Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for RSC Advances. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2015

> **Supporting Information** 1 2 Preparation of temperature sensitive molecularly imprinted 3 polymer coatings on nickel foam for determination of by solid-phase 4 ofloxacin in Yellow River water 5 microextraction 6 Xiujuan Guan, Xinyue Zhu, Bianfei Yu, Tong Zhao, Haixia Zhang\* 7 8 State Key Laboratory of Applied Organic Chemistry, College of Chemistry and 9 10 Chemical Engineering, Lanzhou University, Lanzhou 730000, China 11 12 13 14 \*Corresponding author: Haixia Zhang 15 Tel.: +86 931 8912058; 16 Fax: +86 931 8912582. 17 E-mail: zhanghx@lzu.edu.cn 18 19 20 21 22 23

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### 2 1. Structures of compounds studied in the work



## 7 2. Pictures of original NF (1), D- NF (2), MIP-NF (3), NIP-NF (4).





Fig.S2. Pictures of original NF (1), D- NF (2), MIP-NF (3), NIP-NF (4).

#### 1 3. IR spectra of NIP (a) and MIP (b) materials





Fig.S3. IR spectra of NIP and MIP materials.

In the symmetric stretching vibration peak of Si-O-Si and 1635 cm<sup>-1</sup> is the vibration peak of C=C. 1729 cm<sup>-1</sup> is the vibration peak of C=O of EGDMA and 2958 cm<sup>-1</sup> is the characteristic absorption peak of C-H. The transmittance at 3432 cm<sup>-1</sup> shows that materials have abundant hydroxyl groups after dopamine modified. The presence of above characteristic absorption peaks proved that the synthesis of MIP was successful.

#### 10 4. Thermogravimetric curves of MIP and NIP.

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Fig.S4. Thermogravimetric curves of MIP and NIP.

- 2 5. Photos of MIP-NF(M) and NIP-NF(N) after static adsorption of ENR or RhB
- 3 under ultraviolet light or natural light.
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M-2	M-3	M-4	M-5	M-6
N-2	N-3	N-4	N-5	N-6
M-2	M-3	M-4	M-5	M-6
N-2	N-3	N-4	N-5	N-6
	M-2 N-2 M-2 N-2	M-2 M-3 N-2 N-3 M-2 M-3 N-2 N-3	M-2 M-3 M-4 N-2 N-3 N-4 M-2 M-3 M-4 N-2 N-3 N-4	M-2 M-3 M-4 M-5 N-2 N-3 N-4 N-5 M-2 M-3 M-4 M-5 N-2 N-3 N-4 N-5

- Fig.S5. Photos of MIP-NF(M) and NIP-NF(N) after static adsorption of ENR for 24 h (A) and in
  air for another 12 h (B) under ultraviolet lamp.
- 8 Conditions: adsorption temperature: 25°C; samples: 10 mL ENR aqueous solutions with different
   9 concentrations (1-6 were 5, 10, 20,40, 80, 100 μg mL<sup>-1</sup>, respectively).
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- 12 Fig.S6. Photos of MIP -NF(M) and NIP-NF (N) after static adsorption of RhB for 24 h (A) and in
- 13 air for another 12 h (B) under ultraviolet lamp.
- Conditions: adsorption temperature: 25°C; samples: 10 mL RhB aqueous solutions with different
  concentrations (1-6 were 0.1, 0.2, 0.5,1, 2, 4 μg mL<sup>-1</sup>, respectively).

	M-1 M-2 M-3 M-3 M-3 M-3
	N-1 N-2 N-3 N-4 N-5 N-6
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2	Fig.S7. Photos of MIP –NF (M) and NIP-NF (N) after static adsorption of RhB for 24 h under
3	natural light
4	Conditions: same as Fig.S6.
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### 6 6. Elemental analysis of NIP and MIP.

7	Table S1 Elemental analysis of NIP and MIP(n=2)							
	Sample	N (%)	Average	C (%)	Average	H (%)	Averag	
							e	
	NID	0.34	0.26	48.00	40.11	6.839	6 009	
	NIP	0.35	0.36	48.21	48.11	6.977	0.908	
		0.68	0.65	52.51	52.57	6.673	6.646	
	MIP	0.61		52.60	52.56	6.619		
	MID <sup>2</sup>	0.38	<b>. . .</b>	47.78	47.01	6.778	6.0.40	
	MIP <sup>2</sup>	0.35	0.30	47.83	4/.81	6.919	6.849	

8<sup>-1</sup> and <sup>2</sup> meant before and after removal of template molecules, respectively.

### 9 7. Pore structure parameters of MIP and NIP.

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### Table S2 Pore structure parameters of MIP and NIP

Samula	$S_{BET}$ (m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	V <sub>BJH</sub> (c	$cm^3g^{-1}$ )	D <sub>BJH</sub> (nm)	
Sample		Adsorption	Desorption	Adsorption	Desorption
MIP	13.0757	0.0461	0.0464	16.2100	14.8069
NIP	0.3893	0.0010	0.0012	7.8233	7.9747

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# 13 8. The adsorption and desorption quantity of temperature sensitive experiment

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2 Table S3 The adsorption and desorption quantity on MIP-NF at different temperature

Temperature (°C)	25	35	45
Adsorption quantity (µg g <sup>-1</sup> )	280.2	235.1	213.1
Desorption quantity(µg g <sup>-1</sup> )	36.91	43.56	63.89

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### 4 9. Parameters of Langmuir and Freundlich equations

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#### Table S4 Parameters of Langmuir and Freundlich equations

Matarial		Langmuir			Freundlich		
Iviaterial	$K_{\rm L}$	Q <sub>max</sub>	R <sup>2</sup>	K <sub>f</sub>	n	R <sup>2</sup>	
MIP	0.0558	666.7	0.9912	0.8550	1.059	0.9527	
NIP	0.1094	628.9	0.9926	0.9335	1.026	0.9761	

 $7~K_{\rm L}$  is Langmuir adsorption constants.  $K_{\rm F}$  is Freundlich adsorption constant and 1/n is the

8 adsorption index indicating adsorption strength.