Supporting Information for

Methods to form atomically thin carbon coatings on SnS and SnO_2 nanostructures

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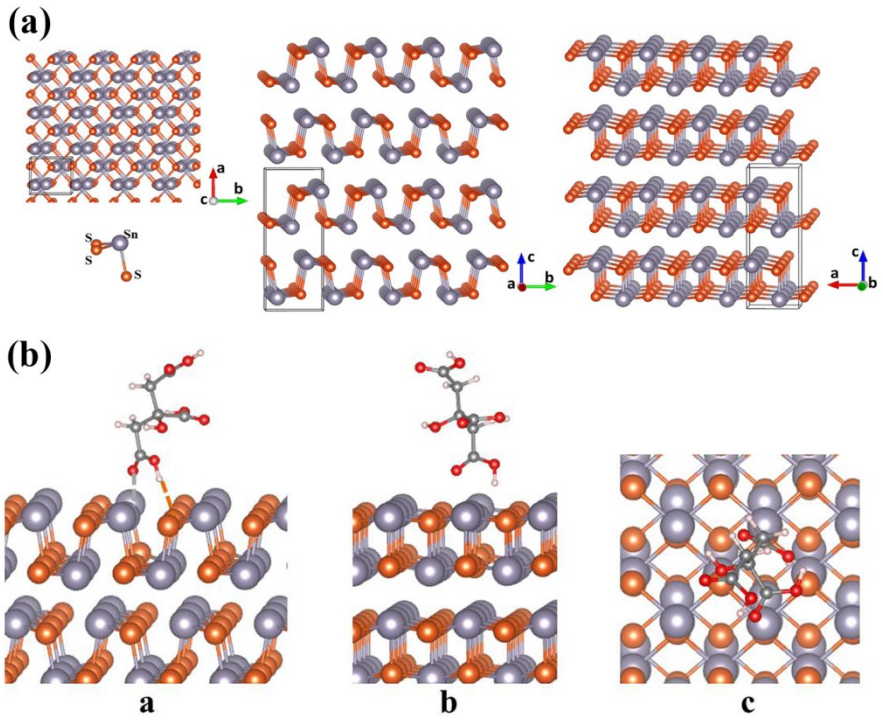

Fig. S1. (a) Schematic view of the SnS crystal structure along the a, b, c axes. (b)The most energy stable configuration of the citric acid molecules absorbed on the SnS (100) surface (views along the a, b, c axes, respectively).

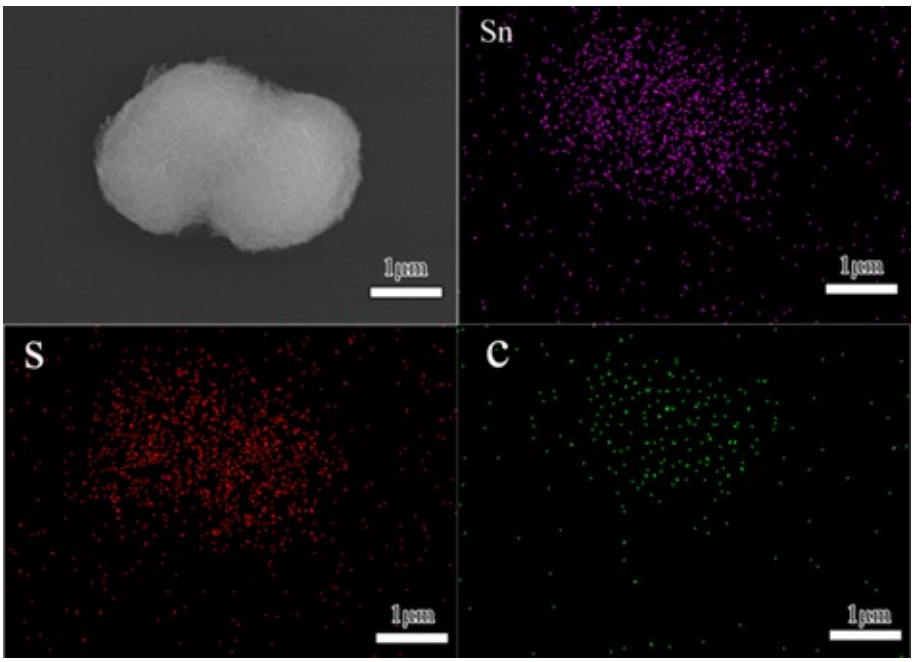

Fig. S2. EDX mapping of Sn, S, and C elements on a C@SnS@C microsphere .

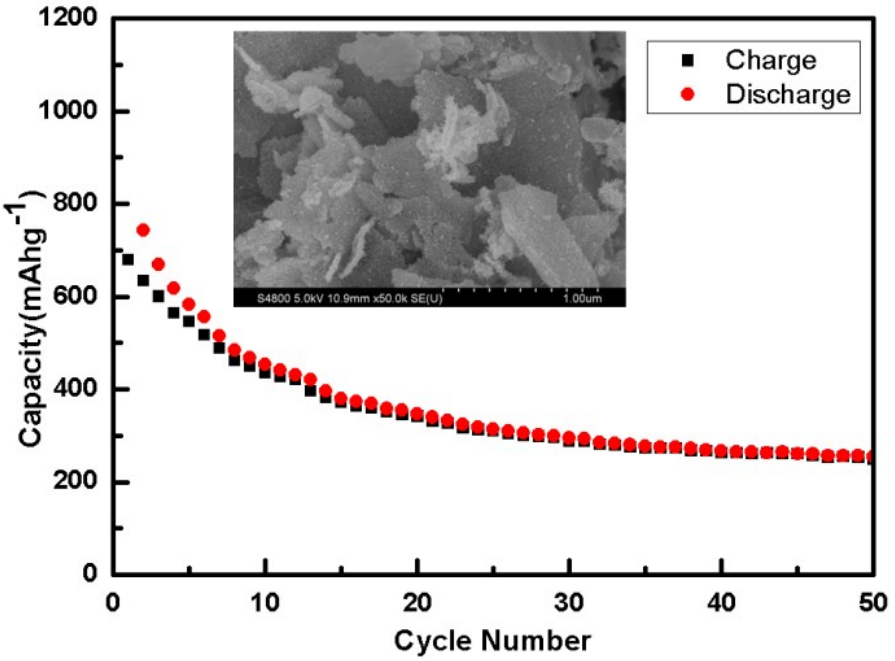

Fig. S3. Cyclic performance of the porous C/SnO_2 nanosheets (inset: their SEM image) at a current density of 100mAg^{-1} for 50 cycles.

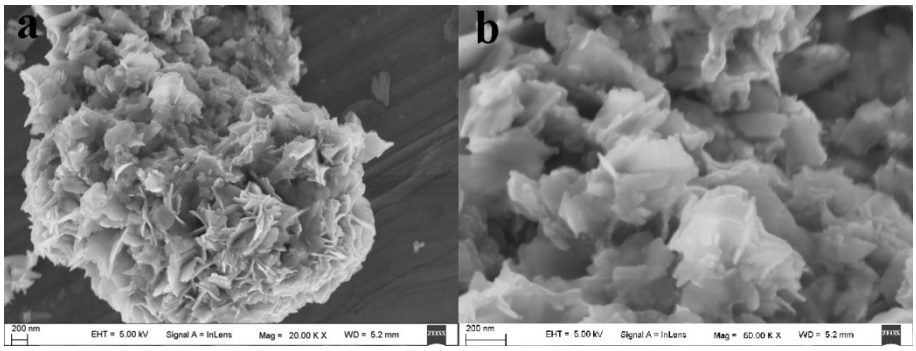

Fig. S4. SEM images of (a, b, c) the SnO_2@ATC electrode after 50 charge/discharge cycles at 100mAg^{-1}.