A) xylene isomers using ACN/H₂O (100:0) as the mobile phase; (B) dichlorobenzene isomers using ACN/H₂O (80:20) as the mobile phase; (C) chlorotuluene isomers using ACN/H₂O (100:0) as the mobile phase; (D) nitroanline isomers using ACN/H₂O (70:30) as the mobile phase at a flow rate of 0.6 mL min⁻¹. All the separations were performed at room temperature and monitored with a UV detector at 254 nm.



Fig.S8. Column-to-column reproducibility of the chromatograms for HPLC on MIL-53(Fe) packed columns: (A) xylene isomers, (B) dichlorobenzene isomers, (C) chlorotuluene isomers and (D) nitroanline isomers at 25°C using 100% ACN as the mobile phase at a flow rate of 0.6 mL min⁻¹. All the signals were monitored with a UV detector at 254nm.



Fig.S9. Effects of mass on the peak area: (A) EB and p-, m- and o-xylene; (B) p-, m- and o-dichlorobenzene; (C) p-, m- and o- chlorotuluene; (D) p-, m- and o- nitroanline. Condition see Fig. S7.

Composition of mobile phase	Resolution (Rs)							
	xylene		dichlorobenzene		chlorotoluene		nitroa	nitroaniline
(11010/11/20)	o/p	m/o	o/p	m/o	o/p	m/o	p/m	o/p
100:0	2.5	1.45	2.22	1.2	2.45	1.4	-	-
90:10	3.0	0.86	1.37	1.32	1.9	0.8	1.45	0.91
80:20	3.33	1.01	1.86	2.04	2.1	1.07	1.93	1.34
70:30	4.24	1.44	2.22	2.6	2.89	1.55	2.26	1.8
60:40	5.16	1.84	2.3	2.94	3.58	1.9	2.69	2.37

 Table S1 Resolutions of xylene, dichlorobenzene, chlorotoluene and nitroaniline

 isomers on the MIL-53(Fe) packed column in different mobile phase. Conditions see

Fig. S2.

Table S2 Selectivity of xylene, dichlorobenzene, chlorotoluene and nitroanilineisomers on the MIL-53(Fe) packed column in the temperature range of $25-75^{\circ}$ C.Separation conditions as shown in Fig. 4.

	Sciectivity (a)								
<i>1/°</i> C	xyl	xylene		dichlorobenzene		chlorotoluene		nitroaniline	
	o/p	m/o	o/p	m/o	o/p	m/o	p/m	o/p	
25	2.33	1.33	1.86	1.22	1.63	1.20	1.81	1.91	
35	2.28	1.15	1.75	1.10	1.53	1.11	1.84	1.80	
45	2.27	1.08	1.67	1.03	1.45	1.04	1.89	1.64	
55	2.29	0.98	1.64	0.94	1.38	0.98	1.91	1.50	
65	2.20	0.91	1.60	0.88	1.34	0.94	1.95	1.35	
75	2.20	0.85	1.59	0.82	1.32	0.89	1.96	1.21	

Selectivity (α)

1	Selectivity (α)							
column	xylene		dichlorobenzene		chlorotoluene		nitroaniline	
	p/o	m/o	o/p	m/o	o/p	m/o	m/p	o/m
C8 column	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.07	1.0	1.06	1.8	1.4
C18 column	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.7	1.0	1.0	1.60	1.58

Table S3 Selectivities of xylene, dichlorobenzene, chlorotoluene and nitroaniline isomers on the C8 and C18 columns.

Table S4 Column efficiency of MIL-53(Fe) packed column and C18 column for nitroanline isomers. Separation conditions see Fig.S7 and Fig.S6 respectively.

Analytes	Column efficiency	(plates m ⁻¹)
	MIL-53(Fe)	C18
m-nitroanline	2331	50464
p-nitroanline	1480	48665
o-nitroanilie	3272	55158

Table S5 Column-to-column reproducibility of the MIL-53(Fe) packed columns.

	RSD (%) (n=3)							
analytes								
	retention time	peak area	Peak high	half peak				
				width				
p-xylene	1.13	1.50	10.49	8.18				
o-xylene	1.02	0.75	11.11	10.91				
m-xylene	0.68	2.66	12.54	10.52				
p-dichlorobenzene	1.13	2.42	11.91	10.43				
o-dichlorobenzene	0.87	6.26	6.69	13.3				
m-dichlorobenzene	1.39	6.90	14.36	9.67				
p-chlorotoluene	1.15	1.97	10.83	9.88				
o-chlorotoluene	0.90	4.14	9.20	13.17				
m-chlorotoluene	1.13	4.14	13.93	9.98				
m-nitroaniline	1.09	5.37	11.69	14.44				
p- nitroaniline	1.15	5.64	12.97	17.01				
o- nitroaniline	1.31	4.87	5.53	10.62				