

## Supporting information

### **Multifunctionalities of near-infrared upconversion luminescence, optical temperature sensing and long persistent luminescence in $\text{La}_3\text{Ga}_5\text{GeO}_{14}:\text{Cr}^{3+}, \text{Yb}^{3+}, \text{Er}^{3+}$ and their potential coupling**

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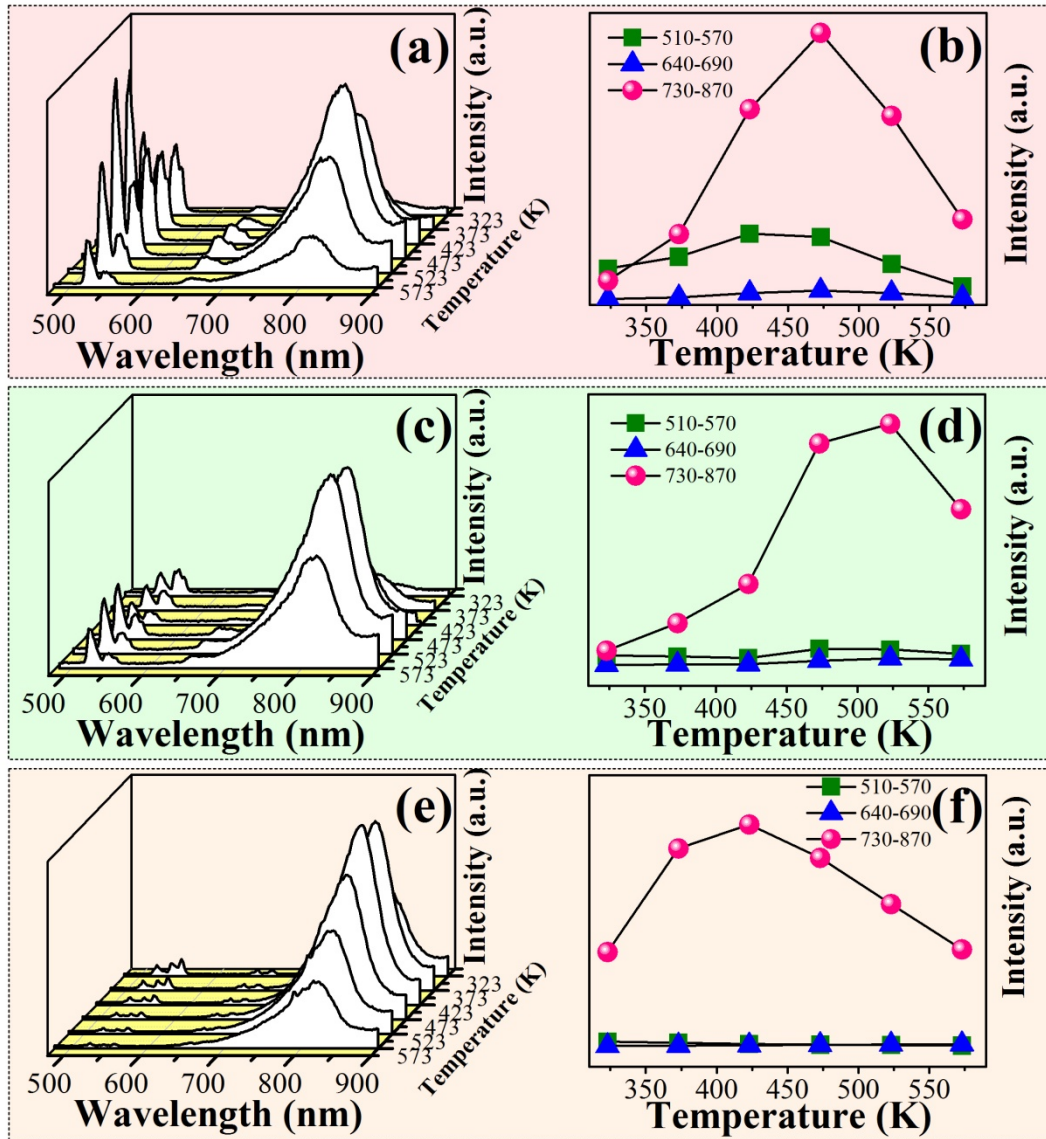
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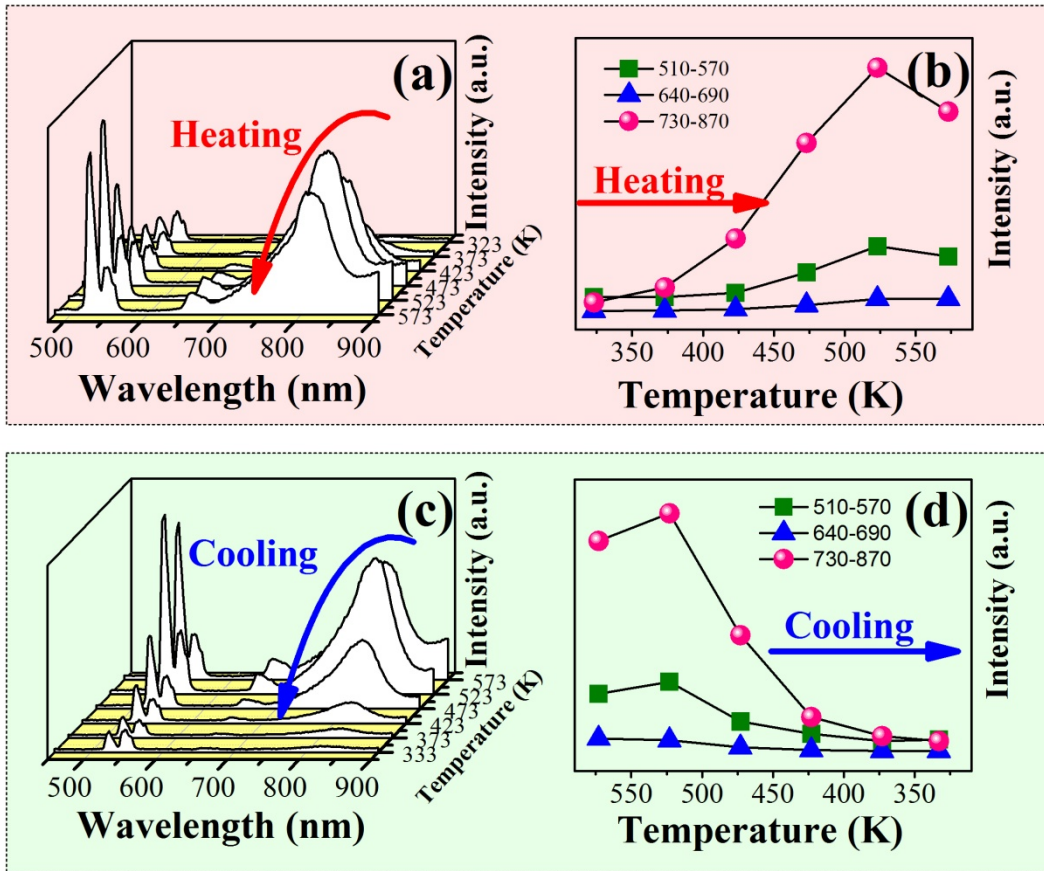
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To verify thermal stability of this system, UC luminescence spectra of other samples with different  $\text{Cr}^{3+}$  contents at various temperatures were carried out. The results are shown in Fig.S1.

The recovery of UC emission of a typical sample in the heating and cooling process is demonstrated in Fig. S2.



**Fig. S1** UC Luminescence spectra and integrated intensity of LGG:  $x\text{Cr}^{3+}$ ,  $0.12\text{Yb}^{3+}$ ,  $0.06\text{Er}^{3+}$  (for a and b,  $x=0.04$ ; for c and d,  $x=0.1$ ; for e and f,  $x=0.3$ )



**Fig. S2** Temperature dependent UC emission spectra of LGG: 0.06Cr<sup>3+</sup>, 0.12Yb<sup>3+</sup>, 0.06Er<sup>3+</sup> during heating (a) and cooling (c); (b) and (d) represent the corresponding integrated UC emission intensity of LGG: 0.06Cr<sup>3+</sup>, 0.12Yb<sup>3+</sup>, 0.06Er<sup>3+</sup> at different temperatures during heating and cooling, respectively.