Supporting Information

for

Asymmetric reductive amination by a wild-type amine

dehydrogenase from the thermophilic bacteria Petrotoga mobilis

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1. Figure S1



Figure S1. His-tag purification of AmDHs. L: cell free extract, P: pure protein elution fraction

2. Figure S2

LP

Figure S2. Heat treatment purification of AmDH4. L: cell free extract, P: purified enzyme (clarified enzyme solution after heat treatment and centrifugation)

3. Figure S3



Figure S3. UHPLC Chromatogram of the DNFB-derivatized mixture of AmDH4-catalyzed amination of 4-ketopentanoic acid (6) to 4-aminopentanoic acid (9) a) reaction medium b) blank reaction without enzyme AmDH4 (UHPLC conditions A).



4. Figure S4

Figure S4: Conversions obtained with various cofactor recycling system. Reactions conditions: 4-oxopentanoic acid (6) 10 mM, NADH 0.4 mM, NH₄Cl 200 mM, NaHCO₃/Na₂CO₃ buffer 100

mM pH 9.5, AmDH4 0.1 mg/mL, cofactor recycling enzyme 3U/ml, coenzyme substrate 20 mM, 48h.

5. Figure S5



Figure S5. UHPLC Chromatogram obtained from FDAA derivatization of a) synthetized (4S)-4-

aminopentanoic acid (9), b) commercial racemic amine rac-9 (UHPLC conditions B).













9. Figure S9

