

## Supporting Information

### Designed Synthesis of Hollow $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4$ Nanoparticles Encapsulated in Thin Carbon Nanosheet Array for High and Reversible Lithium Storage

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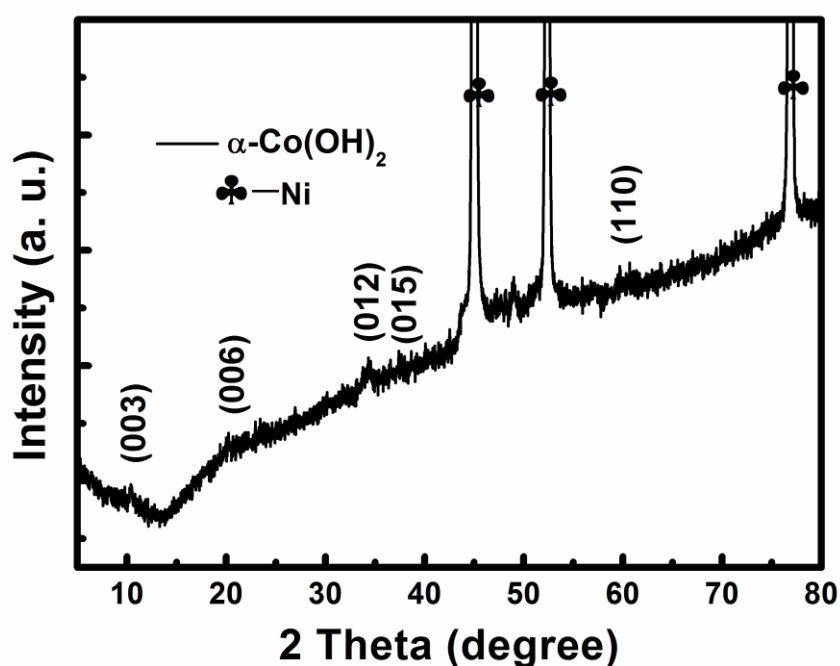
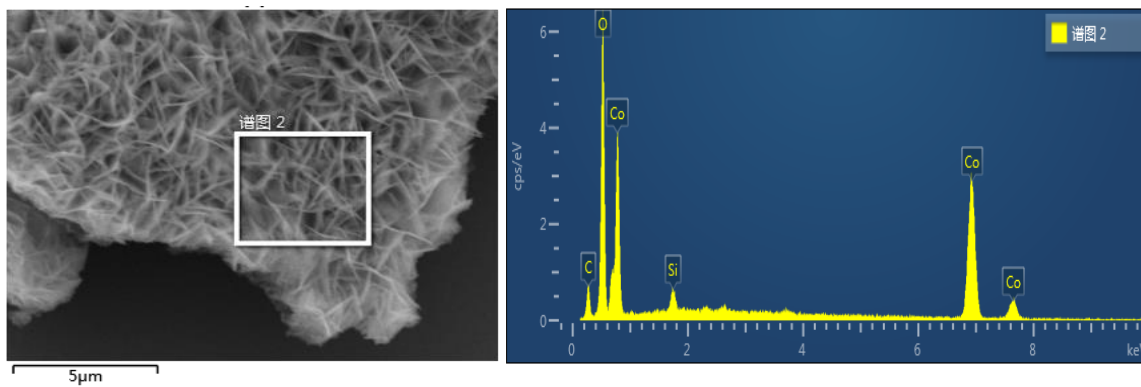
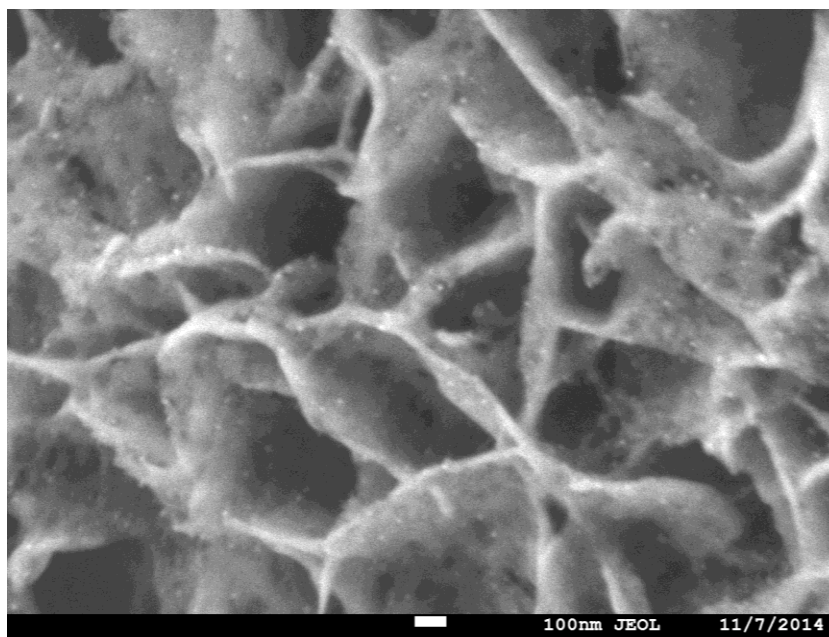


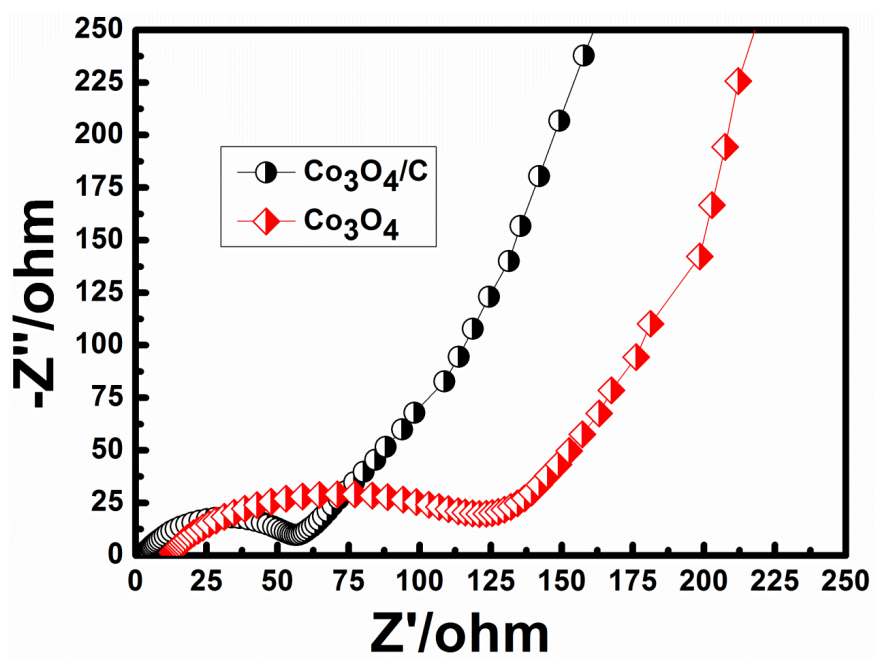
Figure S1. XRD pattern of the  $\text{Co(OH)}_2/\text{Ni}$  foam.



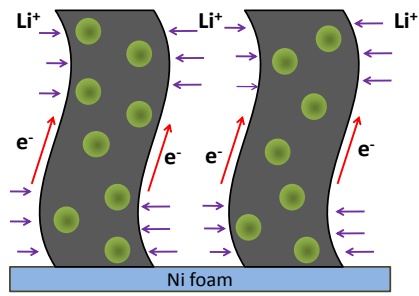
**Figure S2.** EDS result of the  $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4$ /carbon nanosheet array.



**Figure S3.** SEM image of the  $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4$ /carbon nanosheet array after 100 charge-discharge cycles at 500 mAh/g.



**Figure S4.** Electrochemical impedance spectra of the  $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4/\text{carbon}$  nanosheet arrays and bare  $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4$  NPs after 1<sup>st</sup> cycle.



**Figure S5.** The mechanism illustrative image is presented to show the possible reason of the high Li storage performance for the  $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4/\text{carbon}$  nanosheet array on Ni foam.

**Table S1.** The comparisons of the electrochemical performance of Co<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>/carbon nanosheets array with the reported results.

Active nanomaterials	Current density (mA g <sup>-1</sup> )	Cycle number	Specific capacity (mAh g <sup>-1</sup> )	References
Cobalt oxide/graphene composites	74	20	800	[1]
Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> -carbon nanotube	200	60	815	[2]
Foam-like freestanding Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> nanosheets	150	50	631	[3]
Mesoporous CoNiO <sub>2</sub> nanosheets	100	50	450	[4]
Mesoporous Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> nanobelt array	177	25	789	[5]
Self-stacked Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> nanosheets	178	50	1010	[6]
Lemongrass-like Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	450	100	981	[7]
Chrysanthemum-like Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> architectures	50	20	400	[8]
Porous Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> nanoplates	200	50	750	[9]
Hollow Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> /carbon nanosheets array	100	100	1052	This work

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