

**Electronic Supplementary Information**

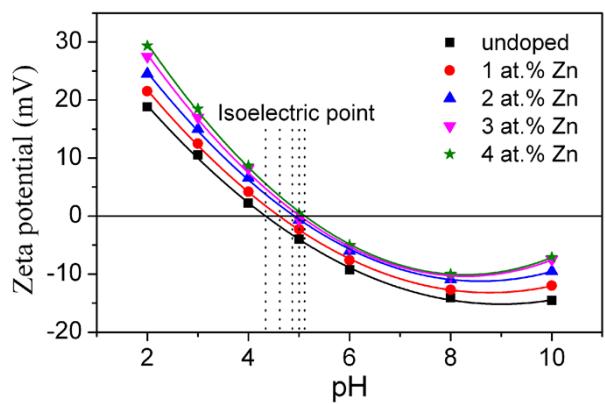
**Zinc-doped SnO<sub>2</sub> nanocrystals as photoanode materials for highly efficient dye-sensitized solar cells**

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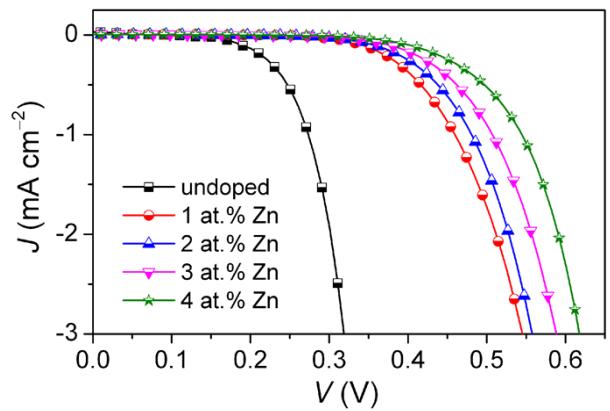
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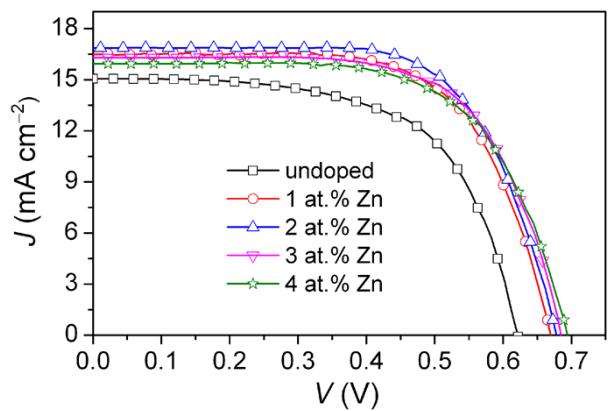
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**Fig. S1** The pH-dependent zeta-potential of the undoped and Zn-doped SnO<sub>2</sub> nanoparticles.



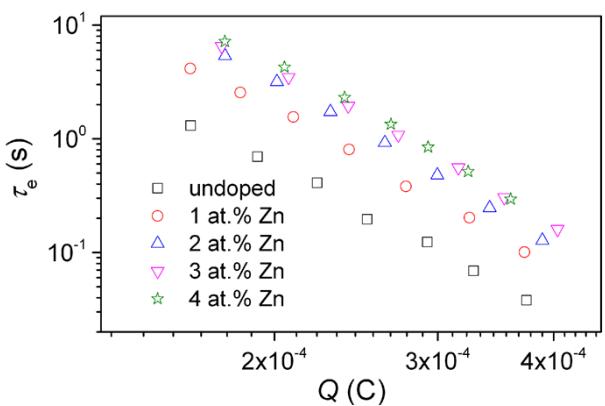
**Fig. S2**  $J$ - $V$  characteristics of the undoped and Zn-doped  $\text{SnO}_2$  based cells measured in the dark.



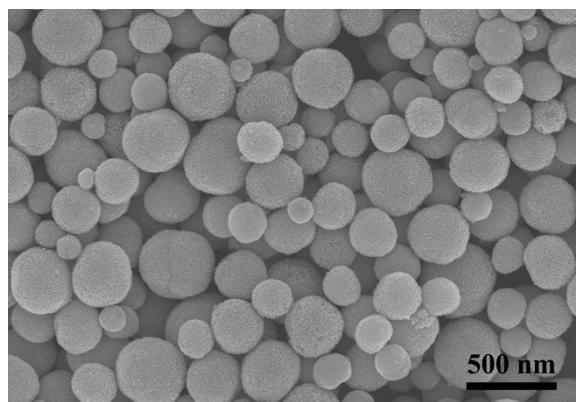
**Fig. S3**  $J$ - $V$  characteristics of the undoped and Zn-doped  $\text{SnO}_2$  based cells with the  $\text{TiCl}_4$  treatment under an irradiance of  $100 \text{ mW cm}^{-2}$  simulated AM1.5G sunlight.

**Table S1** Comparison of the photovoltaic performance of the DSCs based on SnO<sub>2</sub> photoanodes with various morphologies.

Morphology	Synthetic method or manufacturer	Diameter	Film thickness	$\eta$ (%) (no surface treatment)	$\eta$ (%) (after surface treatment)	Reference
SnO <sub>2</sub> nanoparticles	Alfa Aesar	15 nm	4 $\mu$ m	0.76	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> /3.7	S1
SnO <sub>2</sub> nanoparticles	Alfa Aesar	15-140 nm	8 $\mu$ m	1.2	Zn(CH <sub>3</sub> COO) <sub>2</sub> /5.1	S2
SnO <sub>2</sub> nanoparticles	Alfa Aesar	15 nm	–	1.7	CaCO <sub>3</sub> /5.4	S3
SnO <sub>2</sub> nanopowder	Sigma-Aldrich	<100 nm	8 $\mu$ m	3.65	MgO/6.40	S4
SnO <sub>2</sub> nanoparticles	Alfa Aesar	3-5nm	10 $\mu$ m	1.74	MgO/7.21	S5
SnO <sub>2</sub> nanowires	Reactive vapor transport	20-200 nm	25-30 $\mu$ m	2.1	TiCl <sub>4</sub> /4.1	S6
SnO <sub>2</sub> nanofibers	–	200 nm	8.7 $\mu$ m	–	TiCl <sub>4</sub> /4.63	S7
SnO <sub>2</sub> nanotubes	Electrospinning	110 nm	13 $\mu$ m	0.99	TiCl <sub>4</sub> /5.11	S8
SnO <sub>2</sub> nanoflowers	Hydrothermal	1 $\mu$ m	–	1.05	TiCl <sub>4</sub> /5.60	S9
SnO <sub>2</sub> hollow microspheres	Hydrothermal	1-2 $\mu$ m	10 $\mu$ m	1.4	TiCl <sub>4</sub> /5.65	S10
SnO <sub>2</sub> hollow nanospheres	Hydrothermal	200 nm	–	0.86	TiCl <sub>4</sub> /6.02	S11
Mesoporous SnO <sub>2</sub> agglomerates	Molten salt method	200-600 nm	8 $\mu$ m	3.05	TiCl <sub>4</sub> /6.23	S12
SnO <sub>2</sub> octahedra	Sonochemical	0.5-1.8 $\mu$ m	13.2 $\mu$ m	–	TiCl <sub>4</sub> /6.8	S13
Mg-doped SnO <sub>2</sub> nanoparticles	Hydrothermal	100 nm	–	2.03	TiCl <sub>4</sub> /4.15	S14
Zn-doped SnO <sub>2</sub> nanoflowers	Hydrothermal	1 $\mu$ m	10 $\mu$ m	3.00	TiCl <sub>4</sub> /6.78	S15
Al-doped SnO <sub>2</sub> nanocrystals	Hydrothermal	11.6-15.9 nm	8 $\mu$ m	3.56	TiCl <sub>4</sub> /6.91	S16
Zn-doped SnO <sub>2</sub> nanocrystals	Hydrothermal	15 nm	8.5 $\mu$ m 8.5+5 $\mu$ m	4.18 –	TiCl <sub>4</sub> /7.70 TiCl <sub>4</sub> /8.23 (with a scattering layer)	Our work



**Fig. S4** Pots of lifetime of photojected electrons in the DSCs based on undoped and Zn-doped  $\text{SnO}_2$  photoanodes with  $\text{TiCl}_4$  treatment as a function of charge.



**Fig. S5** FESEM image of  $\text{SnO}_2$  spheres.

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