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# **Supporting Information**

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Figure S2. <sup>13</sup>C NMR Spectrum of 2a





Acquisition Time (sec)	5.4657	Comment	5 mm PABBO BB-	1H Z-GRD Z824801/0109		Date	16 Oct 2014 16:26:08
Date Stamp	16 Oct 2014 16:26	5:08		File Name	\\abies\iBitec-s\par	tages\scbm\SMMCB_RM	N\Tritium\data\tritium\nmr\SD-py\10\fid
Frequency (MHz)	400.13	Nucleus	1H	Number of Transients	8	Origin	spect
Original Points Count	32768	Owner	BRUKER	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence	zg45
Receiver Gain	114.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	5995.20	Solvent	CHLOROFORM-d		
Spectrum Offset (Hz)	2400 0000	Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sween Width (Hz)	5995.02	Temperature (degree C	25 400



# Figure S5. <sup>1</sup>H NMR Spectrum of 2c

Acquisition Time (sec)	0.6521	Comment	5 mm PABBO BB-	1H Z-GRD Z824801/0109		Date 16 Oct 2014 16:43:12
Date Stamp	16 Oct 2014 16:43	:12		File Name	\\abies\iBitec-s\part	tages\scbm\SMMCB_RMN\Tritium\data\tritium\nmr\SD-py\11\fid
Frequency (MHz)	100.62	Nucleus	13C	Number of Transients	512	Origin spect
<b>Original Points Count</b>	16384	Owner	BRUKER	Points Count	16384	Pulse Sequence zgpg30
Receiver Gain	2896.30	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	25125.63	Solvent	CHLOROFORM-d	
Spectrum Offset (Hz)	11570.4688	Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	25124.09	Temperature (degree C) 25.800
SD-py.011.esp 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.6 0.6 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	Vertica	IScaleFactor = 1		20 112 104 96	077.10 88 80	2c 80 2c 72 64 56 48 40 32 24 16 8 0
				Chemical Shift	(ppm)	

Figure S6. <sup>13</sup>C NMR Spectrum of 2c





Figure S8. <sup>13</sup>C NMR Spectrum of 2d

Acquisition Time (sec)	5.4657	Comment	SD-161	Date	08 Oct 2014 11:	36:00		
Date Stamp	08 Oct 2014 11:	36:00		File Name	\\abies\iBitec-s\p	partages\scbm\SMMCB_RMN\Tritium\data\tritium\nmr\SD-361\20\fid		
Frequency (MHz)	400.13	Nucleus	1H	Number of Transients	16	Origin spect		
<b>Original Points Count</b>	32768	Owner	BRUKER	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence zg45		
Receiver Gain	228.10	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	5995.20	Solvent	CHLOROFORM	l-d		
Spectrum Offset (Hz)	2400.0000	Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	5995.02	Temperature (degree C) 23.500		
SD-361.020.esp 1.0-1 0.9-1 0.8-1 0.8-1 0.8-1 0.8-1 0.8-1 0.8-1 0.8-1 0.8-1 0.9-1 0.8-1 0.9-1 0.8-1 0.9-1 0.0	Verte	calScaleFactor = 1			<u></u>			
30.5		2 -7.47 -7.47 -7.47 - 7.28 - 7.28				2e		
	2.075.							
8.5	8.0 7.	5 7.0 6.5	6.0	5.5 5.0 4.	5 4.0	3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 0		
Chemical Shift (ppm)								



N Br 2f				NAME    INN-SD-71-PURE-1H      EXPNO    1      PROCNO    1      Date    20140902      Time    18.11      INSTRUM    spect      PROBHD    5 mm      PULPROG    zg30      TD    54274      SOLVENT    CDC13      NS    11      DS    0      SWH    8223.685 Hz      FUDPES    0
				AQ  3.2999091 sec    RG  32    DW  60.800 usec    DE  6.50 usec    TE  297.6 K    D1  1.0000000 sec    TD0  1
10 9 8  8   4	2 6 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	5 4	3 2	1 0 ppm

Figure S11. <sup>1</sup>H NMR Spectrum of 2f



Figure S12. <sup>13</sup>C NMR Spectrum of 2f



Figure S13. <sup>1</sup>H NMR Spectrum of 2g



Figure S14. <sup>13</sup>C NMR Spectrum of 2g



# Figure S15. <sup>1</sup>H NMR Spectrum of 2h

10/00/2010 12:40.14



# Figure S16. <sup>13</sup>C NMR Spectrum of 2h



# Figure S17. <sup>1</sup>H NMR Spectrum of 2i

13/03/2015 12:43:52



13/03/2015 12:53:40



Figure S19. <sup>1</sup>H NMR Spectrum of 2j

13/03/2015 12:54:41

Acquisition Time (sec)	0.6521	Comment	SD-370	Date	15 Oct 2014 15:0	02:56			
Date Stamp	15 Oct 2014 15:	02:56		File Name	\\abies\iBitec-s\p	artages\scbm\SMMCB_R	MN\Tritium\data\tritiu	m\nmr\SD-370\11	1\fid
Frequency (MHz)	100.62	Nucleus	13C	Number of Transients	400	Origin	spect		
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	BRUKER	Points Count	16384	Pulse Sequence	zgpg30		
Receiver Gain	2896.30	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	25125.63	Solvent	CHLOROFORM	-d			
Spectrum Offset (Hz)	11570.4688	Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	25124.09	Temperature (degree (	C) 27.000		
SD-370.011.esp 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7	Vertic	alScaleFactor = 1	nBu nBu <sup>∕N</sup> ∕r <b>2j</b>	ı ıBu		76.70			
192 18	4 170 108	100 152 144	130 128	Chemical S	90 88 hift (ppm)	80 72 64	00 48 40	32 24	10 8 0



Figure S21. <sup>1</sup>H NMR Spectrum of 2k



Figure S22. <sup>13</sup>C NMR Spectrum of 2k

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Acquisition Time (sec)	5.4657	Comment	SD-505	Date	26 Mar 2015 08:3	36:32
Date Stamp 26 Mar 2015 08:36:32		File Name	\ables\Bltec-s\partages\scbm\SMMCB_RMN\TRITIUM\DATA\TRITIUM\NMR\SD-505PUR\2\FID			
Frequency (MHz)	400.13	Nucleus	1H	Number of Transients	8	Origin spect
Original Points Count	32768	Owner	BRUKER	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence zq45
Receiver Gain	40.30	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	5995.20	Solvent	CHLOROFORM-	d
Spectrum Offset (Hz)	2400.0000	Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	5995.02	Temperature (degree C) 27 000





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Figure S24. <sup>13</sup>C NMR Spectrum of 21



#### This report was created by ACD/NMR Processor Academic Edition. For more information go to www.acdlabs.com/nmrproc/

Figure S25. <sup>2</sup>H NMR Spectrum of 2a'

Chemical Shift (ppm)

### A typical procedure for the deoxygenation of amine *N*-oxides is given for quinoline *N*-oxide:

The AuCNT catalyst (0.4 mol%) aqueous uspension was centrifuged and washed three times with dry THF prior to use. Under N<sub>2</sub>, to a solution of quinoline *N*-oxide (0.1 mmol) in dry THF (1 mL) was added the AuCNT catalyst and dimethylphenylsilane (0.11 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature and the progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC. After completion, water (2 mL) was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with dichloromethane ( $3 \times 5$  mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The crude material was then purified by silica gel column chromatography (cyclohexane/EtOAc, 95:5) to afford quinoline as colorless oil (84% yield).

## Quinoline (2a)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.95-8.90 (m, 1H), 8.15 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.11 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (td, *J* = 8.1, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (td, *J* = 7.9, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, *J* = 8.3 Hz, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  150.5, 148.4, 136.3, 129.6, 129.6, 128.5, 128.0, 126.7, 121.3.

## Isoquinoline (2b)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.25 (s, 1H), 8.51 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  152.6, 143.0, 135.9, 130.5, 128.8, 127.8, 127.4, 126.6, 120.7.

#### Pyridine (2c)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.56 (s, 2H), 7.65-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.26-7.23 (m, 2H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  149.6 (2C), 135.9, 123.7 (2C).

# 5-Ethyl-2-methyl pyridine (2d)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.32 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, *J* = 7.9 Hz, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 1.21 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  155.6, 148.7, 136.3, 136.0, 123.0, 25.8, 24.0, 15.6.

## 4-Phenylpyridine (2e)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.67 (s, 2H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.53-7.45 (m, 5H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  150.0 (2C), 148.5, 138.0, 129.1 (3C), 127.0 (2C), 121.6 (2C).

## 2-Bromopyridine (2f)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.30-8.40 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.46-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.26-7.21 (m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  150.3, 142.4, 138.6, 128.4, 122.8.

# Mercaptopyridine (2g)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  13.46 (br s, 1H), 7.60-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.42 (m, 1H), 7.25-7.30 (m, 1H), 6.72-6.76 (m, 1H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-  $d_6$ )  $\delta$  177.7, 137.9, 137.5, 133.0, 112.8.

#### Isonicotinic acid (2h)

CO<sub>2</sub>H

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  8.75 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.79 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  166.6, 151.0, 138.5, 123.1.

### Adenosine (2i)

HO  $(100 \text{ MHz}, \text{DMSO-d}_6) \delta 8.33 \text{ (s, 1H)}, 8.12 \text{ (s 1H)}, 7.33 \text{ (s, 2H)}, 5.86 \text{ (d, } J = 6 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{ H}), 5.44-5.39 \text{ (m, 2H)}, 5.17 \text{ (d, } J = 4.4 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{ H}), 4.59 \text{ (q, } J = 5.9 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{ H}), 4.12 \text{ (q, 4.1 Hz, 1H)}, 3.94 \text{ (q, } J = 3.2 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{ H}), 3.67 \text{ (m, 1H)}, 3.53 \text{ (m, 1H)}.$  $(100 \text{ MHz}, \text{DMSO-d}_6) \delta 156.6, 152.8, 149.5, 140.3, 119.8, 88.3, 86.3, 73.8, 71.1, 62.1.$ 

## N-Methyl morpholine (2j)

 $-N \longrightarrow O^{-1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) \delta 3.58 (s, 4H), 2.28 (s, 4H), 2.16 (s, 3H).$   $^{-13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) \delta 66.9 (2C), 55.4 (2C), 46.4.$ 

### Tri-*n*-butylamine (2k)

<sup>*n*Bu</sup> <sub>*n*Bu</sub> <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  2.40 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 6H), 1.45-1.38 (m, 6H), 1.28 (m, 6H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 9H). <sup>*n*Bu</sub> <sup>*n*</sup><sub>*n*Bu</sub> <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  53.8 (3C), 29.1 (3C), 20.7 (3C), 14.0 (3C).</sup>

#### N,N-dimethyl-1-phenylmethanamine (2l)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.35-7.24 (m, 5H), 3.43 (s, 2H), 2.52 (s, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  138.8, 129.1 (2C), 128.2 (2C), 127.0, 64.4, 45.3 (2C).