# Enhanced electrochemical performance of vanadium dioxide (B) nanoflowers by graphene nanoribbons support

## **Supplementary materials**

# Zihan Fan, Lina Jia, Cunli Lin, Xiangyue Huang, Xiaolin Hu<sup>\*</sup>, Naifeng Zhuang and Jianzhong Chen

College of Chemistry, Fuzhou University, Fuzhou 350116, People's Republic of China

#### A. Reductant

VO<sub>2</sub> crystallites were synthesized by hydrothermal method at 180 °C for 24 h by using oxalic acid or hydrazine hydrate to reduce vanadium pentoxide. By comparing XRD patterns of the products (see figure S1), it shows that the diffraction peaks of product which was prepared by using oxalic acid reductant are all match with single VO<sub>2</sub>(B) phase (JCPDS Card No. 81-2392) when the reaction time reach at least 24 h and the mole ratio of  $H_2C_2O_4$ :V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> is 2:1. While the as-prepared product includes varied vanadium oxide phases when the hydrazine hydrate is used as the reductant. The possible cause is that it is difficult to accurately control the dosage of hydrazine hydrate to prepare single VO<sub>2</sub> phase due to the stronger reducibility of hydrazine hydrate. So it is appropriate to choose oxalic acid reductant to prepare VO<sub>2</sub>(B).

<sup>\*</sup> Corresponding author. Tel/Fax: +86-591-22866130; Email: linamethyst@fzu.edu.cn (X.L. Hu).

Electronic supplementary information (ESI) available: Synthesis details and theoretical calculation details.



Fig. S1 XRD patterns of VO<sub>2</sub> crystallites synthesized by using oxalic acid or hydrazine hydratere as reductants.

### **B.** Reaction time

The impacts of reaction time on the crystal phase of products were discussed to further optimize reaction time. XRD patterns of vanadium oxide prepared in the different reaction time by using oxalic acid as reductant are shown in figure S2. It exhibits that the single  $VO_2$  phase can be obtained until the reaction time reaches 24 hours.



Fig. S2 XRD patterns of vanadium oxide prepared in the different reaction time.

#### C. Potential-time curve

The charge-discharge potential-time curve of VO<sub>2</sub>(B)/GNRs is shown in Fig. S3). It

indicates that the charge-discharge potential-time curve of  $VO_2(B)/GNRs$  has a symmetry characteristic and a stable charge-discharge time.



Fig. S3 Potential-time curve of VO<sub>2</sub>(B)/GNRs during the charge and discharge process.