

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

O-nitrobenzyl-*alt*-(phenylethynyl)benzene copolymer-based nanoaggregates with highly efficient two-photon-triggered degradable property via a FRET process

Hui Zhao,^a Bing Hou,^a Yufu Tang,^a Wenbo Hu,^a Chao Yin,^a Yu Ji,^a Xiaomei Lu,^{ab} Quli Fan*^a and Wei Huang*^{ab}

^aKey Laboratory for Organic Electronics and Information Displays & Institute of Advanced Materials (IAM), Jiangsu National Synergetic Innovation Center for Advanced Materials (SICAM), Nanjing University of Posts & Telecommunications, 9 Wenyuan Road, Nanjing 210023, China. Fax: +86 25 8586 6533; Tel: +86 25 8586 6396; E-mail: iamqifan@njupt.edu.cn.

^bKey Laboratory of Flexible Electronics (KLOFE) & Institute of Advanced Materials (IAM), Jiangsu National Synergetic Innovation Center for Advanced Materials (SICAM), Nanjing Tech University (NanjingTech), 30 South Puzhu Road, Nanjing 211816, China. Fax: +86 25 5813 9988; Tel: +86 25 5813 9001; E-mail: wei-huang@njupt.edu.cn.

c

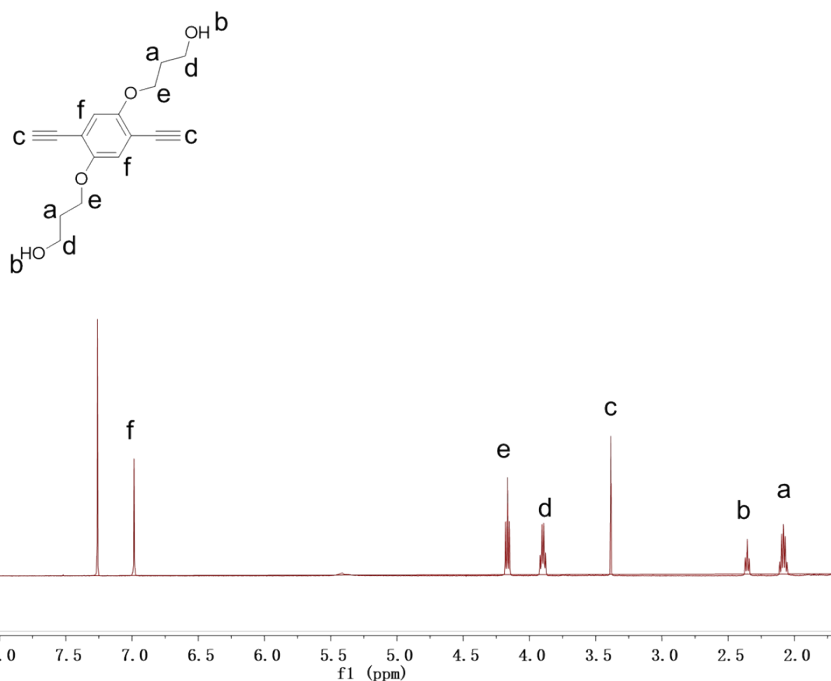


Figure S1. ^1H NMR of the monomer 3, 3'-((2,5-diethynyl-1,4-phenylene) bis(oxy)) bis(propan-1-ol). CDCl_3 was used as the solvent.

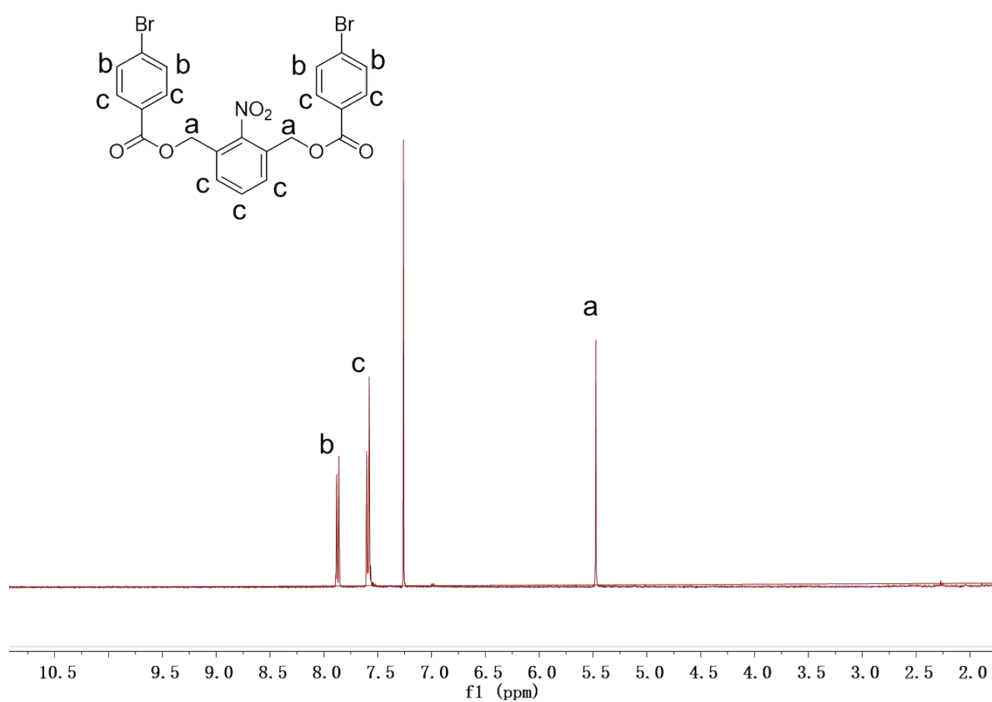


Figure S2. ^1H NMR of the monomer (2-nitro-1,3-phenylene) bis(methylene) bis(4-bromobenzoate). CDCl_3 was used as the solvent.

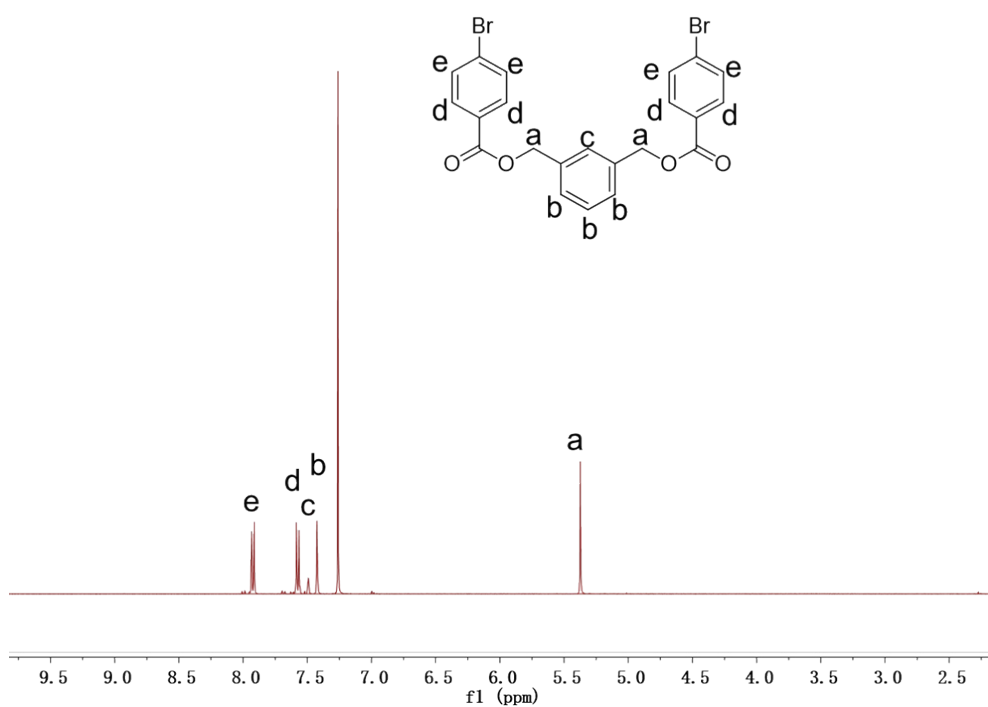


Figure S3. ¹H NMR of the monomer 1, 3-phenylenebis (methylene) bis (4-bromobenzoate). CDCl₃ was used as the solvent.

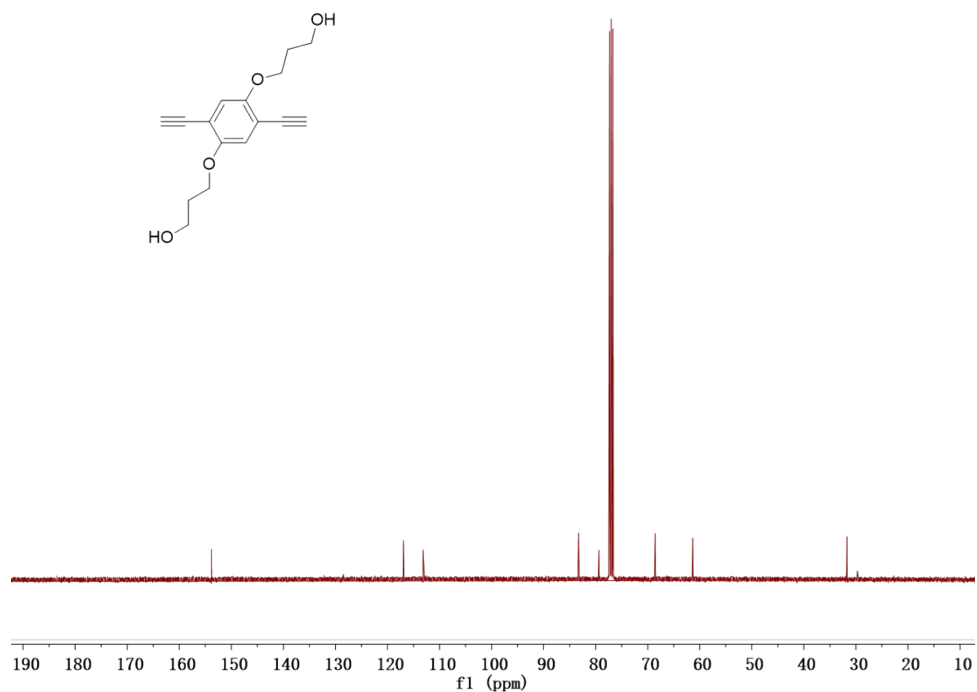


Figure S4. ¹³C NMR of the monomer 3, 3'-((2, 5-diethynyl-1, 4-phenylene) bis (oxy)) bis (propan-1-ol). CDCl₃ was used as the solvent.

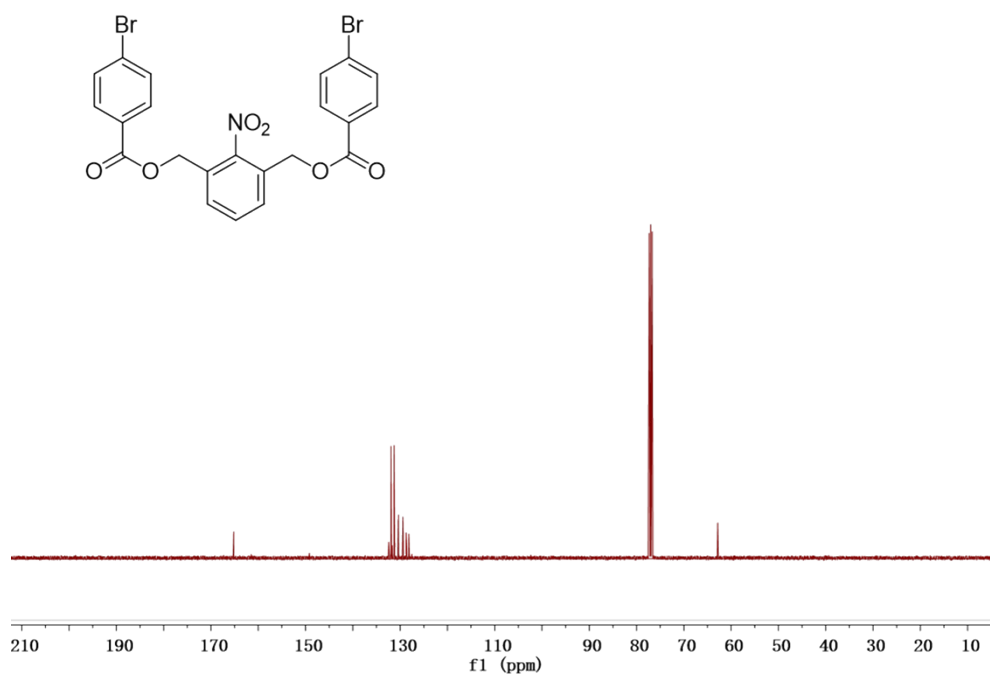


Figure S5. ¹³C NMR of the monomer (2-nitro-1,3-phenylene) bis(methylene) bis(4-bromobenzoate). CDCl₃ was used as the solvent.

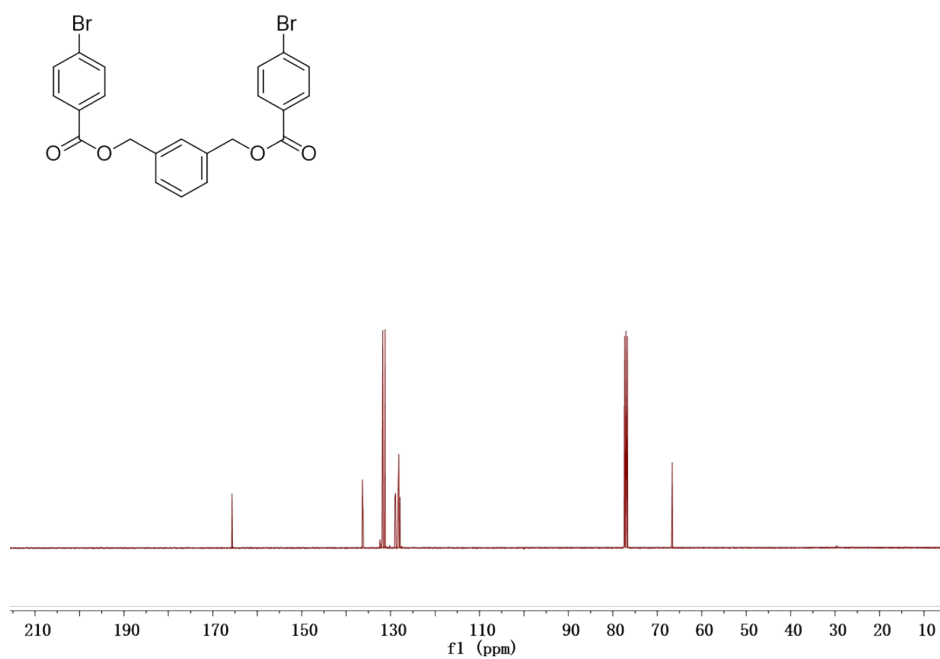


Figure S6. ¹³C NMR of the monomer 1,3-phenylenebis(methylene) bis(4-bromobenzoate). CDCl₃ was used as the solvent.

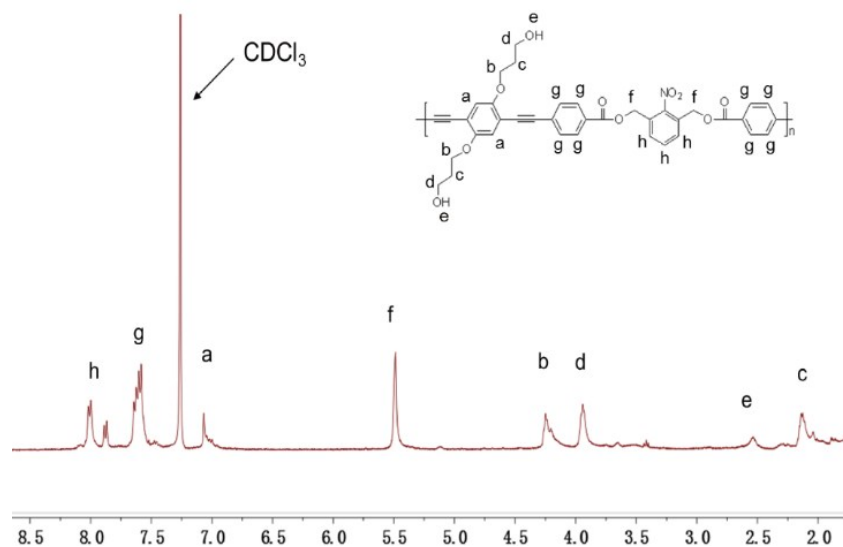


Figure S7. ^1H NMR spectra of the photodegradable polymer Poly(ONB-*alt*-PEB), CDCl_3 was used as the solvent

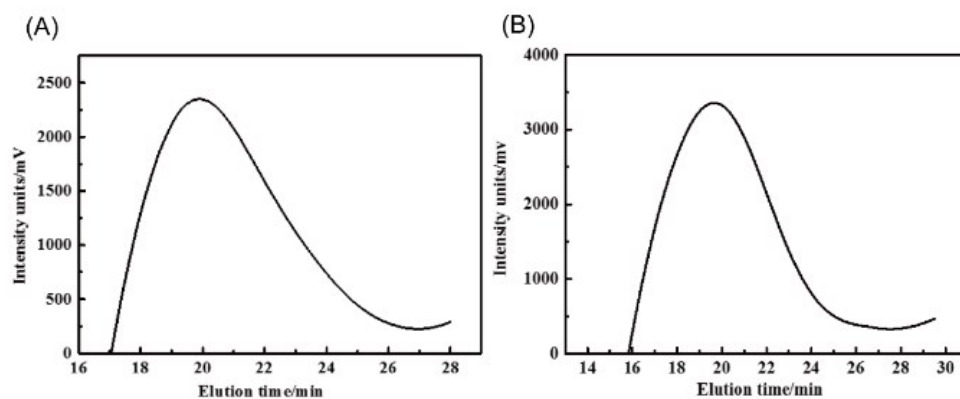


Figure S8. GPC traces of the Poly(ONB-*alt*-PEB) (A), and Poly(ONB-*alt*-PEB)-*g*-PEG (B)

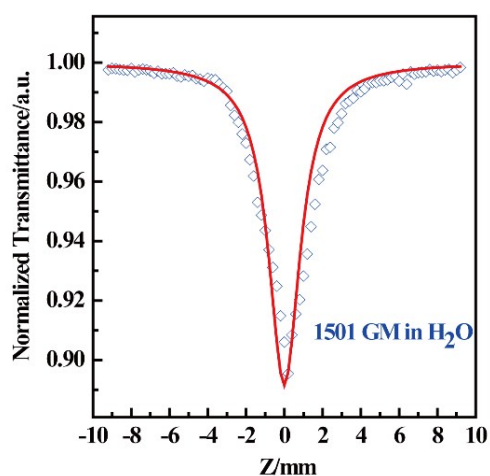


Figure S9. Open aperture Z-scan data of poly(ONB-*alt*-PEB)-*g*-PEG for the TPA cross sections obtained by using 800 nm femtosecond pulses.

Table S1. M_n and PDI of Poly (ONB-*alt*-PEB)-*g*-PEG before and after 380 nm and 800 nm irradiation for 1 h.

	M_n	PDI
no irradiation	14877	1.72
380 nm irradiation for 1 h	7840	2.2
800 nm irradiation for 1 h	7499	2.01

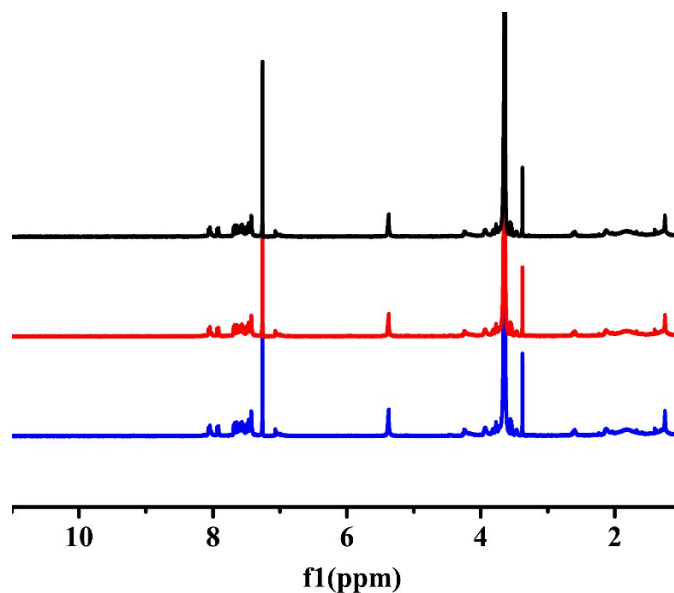


Figure S10. ^1H NMR spectra of the Poly(OB-*alt*-PEB)-*g*-PEG before (black) and after 380 nm (blue) and 800 nm (red) irradiation for 1 h., CDCl_3 was used as the solvent.

Table S2. M_n and PDI of Poly (OB-*alt*-PEB)-*g*-PEG before and after 380 nm and 800 nm irradiation for 1 h.

	M_n	PDI
no irradiation	21059	1.8
380 nm irradiation for 1 h	22558	1.5
800 nm irradiation for 1 h	20102	1.75