

Supplementary Information

Facile controlled synthesis of a hierarchical porous nanocoral-like Co_3S_4 electrode for high-performance supercapacitors

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Figures

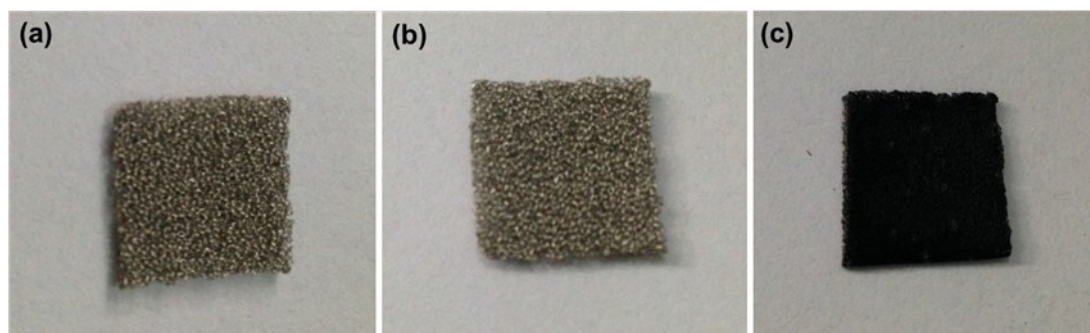


Fig. S1† The digital photographs of (a) bare Ni foam, (b) hydrothermal treated Ni foam and (c) Co₃S₄ electrode grown on Ni foam.

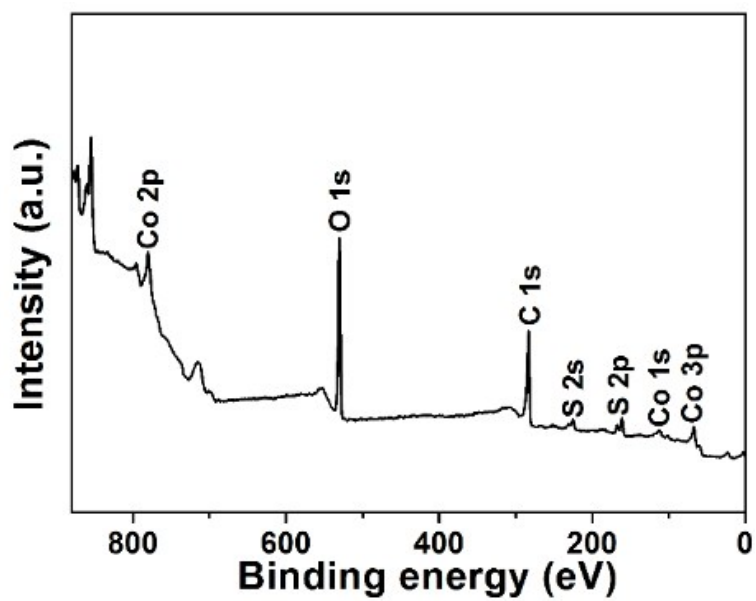


Fig. S2† The XPS survey of Co_3S_4 electrode.

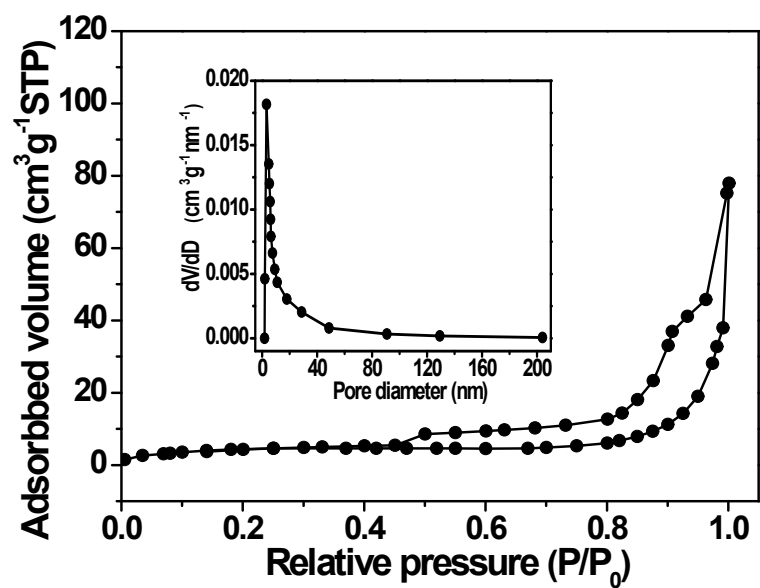


Fig. S3† The N_2 adsorption – desorption isotherm of Co_3S_4 and the inset shows the BJH pore size distribution.

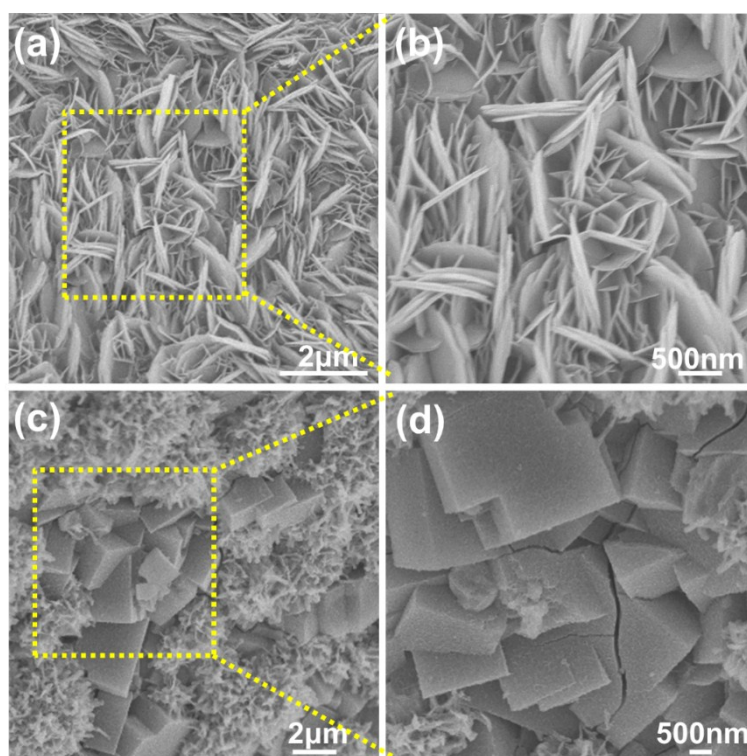


Fig. S4† SEM image of Co₃S₄ electrode at 140 °C (a, b), 180 °C (c, d) at the reaction time 4 h, while keeping all other reaction parameters constant.

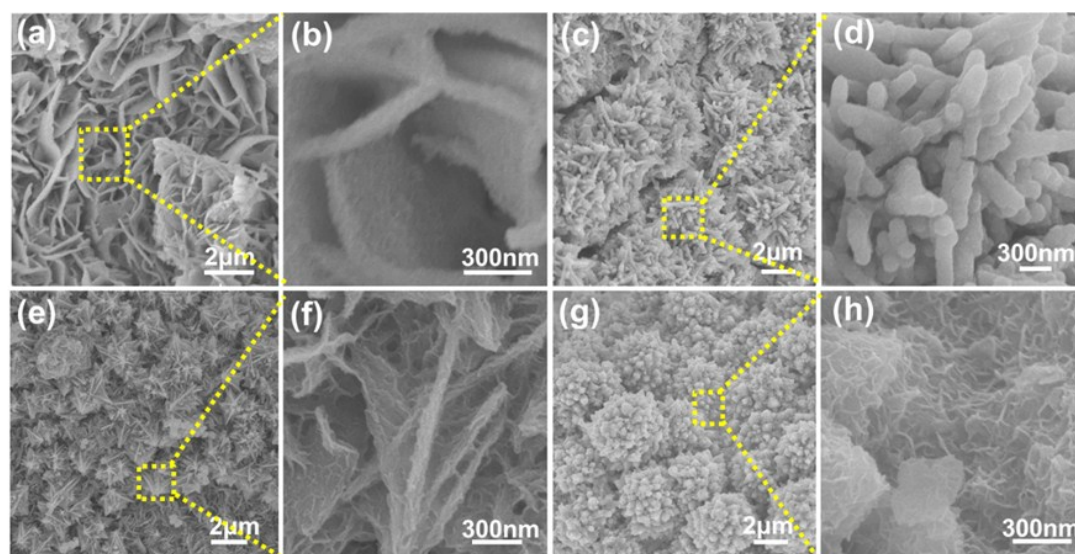


Fig. S5† SEM images of the samples with different ethanol/water volume ratios (R): (a, b) R = 10:30, (c, d) R = 20:20, (e, f) R = 30:10, (g, h) R = 40:0, while keeping the other reaction parameters constant.

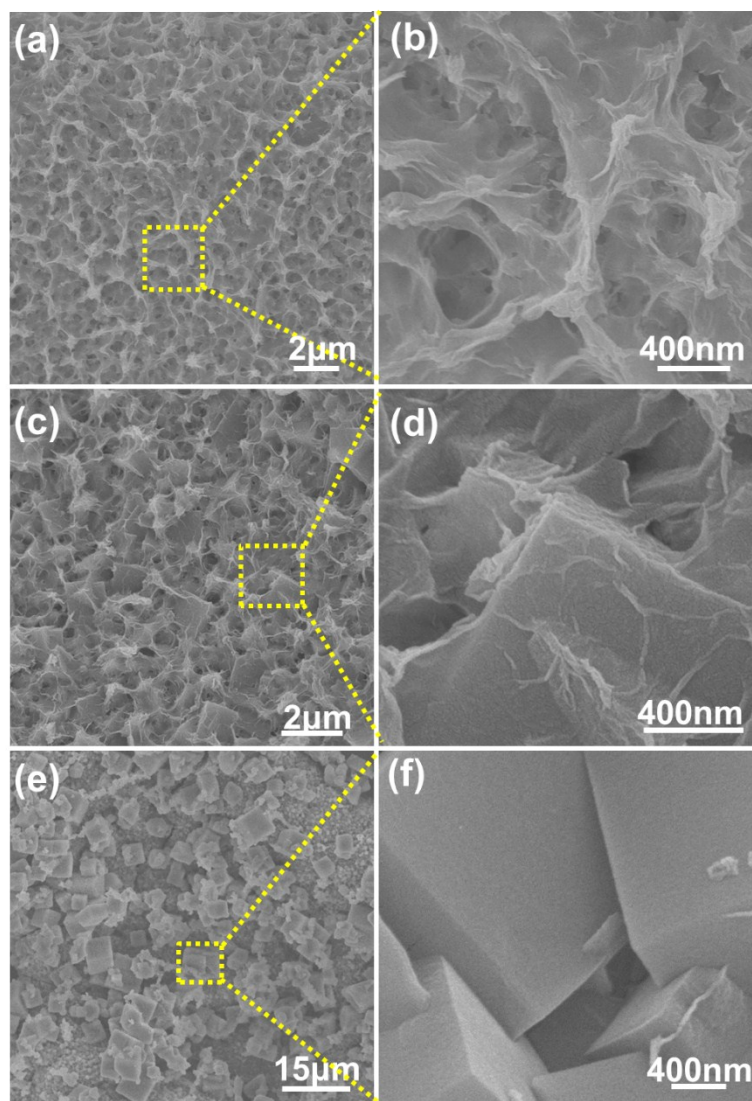


Fig. S6† SEM image of the samples electrode with different pH values: (a, b) pH = 7, (c, d) pH = 8, (e, f) pH = 8.5, while keeping all other reaction parameters constant.

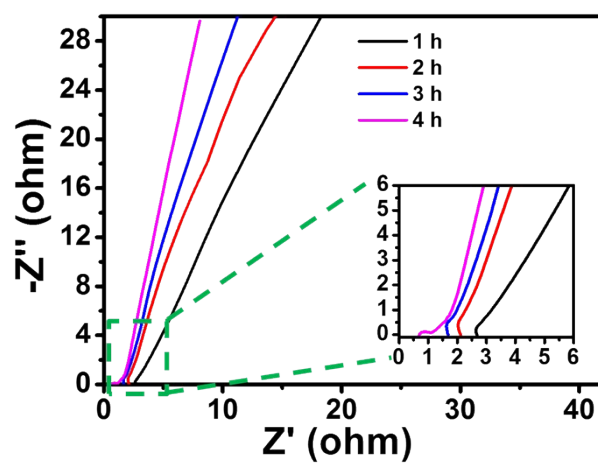


Fig. S7† Nyquist plots of Co_3S_4 electrodes at 1, 2, 3 and 4 h.

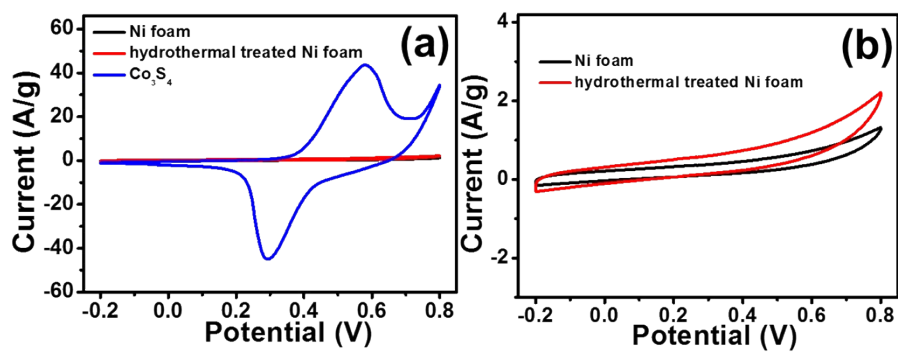


Fig. S8† (a) CV curves of Ni foam, hydrothermal treated Ni foam and Co₃S₄ at a scan rate of 10 mV·s⁻¹. (b) Enlarged CV curves of the Ni foam and hydrothermal treated Ni foam.