

Supporting Information

Excited-state intramolecular proton transfer and conformational relaxation in 4'-N,N-dimethylamino-3-hydroxyflavone doped in acetonitrile crystals

Kazuki Furukawa,^{a,‡} Norifumi Yamamoto,^b Kazuyuki Hino^c and Hiroshi Sekiya^{a,*}

^a*Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Kyushu University, 744 Motoooka, Nishiku, Fukuoka 813-0395, Japan*

^b*Department of Life and Environmental Sciences, Faculty of Engineering, Chiba Institute of Technology, Tsudanuma 2-17-1, Narashino, Chiba 275-0016, Japan*

^c*Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Education, Aichi University of Education, 1 Hirosawa, Igaya, Kariya, Aichi 448-8542, Japan*

[‡] *Present address: Department of Physics, College of Humanities and Sciences, Nihon University, 3-25-40 Sakurajosui, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo 156-8550, Japan*

Corresponding author: Hiroshi Sekiya, E-mail: sekiya@chem.kyushu-univ.jp

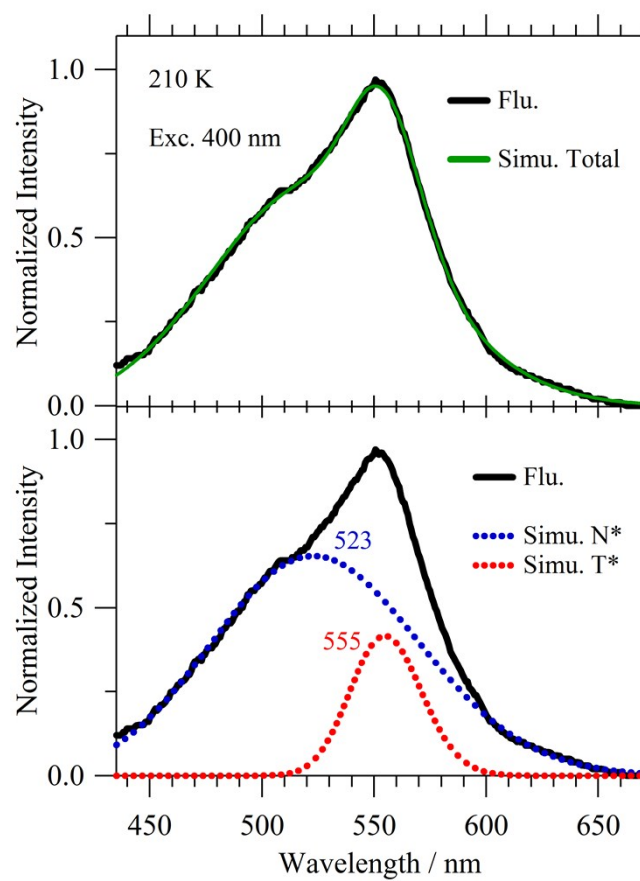


Fig. S1 Uncorrected fluorescence spectrum at 210 K (green solid line in upper panel) and simulated spectrum (green solid line in upper panel) obtained by fitting with two log-normal functions for the N* (blue dotted line) and T* (red dotted line) emission bands. Exc. is excitation, Flu. is fluorescence and Simu. is simulated.

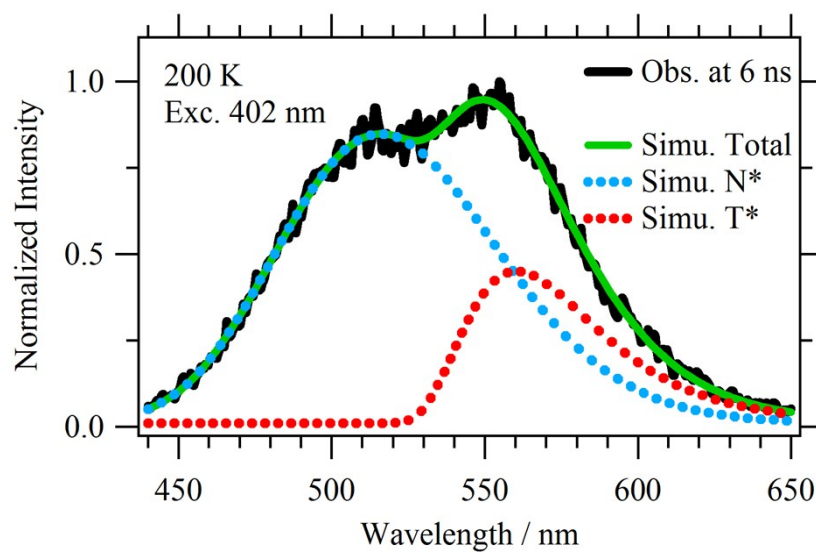


Fig. S2 Uncorrected fluorescence spectrum measured at 200 K (black solid line) and simulated spectrum (green solid line) obtained by fitting with two log-normal functions for the N* (blue dotted line) and T* (red dotted line) emission bands. Exc. is excitation, Obs. is observed, and Simu. is simulated.

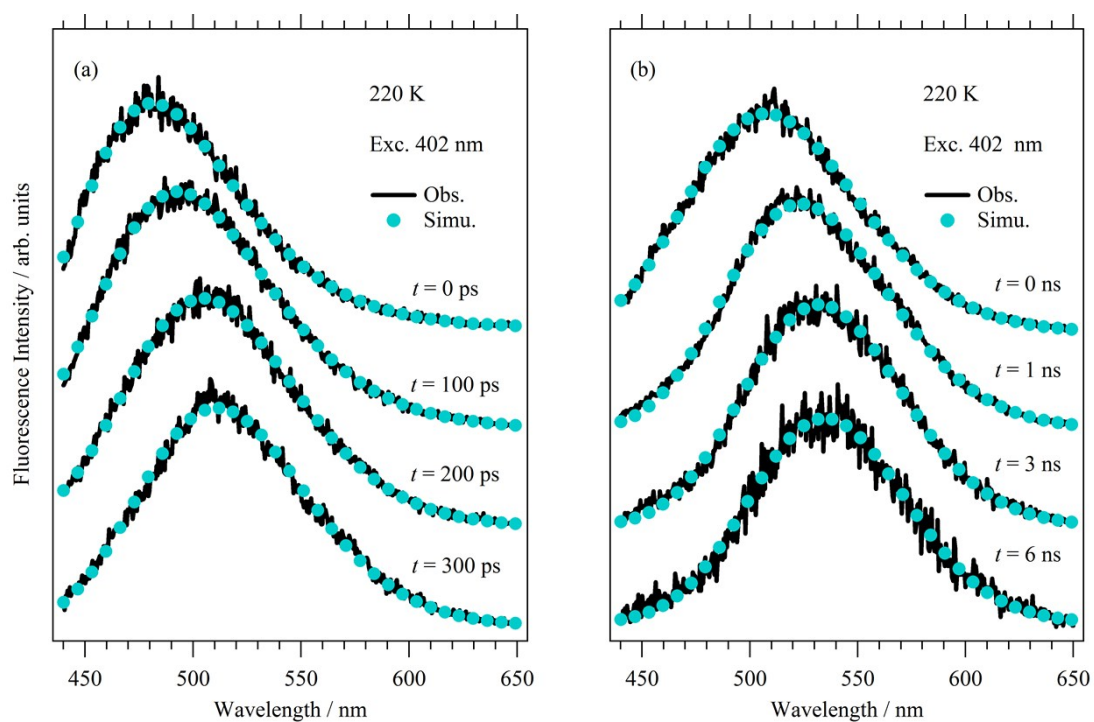


Fig. S3 Uncorrected fluorescence spectra measured at 220 K (black solid line) measured by exciting at 402 nm in the range of 0-300 ps (Fig. S3a) and those in the range of 0-6 ns (Fig. S3b). Simulated spectra (blue dotted lines) were obtained by fitting with a log-normal function for the N* and T* emission bands. Obs. and Simu. indicate observed and simulated, respectively.