# Merging Photoredox Catalysis with Lewis Acid Catalysis: Activation of Carbon-Carbon Triple Bond

Ruiwen Jin, Yiyong Chen, Wangsheng Liu, Dawen Xu, Yawei Li, Aishun Ding, Hao Guo\*

Department of Chemistry, Fudan University, 220 Handan Road, Shanghai, 200433, P. R. China. Tel: +86-21-55664361, Fax: +86-21-55664361, E-mail:

Hao\_Guo@fudan.edu.cn

# **Electronic Supplymentary Information**

Table S1	S2
Scheme S1	S4
Experimental Section	S5
NMR Spectra	S24
References	S49

			visible light Eosin Y catalyst solvent, rt		
	1a	OMe		6a	
Entry	Solvent	Eosin Y (mol%)	Cat. (mol%)	Time (h)	NMR yield (%) <sup>b</sup>
1	acetone	100	Cu(OTf) <sub>2</sub> (100)	9	NR (>99) <sup>c</sup>
2	methanol	100	Cu(OTf) <sub>2</sub> (100)	9	NR (99) <sup>c</sup>
3	DMF	100	Cu(OTf) <sub>2</sub> (100)	9	NR (>99) <sup>c</sup>
4	acetonitrile	100	Cu(OTf) <sub>2</sub> (100)	10	93
5	DCM	100	Cu(OTf) <sub>2</sub> (100)	9	>99
6	DCM	20	Cu(OTf) <sub>2</sub> (100)	6	>99
7	DCM	3	Cu(OTf) <sub>2</sub> (100)	6	>99
8	DCM	0	Cu(OTf) <sub>2</sub> (100)	6	5 (91) <sup>c</sup>
9	DCM	3	Cu(OTf) <sub>2</sub> (20)	6	>99
10	DCM	3	$Cu(OTf)_2(5)$	11	>99 (96) <sup>d</sup>
11	DCM	3	CuOTf(5)	11	NR (>99) <sup>c</sup>
12	DCM	3	$Cu(OAc)_2(5)$	11	NR (98) <sup>c</sup>
13	DCM	3	$CuF_2(5)$	11	NR (>99) <sup>c</sup>
14	DCM	3	$Fe(OTf)_2(5)$	11	NR (>99) <sup>c</sup>
15	DCM	3	$Zn(OTf)_2(5)$	11	NR (96) <sup>c</sup>
16	DCM	3	$ZnBr_2(5)$	11	NR (>99) <sup>c</sup>
17	DCM	3	$Cu(OTf)_2(0)$	6	NR (99) <sup>c</sup>
18	DCM	0	$Cu(OTf)_2(5)$	6	NR (>99) <sup>c</sup>
19 <sup>e</sup>	DCM	3	$Cu(OTf)_2(5)$	24	NR (96) <sup>c</sup>
$20^{f}$	DCM	0	Cu(OTf) <sub>2</sub> (3)	0.5	97 (96) <sup>d</sup>
21 <sup><i>f</i></sup>	DCM	0	Cu(OTf) <sub>2</sub> (0)	0.5	NR (>99) <sup>c</sup>

Table S1. Optimization of reaction conditions.<sup>a</sup>

$22^g$	DCM	3	$Cu(OTf)_2(5)$	4	>99
23 <sup>g</sup>	DCM	0	$Cu(OTf)_2(5)$	4	NR (>99) <sup>c</sup>

<sup>*a*</sup> All reactions were carried out using **1a** (0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub>, and Eosin Y in anhydrous solvent (5 mL) in a thin glass tube irradiated by a 23 W household lamp at rt under argon atmosphere. <sup>*b*</sup> Yield determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz) analysis employing CH<sub>2</sub>Br<sub>2</sub> (0.2 mmol) as internal standard. <sup>*c*</sup> Recovered yield of **1a**. <sup>*d*</sup> Isolated yield of **6a**. <sup>*e*</sup> Reaction was performed without light. <sup>*f*</sup> The reaction was irradiated by 254 nm UV light. <sup>*g*</sup> The reaction was irradiated by Green LED lamp.



Scheme S1. Cyclization of 1a in the presence of HOAc.

#### **Experimental Section**

#### **General information**

<sup>1</sup>H (400 MHz), <sup>13</sup>C (100 MHz), and <sup>19</sup>F (376 MHz) NMR spectra of samples in CDCl<sub>3</sub> were recorded on an AVANCE III 400 spectrometer. IR spectra were recorded on an Avatar 360 FT-IR spectrometer. HRMS (EI, 70 eV) determinations were carried out on a Water GCT CA176 spectrometer. HRMS (ESI) determinations were carried out on a Bruker Daltonics APEXIII<sup>TM</sup> ESI-FTICRMS spectrometer. Melting points were determined on a WRS-2 apparatus. X-ray crystal was carried out on a Bruker SMART CCD. Anhydrous DCM and MeCN were distilled with CaH<sub>2</sub>. **1a**,<sup>1</sup>**1b**,<sup>1</sup>**1d**,<sup>1</sup>**1e**,<sup>1</sup>**1f**,<sup>1</sup>**1g**,<sup>1</sup>**1i**,<sup>1</sup>**1j**,<sup>1</sup>**1k**,<sup>1</sup>**11**,<sup>1</sup>**1n**,<sup>1</sup>**10**,<sup>2</sup>**1r**,<sup>1</sup>**1s**,<sup>2</sup>**1t**,<sup>1</sup>**1u**,<sup>2</sup>**1v**,<sup>2</sup>**1w**,<sup>2</sup>**1x**,<sup>1</sup> and **1y**<sup>1</sup> were synthesized according to literature procedures.

#### Typical Procedure I for the synthesis of arene-alkynes.

Synthesis of 2-((4-acetoxylphenyl)ethynyl)-1,1'-biphenyl (1c)



1-Acetoxyl-4-iodobenzene (2.613 g, 10.0 mmol), 2-ethynyl-1,1'-biphenyl (1.881 g, 10.6 mmol), Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (1.215 g, 0.98 mmol), CuI (191 mg, 1.00 mmol), and Et<sub>3</sub>N (125 mL) were added subsequently into a 250 mL of dry three-necked flask. The resulting mixture was refluxed. The reaction was completed after 16 hours as monitored by TLC (eluent: petroleum ether). Then it was cooled to room temperature. The solvent was removed and the residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether) to afford **1c** as a liquid (1.082 g, 35%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.67-7.59 (m, 3 H), 7.47-7.28 (m, 8 H), 7.03-6.97 (m, 2 H), 2.26 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  169.0, 150.3, 143.9, 140.5, 132.7, 132.4, 129.4, 129.3, 128.5, 127.8, 127.4, 127.0, 121.6, 121.4, 121.1, 91.4, 89.4, 21.0; IR (neat) 1772, 1760, 1738, 1692, 1604, 1482, 1452, 1430, 1366 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI, 70

eV) calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O<sub>2</sub> 312.1150, found 312.1146.

The following compound was prepared according to Typical Procedure I.

1) 4-Methyl-2-(phenylethynyl)-1,1'-biphenyl (1h)



The reaction of 2-bromo-4-methyl-1,1'-biphenyl (5.603 g, 22.9 mmol), phenylacetylene (3 mL, 27.3 mmol), Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (1.319 g, 1.14 mmol), CuI (217 mg, 1.14 mmol), and Et<sub>3</sub>N (150 mL) afforded **1h** as a liquid (3.126 g, 51%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.64 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.51-7.20 (m, 10 H), 7.19-7.11 (m, 1 H), 2.35 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  141.1, 140.5, 136.7, 133.3, 131.3, 129.5, 129.3, 128.2, 128.0, 127.8, 127.2, 123.5, 121.2, 91.8, 89.6, 20.8; IR (neat) 1598, 1509, 1489, 1478, 1439 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI, 70 eV) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>16</sub> 268.1252, found 268.1250.

# Typical Procedure II for the synthesis of arene-alkynes.

Synthesis of 2',5-dimethyl-2-(phenylethynyl)-1,1'-biphenyl (1p)



2-Bromo-4-methyl-1-(phenylethynyl)benzene (2.716 g, 10.1 mmol), *o*-tolylboronic acid (1.401 g, 10.3 mmol), Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (882 mg, 0.74 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (8.311 g, 60.1 mmol), EtOH (50 mL), H<sub>2</sub>O (50 mL), and PhMe (200 mL) were added subsequently into a 500 mL of dry three-necked flask. The resulting mixture was refluxed. The reaction was completed after 11.5 hours as monitored by TLC (eluent: petroleum

ether). Then it was cooled to room temperature. The solvent was removed and the residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether) to afford **1p** as a liquid (2.176 g, 77%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.49 (d, *J* = 7.6, 1 H), 7.32-7.15 (m, 7 H), 7.14-7.01 (m, 4 H), 2.38 (s, 3 H), 2.21 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  144.6, 140.9, 138.2, 136.3, 131.5, 131.2, 130.2, 129.8, 129.6, 128.1, 127.78, 127.75, 127.4, 125.2, 123.5, 119.9, 91.5, 89.1, 21.5, 20.0; IR (neat) 1595, 1571, 1500, 1488, 1439 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI, 70 eV) calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>18</sub> 282.1409, found 282.1407.

#### The following compounds were prepared according to Typical Procedure II.

1) 4',5-Dimethyl-2-(phenylethynyl)-1,1'-biphenyl (1q)



The reaction of 2-bromo-4-methyl-1-(phenylethynyl)benzene (2.713 g, 10.0 mmol), *p*-tolylboronic acid (1.370 g, 10.1 mmol), Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (892 mg, 0.77 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (8.312 g, 60.1 mmol), EtOH (50 mL), H<sub>2</sub>O (50 mL), and PhMe (200 mL) afforded  $1q^3$ as a liquid (2.048 g, 73%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.59-7.46 (m, 3 H), 7.39-7.19 (m, 8 H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 8.0, 1 H), 2.42 (s, 3 H), 2.40 (s, 3 H).





The reaction of 2-bromo-4-methyl-1-(p-tolylethynyl)benzene (4.270 g, 15.0 mmol), (4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)boronic acid (2.900 g, 15.3 mmol), Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (877 mg, 0.76 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (12.536 g, 90.7 mmol), EtOH (20 mL), H<sub>2</sub>O (20 mL), and PhMe s7

(75 mL) afforded **1aa** as a solid (4.046 g, 77%); mp 111.9-112.7 °C (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.75 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2 H), 7.68 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.24-7.14 (m, 4 H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2 H), 2.41 (s, 3 H), 2.32 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  144.3, 142.1, 138.6, 138.3, 132.8, 131.1, 130.1, 129.7, 129.1, 128.6, 124.8, 124.7, 120.2, 118.9, 92.3, 88.2, 21.4; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -62.3; IR (neat) 1613, 1558, 1513, 1482 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI, 70 eV) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>17</sub>F<sub>3</sub> 350.1282, found: 350.1275.

Synthesis of 5-methyl-4'-acetyl-2-((4-methylphenyl)ethynyl)-1,1'-biphenyl (1z)



2-Bromo-4-methyl-1-(*p*-tolylethynyl)benzene (853 3.0 mmol). mg, (4-acetylphenyl)boronic acid (492 mg, 3 mmol), Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (243 mg, 0.21 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (954 mg, 9 mmol), H<sub>2</sub>O (15 mL), and dioxane (50 mL) were added subsequently into a 100 mL of dry three-necked flask. The resulting mixture was refluxed. The reaction was completed after 8.5 hours as monitored by TLC (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 30:1). Then it was cooled to room temperature, and extracted with ethyl acetate (20 mL x 3). The combined organic layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. After filtration and concentration, the residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 50:1) to afford 1z as a solid (894 mg, 92%); mp 99.6-100.2 °C (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3)  $\delta$  8.04 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.77 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.55 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.25-7.15 (m, 4 H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2 H), 2.66 (s, 3 H), 2.43 (s, 3 H), 2.34 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  198.0, 145.6, 142.2, 138.6, 138.3, 135.8, 132.9, 131.1, 130.1, 129.5, 129.0, 128.6, 127.9, 120.2, 118.8, 92.2, 88.2, 26.7, 21.4; IR (neat) 1683, 1604, 1558, 1513, 1482, 1446, 1412 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI) S8

calcd for  $C_{24}H_{21}O(M + H^+)$  325.1587, found 325.1599.

#### **Typical Procedure III for the photoreaction.**

Synthesis of 9-(4-methoxyphenyl)phenanthrene (6a)



**1a** (57 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) were added subsequently into a 25 mL of dry pyrex sealed tube. The reaction mixture was degassed with three freeze-pump-thaw cycles. Then, the reaction mixture was irradiated by a 23 W household lamp at rt under argon atmosphere. The photoreaction was completed after 72 h as monitored by TLC (eluent: petroleum ether). The solvent was removed and the residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether) to afford **6a**<sup>2</sup> as a liquid (58 mg, 100%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.82 (d, *J* = 8.4, 1 H), 8.77 (d, *J* = 8.4, 1 H), 8.04 (d, *J* = 8.4, 1 H), 7.94 (d, *J* = 8.0, 1 H), 7.78-7.48 (m, 7 H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 8.8, 2 H), 3.94 (s, 3 H).

Crystal data for **6a**: C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O, MW = 284.34, Monoclinic, space group P 21/c, a51119b, final R indices [I>2sigma(I)], R1 = 0.0476, wR2 = 0.0826, a = 13.33(5) Å, b = 15.13(5) Å, c = 7.59(3) Å,  $\alpha = 90^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta = 100.77(5)^{\circ}$ ,  $\gamma = 90^{\circ}$ , V = 1503(9) Å<sup>3</sup>, T = 296(2) K, Z = 4, reflections collected / unique: 5793, [R(int) = 0.0977], parameters 200. Supplementary crystallographic data have been deposited at the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Center. CCDC: 1442356.



The following compounds were prepared according to Typical Procedure III.

1) 9-(4-Ethoxyphenyl)phenanthrene (6b)



The reaction of **1b** (62 mg, 0.21 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) afforded **6b**<sup>2</sup> as a solid (63 mg, 100%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.77 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 8.72 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.95 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.88 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.73-7.40 (m, 7 H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.14 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.49 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H).

# 2) 9-(4-Acetoxylphenyl)-phenanthrene (6c)



The reaction of **1c** (62 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) afforded **6c** as a liquid (56 mg, 90%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3)  $\delta$  8.78 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 8.73 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.91 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.71-7.49 (m, 7 H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 2.37 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  169.5, 150.1, 138.4, 137.8, 131.5, 131.1, 130.6, 130.0, 128.7, 127.7, 126.9, 126.8, 126.7, 126.6, 126.5, 122.9, 122.5, 121.4, 21.2; IR (neat) 1766, 1601, 1528, 1503, 1488, 1452, 1427 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M + H<sup>+</sup>) 313.1223, found 313.1222.

3) 9-(p-Tolyl)phenanthrene (6d)



The reaction of **1d** (54 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) afforded **6d**<sup>2</sup> as a solid (54 mg, 100%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.75 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 8.70 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.93 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.86 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.69-7.38 (m, 7 H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.46 (s, 3 H).

# 4) 9-(4-Ethylphenyl)phenanthrene (6e)



The reaction of **1e** (57 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) afforded **6e** as a solid (58 mg, 100%); mp 83.6-85.5 °C (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.77 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 8.72 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.96 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.89 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.72-7.43 (m, 7 H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.78 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 1.35 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  143.4, 138.8, 138.0, 131.6, 131.2, 130.6, 130.0, 129.9, 128.6, 127.8, 127.4, 127.0, 126.8, 126.44, 126.41, 126.36, 122.8, 122.5, 28.7, 15.6; IR (neat) 1525, 1507, 1488, 1449, 1430, 1418, 1409 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI, 70 eV) calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>18</sub> 282.1409, found 282.1412.

#### 5) 9-Phenylphenanthrene (6f)



The reaction of **1f** (51 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) afforded **6f**<sup>2</sup> as a solid (50 mg, 98%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.78 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 8.73 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.95-7.85 (m, 2 H), 7.73-7.41 (m, 10 H).

# 6) 2-Methyl-9-phenylphenanthrene (6h)



The reaction of **1h** (54 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) afforded **6h** as a liquid (54 mg, 100%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.73 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 8.61 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.89 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.70-7.59 (m, 3 H), 7.58-7.41 (m, 7 H), 2.57 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  140.9, 138.7, 136.6, 131.7, 130.8, 130.6, 130.1, 128.4, 128.3, 128.2, 127.8, 127.3, 126.9, 126.4, 126.0, 122.7, 122.4, 21.5; IR (neat) 1622, 1595, 1525, 1485, 1449, 1427 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI, 70 eV) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>16</sub> 268.1252, found 268.1250.

7) 4-Methyl-10-phenylphenanthrene (6k)



The reaction of **1k** (54 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) afforded **6k**<sup>2</sup> as a liquid (54 mg, 100%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.89 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.69-7.35 (m, 10 H), 3.18 (s, 3 H).

# 8) 9-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-3-methylphenanthrene (6m)



The reaction of **1m** (60 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) afforded **6m**<sup>4</sup> as a solid (60 mg, 100%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.72 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 8.47 (s, 1 H), 7.91 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.73 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.63-7.51 (m, 2 H), 7.50-7.34 (m, 4 H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 3.85 (s, 3 H), 2.60 (s, 3 H).

# 9) 10-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-4-methylphenanthrene (6n)



The reaction of **1n** (60 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) afforded **6n**<sup>2</sup> as a solid (59 mg, 98%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.89 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.81 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.69-7.55 (m, 3 H), 7.54-7.48 (m, 1 H), 7.46-7.38 (m, 3 H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 3.91 (s, 3 H), 3.19 (s, 3 H).

#### 10) 3,5-Dimethyl-9-phenylphenanthrene (6p)



The reaction of **1p** (57 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) afforded **6p** as a liquid (57 mg, 100%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.68 (s, 1 H), 7.79 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.60 (s, 1 H), 7.55-7.35 (m, 8 H), 3.18 (s, 3 H), 2.63 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  141.6, 138.3, 135.6, 135.0, 133.0, 131.2, 130.9, 130.8, 130.4, 130.1, 128.5, 128.2, 127.73, 127.68, 127.5, 127.1, 125.50, 125.48, 27.6, 22.5; IR (neat) 1610, 1598, 1577, 1519, 1503, 1488, 1439 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI, 70 eV) calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>18</sub> 282.1409, found 282.1403.

11) 2,6-Dimethyl-10-phenylphenanthrene (6q)



The reaction of **1q** (57 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) afforded **6q**<sup>5</sup> as a liquid (56 mg, 98%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.64 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 8.46 (s, 1 H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.66 (s, 1 H), 7.60 (s, 1 H), 7.59-7.34 (m, 7 H), 2.62 (s, 3 H), 2.46 (s, 3 H).

#### 12) 10-(4-Ethylphenyl)-2,6-dimethylphenanthrene (6r)



The reaction of **1r** (65 mg, 0.21 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) afforded **6r**<sup>2</sup> as a solid (65 mg, 100%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.68 (s, 1 H), 7.79 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.59 (s, 1 H), 7.52-7.36 (m, 5 H), 7.03 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 3.90 (s, 3 H), 3.18 (s, 3 H), 2.63 (s, 3 H).

# 13) 10-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-2,6-dimethylphenanthrene (6s)



The reaction of **1s** (63 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) afforded **6s**<sup>2</sup> as a solid (63 mg, 100%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.63 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 8.45 (s, 1 H), 7.74 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.68 (s, 1 H), 7.58 (s, 1 H), 7.53-7.34 (m, 4 H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 3.90 (s, 3 H), 2.62 (s, 3 H), 2.46 (s, 3 H).

# 14) 3,5-Dimethyl-9-(p-tolyl)phenanthrene (6x)



The reaction of **1x** (59 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) afforded **6x** as a liquid (59 mg, 100%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.68 (s, 1 H), 7.79 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2 H), 7.59 (s, 1 H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.45-7.32 (m, 4 H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 3.18 (s, 3 H), 2.63 (s, 3 H), 2.46 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  138.7, 138.3, 136.8, 135.5, 134.9, 133.2, 131.2, 130.8, 130.4, 130.0, 129.2, 128.9, 128.5, 127.7, 127.5, 125.6, 125.4, 27.6, 22.5, 21.3; IR (neat) 1614, 1594, 1509, 1497, 1462, 1441 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI, 70 eV) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>20</sub> 296.1565, found 296.1560.

15) 2,6-Dimethyl-10-(*p*-tolyl)phenanthrene (6y)



The reaction of **1y** (59 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) afforded **6y** as a liquid (59 mg, 100%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.64 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 8.45 (s, 1 H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.69 (s, 1 H), 7.59 (s, 1 H), 7.50-7.35 (m, 4 H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.62 (s, 3 H), 2.48 (s, 3 H), 2.46 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  138.2, 137.5, 136.8, 136.1, 136.0, 131.4, 130.0, 129.9, 129.2, 129.0, 128.4, 128.1, 127.9, 127.4, 126.4, 122.8, 122.0, 22.2, 21.7, 21.3; IR (neat) 1619, 1598, 1558, 1522, 1507, 1494, 1439 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI, 70 eV) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>20</sub> 296.1565, found 296.1568.

Typical Procedure IV for the photoreaction.

#### Synthesis of 9-(4-chlorophenyl)phenanthrene (6g)



**1g** (58 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) were added subsequently into a 25 mL of dry pyrex sealed tube. The reaction mixture was degassed with three freeze-pump-thaw cycles. Then, the reaction mixture was irradiated by a 23 W household lamp at 60 °C under argon atmosphere. The photoreaction was completed after 72 h as monitored by TLC (eluent: petroleum ether). The solvent was removed and the residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether) to afford **6g**<sup>5</sup> as a solid (59 mg, 100%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.78 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 8.72 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.89 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.75-7.58 (m, 4 H), 7.56-7.43 (m, 5 H).

#### The following compound was prepared according to Typical Procedure IV.

#### 1) 2-Chloro-9-phenylphenanthrene (6i)



The reaction of **1i** (58 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) afforded **6i** as a liquid (58 mg, 100%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.69 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 8.62 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.85 (s, 1 H), 7.67 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.63-7.42 (m, 8 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  140.3, 140.1, 132.6, 131.0, 130.2, 129.9, 128.4, 128.3, 127.6,

127.5, 127.1, 127.0, 126.9, 126.8, 126.4, 124.2, 122.8; IR (neat) 1607, 1567, 1519, 1482, 1449, 1430, 1406 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI, 70 eV) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>13</sub>Cl 288.0706, found 288.0701.



2) 2-Bromo-10-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6-methylphenanthrene (6t)

The reaction of **1t** (78 mg, 0.21 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous DCM (5 mL) afforded **6t**<sup>2</sup> as a solid (78 mg, 100%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.59 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1 H), 8.42 (s, 1 H), 8.04 (s, 1 H), 7.76 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.63 (s, 1 H), 7.50-7.38 (m, 3 H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 3.91 (s, 3 H), 2.63 (s, 3 H).

### **Typical Procedure V for the photoreaction.**

Synthesis of 2-methoxycarbonyl-9-phenyl-phenanthrene (6j)



**1j** (63 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous MeCN (5 mL) were added subsequently into a 25 mL of dry pyrex sealed tube. The reaction mixture was degassed with three freeze-pump-thaw cycles. Then, the reaction mixture was irradiated by a 23 W household lamp at 90 °C under argon atmosphere. The photoreaction was completed after 72 h as monitored by TLC (eluent: petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 50:1). The solvent was removed and the residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum S19 ether:ethyl acetate = 50:1) to afford **6j** as a liquid (52 mg, 83%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.76 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 8.72 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 8.59 (s, 1 H), 8.24 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.76-7.63 (m, 2 H), 7.62-7.41 (m, 6 H), 3.99 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  167.1, 140.3, 139.6, 132.9, 132.0, 130.9, 130.0, 129.9, 128.4, 128.1, 127.62, 127.55, 127.1, 126.8, 126.4, 123.5, 122.8, 52.2; IR (neat) 1723, 1619, 1592, 1571, 1522, 1479, 1433, 1412 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M + H<sup>+</sup>) 313.1223, found 313.1222.

The following compound was prepared according to Typical Procedure V.

# 1) 10-Phenyl-2-acetylphenanthrene (6l)



The reaction of **11** (59 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous MeCN (5 mL) afforded **61** as a liquid (53 mg, 90%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.83 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 8.74 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 8.55 (s, 1 H), 8.23 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.93 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.79-7.63 (m, 3 H), 7.58-7.44 (m, 5 H), 2.59 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  198.1, 140.0, 139.2, 134.8, 133.8, 132.5, 130.6, 130.0, 129.3, 128.8, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 128.0, 127.8, 127.0, 124.9, 123.4, 123.2, 26.6; IR (neat) 1680, 1598, 1571, 1525, 1494, 1446, 1409; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O (M + H<sup>+</sup>) 297.1274, found 297.1276.

2) 10-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-2-acetylphenanthrene (60)



The reaction of 10 (65 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg,

0.006 mmol), and anhydrous MeCN (5 mL) afforded **60**<sup>2</sup> as a solid (61 mg, 94%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.81 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 8.73 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 8.58 (s, 1 H), 8.22 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.91 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.77-7.61 (m, 3 H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 3.93 (s, 3 H), 2.61 (s, 3 H).

3) 10-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-6-methyl-2-methoxycarbonylphenanthrene (6u)



The reaction of **1u** (71 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous MeCN (5 mL) afforded **6u**<sup>2</sup> as a solid (65 mg, 92%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.79 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 8.66 (s, 1 H), 8.51 (s, 1 H), 8.24 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.79 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.68 (s, 1 H), 7.52-7.43 (m, 3 H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2 H), 3.92 (s, 6 H), 2.65 (s, 3 H).

4) 10-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-6-methyl-2-nitrophenanthrene (6v)



The reaction of **1v** (69 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous MeCN (5 mL) afforded **6v**<sup>2</sup> as a solid (64 mg, 93%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.90-8.82 (m, 2 H), 8.51 (s, 1 H), 8.41 (dd, *J* = 9.2, 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.84 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.77 (s, 1 H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 3.94 (s, 3 H), 2.67 (s, 3 H).

# 5) 10-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-6-methyl-2-cyanophenanthrene (6w)



The reaction of **1w** (65 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous MeCN (5 mL) afforded **6w**<sup>2</sup> as a solid (62 mg, 95%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.81 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 8.48 (s, 1 H), 8.27 (s, 1 H), 7.88-7.75 (m, 2 H), 7.73 (s, 1 H), 7.54 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.42 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.08 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 3.93 (s, 3 H), 2.66 (s, 3 H).





The reaction of **1z** (65 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous MeCN (5 mL) afforded **6z** as a solid (62 mg, 95%); mp 133.6-134.5 °C (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.80 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 8.56 (s, 1 H), 8.51 (s, 1 H), 8.19 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.80 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.70 (s, 1 H), 7.50 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2 H), 7.35 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.65 (s, 3 H), 2.60 (s, 3 H), 2.49 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  198.2, 138.2, 137.3, 137.2, 136.7, 134.7, 133.5, 130.8, 130.6, 129.9, 129.8, 129.3, 129.2, 128.6, 128.4, 128.2, 124.6, 123.3, 122.9, 26.7, 22.2, 21.3; IR (neat) 1680, 1607, 1592, 1571, 1522, 1503, 1494, 1446, 1421; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>21</sub>O (M + H<sup>+</sup>) 325.1587, found 325.1593.

# 7) 10-(4-Methylphenyl)-6-methyl-2-trifluoromethylphenanthrene (6aa)



The reaction of **1aa** (70 mg, 0.20 mmol), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (4 mg, 0.01 mmol), Eosin Y (4 mg, 0.006 mmol), and anhydrous MeCN (5 mL) afforded **6aa** as a solid (68 mg, 97%); mp 100.6-101.3 °C (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.83 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 8.49 (s, 1 H), 8.23 (s, 1 H), 7.84-7.76 (m, 2 H), 7.71 (s, 1 H), 7.49 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.41 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2 H), 2.64 (s, 3 H), 2.48 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  137.7, 137.4, 137.0, 136.8, 132.4, 130.8, 130.2, 129.8, 129.6, 129.3, 129.2, 128.6, 128.2, 127.9, 124.2 (q, J = 4.2 Hz), 123.7, 122.6, 122.0 (q, J = 3.3 Hz), 22.2, 21.3; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -61.8; IR (neat) 1625, 1607, 1558, 1503, 1497, 1458, 1452, 1436, 1418; HRMS (EI, 70 eV) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>17</sub>F<sub>3</sub> 350.1282, found 350.1280.























S33



































20 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 Tl Gpm)







30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 160 -170 -180 -190 -20 11 (ppm)

# **References:**

(1) W. Liu, J. Chen, R. Jin, D. Xu, Y. Li, F. Ba, G. Gu, Y. Kuang and H. Guo, *Org. Chem. Front.*, 2016, **3**, 852-855.

- (2) D. Xu, R. Jin, W. Liu, F. Ba, Y. Li, A. Ding and H. Guo, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 2016, 57, 3235-3238.
- (3) S. Watanabe, K. Yamamoto, Y. Itagaki, T. Iwamura and T. Kataoka, *Tetrahedron*, 2000, **56**, 855-863.
- (4) M. Hartmann, C. G. Daniliuc and A. Studer, *Chem. Commun.*, 2015, **51**, 3121-3123.
- (5) D. Garc *á*-Cuadrado, P. de Mendoza, A. A. C. Braga, F. Maseras and A. M. Echavarren, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2007, **129**, 6880-6886.