

Supporting Information

In Silico Studies on the Origin of Selective Uptake of Carbon dioxide with Cucurbit[7]uril Amorphous Material

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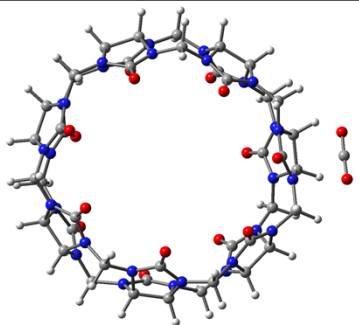
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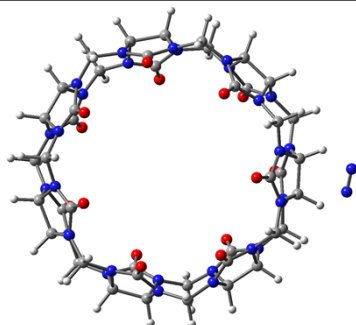
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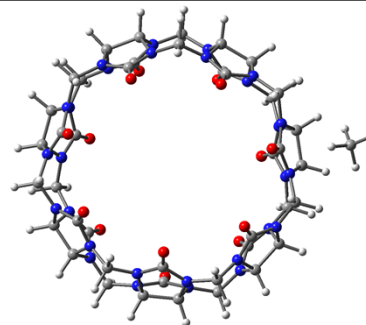
1 gas molecule outside the cavity of CB[7]



$\Delta H = -6.1$
CB[7]+1CO₂

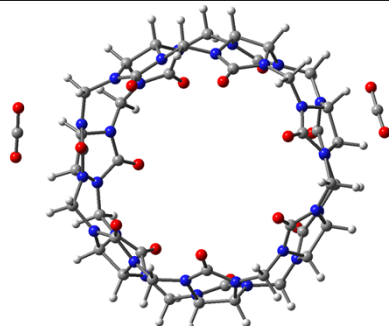


$\Delta H = -3.2$
CB[7]+1N₂

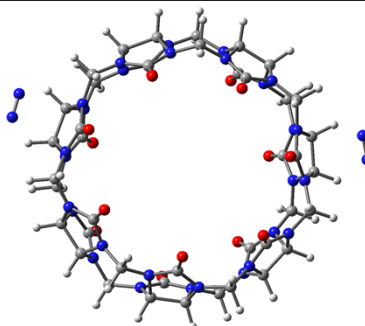


$\Delta H = -2.7$
CB[7]+1CH₄

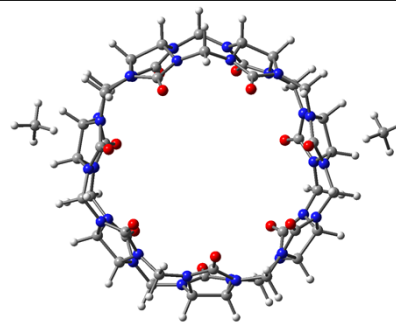
2 gas molecule outside the cavity of CB[7]



$\Delta H = -12.0, H_b = -6.0$
CB[7]+2CO₂

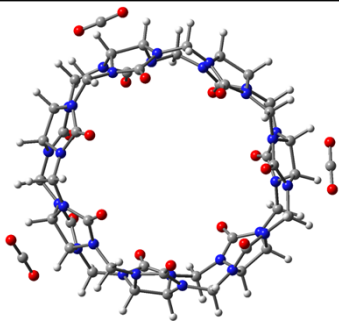


$\Delta H = -6.1, H_b = -3.0$
CB[7]+2N₂

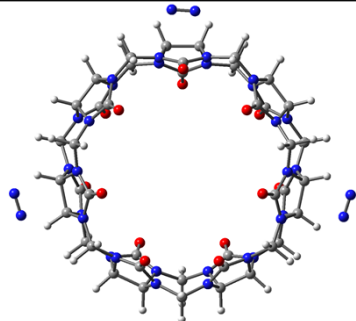


$\Delta H = -5.2, H_b = -2.6$
CB[7]+2CH₄

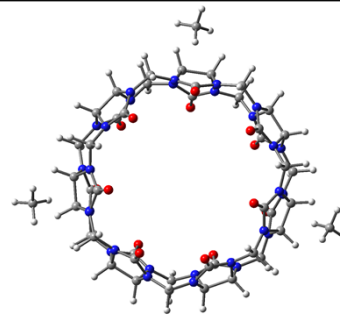
3 gas molecule outside the cavity of CB[7]



CB[7]+3CO₂
 $\Delta H = -13.6, H_b = -4.5$



CB[7]+3N₂
 $\Delta H = -9.2, H_b = -3.1$



CB[7]+3CH₄
 $\Delta H = -8.0, H_b = -2.7$

Figure S1: M06-2X/6-31G(d) calculated binding enthalpies (kcal/mol) of CO₂, N₂ and CH₄ towards CB[7]uril and their corresponding average binding enthalpies (H_b) (kcal/mol).

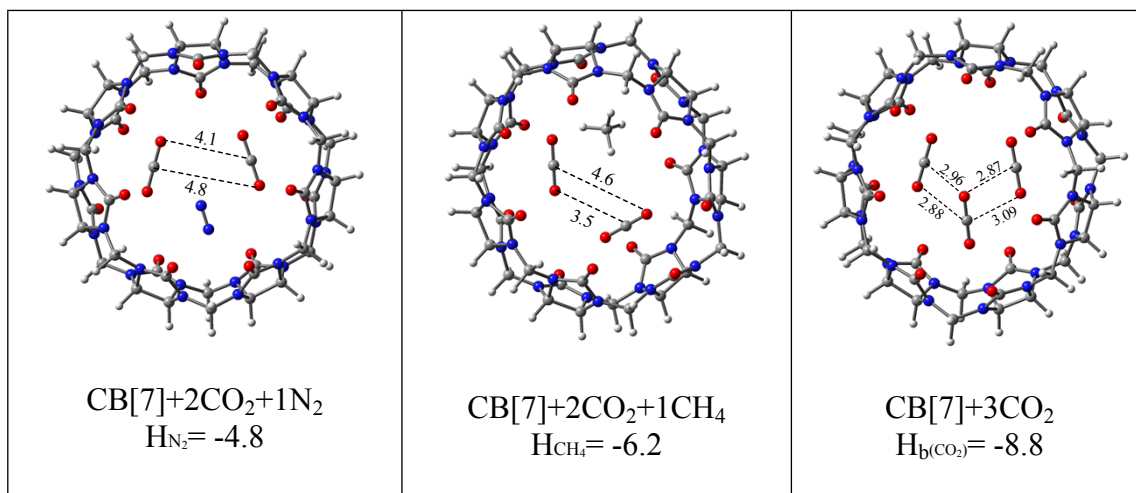


Figure S2: M06-2X/6-31G(d) calculated binding enthalpies (kcal/mol) of N₂ and CH₄ in presence of CO₂ inside the CB[7] cavity. The energies are in kcal/mol.

Table S1: M06-2X/6-31G(d) calculated free energies, ΔG (kcal/mol) of single and double gas molecule(s) (CO₂, N₂ and CH₄) inside the CB[7] cavity at 273 K and 298 K.

	ΔG (273K)	ΔG (298K)
1 CO ₂ inside CB[7]	0.8	1.6
1 N ₂ inside CB[7]	3.6	4.0
1 CH ₄ inside CB[7]	2.3	2.9
2 CO ₂ inside CB[7]	1.6	3.4
2 N ₂ inside CB[7]	4.3	5.6
2 CH ₄ inside CB[7]	5.8	7.3

Table S2: Calculated adsorption enthalpies (ΔH , kcal/mol) of single and double gas molecules (CO_2 , N_2 and CH_4) inside the CB[7] cavity at PBEPBE/6-31G(d) and M06-2X-D3/6-31G(d) levels of theory.

	ΔH [PBEPBE/6-31G(d)]	ΔH [M06-2X-D3/6-31G(d)]
1 CO_2 inside CB[7]	-3.1	-10.0
1 N_2 inside CB[7]	-1.3	-5.7
1 CH_4 inside CB[7]	-1.7	-6.6
2 CO_2 inside CB[7]	-6.3	-20.2
2 N_2 inside CB[7]	-2.8	-11.8
2 CH_4 inside CB[7]	-2.7	-13.1