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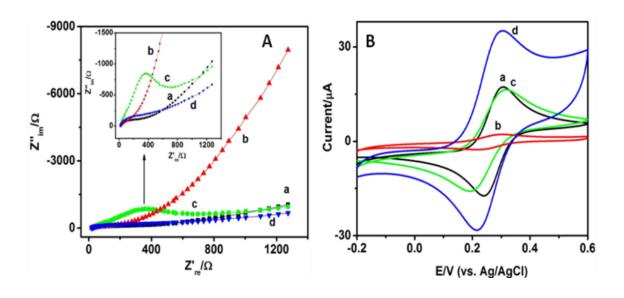
## **Supporting Information (SI)**

A new strategy for simultaneous determination of 4-aminophenol, uric acid and nitrite based on graphene/hydroxyapatite composite modified glassy carbon electrode

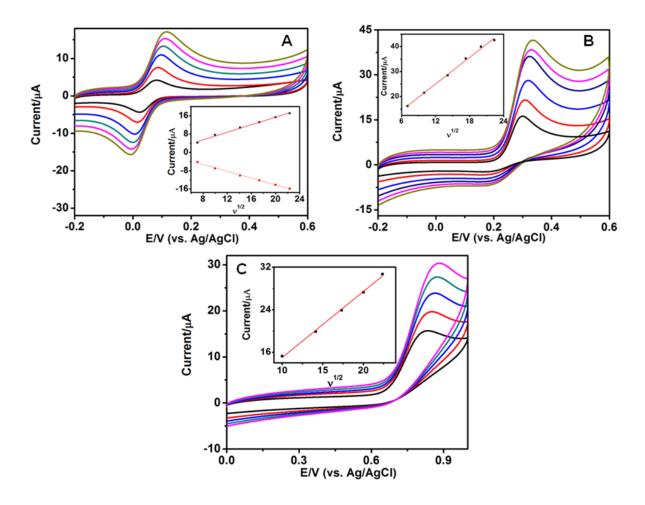
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**Figure S1** (A) Electrochemical impedance spectra of (a) bare GC, (b) GO, (c) HAP, and (d) graphene/HAP recorded at the DC potential 200 mV, AC potential  $\pm 5$  mV in presence of 0.1 M KCl solution containing 1 mM [Fe(CN)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>3-/4-</sup> and (B) CVs of (a) bare GCE, (b) GO, (c) HAP and (d) graphene/HAP modified GC electrodes in 0.1 M KCl containing 1 mM [Fe(CN)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>3-/4-</sup> measured at a scan rate of 50 mV/s.



**Figure S2** CVs obtained for (A) 0.1 mM 4-AP, (B) 0.5 mM UA, and (C) 0.5 mM  $NO^{2-}$  in 0.1 M PBS (pH 7.0) at the graphene/HAP/GCE at different scan rates (50–500 mV s<sup>-1</sup>). Inset shows plot of the peak current vs. square root of scan rate.