

Supporting Information (SI)

Real-time Detection and Imaging of Copper (II) in Cellular Mitochondria

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Fig. S1: ¹H NMR spectrum of L (in DMSO-*d*₆)

Fig. S2: ¹³C NMR spectrum of L (in DMSO-*d*₆)

Fig. S3: FT-IR of L in KBr

Fig. S4: APCI-Mass spectrum of L

Fig. S5: A color change photograph for Cu²⁺ and the other metal ions under visible light.

Fig. S6: A color change photograph for Cu²⁺ and the other metal ions under UV light at 365 nm.

Fig. S7: Fluorescence intensity of 10 μL probe L at 450nm over a wide pH range of 4.0–11.0.

Fig. S8: Job's plot of the complexation between the probe L and Cu²⁺. The total concentration of probe L and Cu²⁺ was 50 μM.

Fig. S9: Benesi-Hildebrand plot of L-Cu²⁺ complexe in mixed solution (water-tetrahydrofuran, 1:1, v/v).

Fig. S10: Fluorescence titration of L-Cu²⁺ in mixed solution (tetrahydrofuran- water, 1:1, v/v) at 450nm.

Fig. S11: Fluorescence spectra of L (10 μM) in the presence of Cu²⁺ (1.0 equiv.) and EDTA

(1.0 equiv.) in mixed solution (water-tetrahydrofuran, 1:1, v/v).

Fig. S12: MTT assay of HepG2 cells treated with probe L at different concentrations for 24 h.

Fig. S13: Photon-bleach experiment showed L photostability over continued laser scanning.

Fig. S14: Confocal fluorescent images: a1-d1 is dark-field, a2-d2 is bright-field, a3-d3 is overlay, and the concentration of probe L from a – d is 1×10^{-5} mol/L, 5×10^{-6} mol/L, 1×10^{-6} mol/L, 1×10^{-7} mol/L.

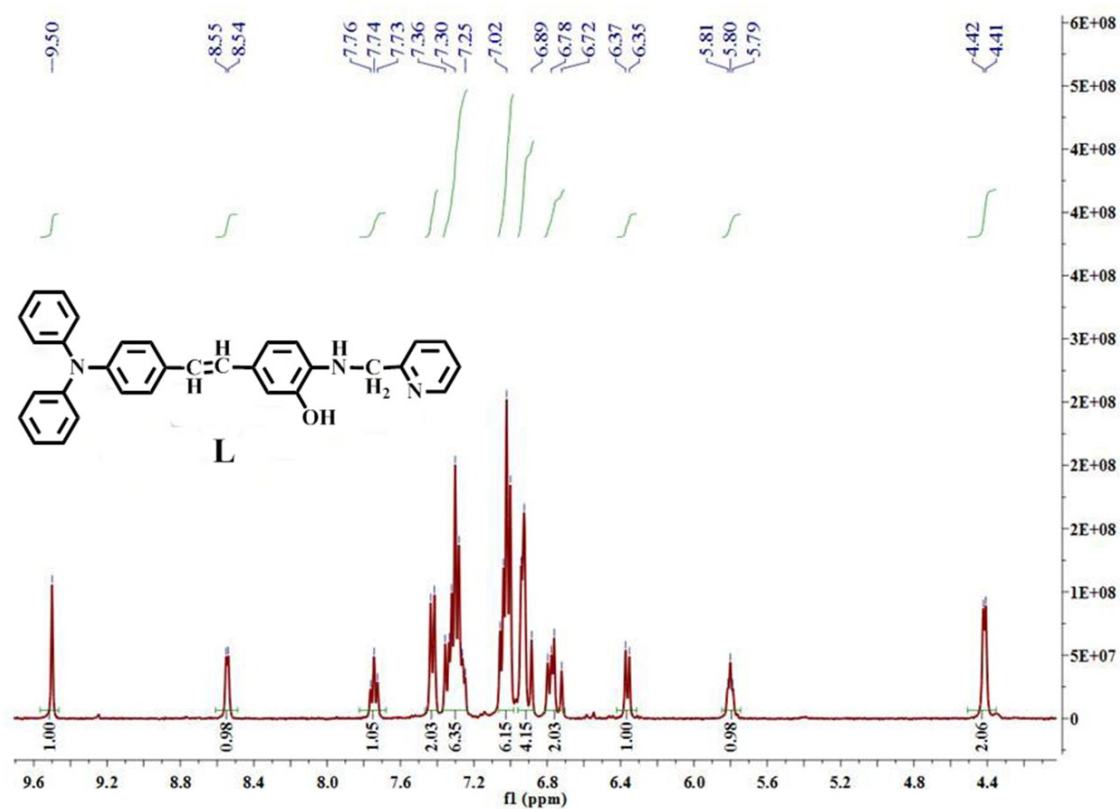


Fig. S1: ^1H NMR spectrum of L (in $\text{DMSO-}d_6$)

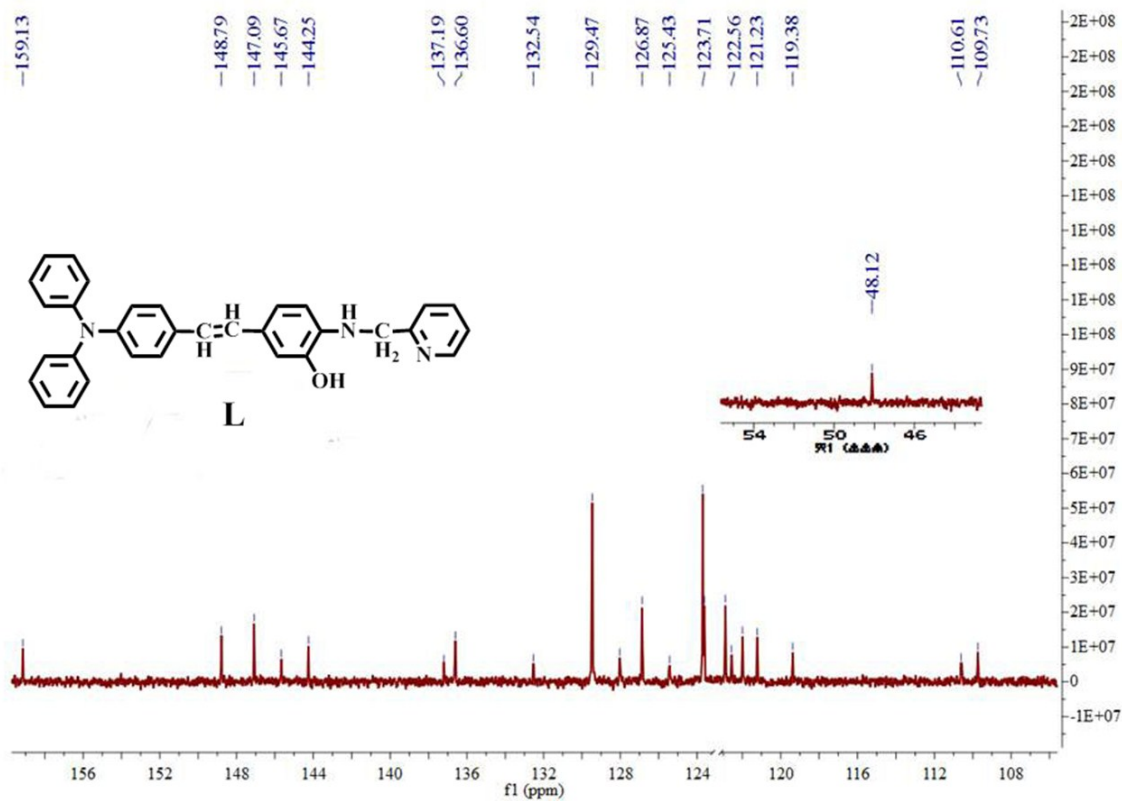


Fig. S2: ^{13}C NMR spectrum of L (in DMSO- d_6)

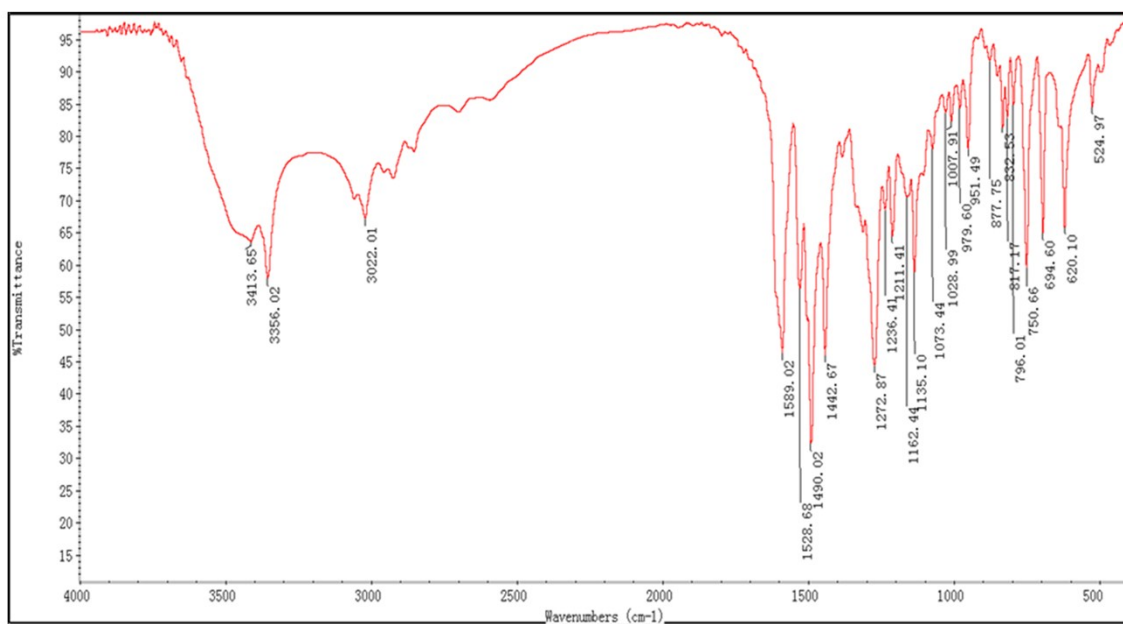


Fig. S3: FT-IR of L in KBr

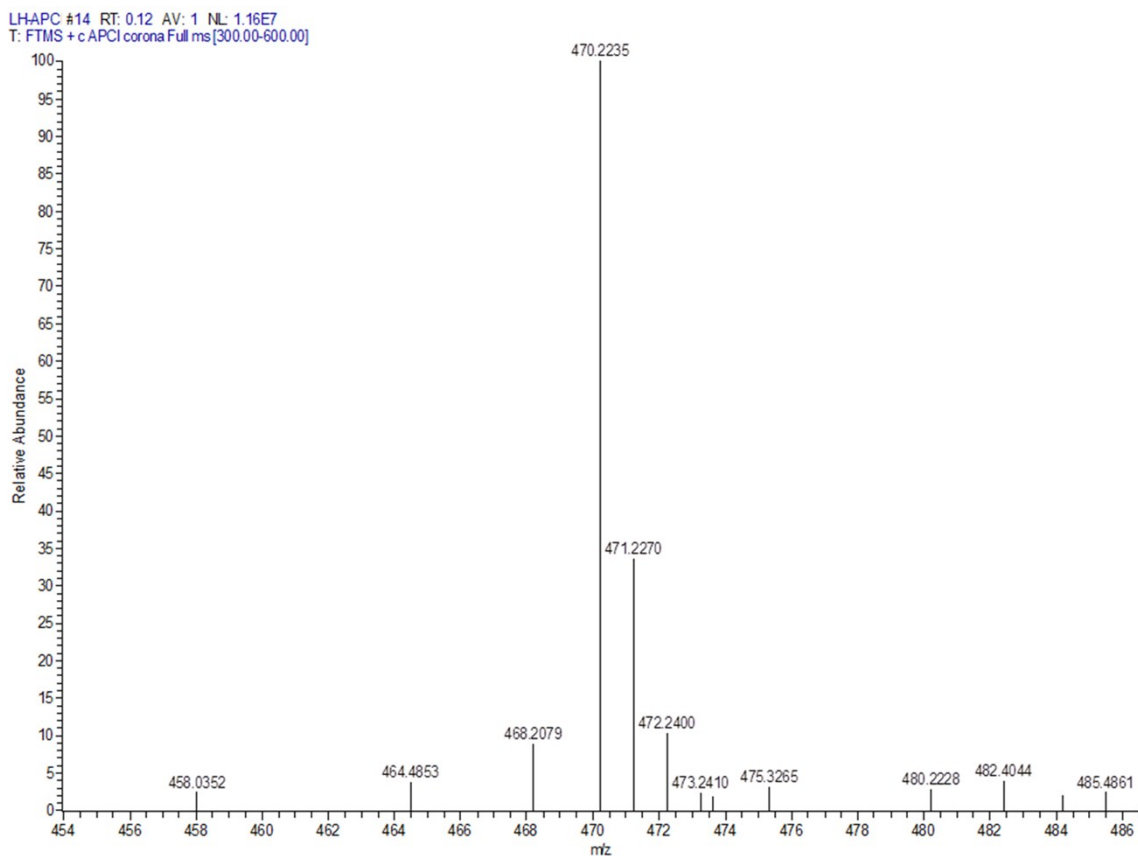


Fig. S4: APCI-Mass spectrum of L



Fig. S5: A color change photograph for Cu^{2+} and the other metal ions under visible light.

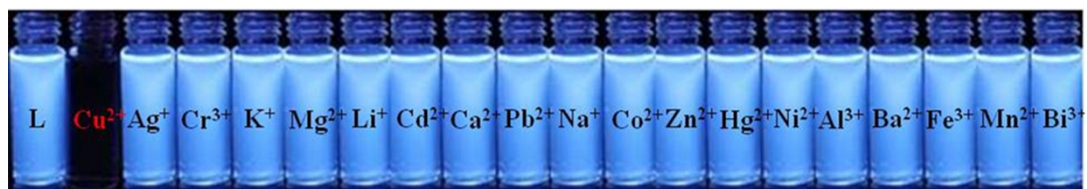


Fig. S6: A color change photograph for Cu^{2+} and the other metal ions under UV light at 365 nm.

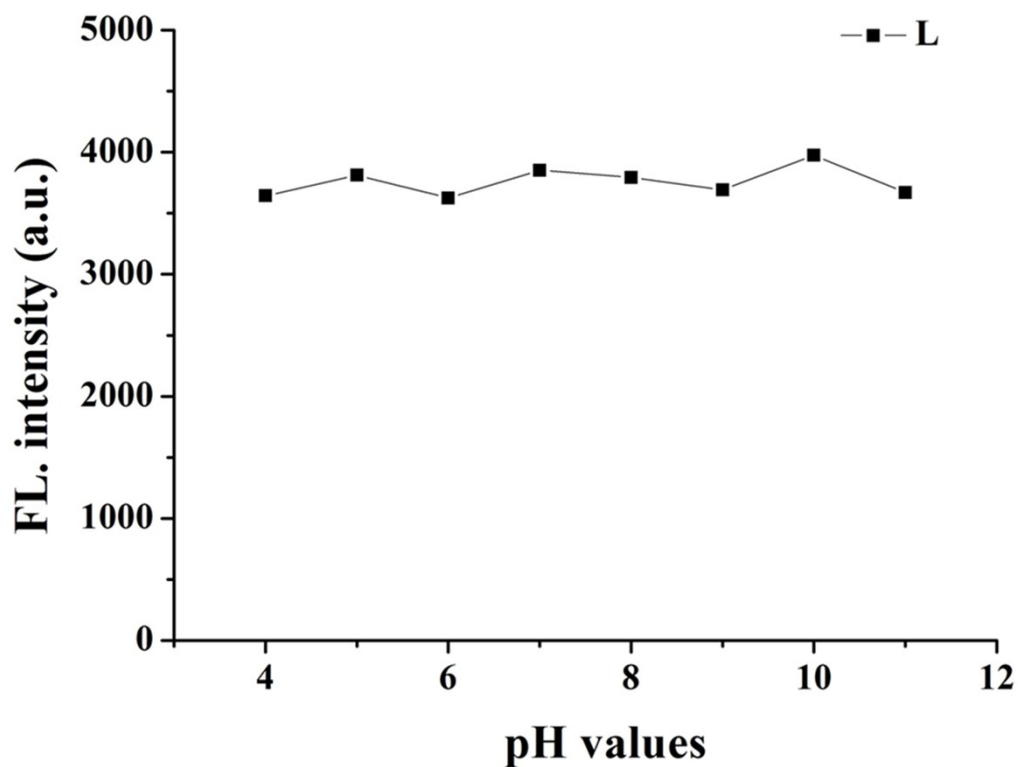


Fig. S7: Fluorescence intensity of 10 μ L probe L at 450nm over a wide pH range of 4.0–11.0.

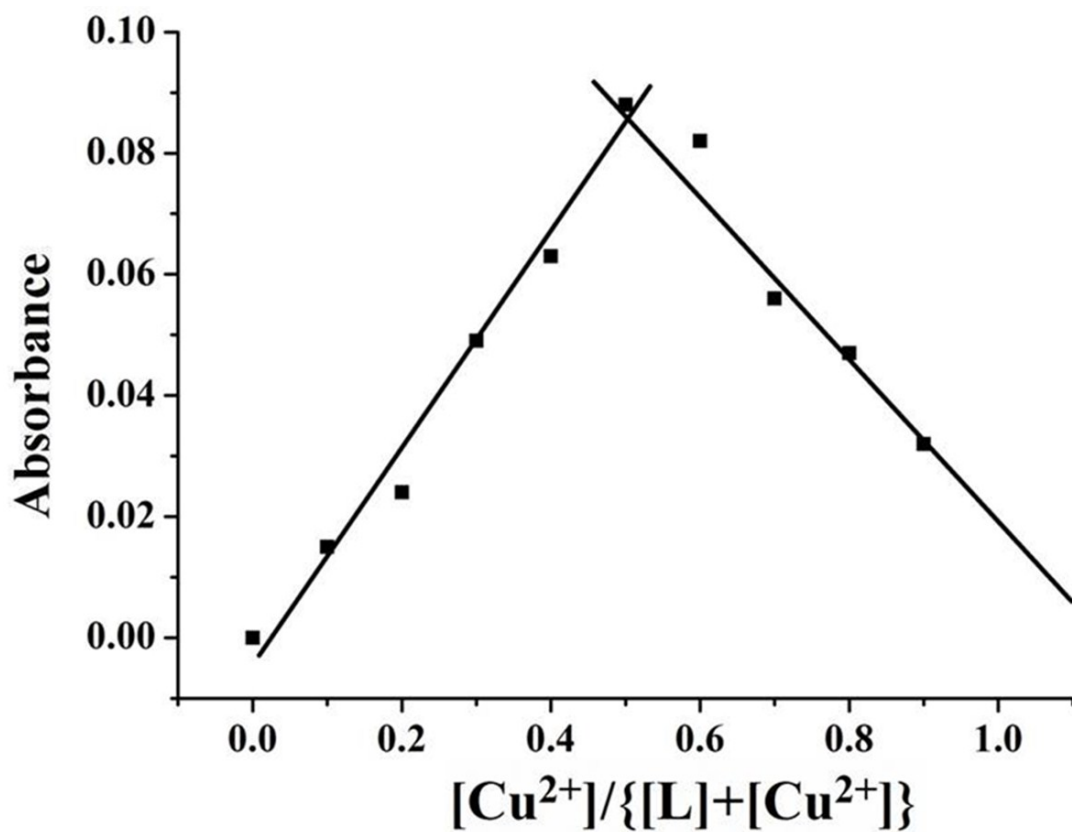


Fig. S8: Job's plot of the complexation between the probe L and Cu^{2+} . The total concentration of probe L and Cu^{2+} was $50 \mu\text{M}$.

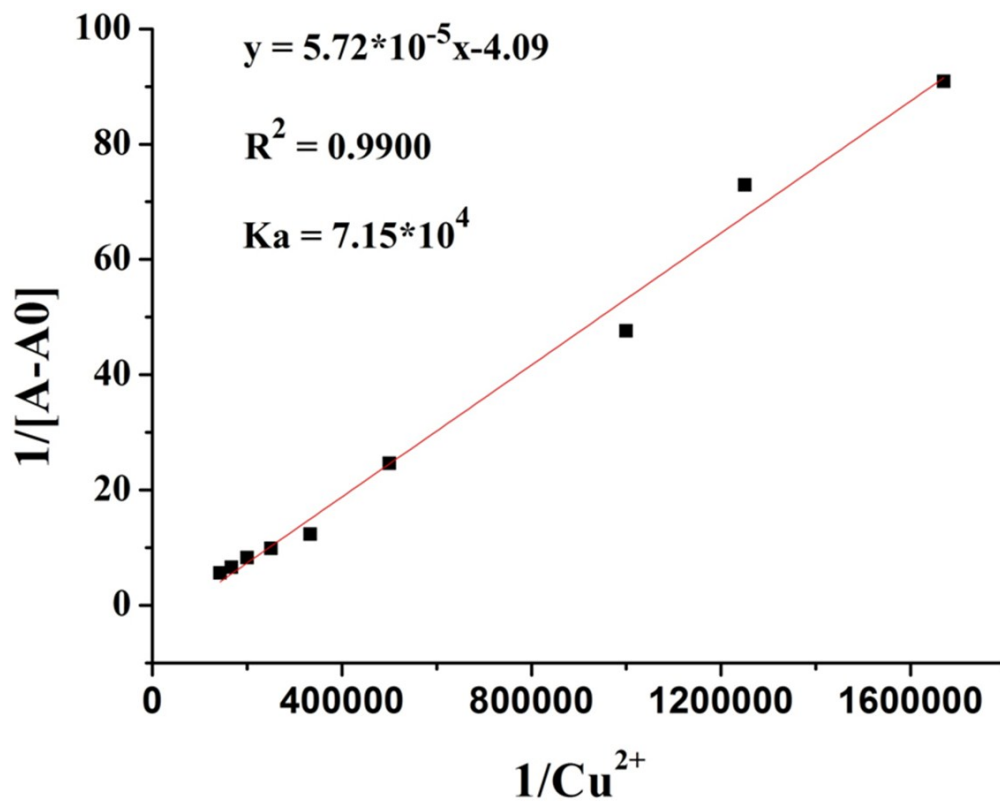


Fig. S9: Benesi-Hildebrand plot of L- Cu^{2+} complexes in mixed solution (water-tetrahydrofuran, 1:1, v/v).

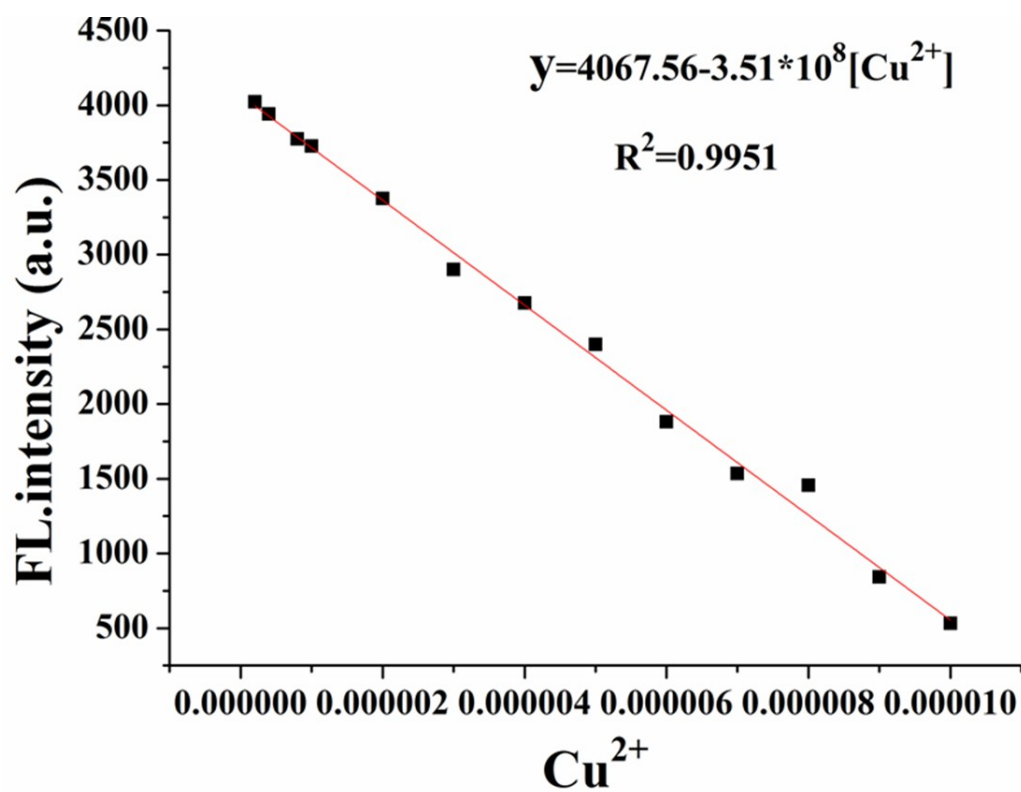


Fig. S10: Fluorescence titration of L- Cu^{2+} in mixed solution (tetrahydrofuran- water ,1:1,v/v) at 450nm.

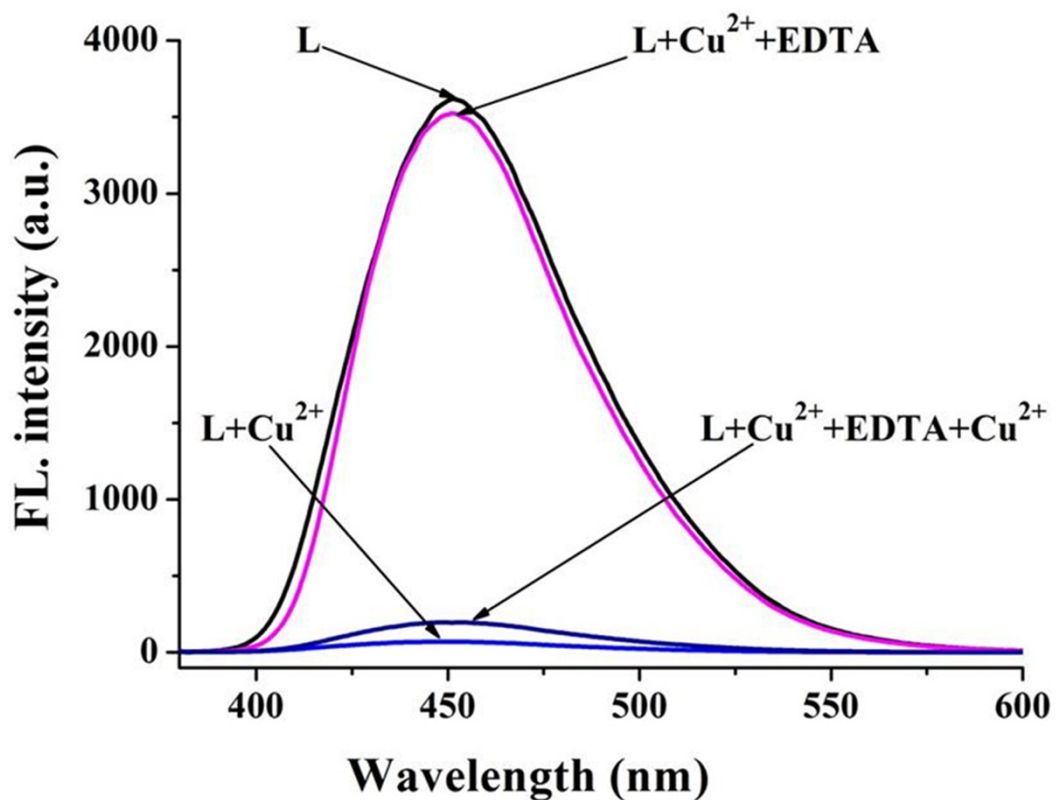


Fig. S11: Fluorescence spectra of L (10 μM) in the presence of Cu^{2+} (1.0 equiv.) and EDTA

(1.0 equiv.) in mixed solution (water-tetrahydrofuran,1:1,v/v).

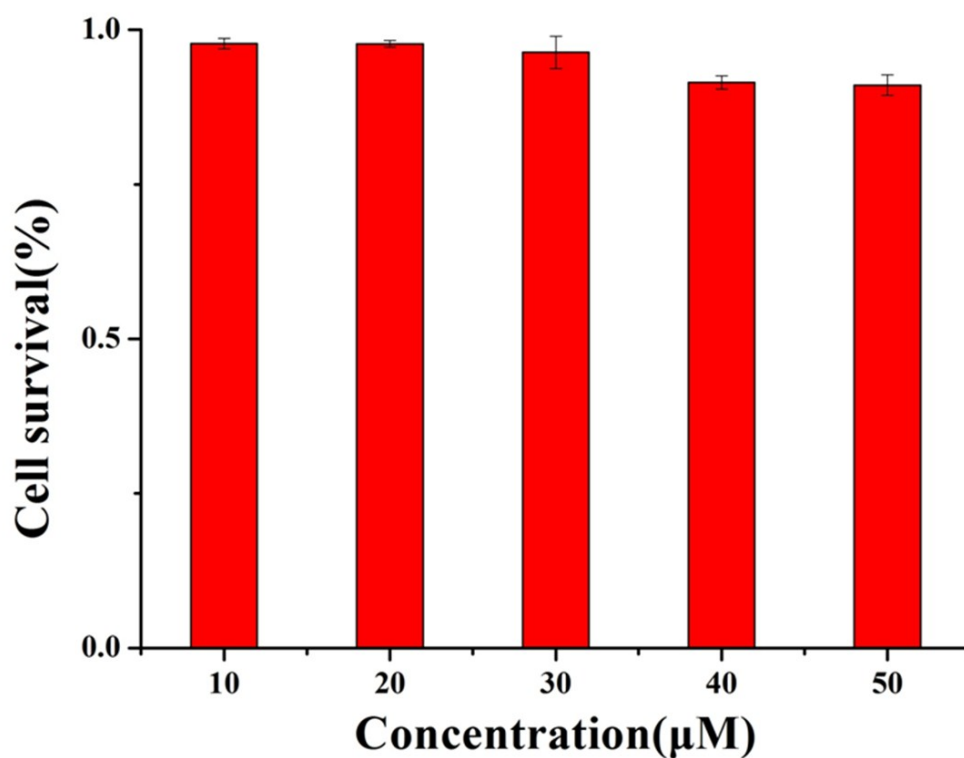


Fig. S12: MTT assay of HepG2 cells (TCHu 72) treated with probe L at different concentrations for 24 h.

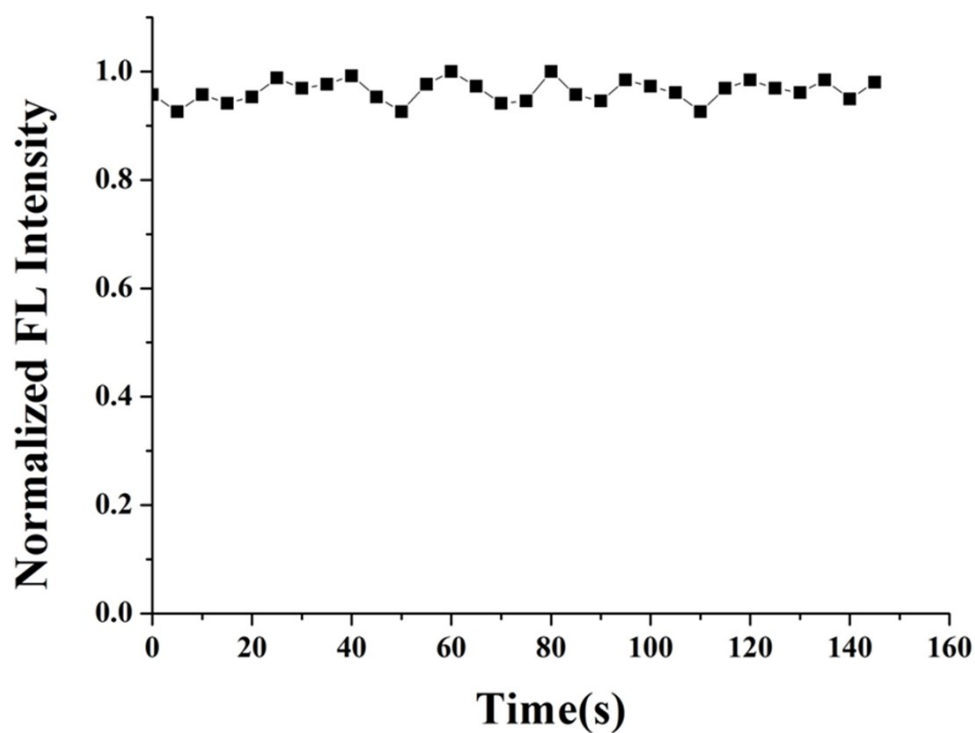


Fig. S13: Photon-bleach experiment showed L photostability over continued laser scanning.

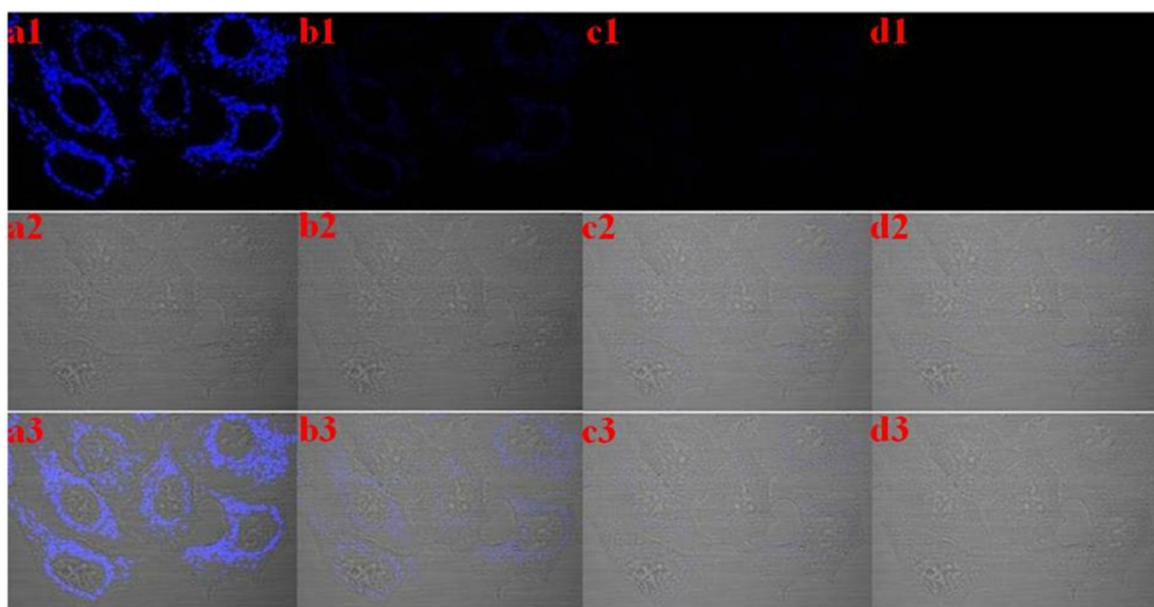


Fig. S14: Confocal fluorescent images: a1-d1 is dark-field, a2-d2 is bright-field, a3-d3 is overlay, and the concentration of probe L from a – d is 1×10^{-5} mol/L, 5×10^{-6} mol/L, 1×10^{-6} mol/L, 1×10^{-7} mol/L.