PAH/DAS covalently cross-linked Layer-by-Layer multilayers: a "nano-net" superstratum immobilizes nanoparticles and remains permeable to small molecules

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Figure S 1. TEM images of synthesized silica nanoparticles.

Table S1. Residual ratio of the multilayered films after treatment in basic solutions (pH 14) for different period of time. *Uncross-linked: $(SiO_2 NP/PAH)_5$ films. **Cross-linked: $(SiO_2 NP/PAH)_5$ films post-infiltrated by DAS followed by cross-linking.

	Immersion for 30min	Immersion for 4h
Uncross-linked*	93.7%	61.1%
Cross-linked**	80.7%	46.3%



Figure S 2. UV-vis spectra for the (PAH/SiO₂NP)₅ multilayers (black), and the films after infiltrated by DAS (red), and after UV light-induced decomposition of DAS.



Figure S 3. AFM image of the surface morphology of $(PAH/SiO_2NP)_5$ multilayers.



Figure S 4. (a) UV-vis spectra following the assembly process of the (PAH/Au)₅ LbL films. The inset indicates linear relationship between the absorbance of the film and the number of bilayers. (b) UV-vis spectra of the (PAH/Au)₅ LbL films (black) and the (PAH/Au)₅(PAH/DAS)₅ LbL films (red). (c) UV-vis spectra of the UNCROSS-LINKED (PAH/Au)₅(PAH/DAS)₅ LbL film before (black) and after (red) immersion in the basic solution. (d) UV-vis spectra of the CROSS-LINKED (PAH/Au)₅(PAH/DAS)₅ LbL film before (black) and after (red) immersion in the basic solution.



Figure S 5. (a) UV-vis spectra following the assembly process of the $(PAH/Fe_3O_4)_5$ LbL films. The inset indicates linear relationship between the absorbance of the film and the number of bilayers. (b) UV-vis spectra of the $(PAH/Fe_3O_4)_5$ LbL films (black) and the $(PAH/Fe_3O_4)_5(PAH/DAS)_5$ LbL films (red). (c) UV-vis spectra of the UNCROSS-LINKED (PAH/Fe_3O_4)_5(PAH/DAS)_5 LbL film before (black) and after (red) immersion in the basic solution. (d) UV-vis spectra of the CROSS-LINKED (PAH/Fe_3O_4)_5(PAH/DAS)_5 LbL film before (black) and after (red) immersion in the basic solution.



Figure S 6. UV-vis spectra for the $(PAH/Por)_5$ multilayers (black), and the films after infiltrated by DAS (red), and after UV light-induced decomposition of DAS, and after treatment using the basic solution (green).



Figure S 7. TEM images of the prepared mesoporous silica nanoparticles.



Figure S8. AFM image of the surface morphologies of cross-linked (MP SiO $_2$ NP/PAH) $_5$ (PAH/DAS) $_5$ multilayers.



Figure S 9. Release profile of MB from (MP SiO₂ NP/PAH)₅(PAH/DAS)_n (n=3,5,7).