

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

Synthesis, Spectroscopic, Electrochemical Redox, Solvatochromism and Anion Binding Properties of β -Tetra- and -Octaphenylethynyl Substituted *Meso*-Tetraphenylporphyrins

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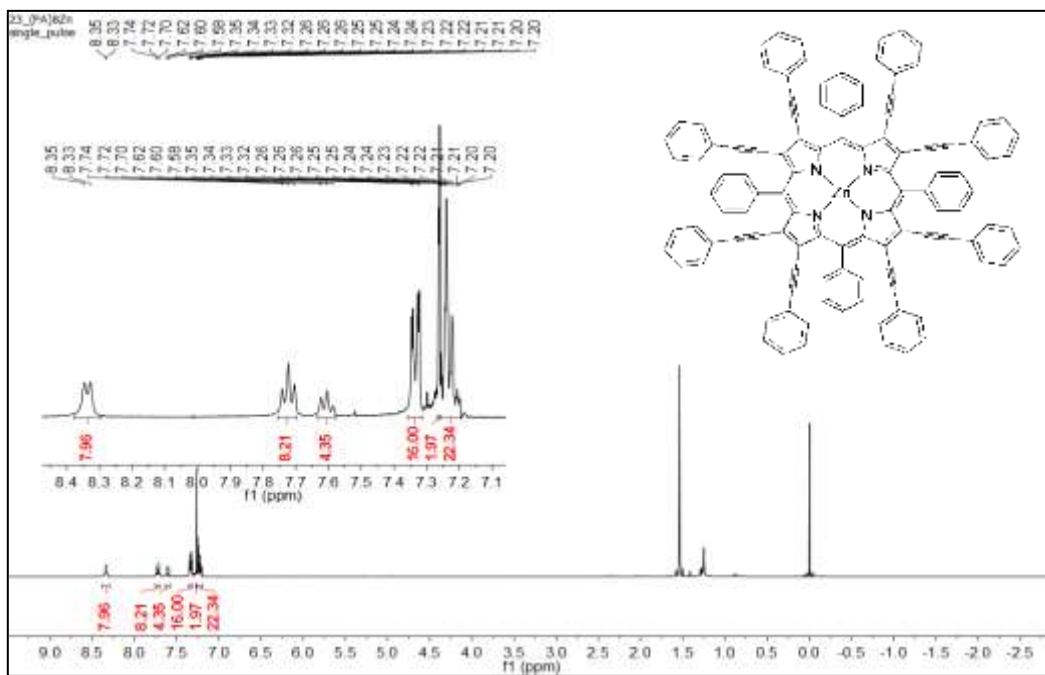


Figure S5. ^1H NMR spectrum of $\text{ZnTPP}(\text{PE})_8$ in CDCl_3 at 298 K

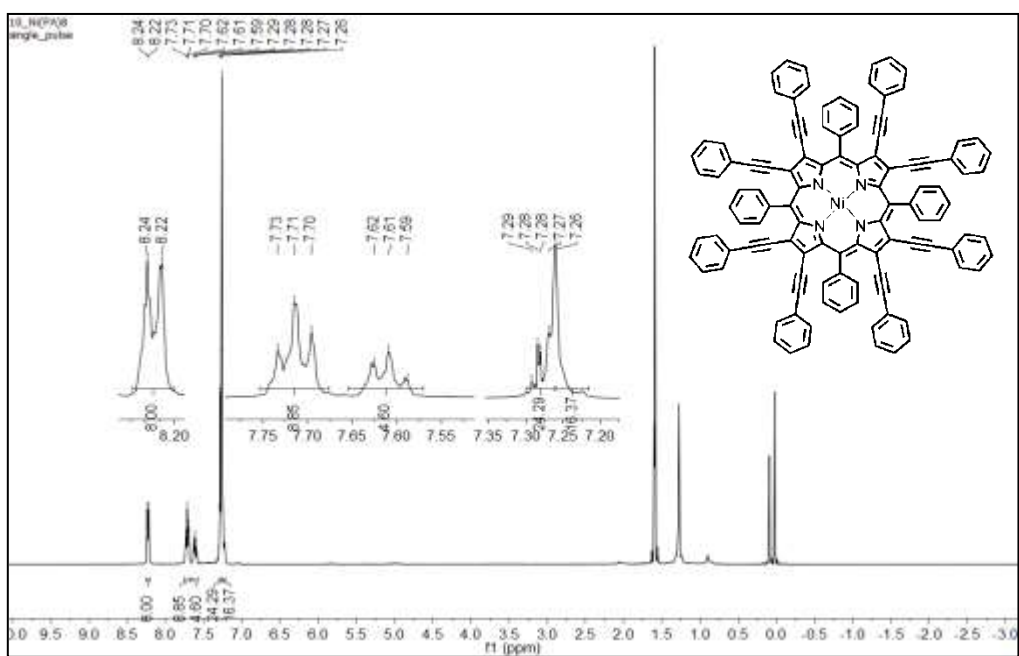


Figure S6. ^1H NMR spectrum of $\text{NiTPP}(\text{PE})_8$ in CDCl_3 at 298 K.

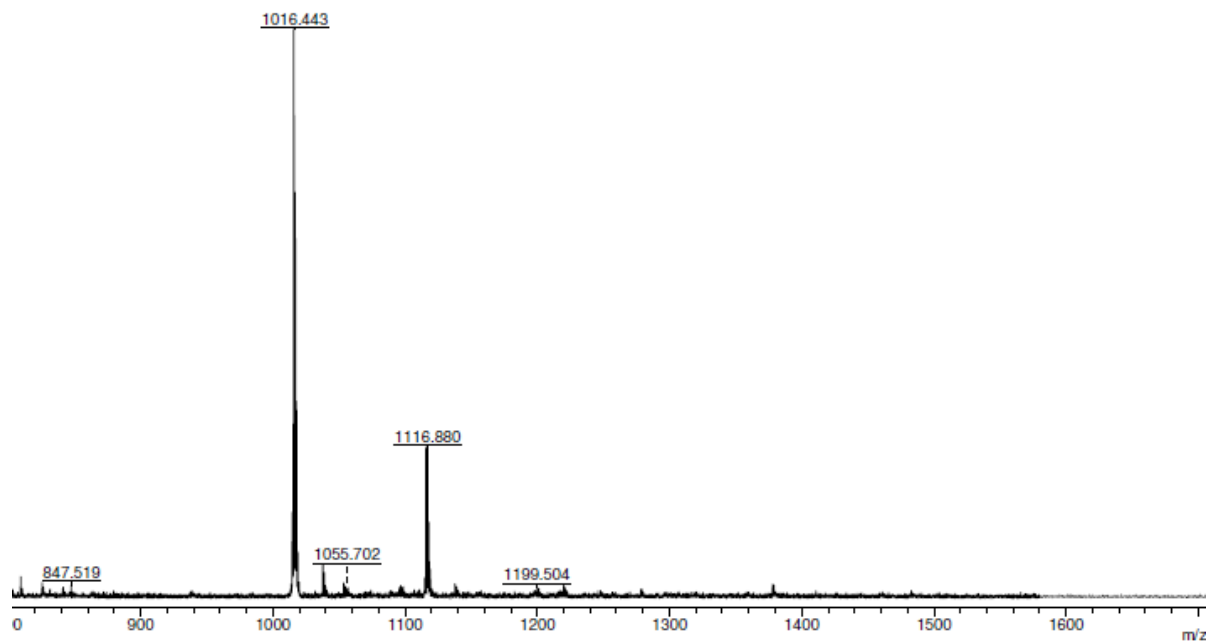


Figure S7. MALDI-TOF mass spectrum of $\text{H}_2\text{TPP}(\text{PE})_4$

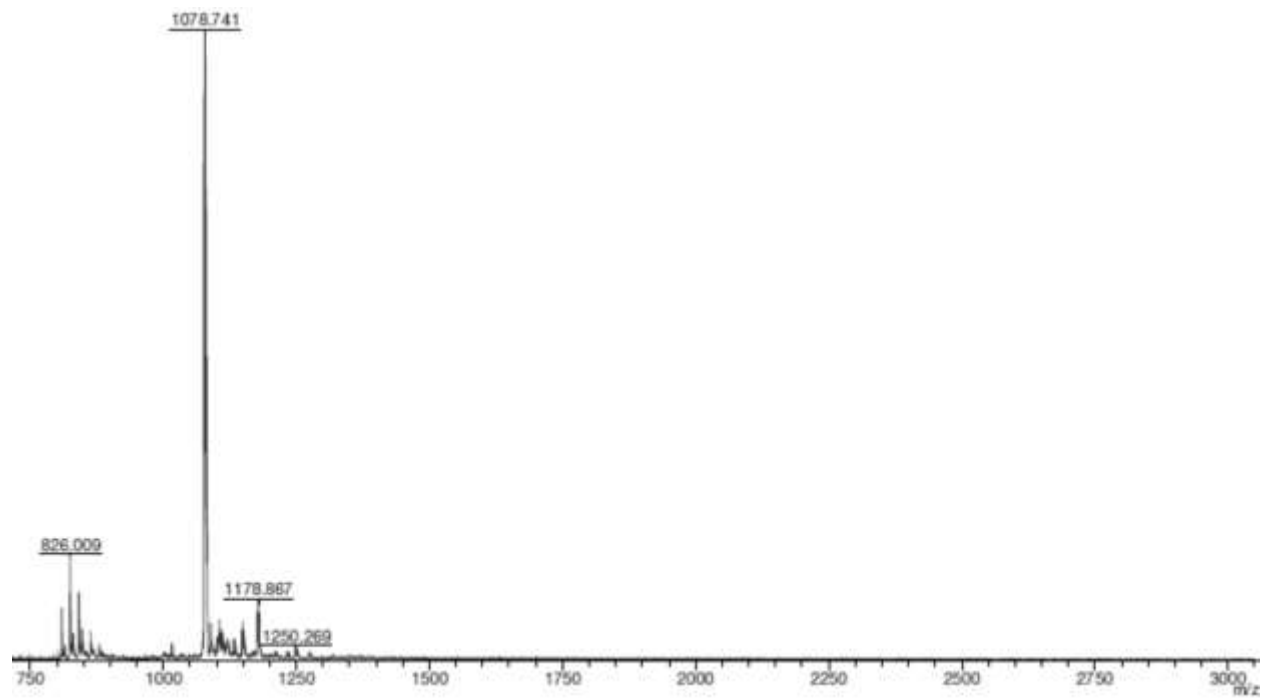


Figure S8. MALDI-TOF mass spectrum of $\text{ZnTPP}(\text{PE})_4$

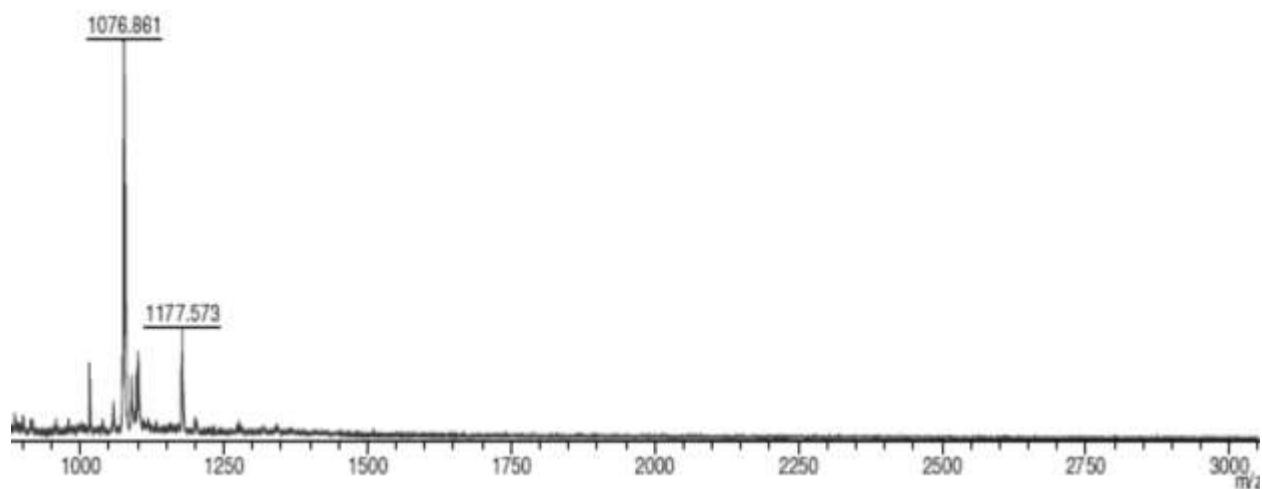


Figure S9. MALDI-TOF mass spectrum of CuTPP(PE)₄

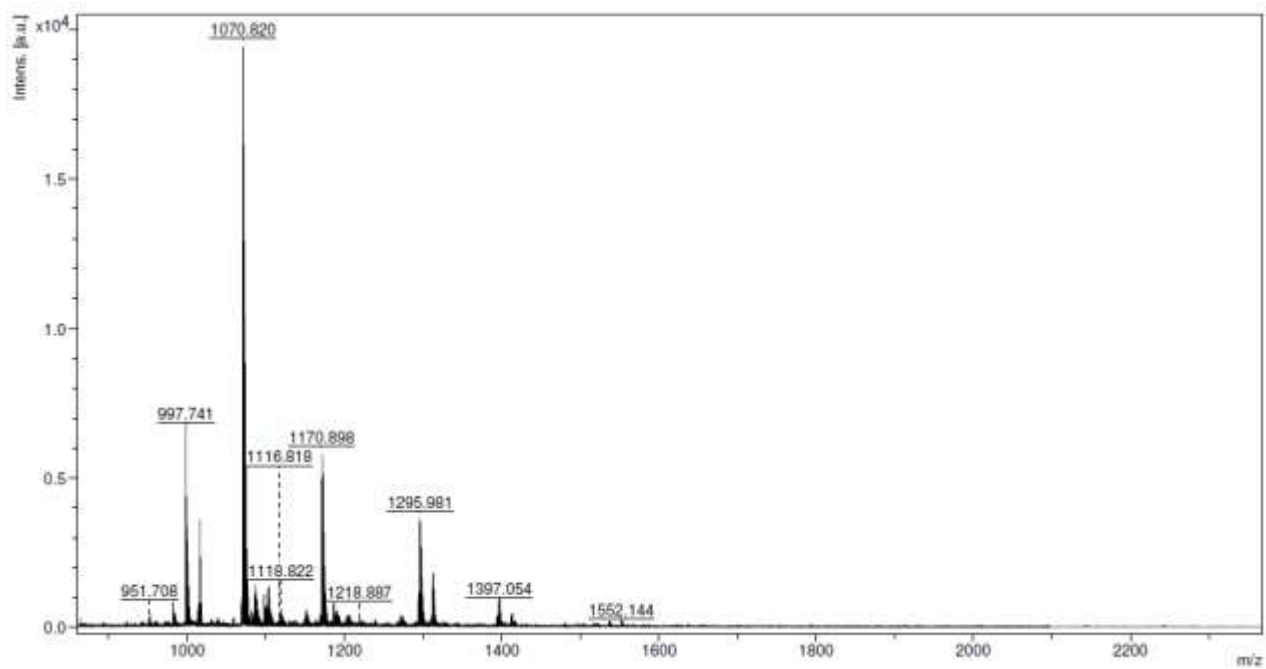


Figure S10. MALDI-TOF mass spectrum of NiTPP(PE)₄

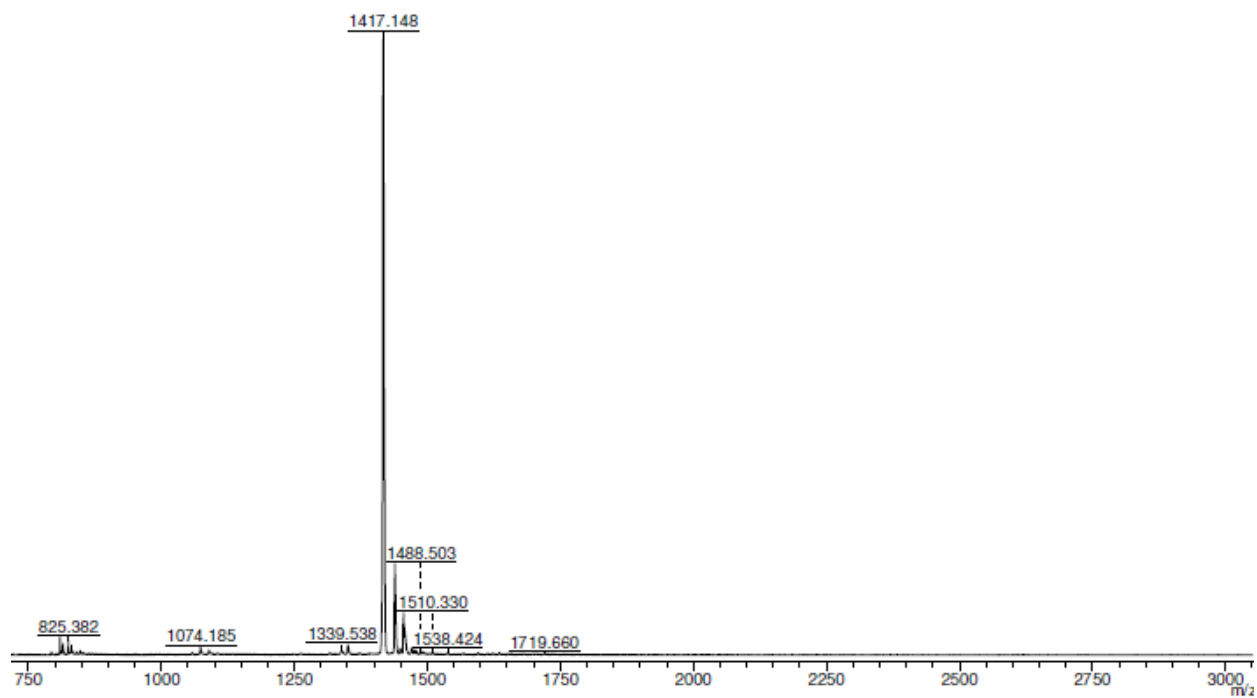


Figure S11. MALDI-TOF mass spectrum of H₂TPP(PE)₈

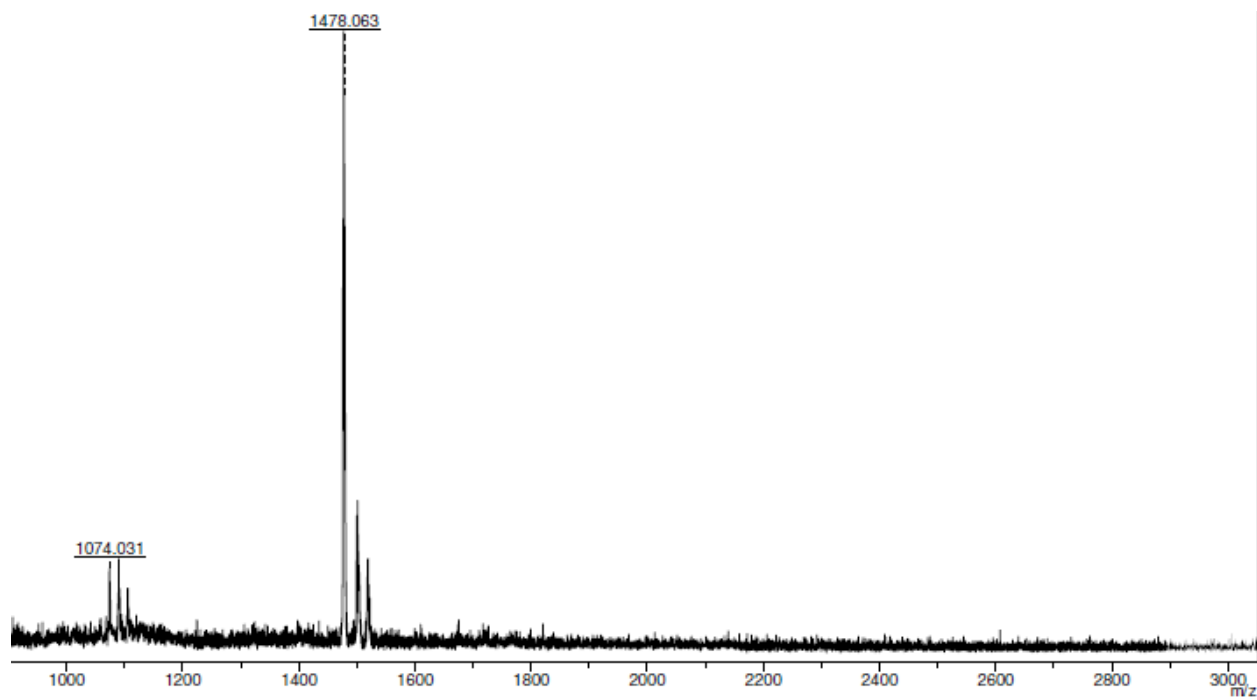


Figure S12. MALDI-TOF mass spectrum of CuTPP(PE)₈

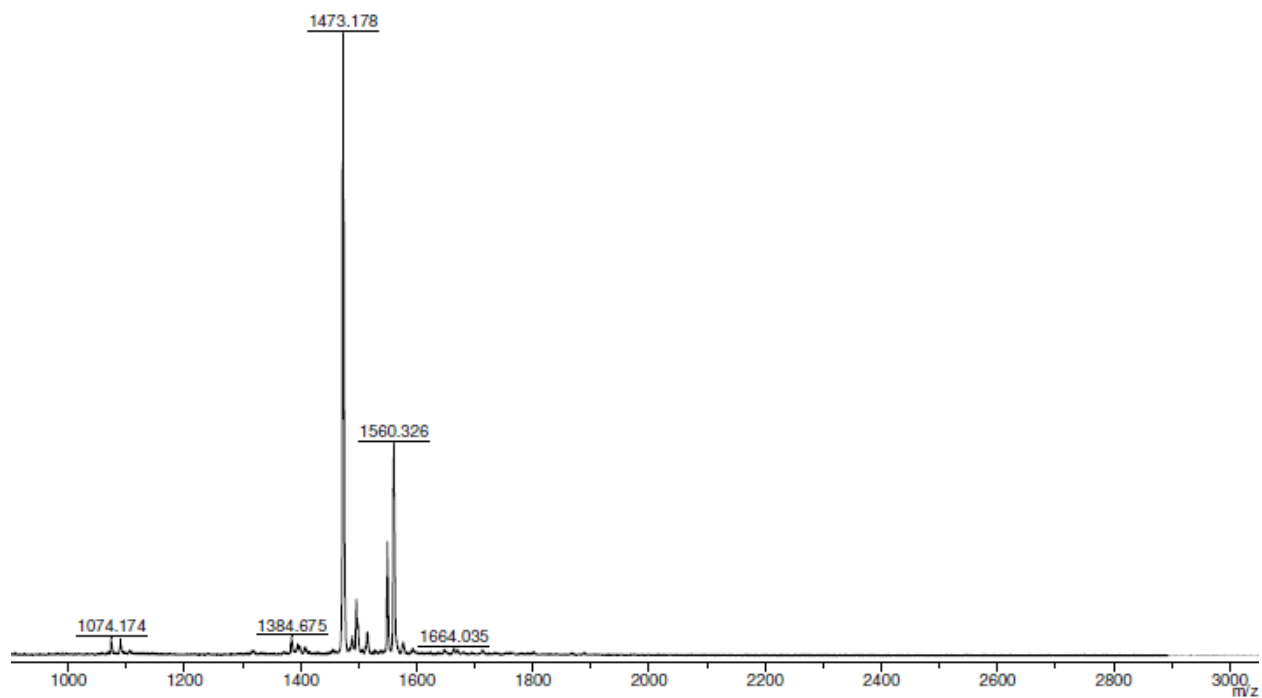


Figure S13. MALDI-TOF mass spectrum of CoTPP(PE)₈

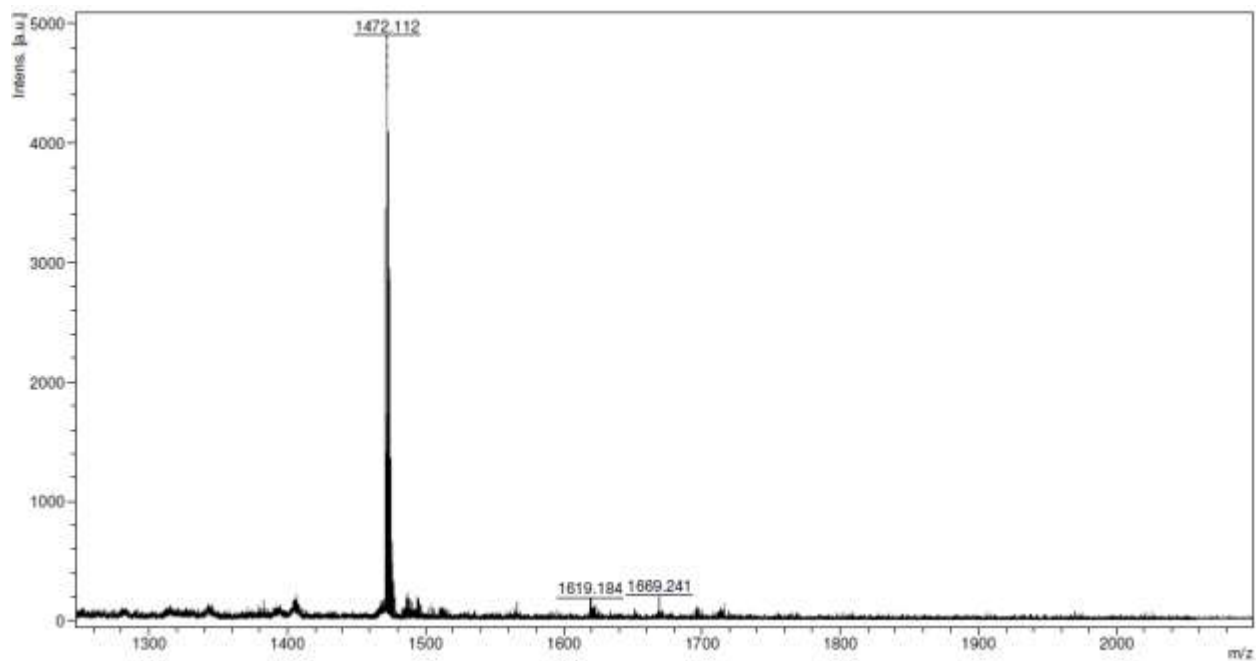


Figure S14. MALDI-TOF mass spectrum of NiTPP(PE)₈

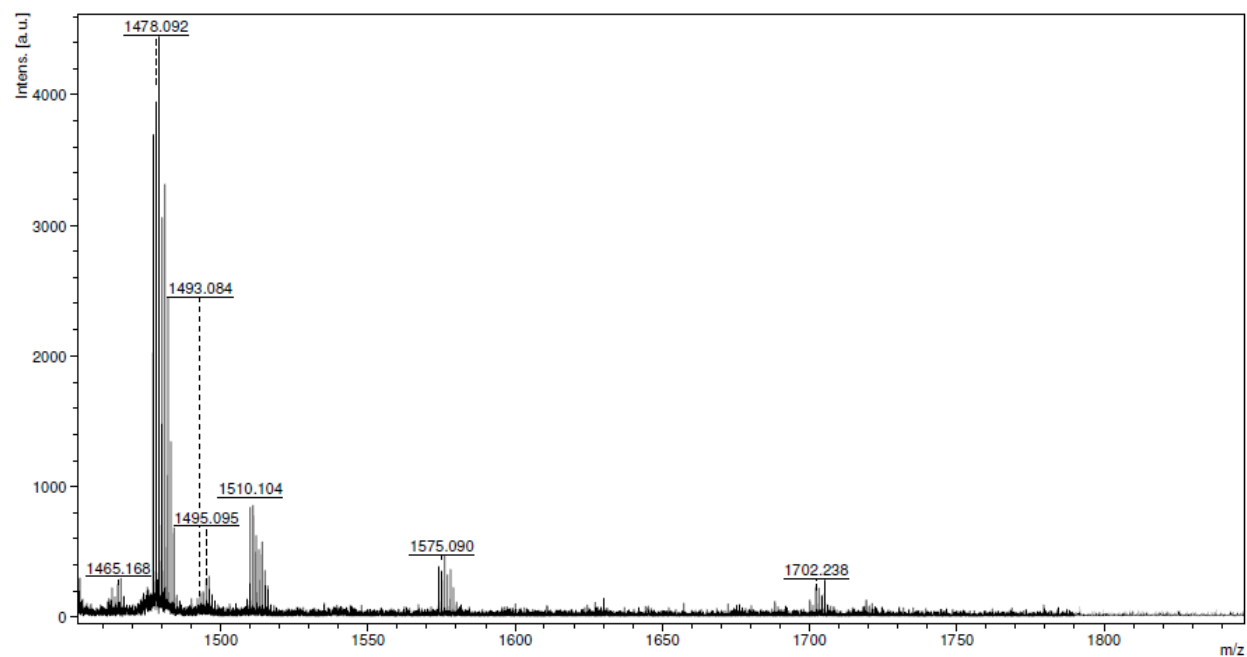


Figure S15. MALDI-TOF mass spectrum of ZnTPP(PE)₈.

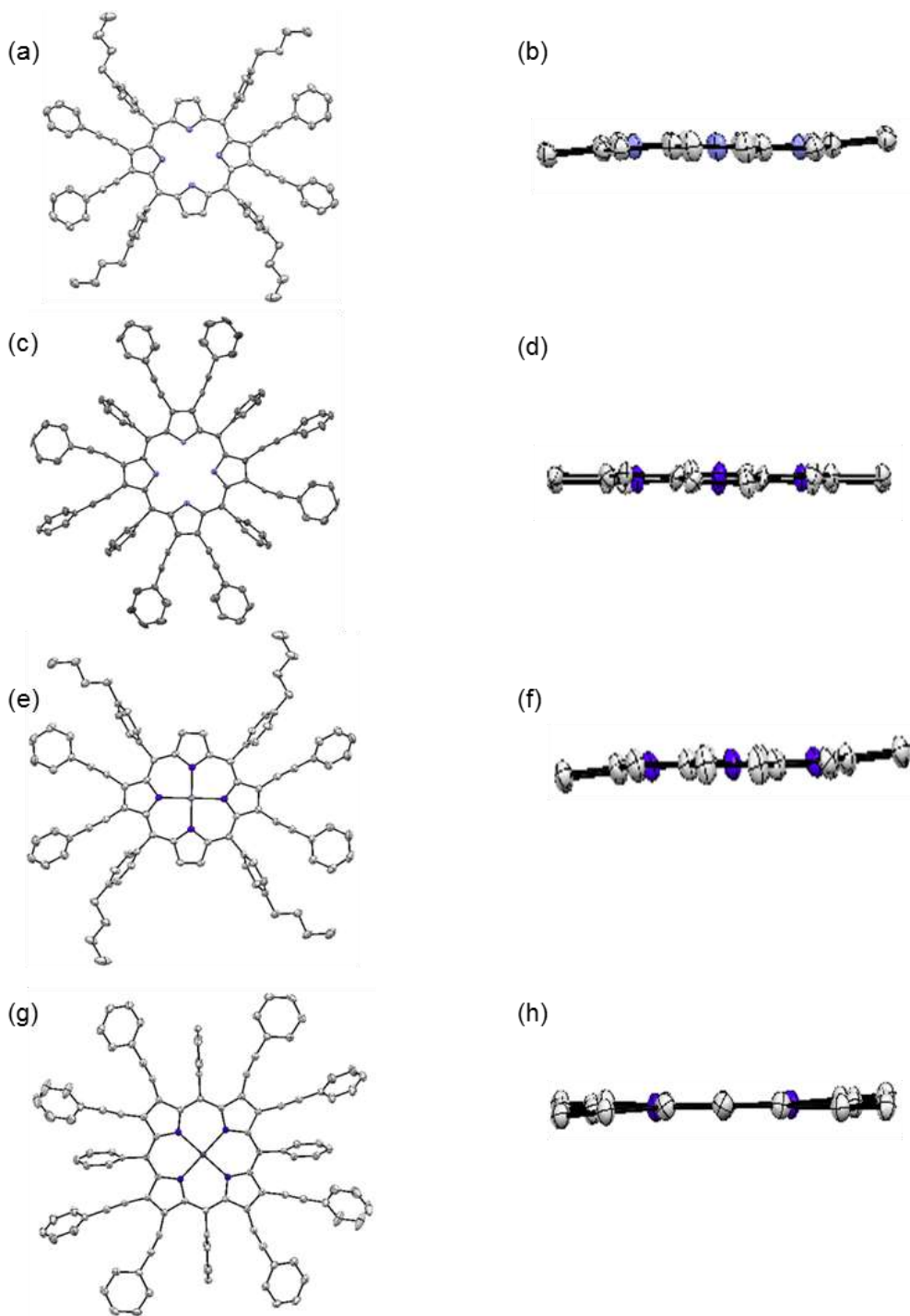


Figure S16. The ORTEP diagrams showing top and side views of $\text{H}_2\text{T}(4\text{-BuPh})\text{P}(\text{PE})_4$ (a and b); $\text{H}_2\text{TPP}(\text{PE})_8$ (c and d); $\text{ZnTPP}(\text{PE})_4$ (e and f) and $\text{ZnTPP}(\text{PE})_8$ (g and h). The solvates are not shown for clarity, and in side view, the β -substituents and *meso*-phenyl groups are not shown for clarity. Crystal structures data for $\text{H}_2\text{T}(4\text{-BuPh})\text{P}(\text{PE})_4$ is taken from P. Bhyrappa *et al.*, *Eur. J. Inorg. Chem.*, 2014, 5760-5770 and for $\text{MTPP}(\text{PE})_8$ T. Chandra *et al.*, *Inorg. Chem.* 2003, **42**, 5158-5172.

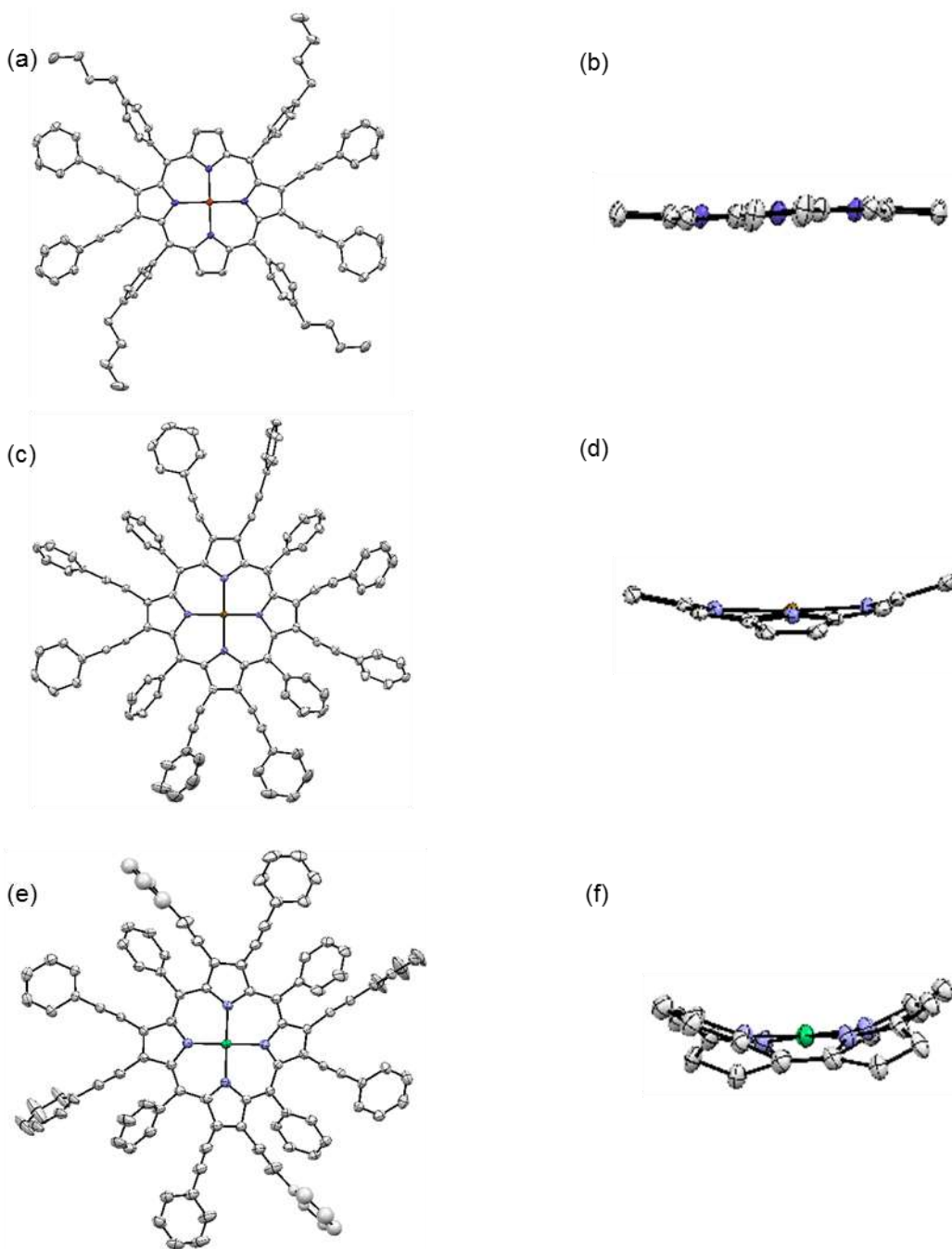


Figure S17. The ORTEP diagrams showing top and side views of $\text{CuT}(4\text{-BuPh})\text{P}(\text{PE})_4$ (a and b); $\text{CuTPP}(\text{PE})_8$ (c and d) and $\text{NiTPP}(\text{PE})_8$ (e and f). The solvates are not shown for clarity, and in side view, the β -substituents and *meso*-phenyl groups are not shown for clarity. Crystal structures data for $\text{H}_2\text{T}(4\text{-BuPh})\text{P}(\text{PE})_4$ is taken from P. Bhyrappa *et al.*, *Eur. J. Inorg. Chem.*, 2014, 5760-5770 and for $\text{MTPP}(\text{PE})_8$ T. Chandra *et al.*, *Inorg. Chem.* 2003, **42**, 5158-5172.

Table S1. Crystal structure data of β -phenylethynyl substituted porphyrins from literature.^{a,b}

Porphyrin	ΔC_{β}	$\Delta 24$	ΔMetal	Remarks
$\text{H}_2\text{T}(4\text{-BuPh})\text{P}(\text{PE})_4^{\text{a}}$	0.058	0.086	-	Planar
$\text{H}_2\text{TPP}(\text{PE})_8^{\text{b}}$	0.094	0.068	-	Planar
$\text{ZnT}(4\text{-BuPh})\text{P}(\text{PE})_4^{\text{a}}$	0.051	0.042	0.00	Planar
$\text{ZnTPP}(\text{PE})_8^{\text{b}}$	0.040	0.032	0.00	Planar
$\text{CuT}(4\text{-BuPh})\text{P}(\text{PE})_4^{\text{a}}$	0.056	0.046	0.00	Planar
$\text{CuTPP}(\text{PE})_8^{\text{b}}$	0.578	0.287	0.008	Nonplanar
$\text{NiTPP}(\text{PE})_8^{\text{b}}$	0.700	0.470	0.011	Nonplanar

^aCrystal structures data is taken from P. Bhyrappa, U. K. Sarangi, V. Velkannan and V. Ramkumar, *Eur. J. Inorg. Chem.*, 2014, 5760-5770; ^bCrystal structures data is taken from T. Chandra, B. J. Kraft, J. C. Huffman, J. M. Zaleski, *Inorg. Chem.* 2003, **42**, 5158-5172.

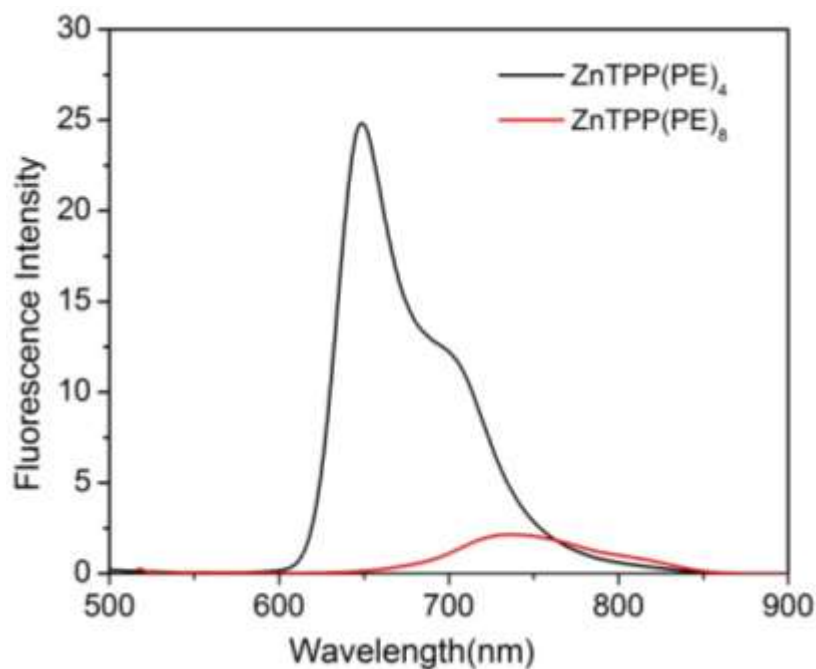


Figure S18. Fluorescence spectra of $\text{ZnTPP}(\text{PE})_n$ ($n = 4$ and 8) in CH_2Cl_2 at 298 K.

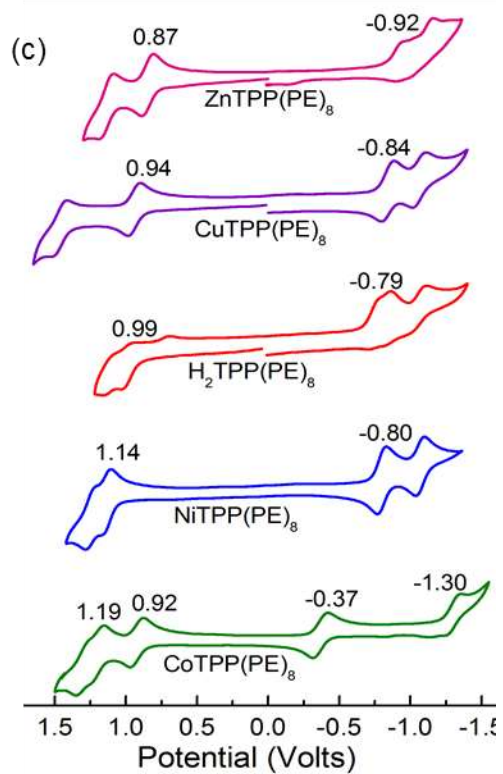
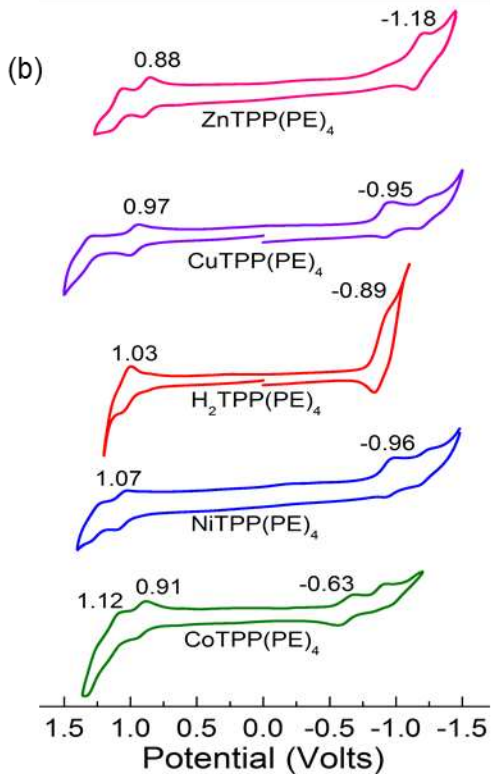
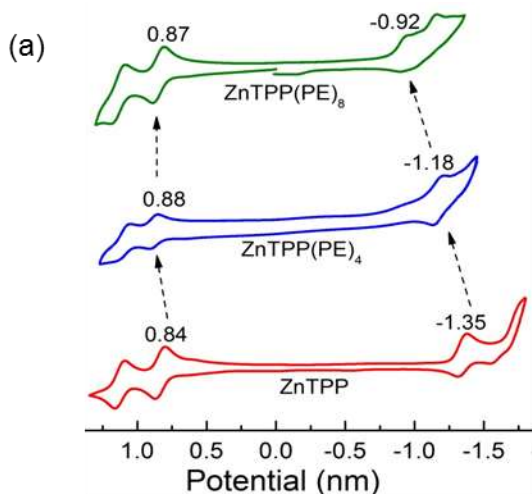


Figure S19. Cyclic Voltammograms of (a) ZnTPP(PE)_n (n = 0, 4 and 8); (b) MTPP(PE)₄; (c) MTPP(PE)₈ where M = 2H, Co(II), Ni(II), Cu(II) and Zn(II); in CH₂Cl₂ containing 0.1 M TBAPF₆ using Ag/AgCl as reference electrode with a scan rate of 0.1 V/sat 298 K.

Table S2. Electrochemical redox data (vsAg/AgCl)of CoTPP(PE)_n (n = 0, 4 and 8) using 0.1 M TBAPF₆with a scan rate of 0.1 V/s at 298 K.

Porphyrin	Oxidation		Reduction		Metal Centered	
	I	II	I	II	Co ^{II/III}	Co ^{III/I}
CoTPP	1.06	1.32	-1.38	-	0.85	-0.86
CoTPP(PE) ₄	1.12	-	-	-	0.91	-0.63
CoTPP(PE) ₈	1.19	1.31	-1.30	-	0.92	-0.37

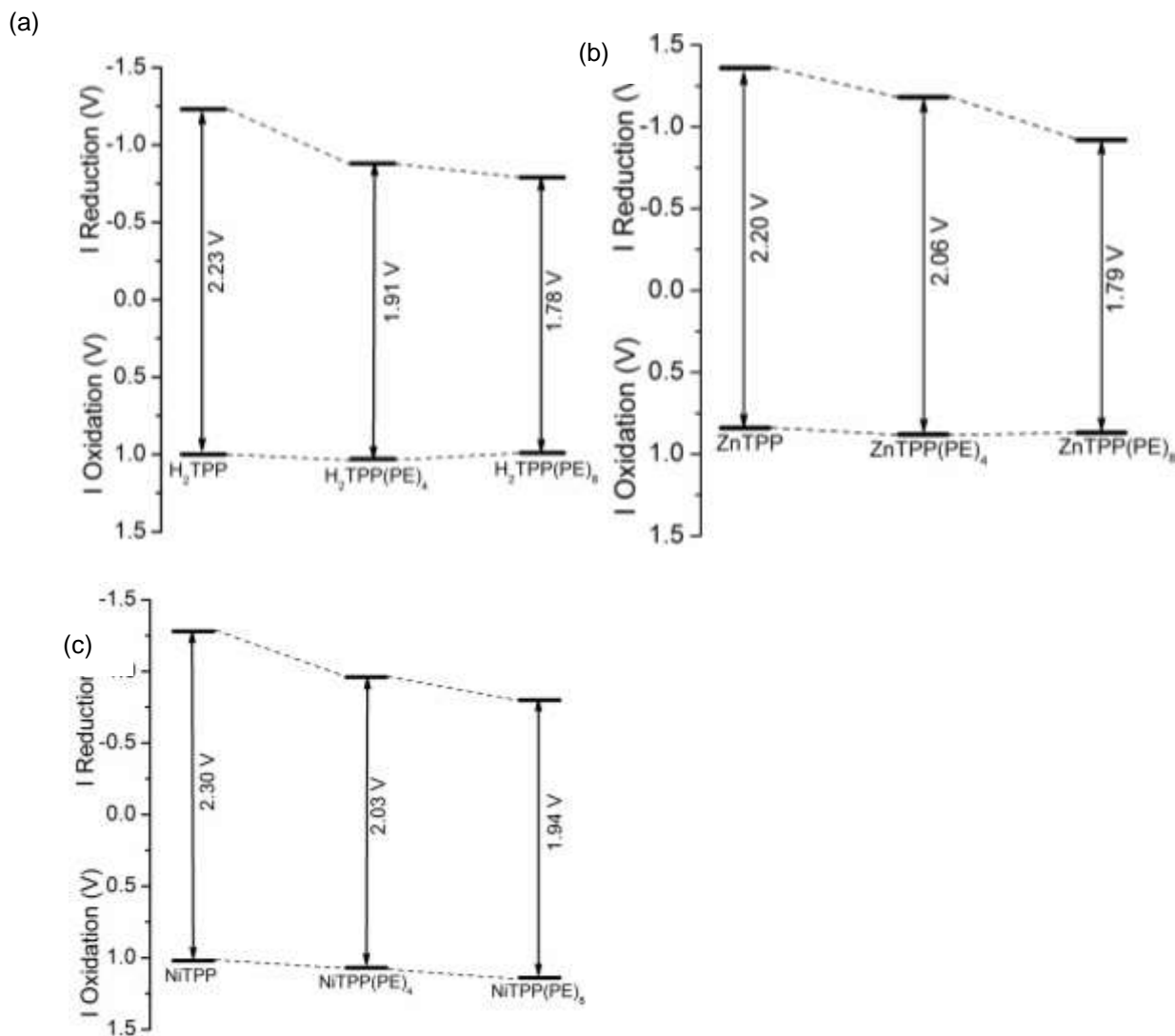


Figure S20. HOMO-LUMO gap variation in MTPP(PE)_n (M = 2H, Zn(II) and Ni(II); n = 0, 4 and 8).

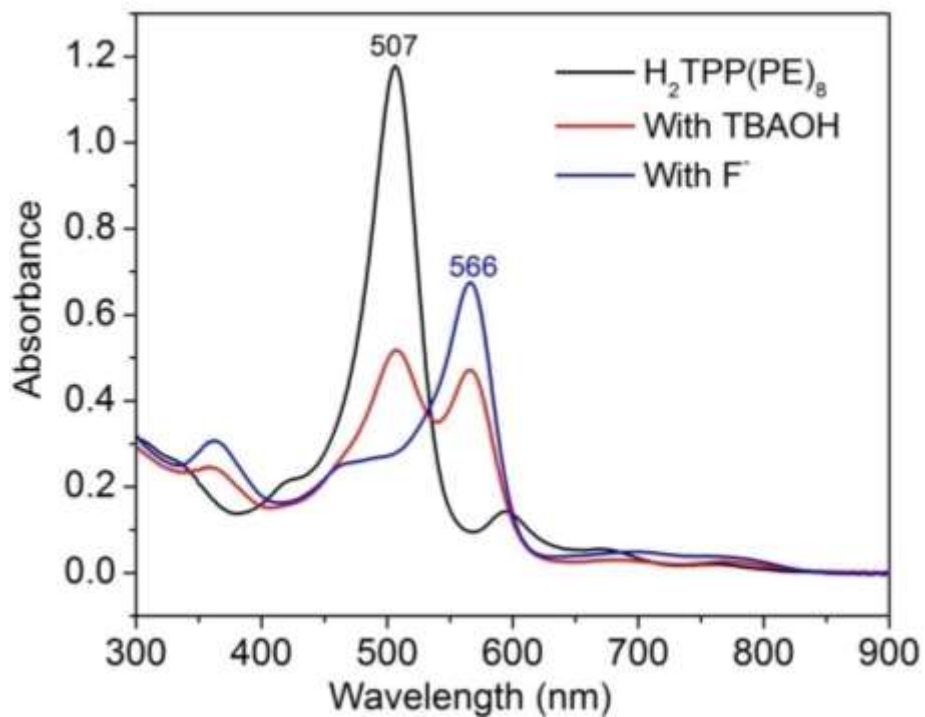


Figure S21. UV-Visible spectral changes of $H_2TPP(PE)_8$ upon addition of TBAOH and F^- ion in CH_2Cl_2 at 298 K.

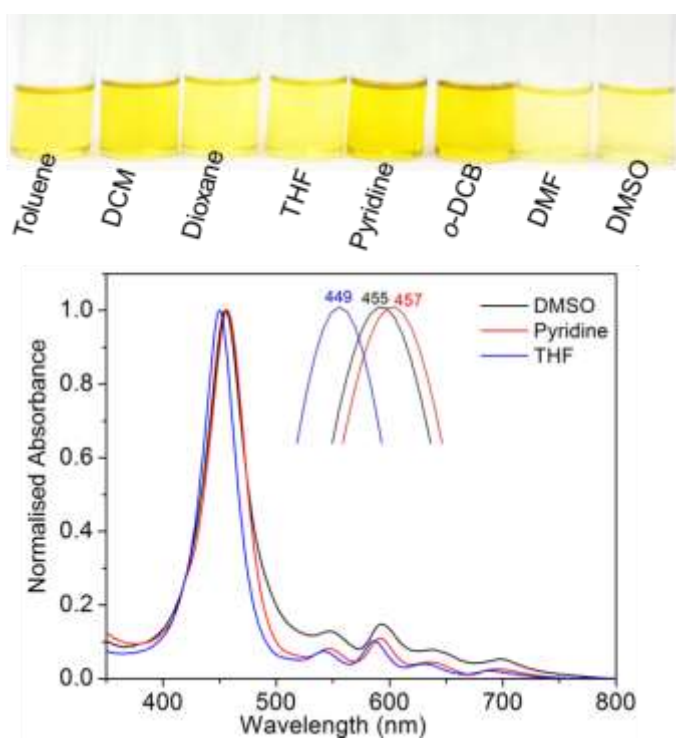


Figure S22. (top) $H_2TPP(PE)_4$ in different solvents; (bottom) UV-Visible and spectral shifts of $H_2TPP(PE)_4$ in selected solvents at 298 K.

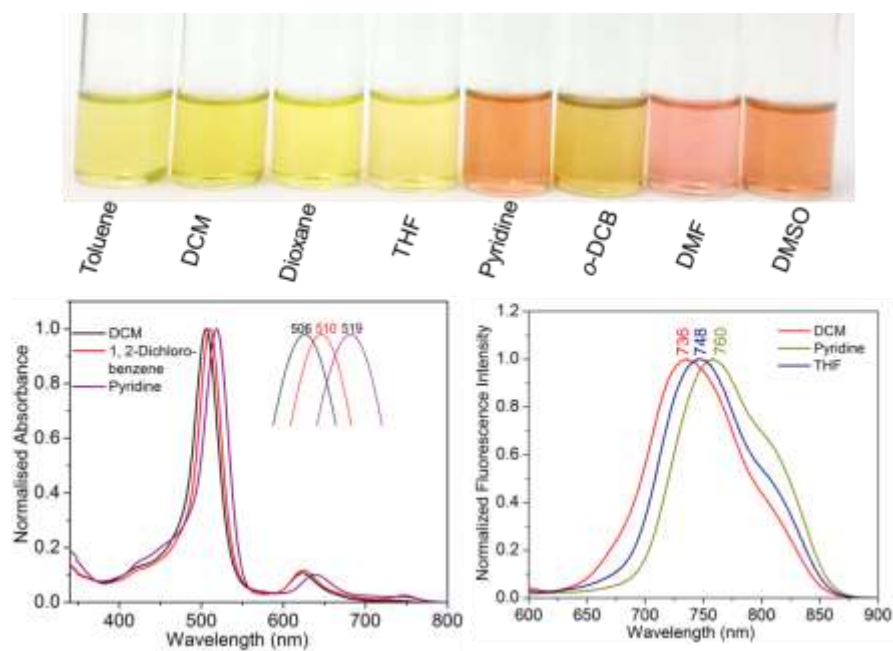


Figure S23. (top) Colorimetric response of ZnTPP(PE)₈ in different solvents; (bottom) UV-Visible and fluorescence spectra of ZnTPP(PE)₈ in different solvents at 298 K.

Table S3. Optical absorption spectral data of H₂TPP(PE)₄, ZnTPP(PE)₄ and ZnTPP(PE)₈ in different solvents at 298 K.

H₂TPP(PE)₄			
Solvent	B band, nm	Q band(s), nm	Emission, nm
Toluene	454(5.05)	544(3.93), 588(4.09), 633(3.67), 691(3.40)	729
DCM	453(5.57)	545(4.44), 590(4.58), 633(4.20), 691(3.96)	739
1,4-Dioxane	452(5.07)	544(3.95), 588(4.09), 633(3.70), 690(3.47)	747
THF	450(4.92)	543(3.79), 587(3.93), 631(3.53), 689(3.26)	734
Pyridine	457(4.99)	547(3.90), 592(4.04), 637(3.64), 693(3.40)	745
<i>o</i> -Dichlorobenzene	458(5.02)	546(3.96), 592(4.12), 637(3.73), 694(3.48)	732
DMF	453(4.99)	545(3.98), 589(4.09), 632(3.81), 688(3.68)	793
DMSO	455(4.83)	548(3.93), 593(3.99), 639(3.72), 699(3.55)	703, 787
ZnTPP(PE)₄			
Toluene	463(5.37)	583(4.16), 631(4.63)	643
DCM	458(5.48)	581(4.26), 630(4.68)	644
1,4-Dioxane	466(5.41)	589(4.20), 635(4.61)	651
THF	465(5.47)	589(4.25), 636(4.67)	652, 709
Pyridine	476(5.36)	598(4.15), 645(4.56)	671, 716
<i>o</i> -Dichlorobenzene	464(5.30)	584(4.03), 633(4.56)	645
DMF	470(5.54)	593(4.33), 641(4.73)	663, 715
DMSO	473(5.52)	595(4.27), 642(4.71)	664, 715
ZnTPP(PE)₈			
Toluene	508(5.53)	624(4.58)	736
DCM	506(5.52)	623(4.54)	736
1,4-Dioxane	506(5.41)	625(4.44), 739(3.84)	743
THF	508(5.44)	628(4.45), 740(3.77)	748
Pyridine	519(5.35)	639(4.34), 745(3.66)	759
<i>o</i> -Dichlorobenzene	510(5.34)	624(4.41), 747(3.73)	740
DMF	519(5.39)	641(4.37)	762
DMSO	517(5.39)	637(4.39)	761

Values in parentheses refers to log ϵ (in Mol⁻¹ cm⁻¹).

Table S4. Fluorescence quantum yield and lifetime data of H₂TPP(PE)₈ and ZnTPP(PE)₈ in different solvents at 298 K.

Porphyrin	Solvent	$\lambda_{em, nm}$	Stokes shift (cm ⁻¹)	Φ_f	τ (ns)	χ^2	
H ₂ TPP(PE) ₈	Toluene	810	829.55	3.6×10^{-3}	1.63	1.12	
	DCM	814	838.35	5.2×10^{-3}	1.44	0.84	
	1,4-Dioxane	820	911.04	2.7×10^{-3}	1.47	1.09	
	THF	823	1007.23	1.9×10^{-3}	1.45	1.12	
	Pyridine	826	965.36	2.4×10^{-3}	0.23(27.54%) 1.31(67.46%) 5.58(5.0%)	1.01	
	<i>o</i> -DCB	809	796.95	3.5×10^{-3}	1.59	1.07	
	DMF	765	1677.37	1.6×10^{-3}	0.66(73.15%) 2.26(26.85%)	1.12	
	DMSO	839	2552.83	0.43×10^{-3}	1.13(64.49%) 2.96(5.97%) 0.17(29.54%)	1.09	
	ZnTPP(PE) ₈	Toluene	736	2,438.68	2.2×10^{-3}	1.24	1.18
		DCM	736	2,464.41	2.4×10^{-3}	0.97	1.01
1,4-Dioxane		743	72.84	3.1×10^{-3}	1.40	1.31	
THF		748	144.53	2.8×10^{-3}	1.01	1.19	
Pyridine		759	247.59	4.3×10^{-3}	0.77(39.70%) 1.57(60.30%)	0.99	
<i>o</i> -DCB		740	-126.63	2.3×10^{-3}	1.39	1.27	
DMF		762	2,477.26	3.7×10^{-3}	0.75(43.55%) 1.73(56.45%)	0.96	
DMSO		761	2,557.98	3.6×10^{-3}	0.39(24.44%) 1.45(75.56%)	0.98	

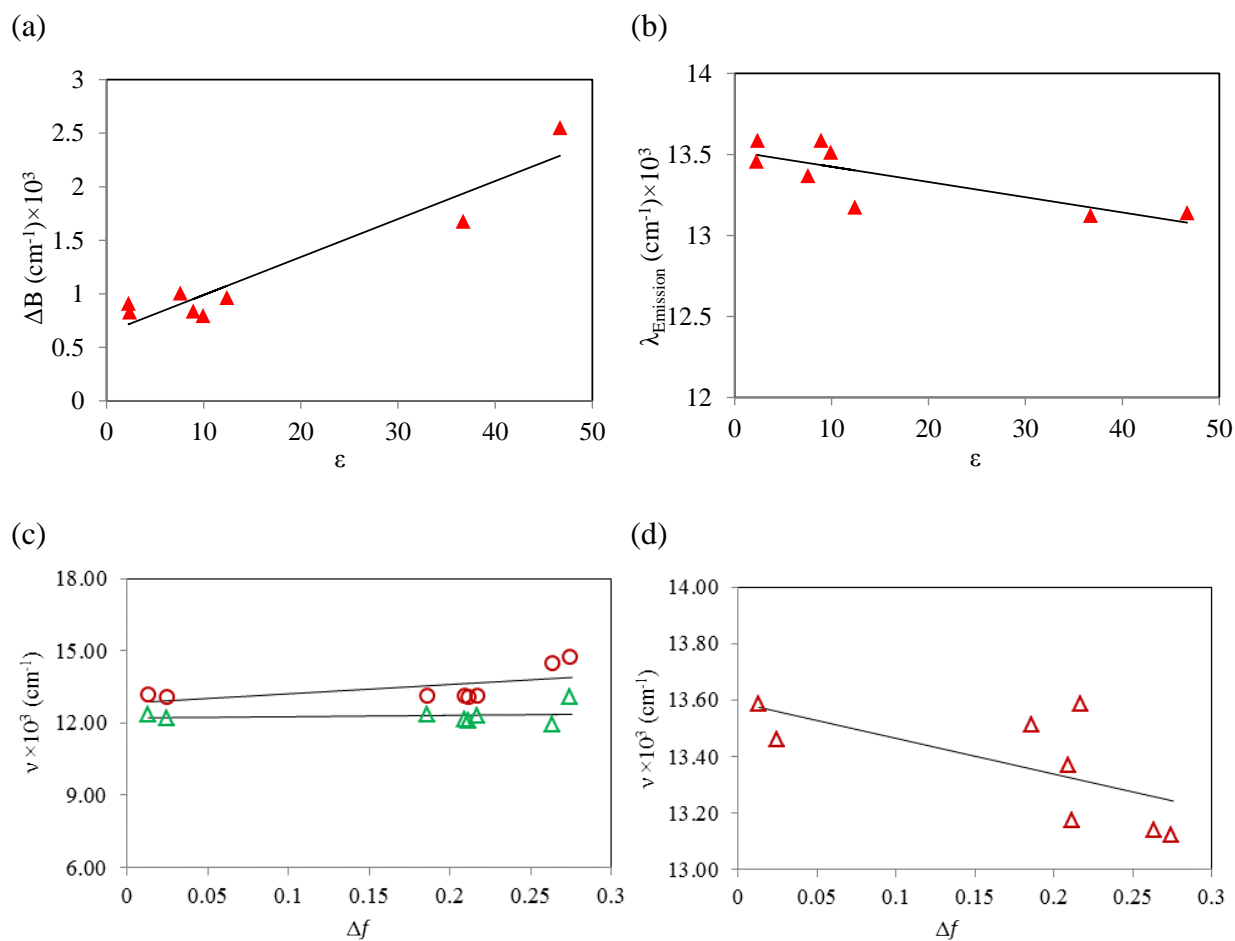
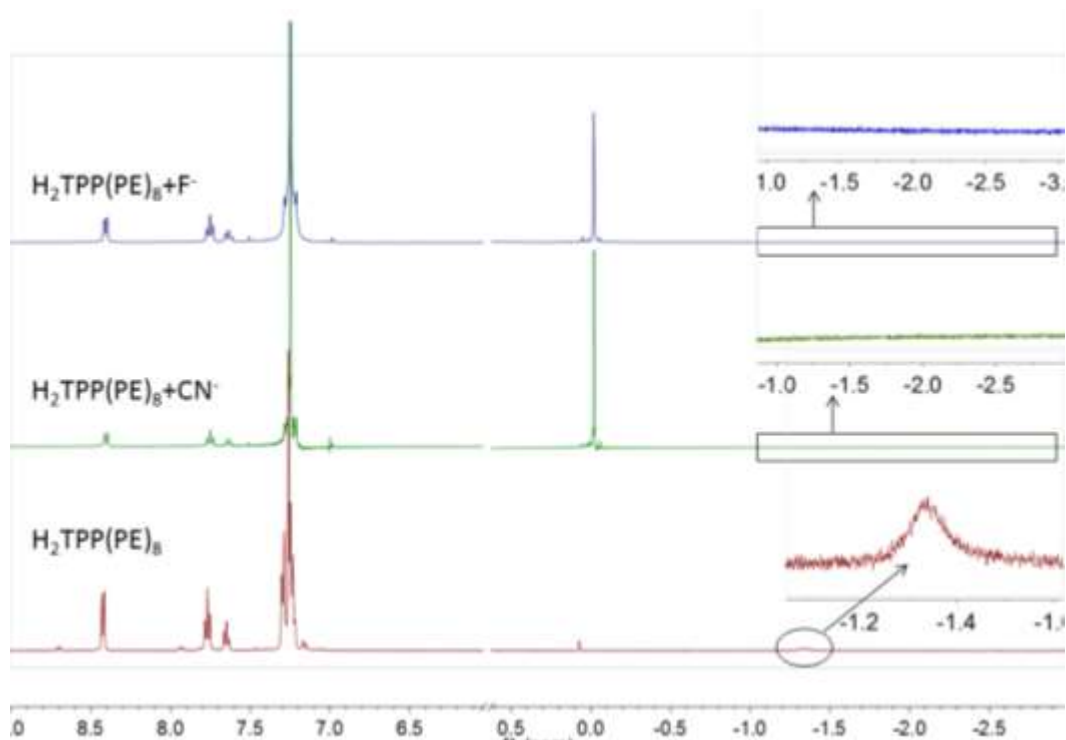


Figure S24. (a) Stokes shift of H₂TPP(PE)₈ in different solvents vs. dielectric constant of various solvents ; (b) Emission wavelength (cm^{-1}) of ZnTPP(PE)₈ vs. dielectric constant of different solvent; (c) Lippert-Mataga plot showing Stokes shift as a function of solvent orientation polarisability (Δf) for H₂TPP(PE)₈; (d) Lippert-Mataga plot showing emission wavelength (cm^{-1}) as a function of solvent orientation polarisability (Δf) for ZnTPP(PE)₈.

(a)



(b)

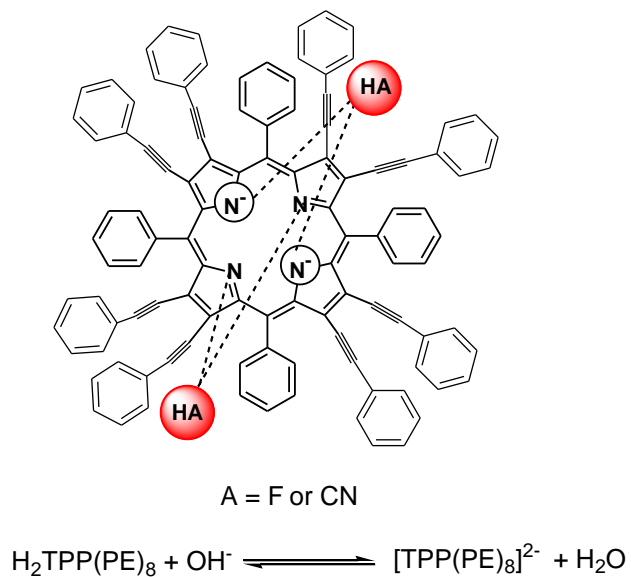


Figure S25. (a) ¹H NMR spectral changes of H₂TPP(PE)₈ upon addition of CN⁻ (green) and F⁻ ions (blue) in CDCl₃ at 298 K; (b) Proposed schematic representation of dianionic species with HA (A = F or CN) and H₂O.

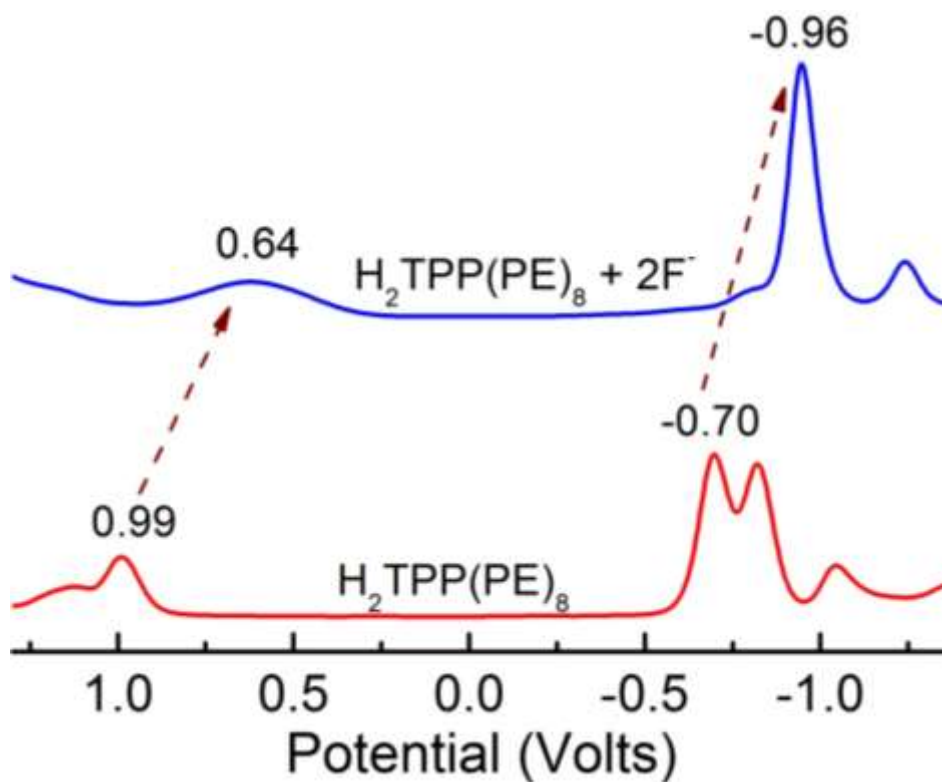


Figure S26. (bottom) Differential Voltamogram (DPV) of $H_2TPP(PE)_8$ in CH_2Cl_2 containing 0.1 M $TBAPF_6$ at 298 K; (top) DPV of $H_2TPP(PE)_8$ in presence of TBAF in CH_2Cl_2 at 298 K. Pt working electrode, Ag/AgCl reference electrode and Pt wire reference electrodes were used.

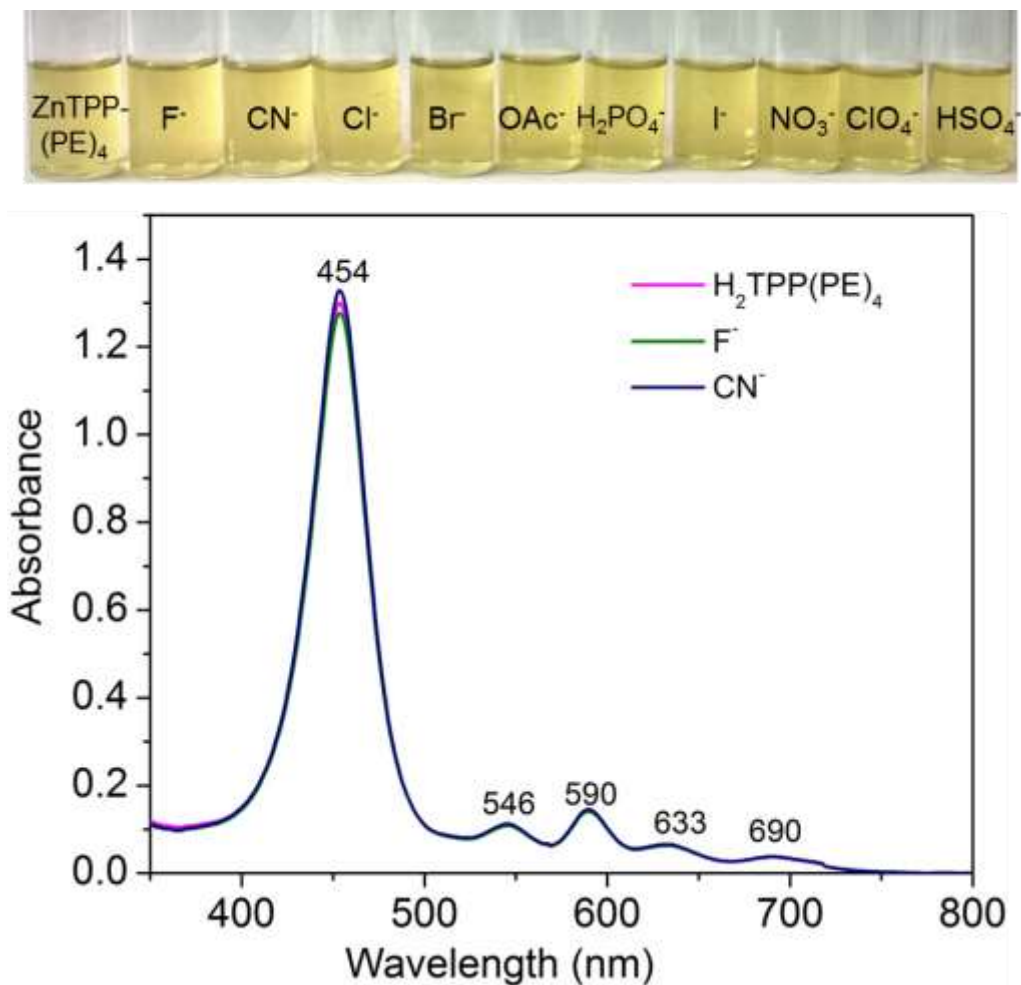


Figure S27. (top) ZnTPP(PE)₄ in presence of different anions in CH₂Cl₂ at 298 K; (bottom) UV-Visible of ZnTPP(PE)₄ in presence of F⁻ and CN⁻ ions in CH₂Cl₂ at 298 K.

Table S5. Optical absorption data of spectral data of H₂TPP(PE)₈ and ZnTPP(PE)₄ in presence of different anions in CH₂Cl₂ at 298 K.

H₂TPP(PE)₈	507(5.41)	595(4.48), 672(3.96), 762(3.44)
F ⁻	566(5.29)	688(4.15), 772(3.98)
CN ⁻	566(5.04)	684(4.01), 770(3.87)
ZnTPP(PE)₄	458(5.48)	581(4.26), 630(4.68)
F ⁻	480(5.47)	602(4.15), 652(4.62)
CN ⁻	487(5.44)	660(4.46)
CH ₃ COO ⁻	464(5.24), 479(5.33)	651(4.46)
H ₂ PO ₄ ⁻	462(5.33)	633(4.43)
Cl ⁻	483(5.39)	654(4.49)

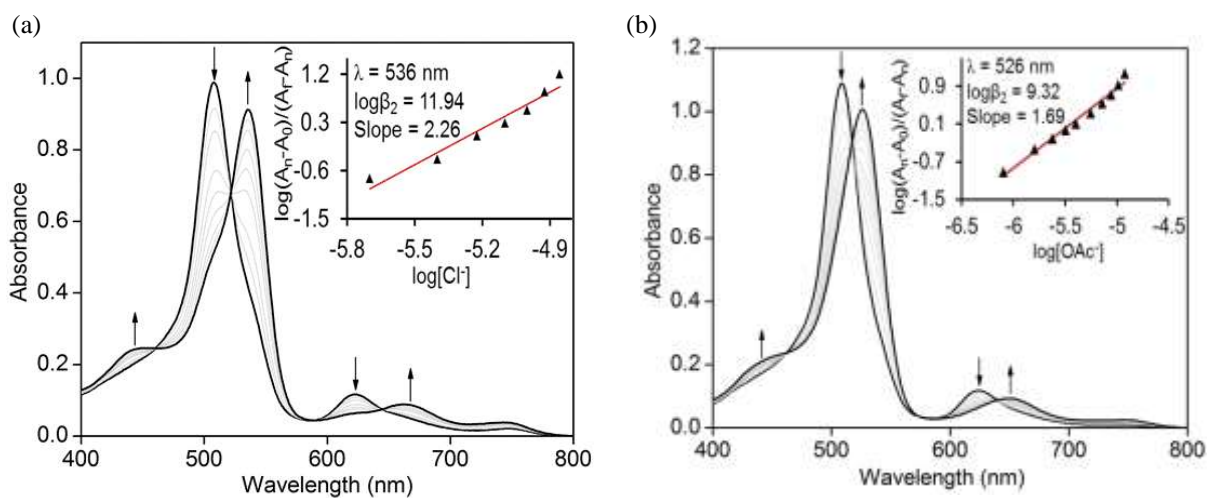


Figure S28. UV-Visible titration of ZnTPP(PE)₈ with (a) Cl⁻ and (b) OAc⁻ ions in toluene at 298 K. Inset shows corresponding Hill plots.

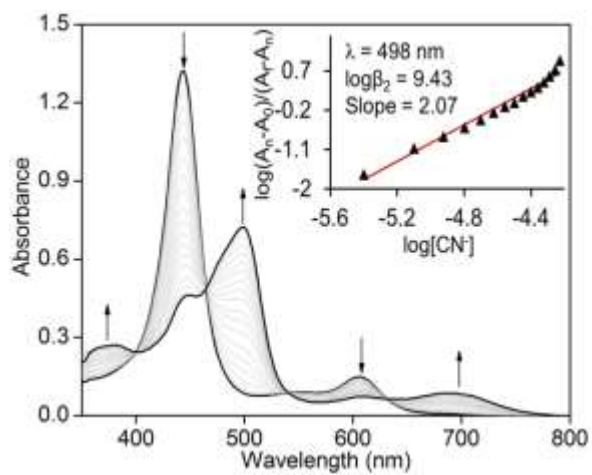


Figure S29. UV-Visible titration of ZnTPP(PE)₄ with CN⁻ ion in toluene at 298 K. Inset shows Hill Plot.