

Electronic Supplementary Information

Modulating sensitivity and detection mechanism with spacer chain length: a new series of fluorescent turn on chemodosimeters and a chemosensor for Pb²⁺ based on rhodamine-quinoline conjugates

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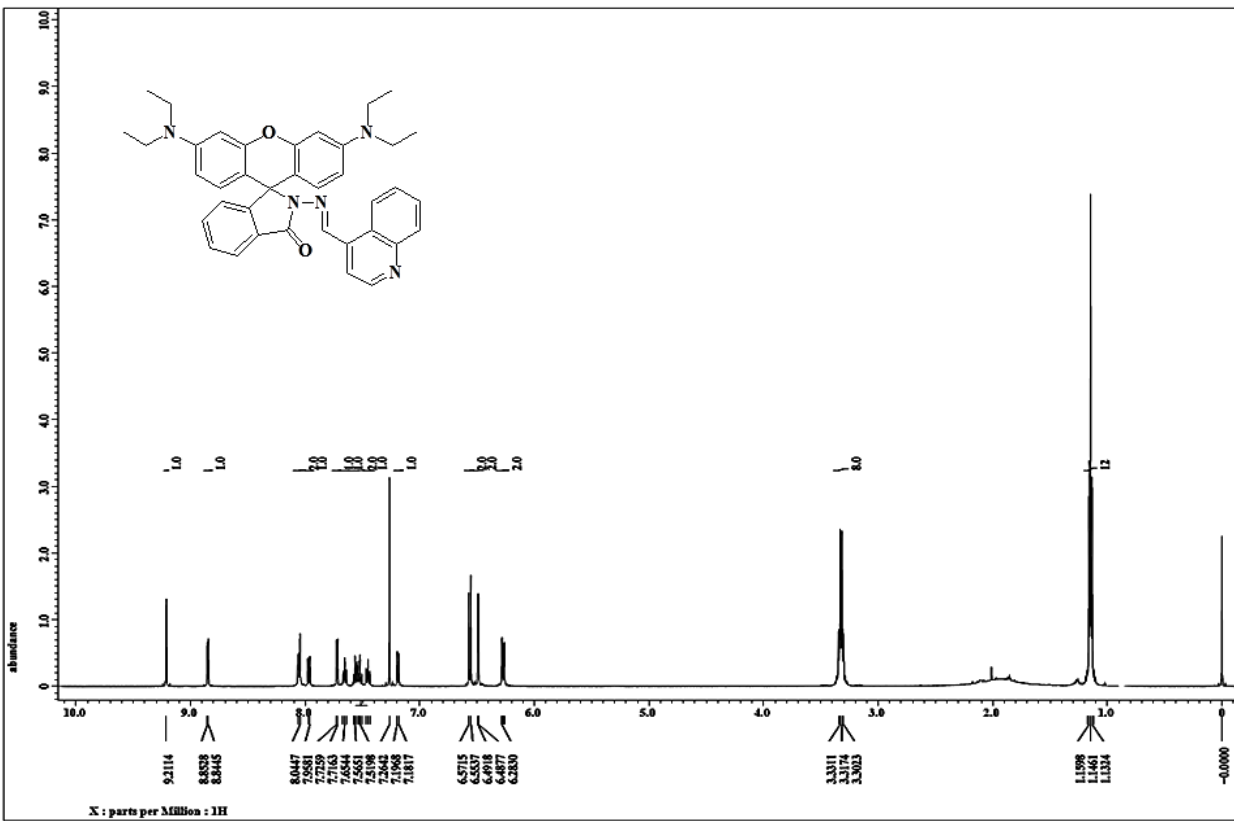


Fig. S1 ¹H NMR spectrum of RHQ-1.

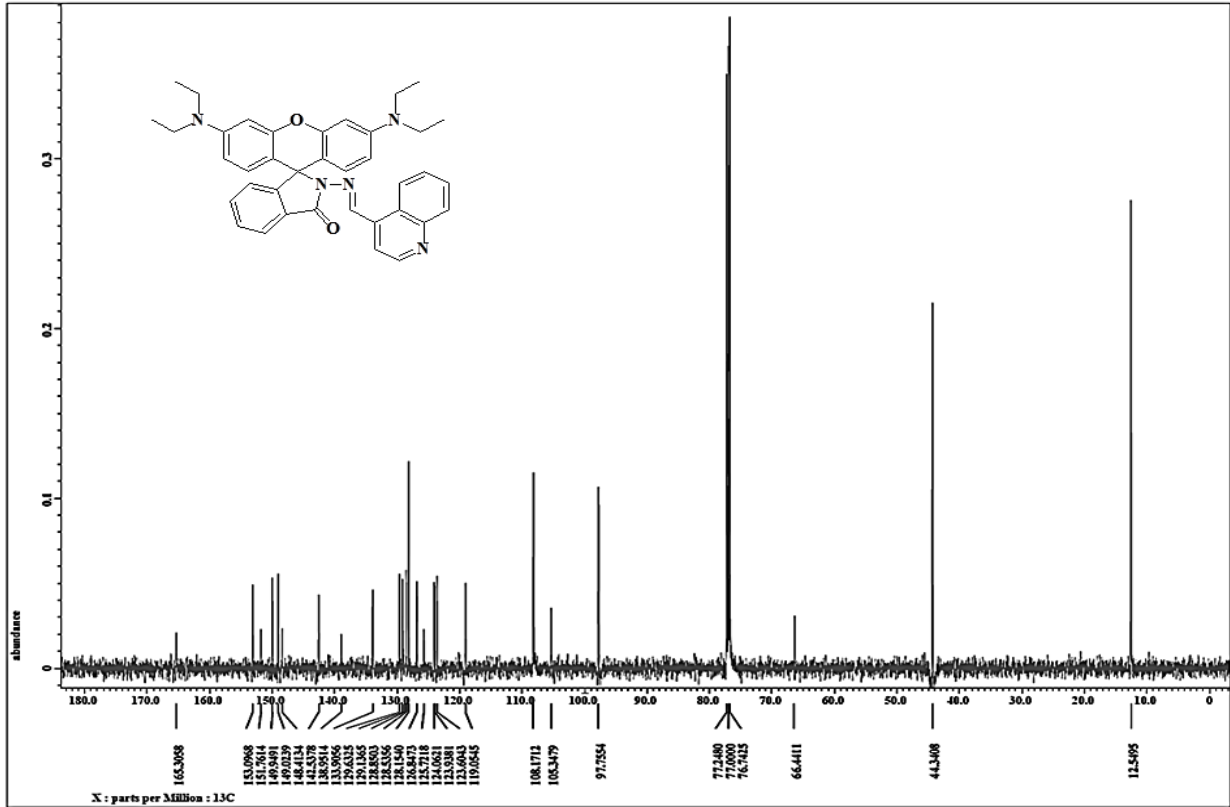


Fig. S2 ¹³C NMR spectrum of RHQ-1.

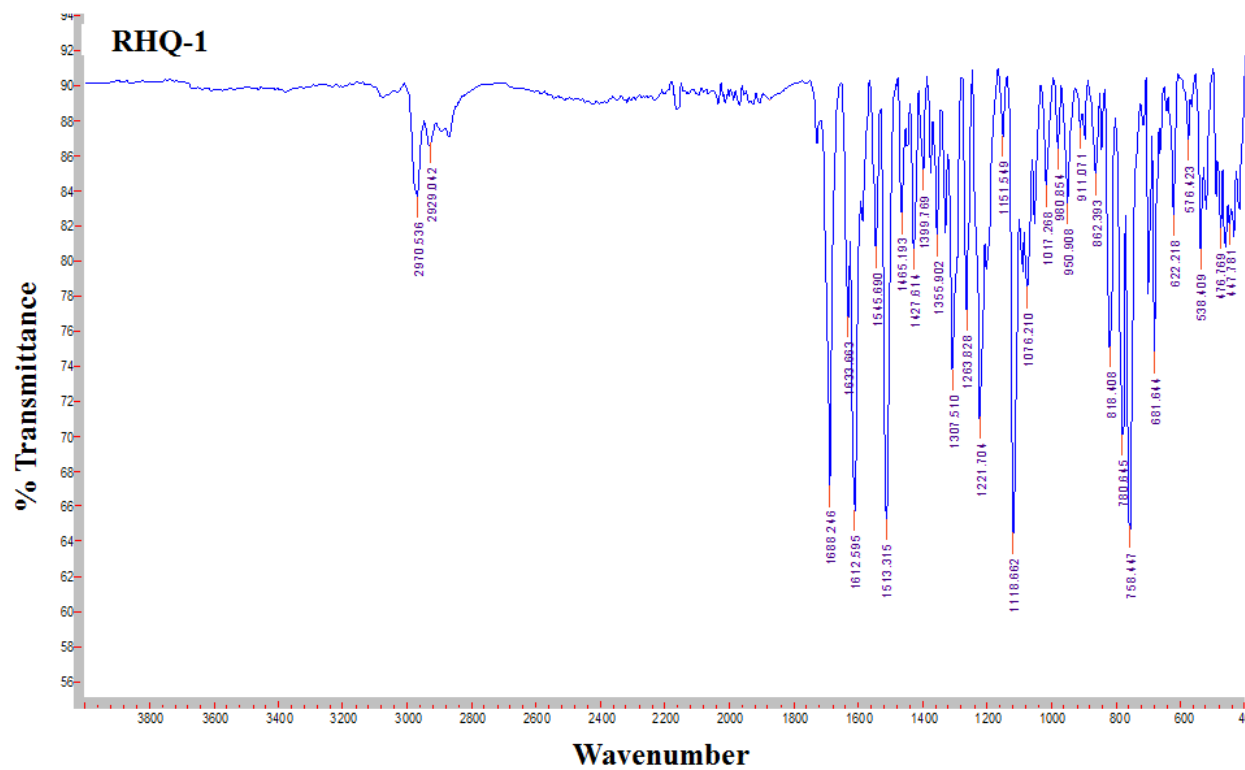


Fig. S3 IR spectrum of RHQ-1.

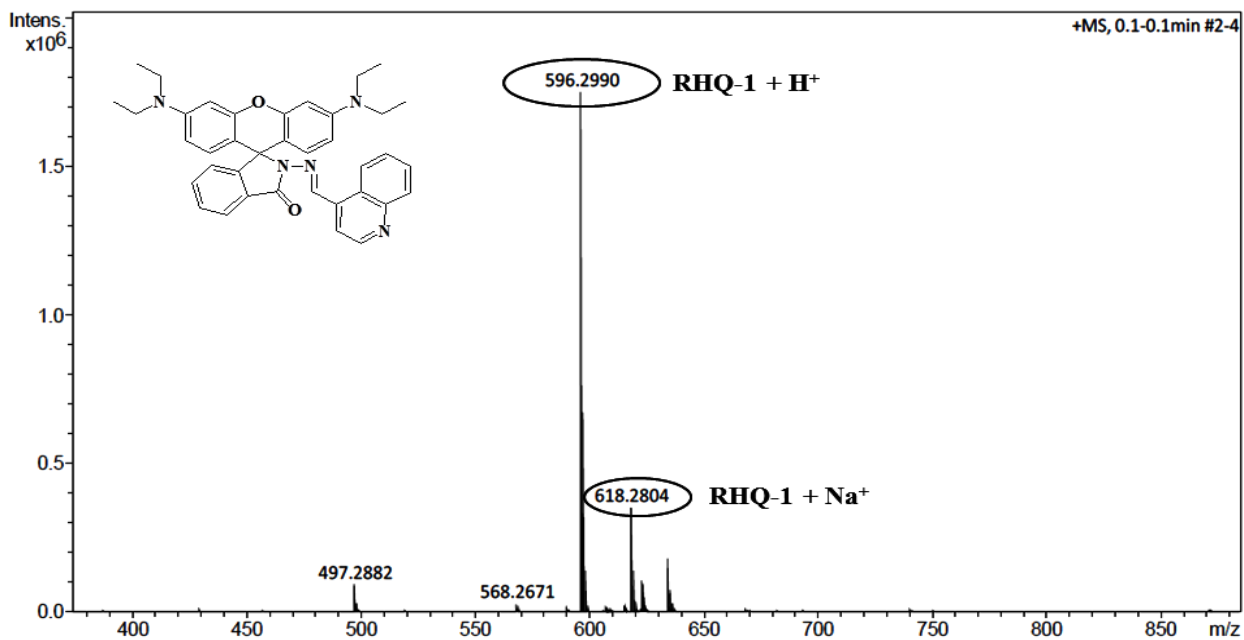


Fig. S4 Mass spectrum of RHQ-1.

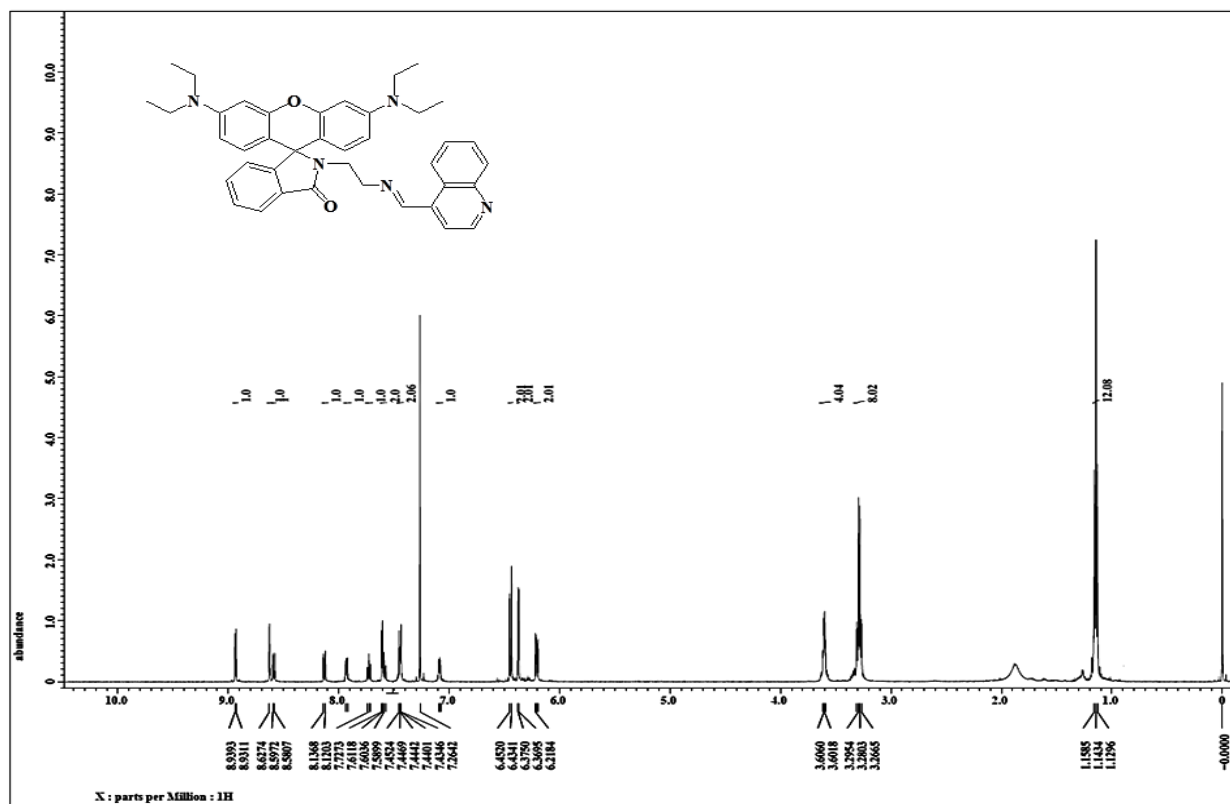


Fig. S5 ^1H NMR spectrum of RHQ-2.

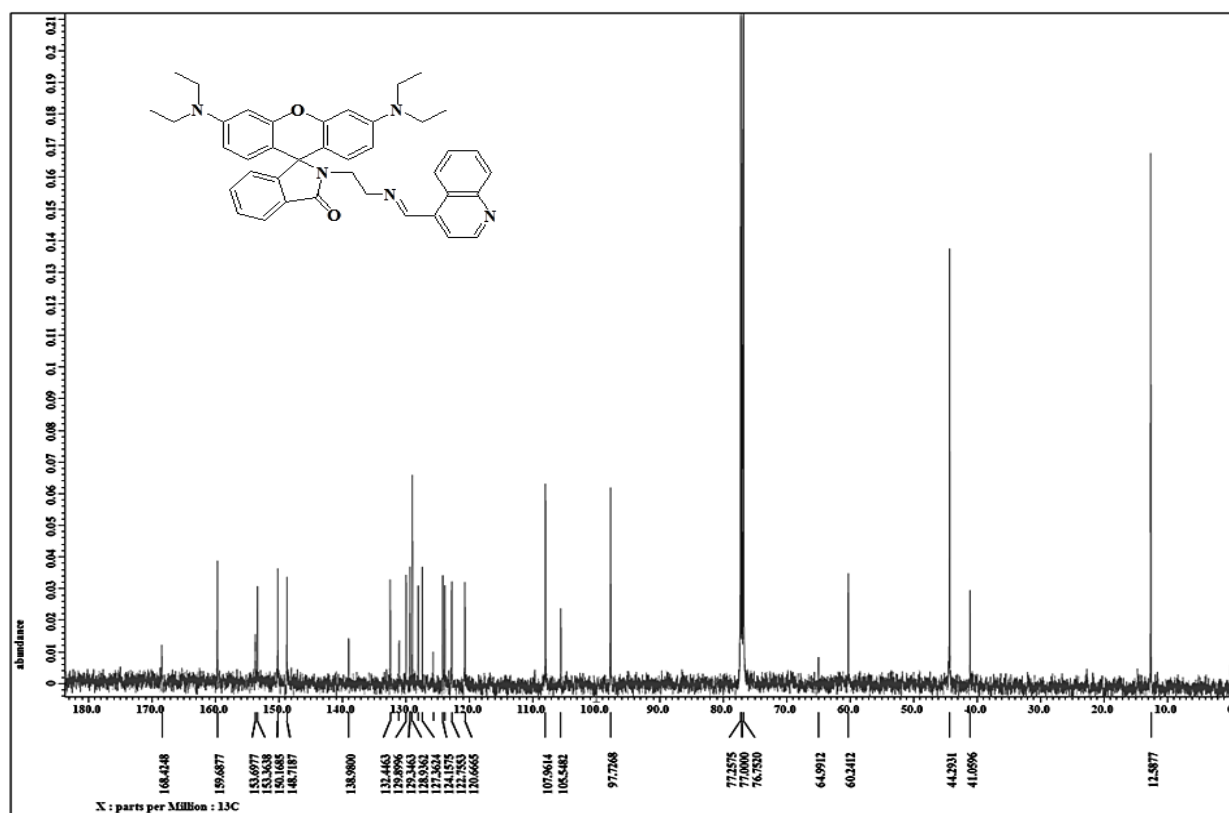


Fig. S6 ^{13}C NMR spectrum of RHQ-2.

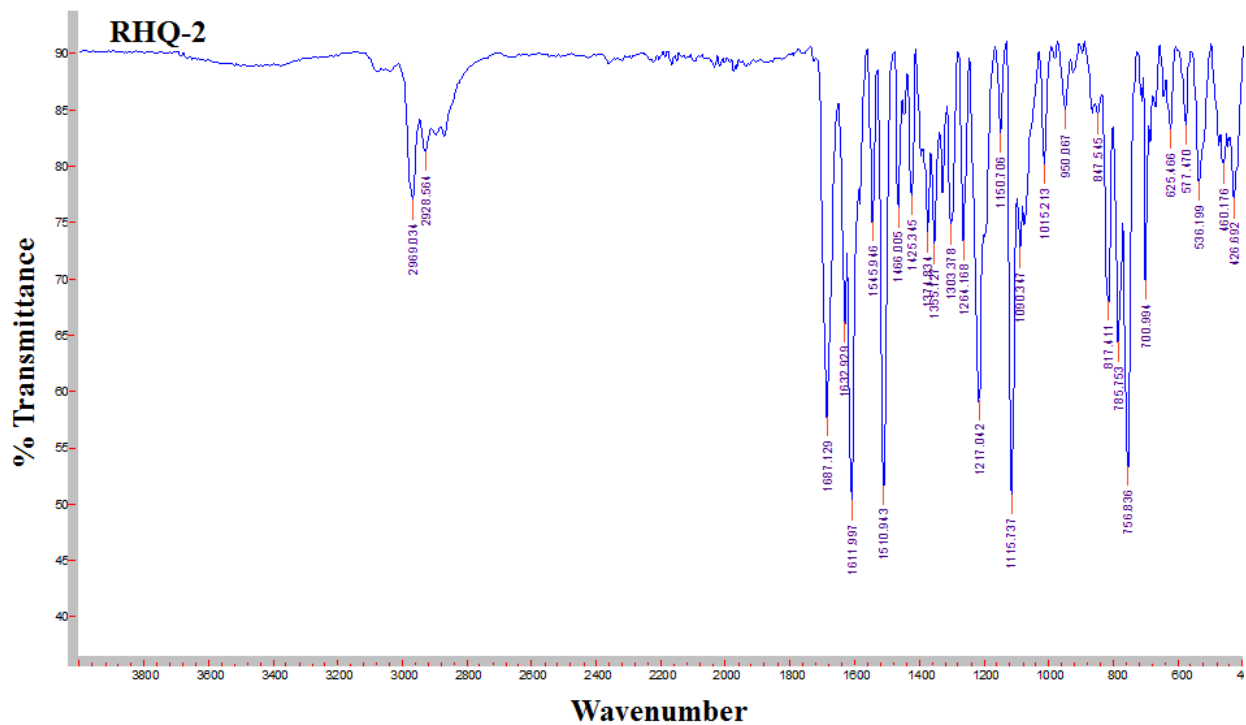


Fig. S7 IR spectrum of RHQ-2.

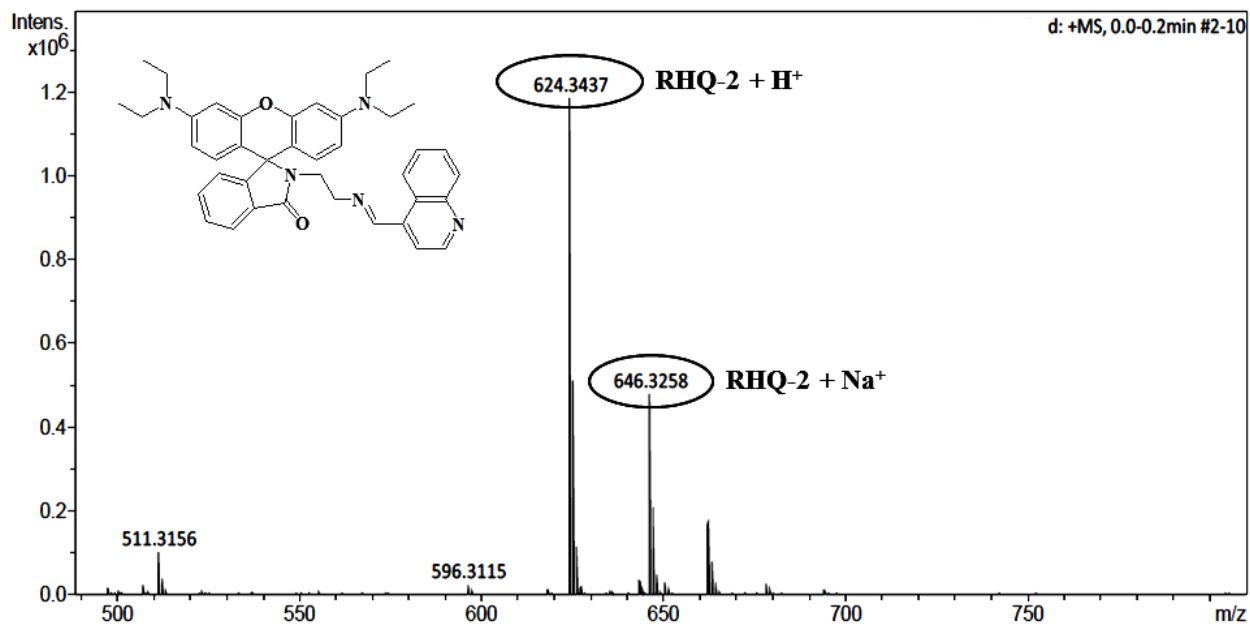


Fig. S8 Mass spectrum of RHQ-2.

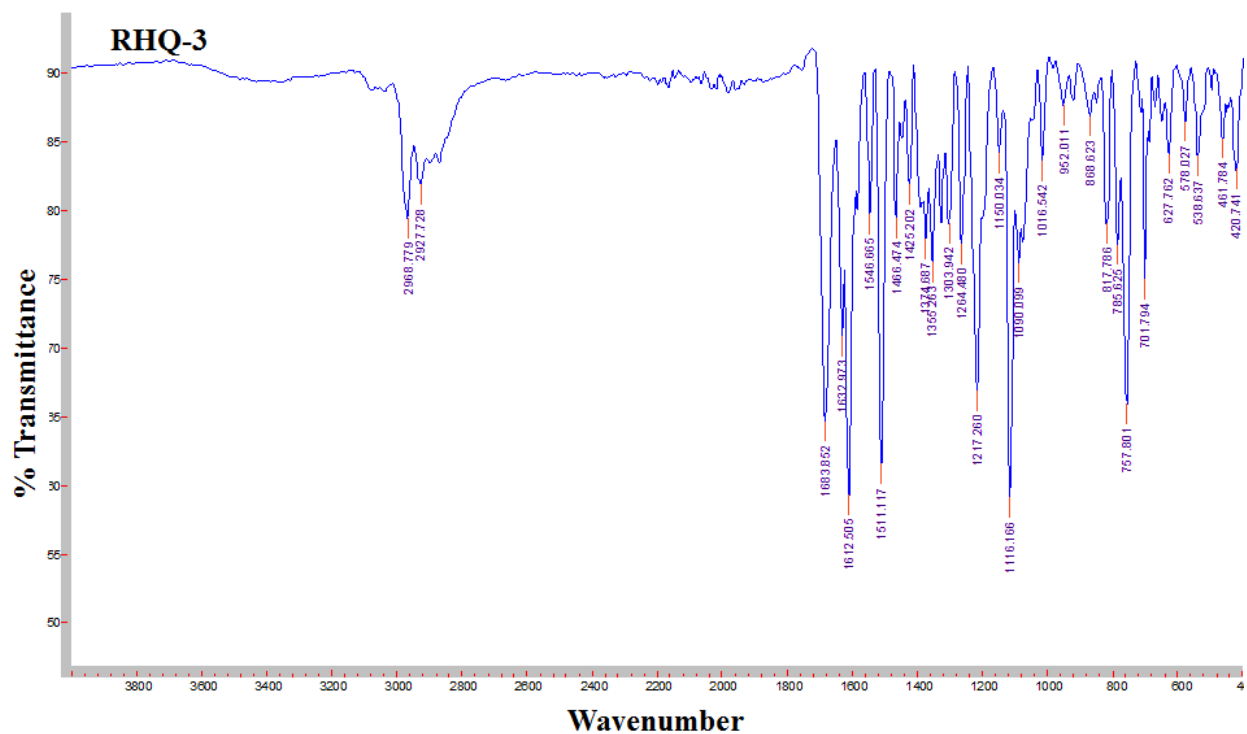


Fig. S11 IR spectrum of **RHQ-3**.

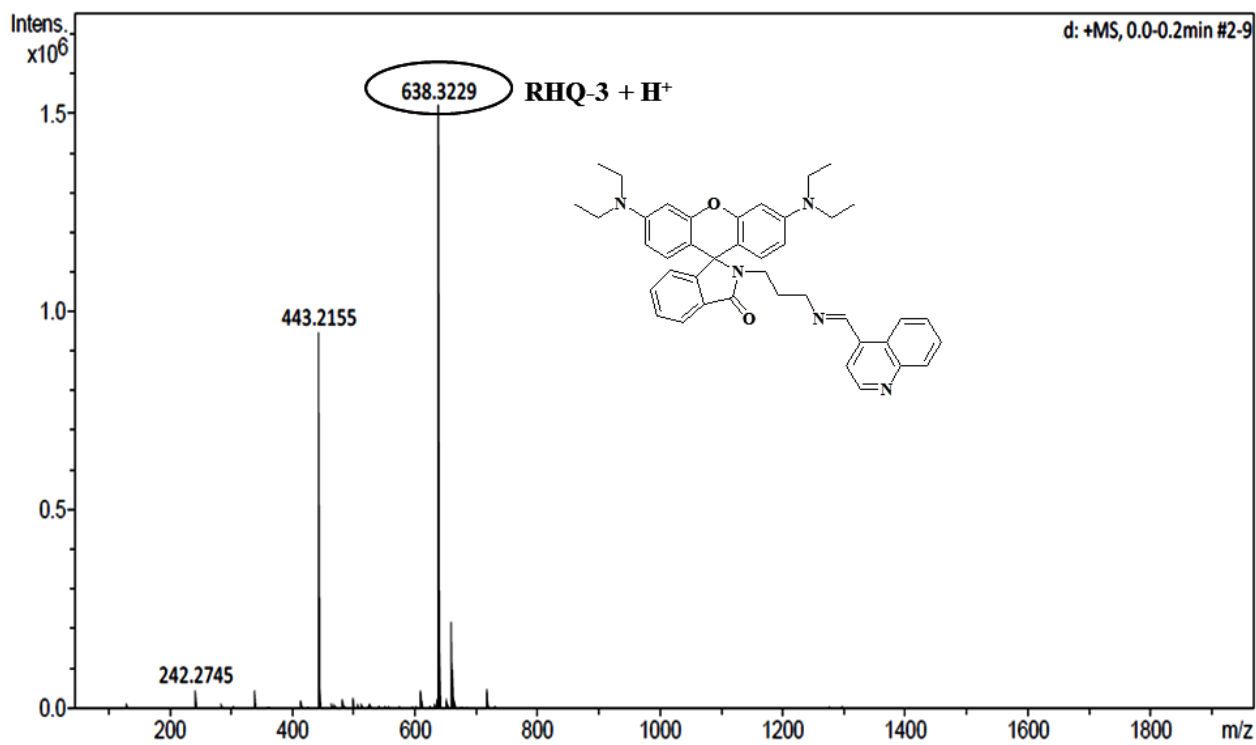


Fig. S12 Mass spectrum of **RHQ-3**.

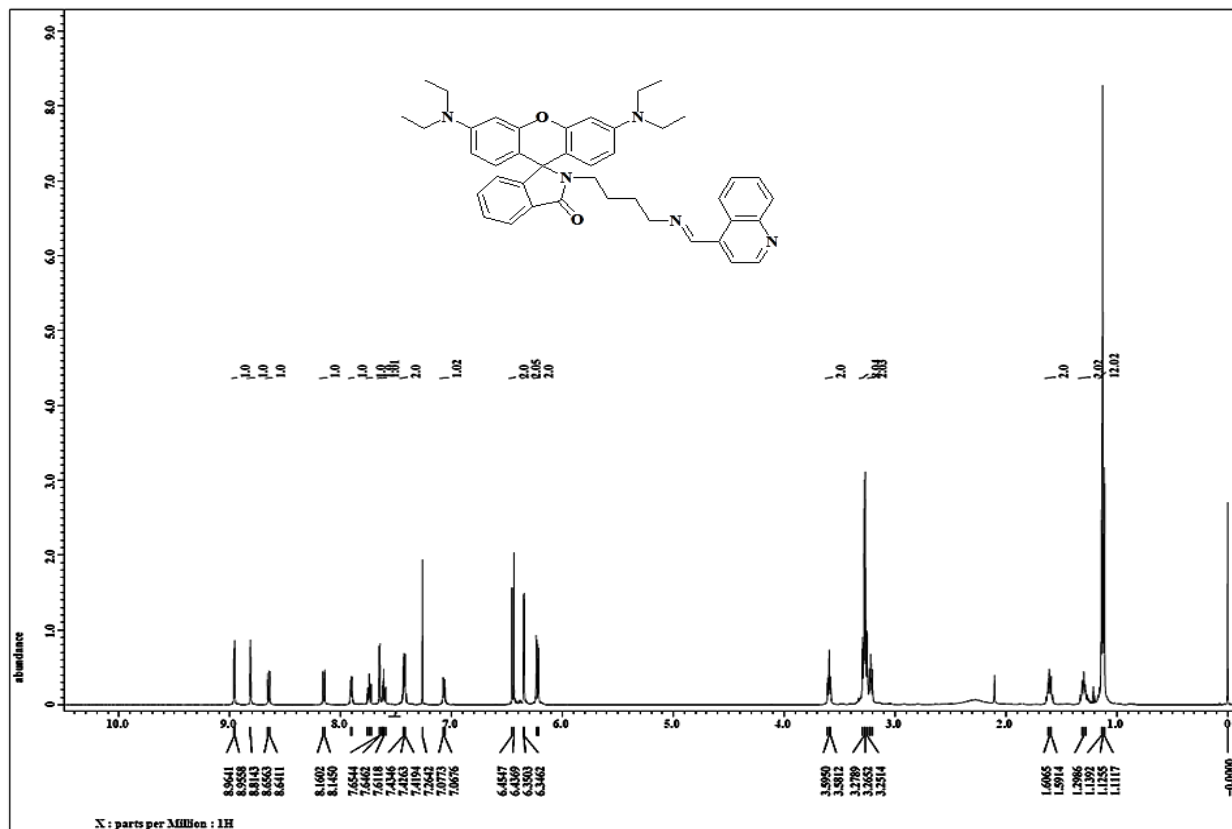


Fig. S13 ¹H NMR spectrum of RHQ-4.

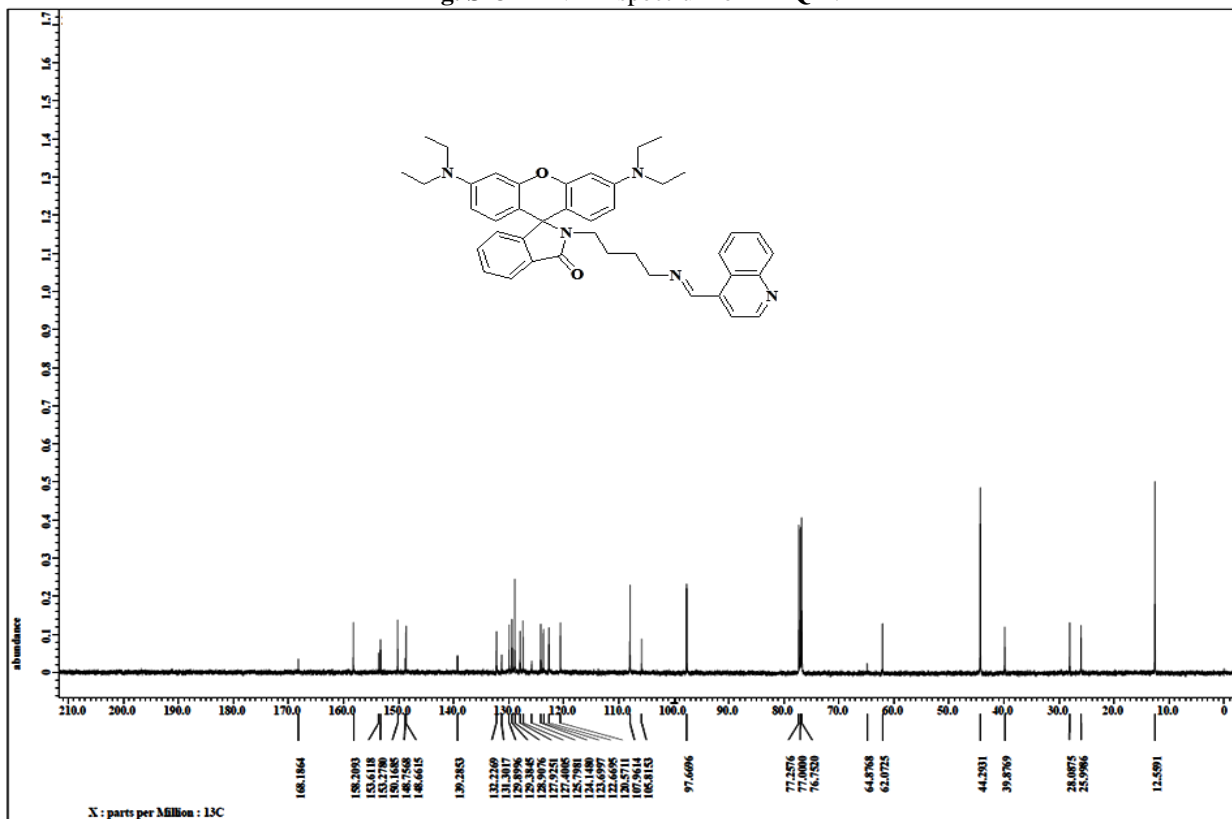


Fig. S14 ¹³C NMR spectrum of RHQ-4.

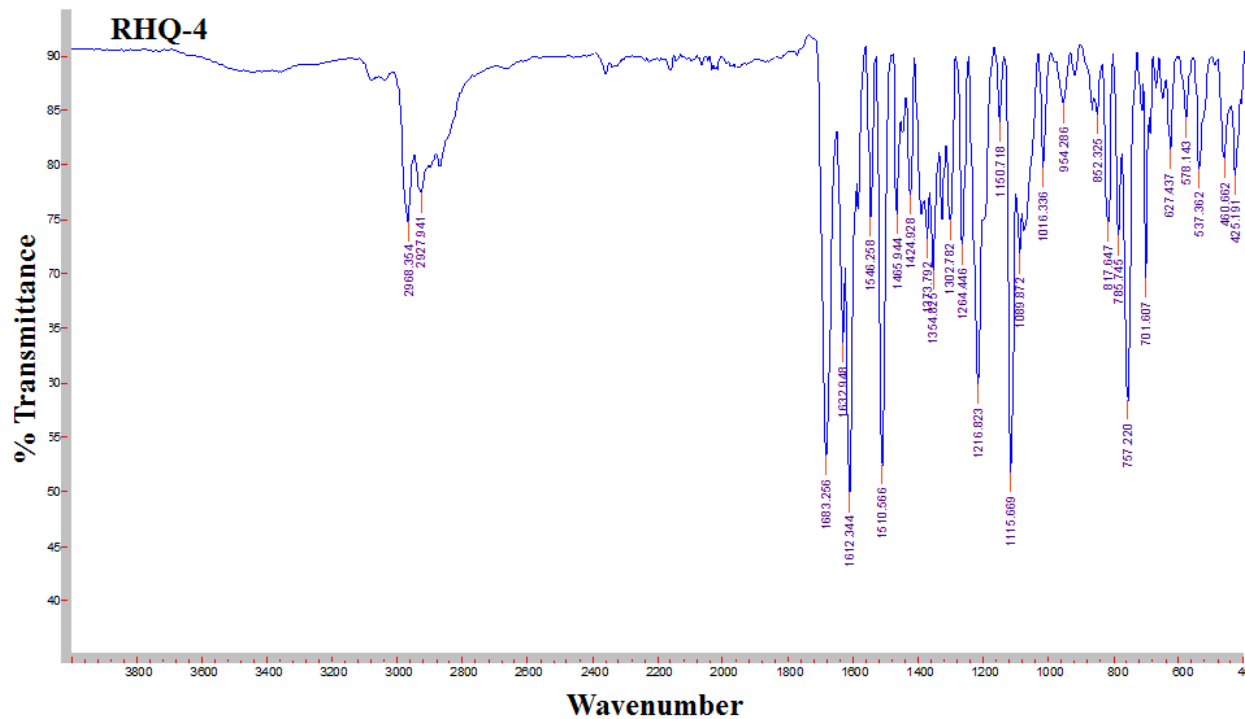


Fig. S15 IR spectrum of RHQ-4.

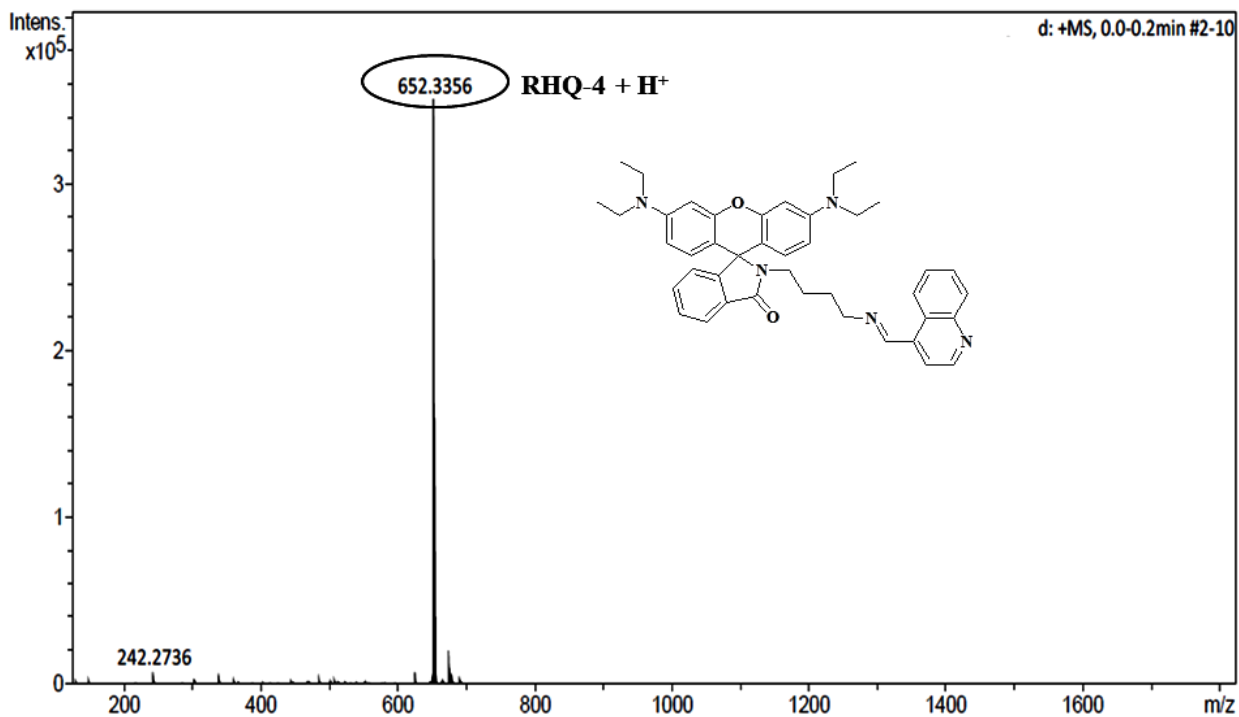


Fig. S16 Mass spectrum of RHQ-4.

Fluorescence studies

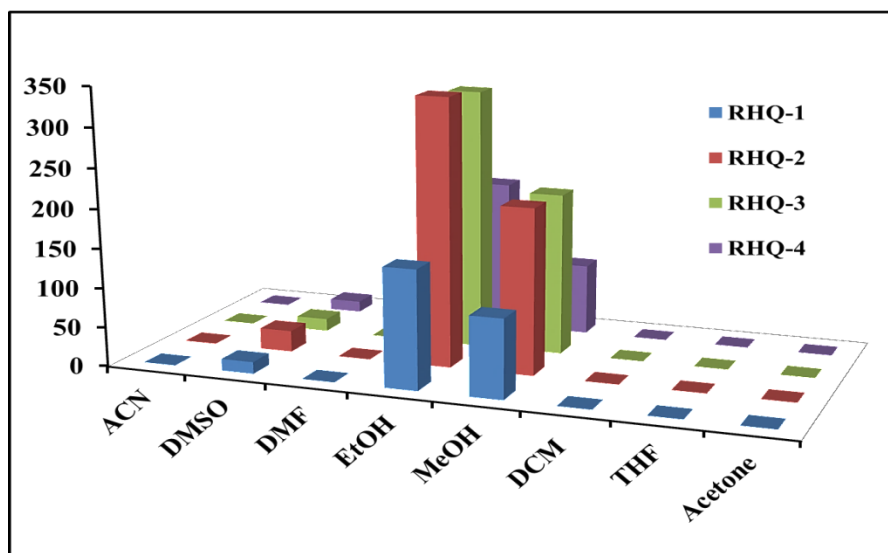


Fig. S17 Fluorescence responses of **RHQs 1-4** (1×10^{-5} M) in different solvents, $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 530$ nm.

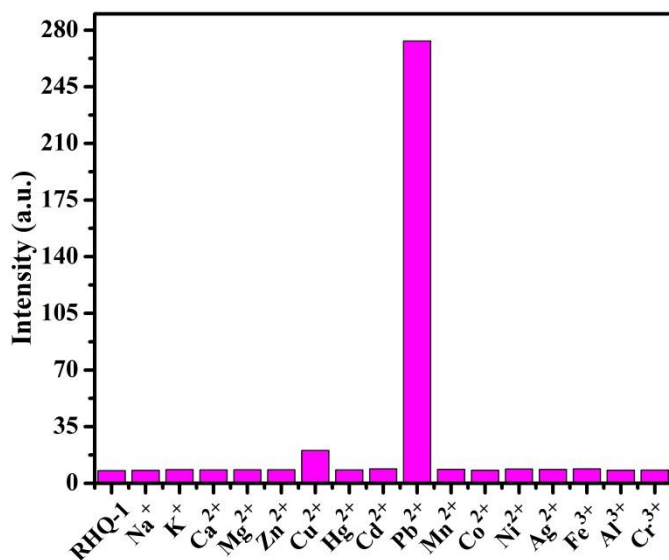


Fig. S18 Comparison of the fluorescence intensity of **RHQ-1** (1×10^{-5} M) upon addition of 0.061 equiv. of various metal ions in $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}:\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (9.5:0.5 %, v/v).

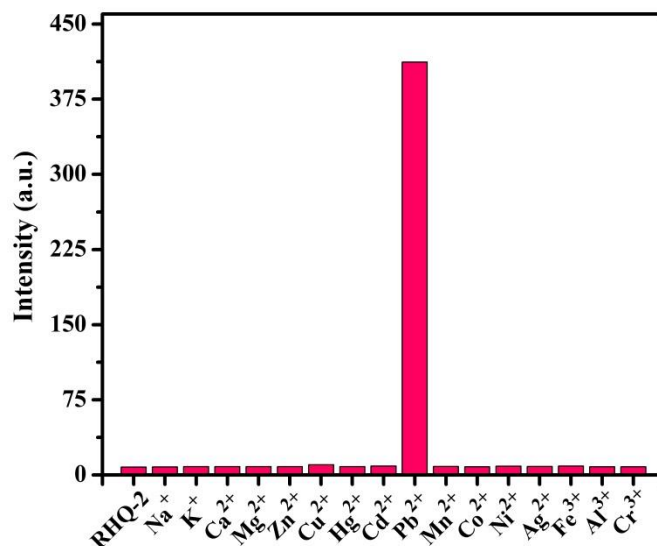


Fig. S19 Comparison of the fluorescence intensity of **RHQ-2** (1×10^{-5} M) upon addition of 0.043 equiv. of various metal ions in $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}:\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (9.5:0.5 %, v/v).

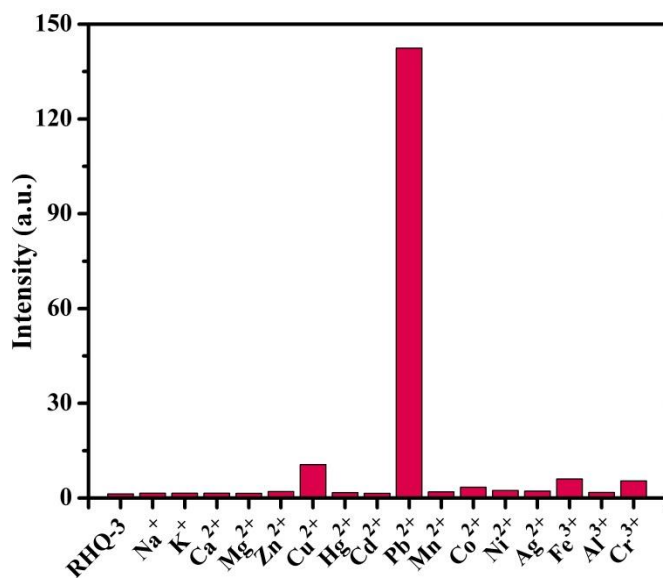


Fig. S20 Comparison of the fluorescence intensity of **RHQ-3** (1×10^{-5} M) upon addition of 0.020 equiv. of various metal ions in $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}:\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (9.5:0.5 %, v/v).

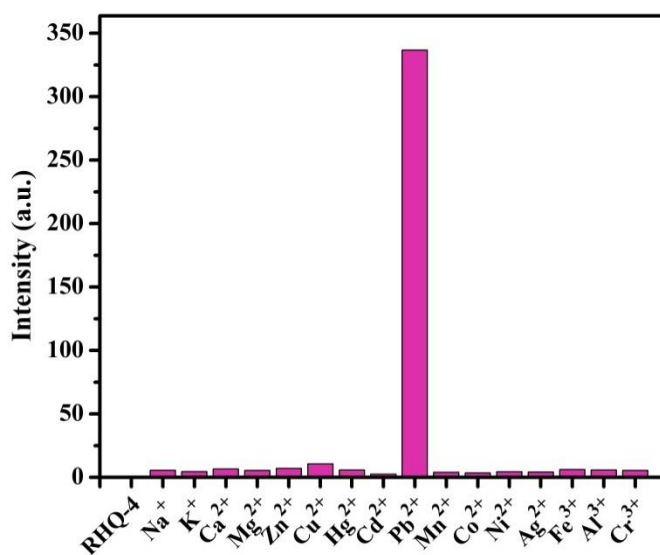


Fig. S21 Comparison of the fluorescence intensity of **RHQ-4** (1×10^{-5} M) upon addition of 3.04 equiv. of various metal ions in $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}:\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (9.5:0.5 %, v/v).

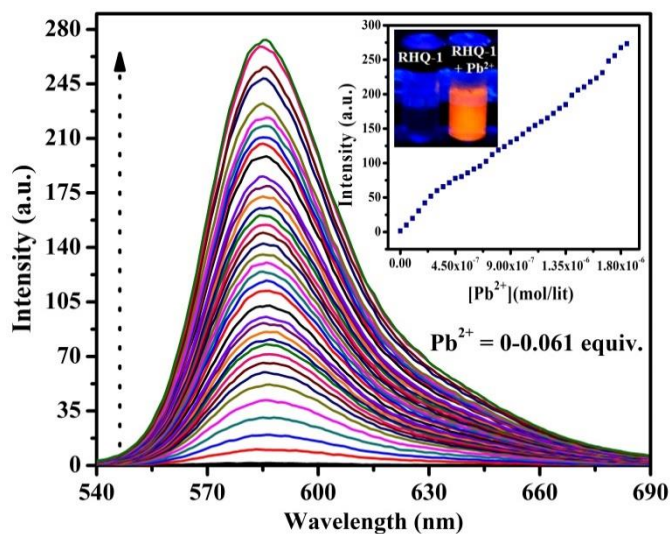


Fig. S22 Fluorescence spectra of **RHQ-1** (1×10^{-5} M) upon addition of 0.061 equiv. of Pb^{2+} in $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}:\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (9.5:0.5 %, v/v).

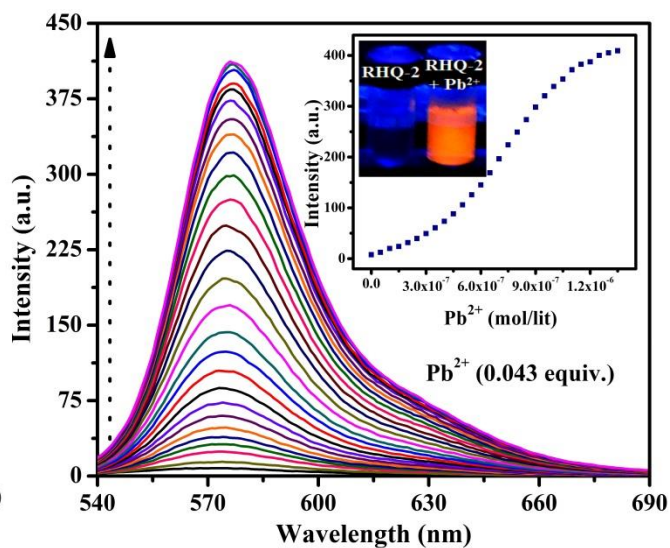


Fig. S23 Fluorescence spectra of **RHQ-2** (1×10^{-5} M) upon addition of 0.043 equiv. of Pb^{2+} in $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}:\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (9.5:0.5 %, v/v).

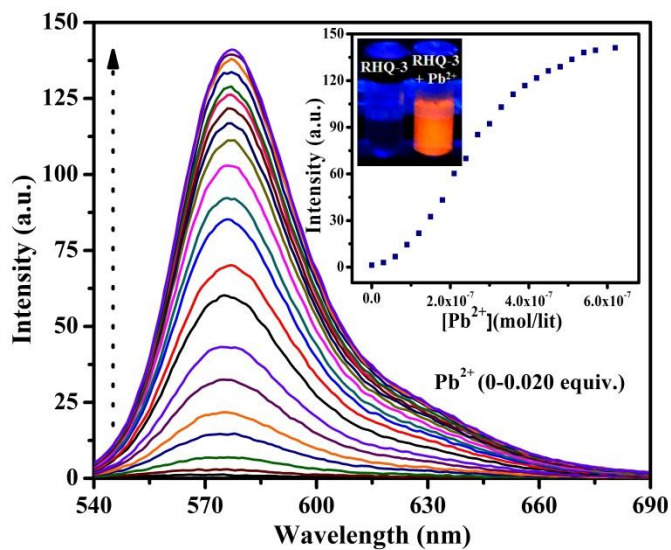


Fig. S24 Fluorescence spectra of **RHQ-3** (1×10^{-5} M) upon addition of 0.020 equiv. of Pb^{2+} in $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}:\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (9.5:0.5 %, v/v).

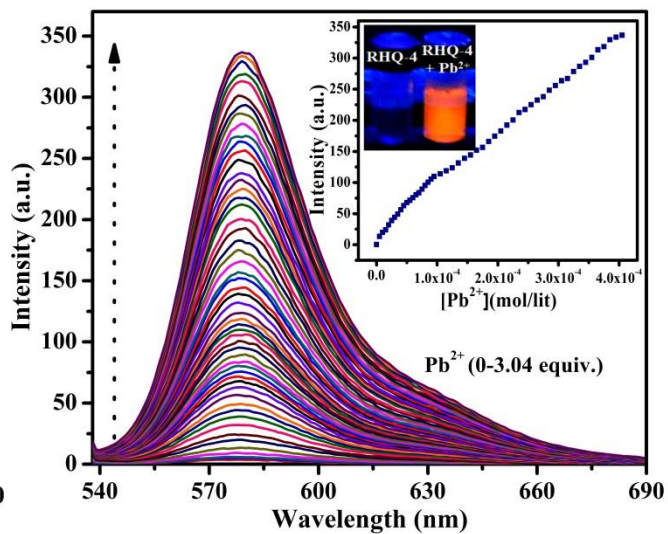


Fig. S25 Fluorescence spectra of **RHQ-4** (1×10^{-5} M) upon addition of 3.04 equiv. of Pb^{2+} in $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}:\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (9.5:0.5 %, v/v).

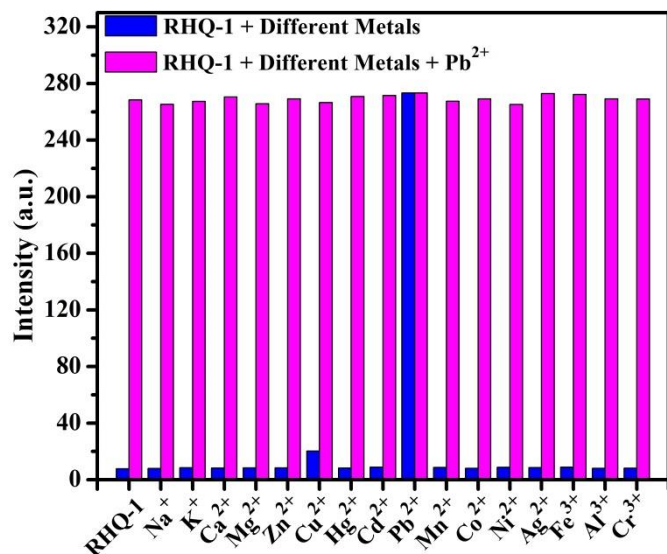


Fig. S26 Fluorescence response of **RHQ-1** (1×10^{-5} M) in $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}:\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (9.5:0.5 %, v/v) upon addition of 0.061 equiv. of respective metal ions (blue bars), followed by addition of 0.061 equiv. of Pb^{2+} (pink bars). $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 530$ nm.

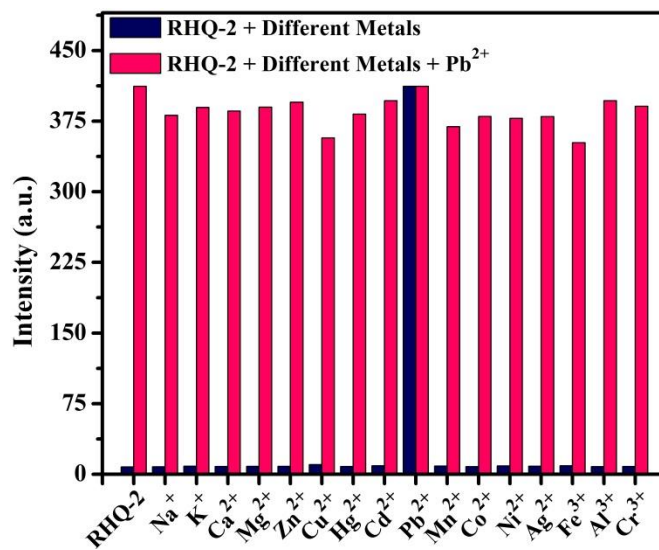


Fig. S27 Fluorescence response of **RHQ-2** (1×10^{-5} M) in $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}:\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (9.5:0.5 %, v/v) upon addition of 0.043 equiv. of respective metal ions (blue bars), followed by addition of 0.043 equiv. of Pb^{2+} (pink bars). $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 530$ nm.

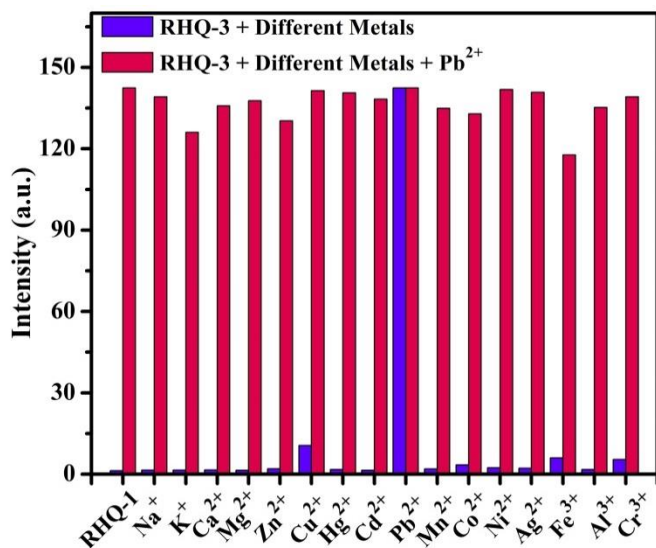


Fig. S28 Fluorescence response of **RHQ-3** (1×10^{-5} M) in $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}:\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (9.5:0.5 %, v/v) upon addition of 0.020 equiv. of respective metal ions (blue bars), followed by addition of 0.020 equiv. of Pb^{2+} (pink bars). $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 530$ nm.

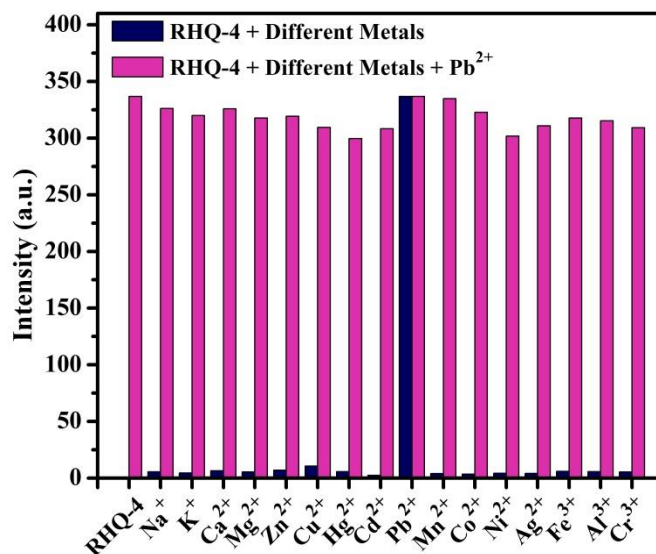


Fig. S29 Fluorescence response of **RHQ-4** (1×10^{-5} M) in $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}:\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (9.5:0.5 %, v/v) upon addition of 3.04 equiv. of respective metal ions (blue bars), followed by addition of 3.04 equiv. of Pb^{2+} (pink bars). $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 530$ nm.

Job's plots

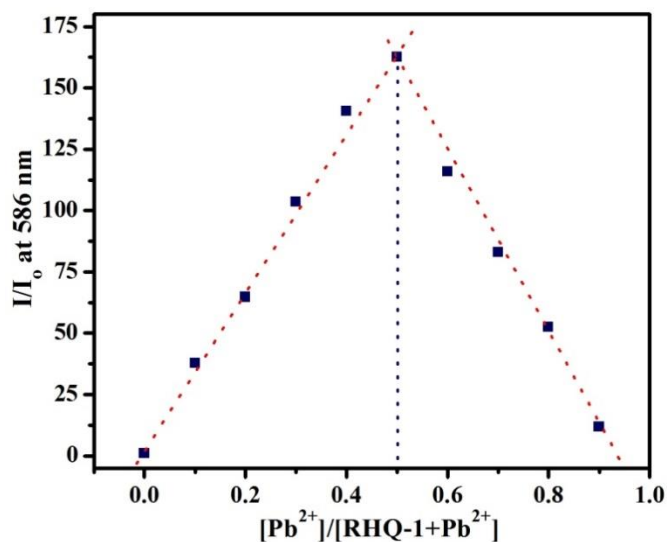


Fig. S30 Job's plot of **RHQ-1** (1×10^{-5} M) towards the detection of Pb^{2+} .

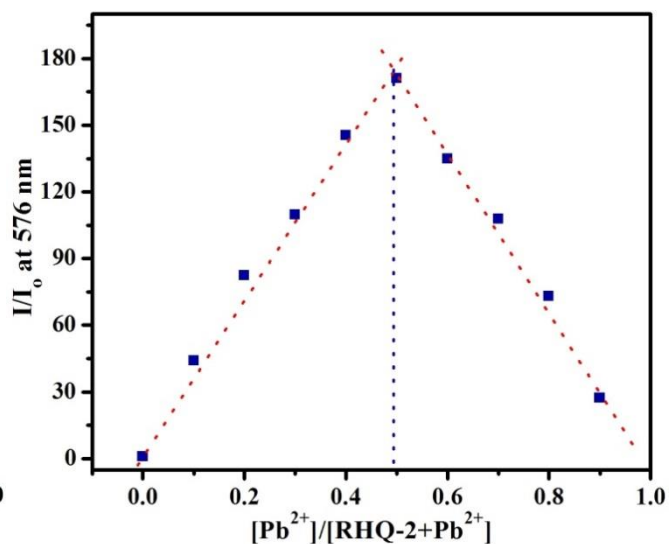


Fig. S31 Job's plot of **RHQ-2** (1×10^{-5} M) towards the detection of Pb^{2+} .

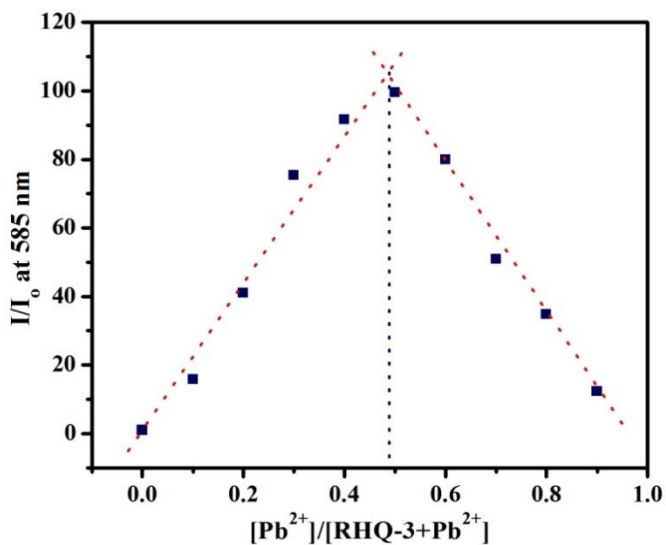


Fig. S32 Job's plot of **RHQ-3** (1×10^{-5} M) towards the detection of Pb^{2+} .

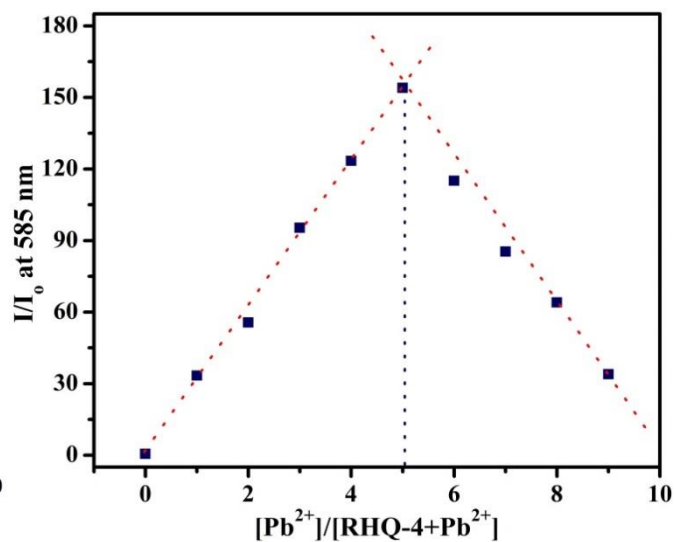


Fig. S33 Job's plot of **RHQ-4** (1×10^{-5} M) towards the detection of Pb^{2+} .

Binding constants

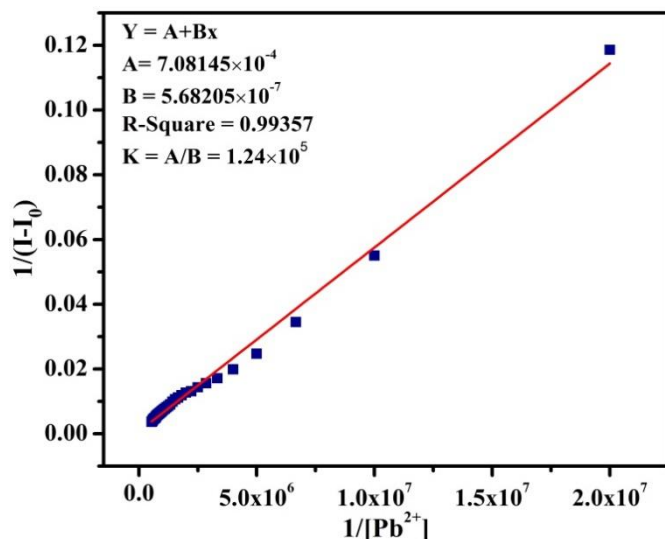


Fig. S34 Binding constant of **RHQ-1** (1×10^{-5} M) towards Pb^{2+} .

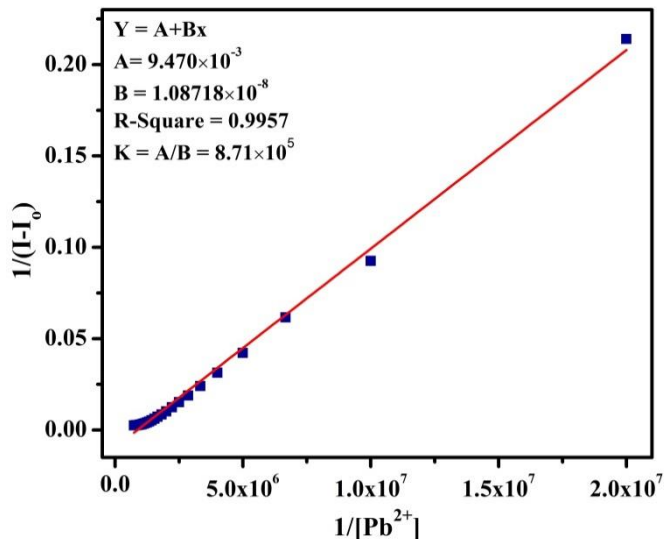


Fig. S35 Binding constant of **RHQ-2** (1×10^{-5} M) towards Pb^{2+} .

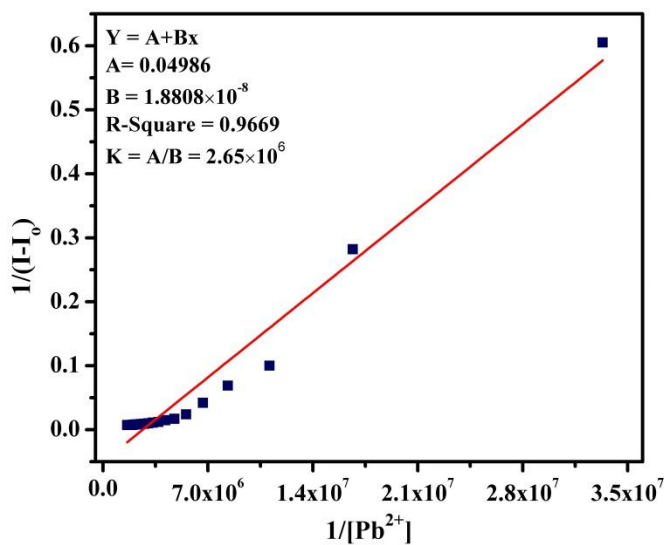


Fig. S36 Binding constant of **RHQ-3** (1×10^{-5} M) towards Pb^{2+} .

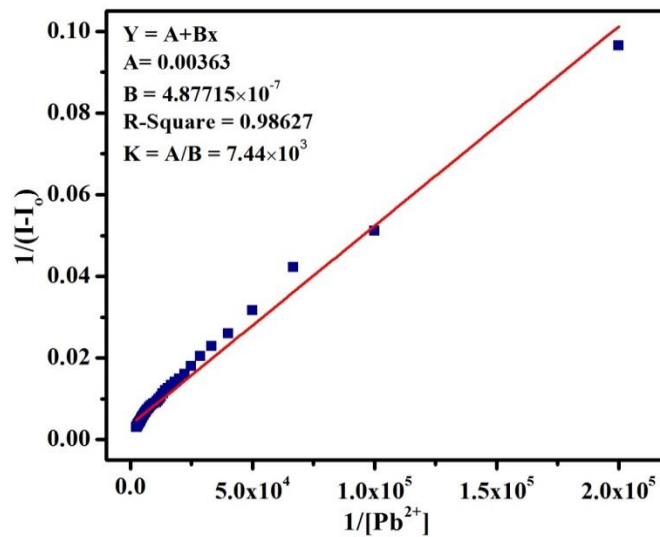


Fig. S37 Binding constant of **RHQ-4** (1×10^{-5} M) towards Pb^{2+} .

Detection limits

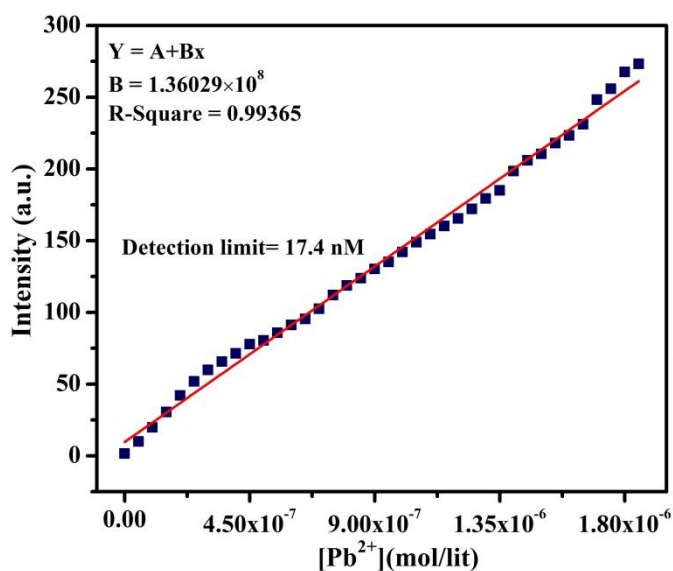


Fig. S38 Detection limit of RHQ-1 (1×10^{-5} M) towards the detection of Pb²⁺.

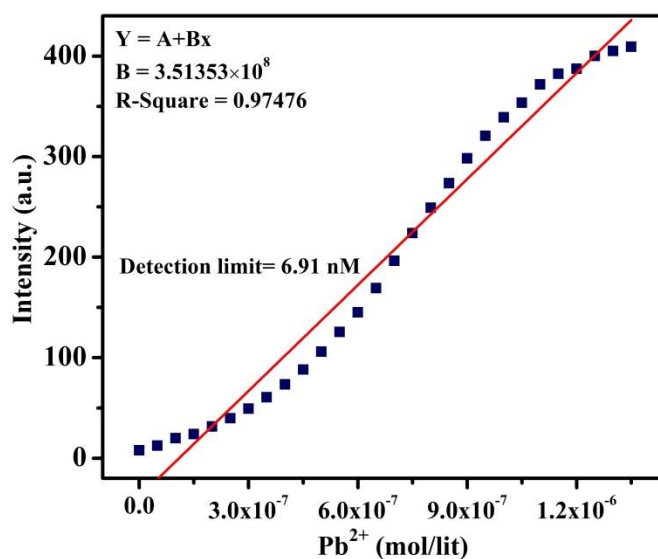


Fig. S39 Detection limit of RHQ-2 (1×10^{-5} M) towards the detection of Pb²⁺.

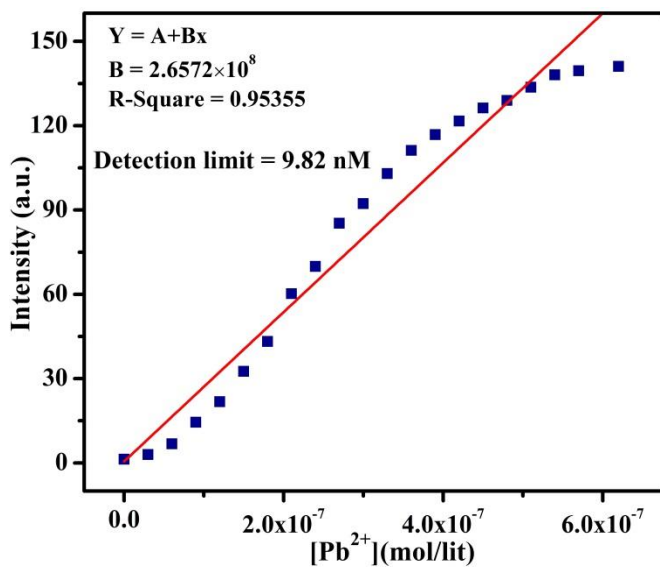


Fig. S40 Detection limit of RHQ-3 (1×10^{-5} M) towards the detection of Pb²⁺.

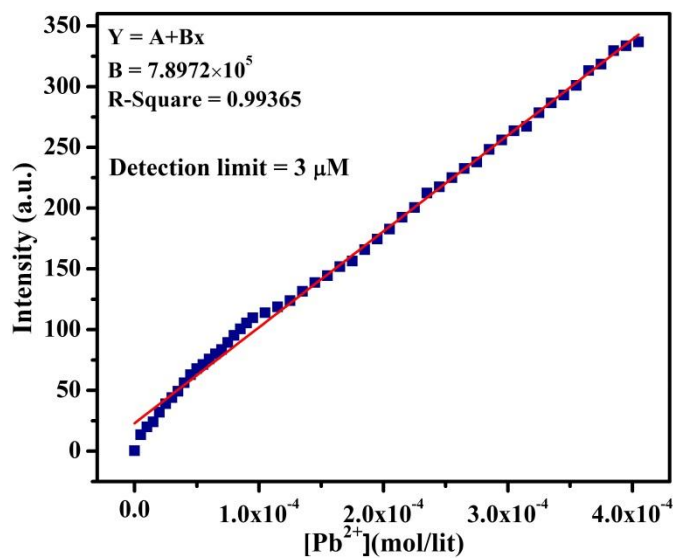


Fig. S41 Detection limit of RHQ-4 (1×10^{-5} M) towards the detection of Pb²⁺.

Comparison of detection limits

The detection limits of **RHQ-1, RHQ-2, RHQ-3 & RHQ-4** towards Pb^{2+} were determined from the following equation:

$$\text{DL} = 3 \cdot \text{SD} / \text{S}$$

Where SD is the standard deviation of the blank solution (**RHQ-1, RHQ-2, RHQ-3 & RHQ-4**, 10 μM) detected for 10 times; S is the slope of the calibration curve.

S. No.	Standard Deviation	Slope	(3×Standard deviation)/Slope	Detection Limit
1.	0.71	1.36029×10^8	1.74×10^{-8}	17.4 nM
2.	0.81	3.51353×10^8	0.691×10^{-8}	6.91 nM
3.	0.87	2.6572×10^8	0.982×10^{-8}	9.82 nM
4.	0.79	7.8972×10^5	0.300×10^{-5}	3 μM

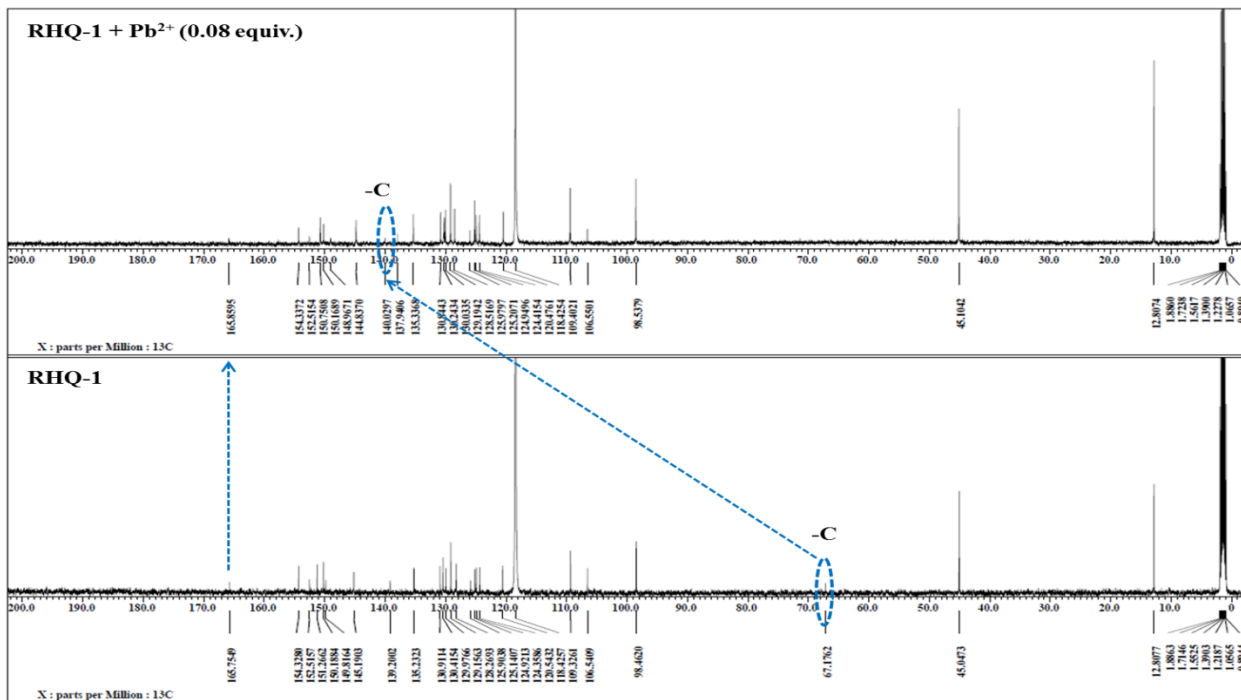
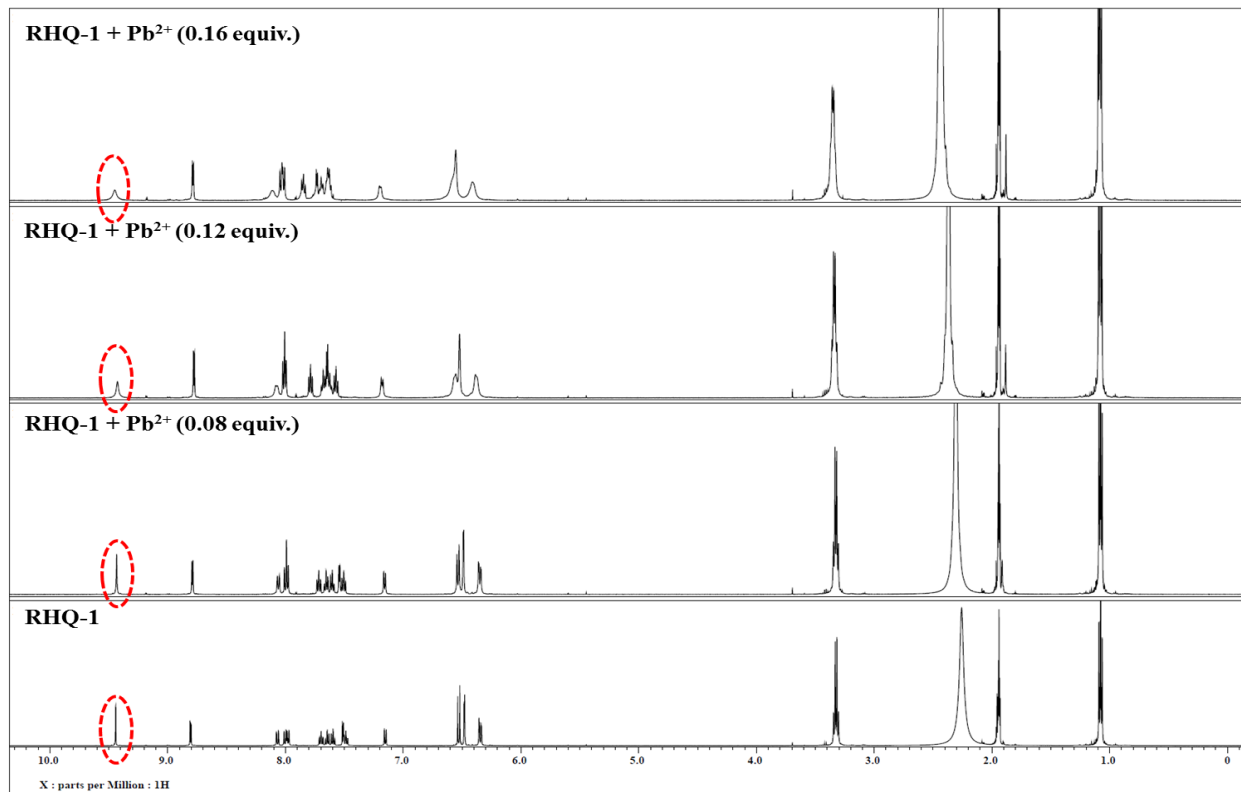


Fig. S42 ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra of **RHQ-1** in CD₃CN-d₃ after addition of Pb²⁺.

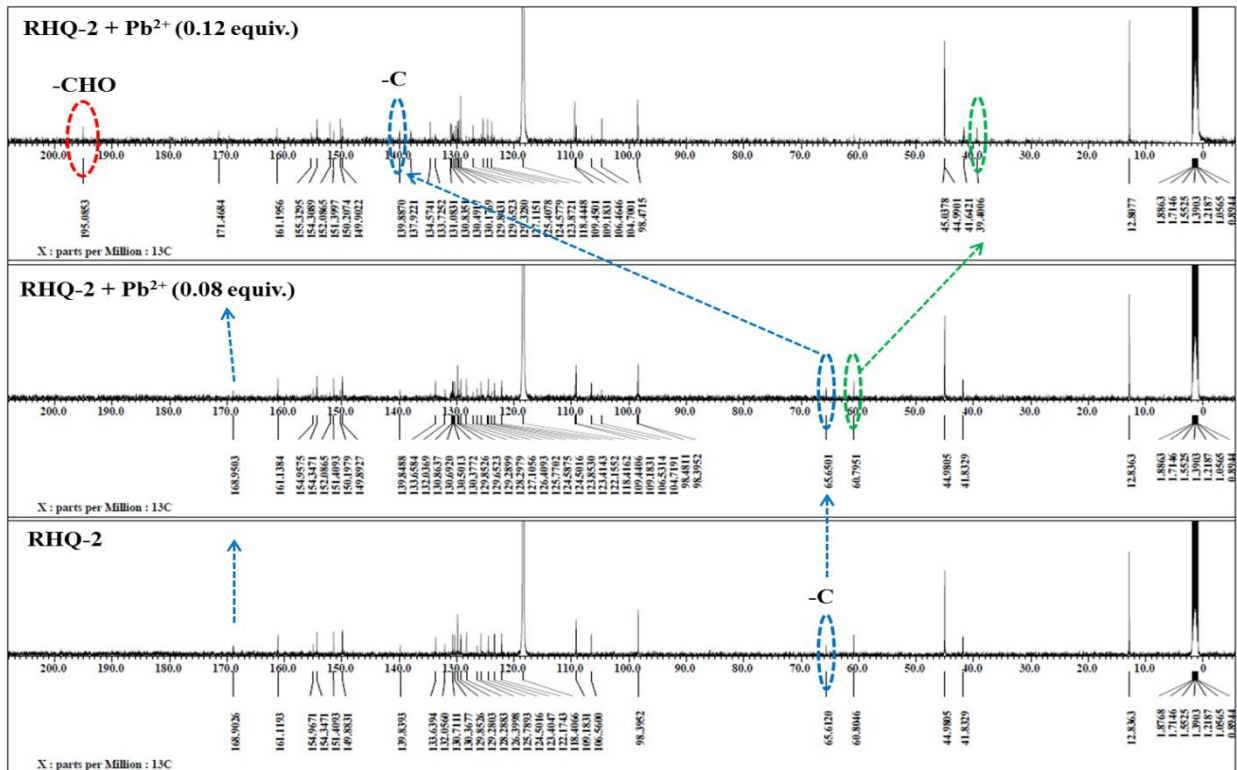
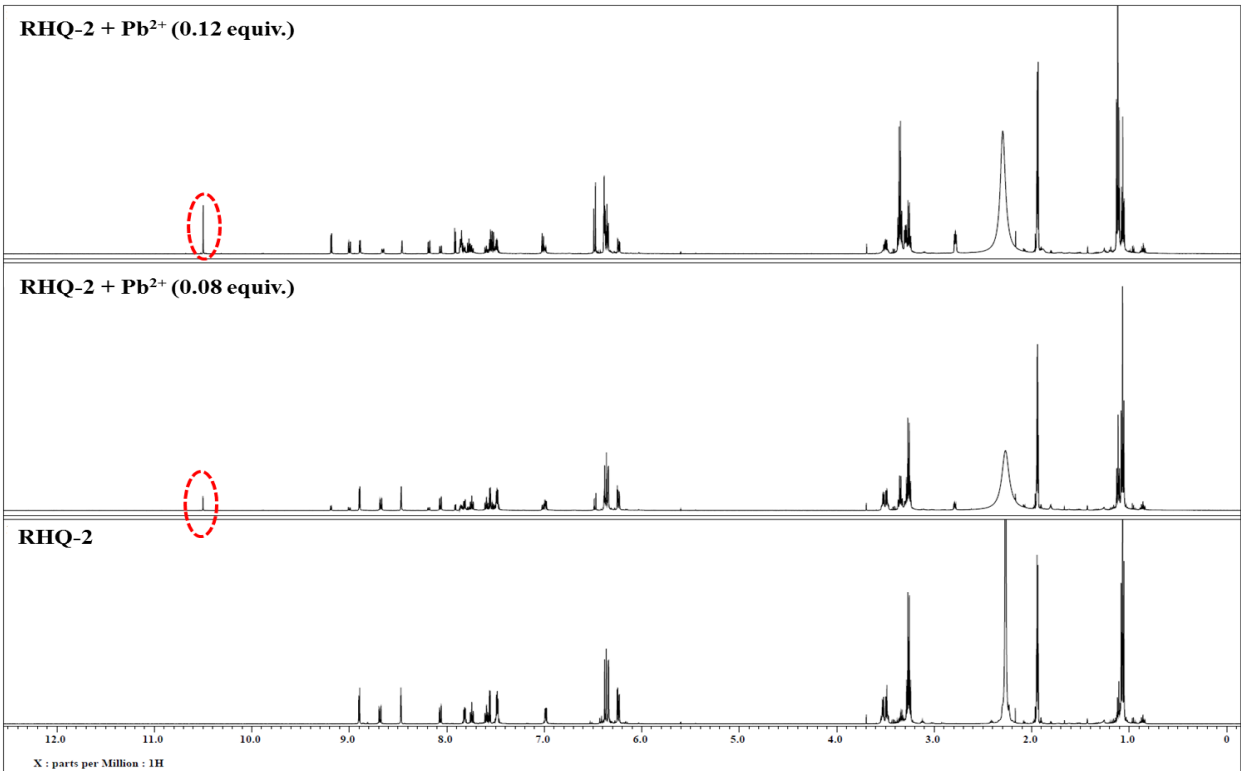


Fig. S43 ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra of RHQ-2 in CD₃CN-d₃ after addition of Pb²⁺.

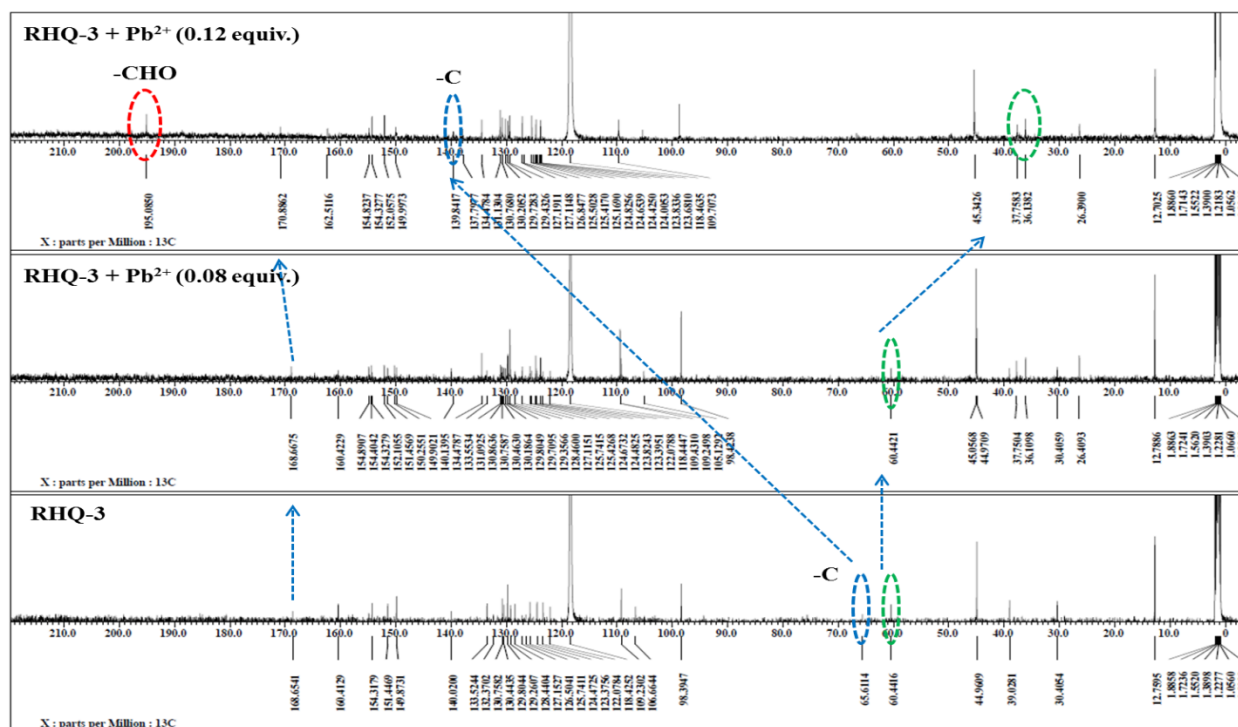
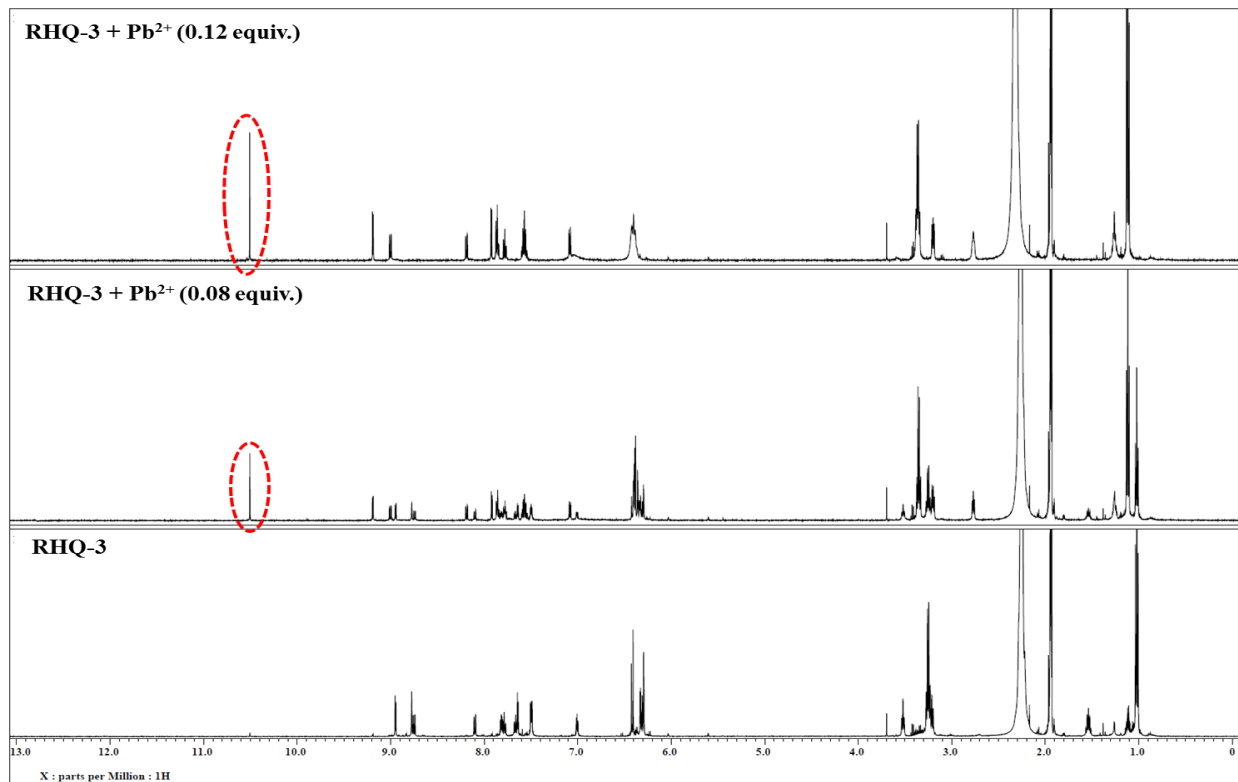


Fig. S44 ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra of RHQ-3 in CD₃CN-d₃ after addition of Pb²⁺.

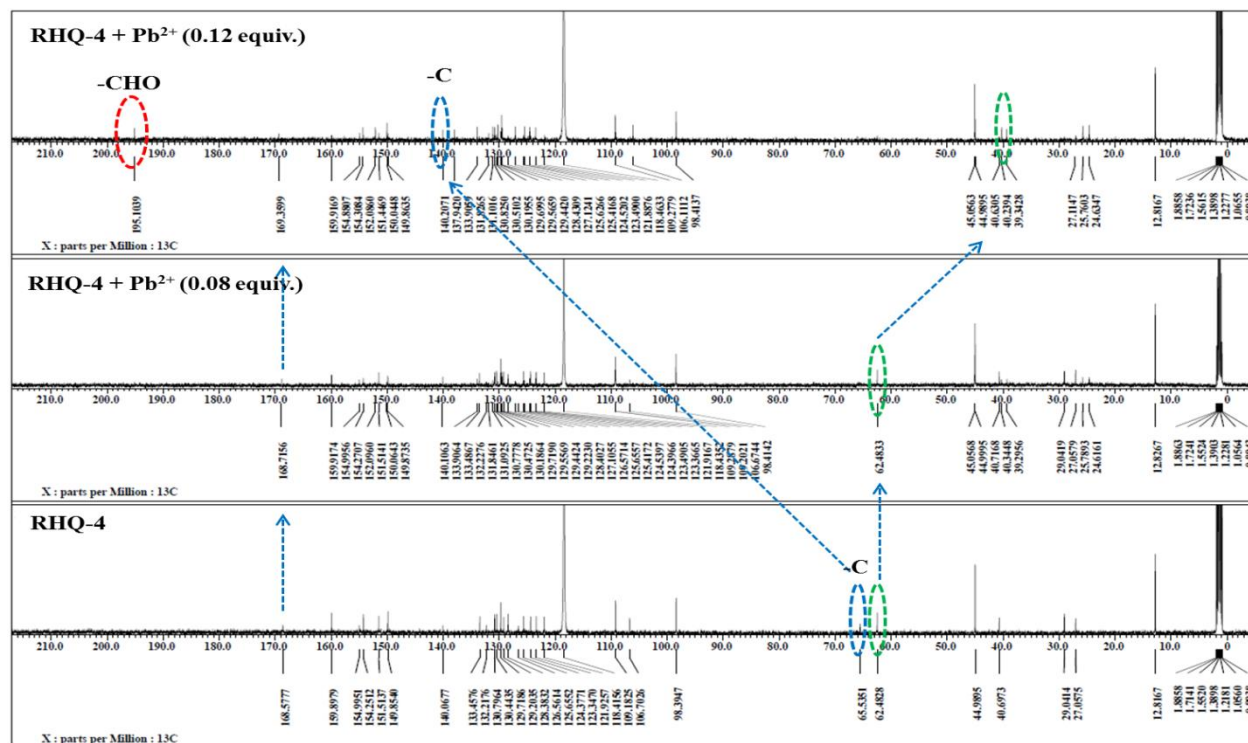
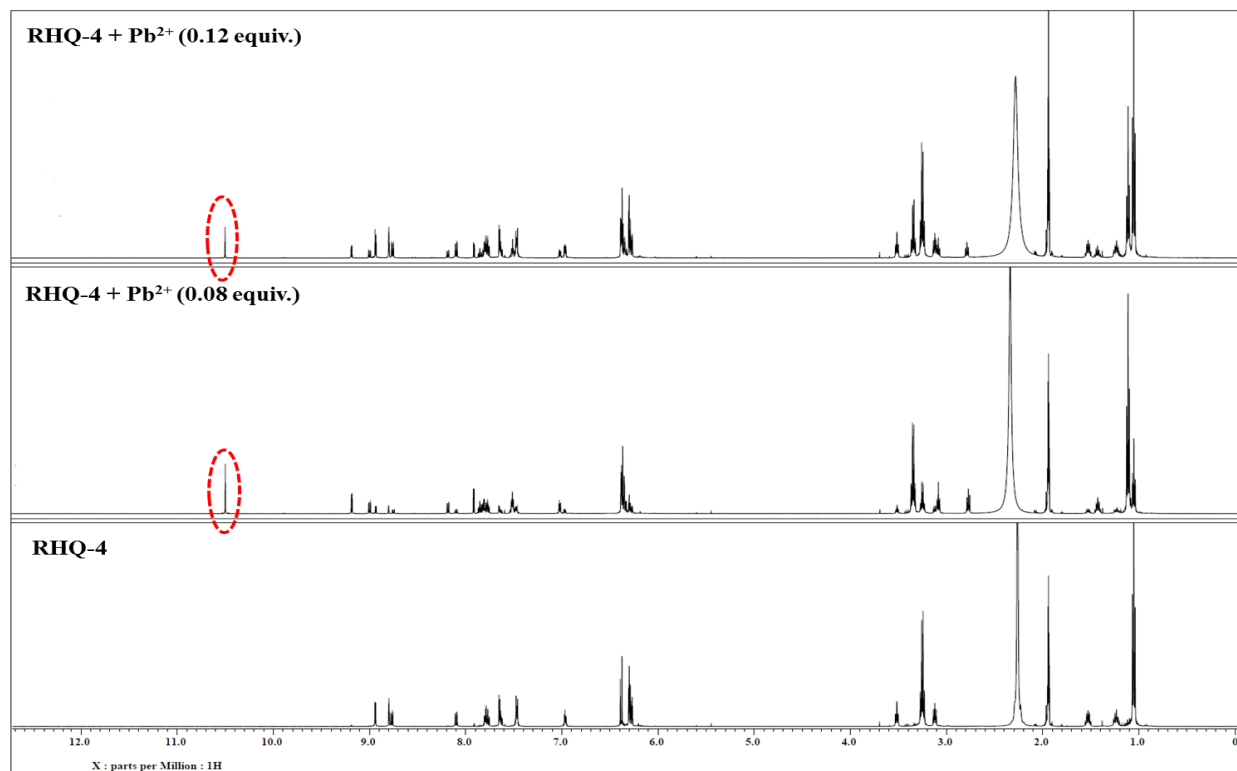


Fig. S45 ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra of RHQ-4 in CD₃CN-d₃ after addition of Pb²⁺.

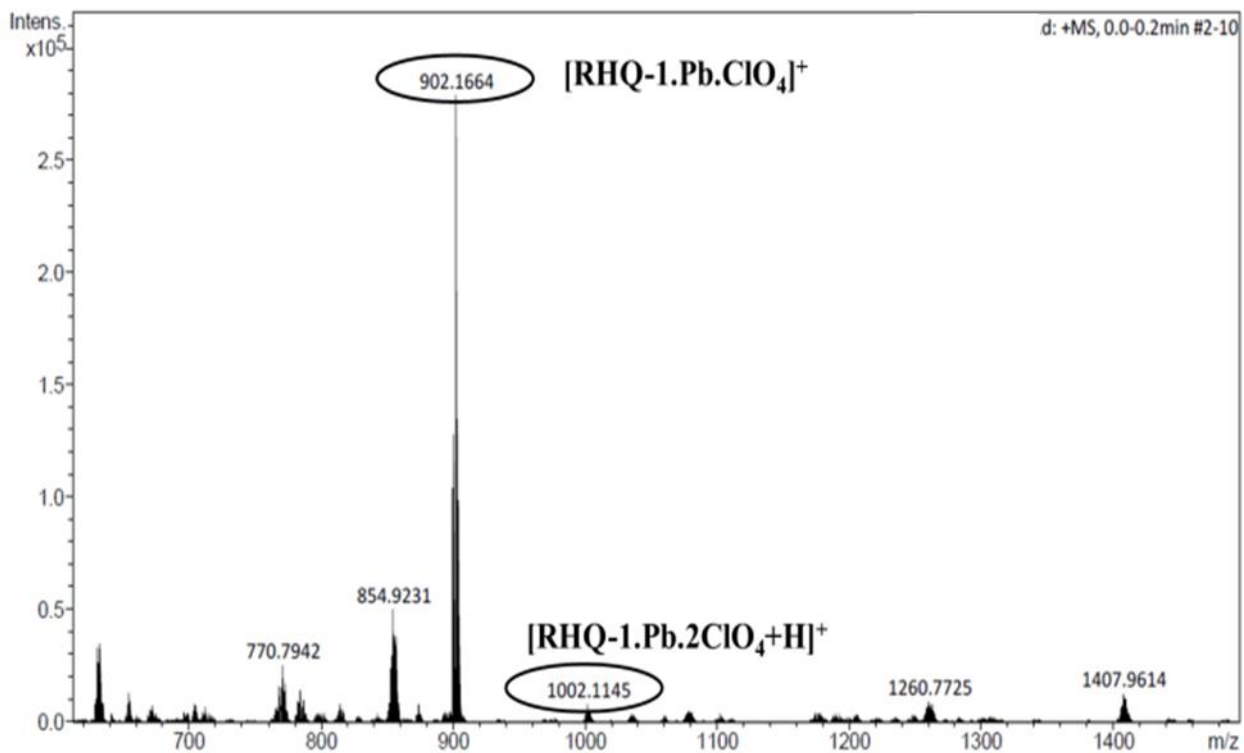


Fig. S46 Mass spectrum of RHQ-1 in presence of Pb^{2+} .

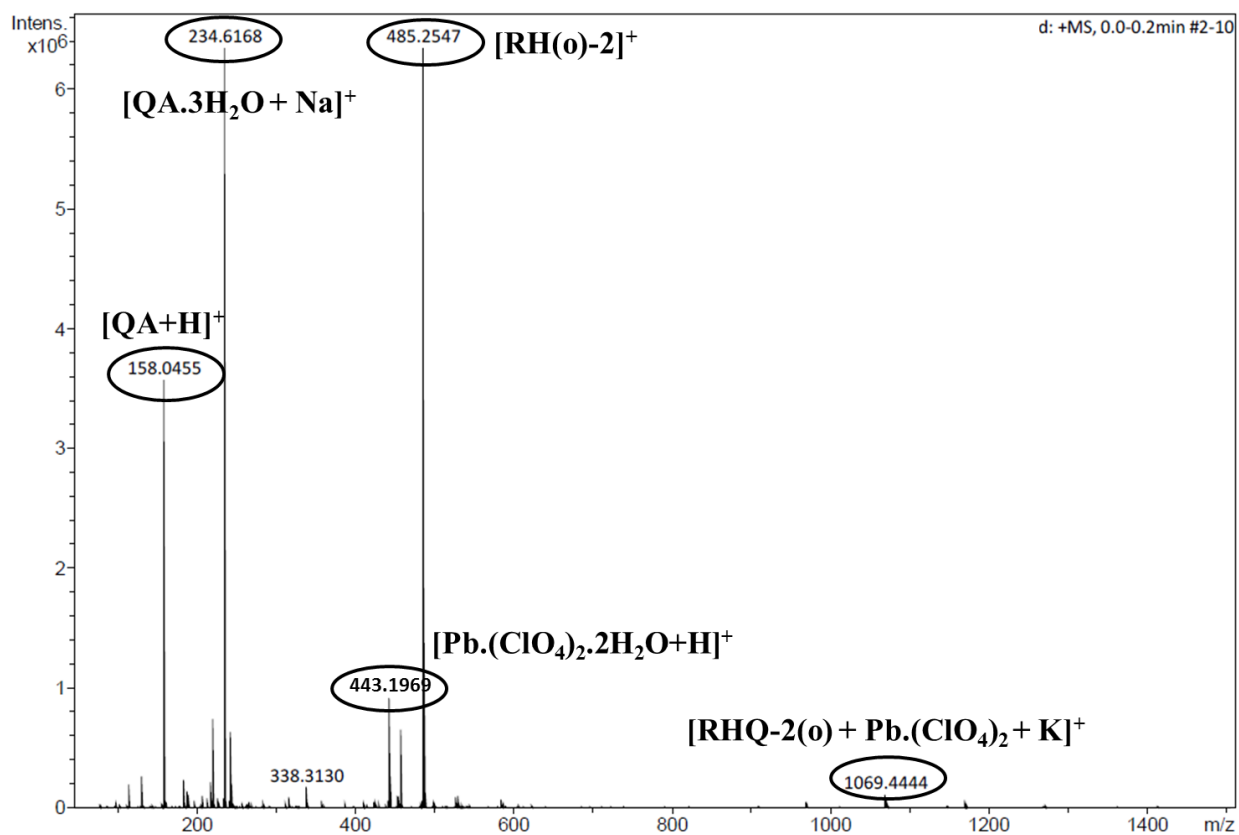


Fig. S47 Mass spectrum of RHQ-2 in presence of Pb^{2+} .

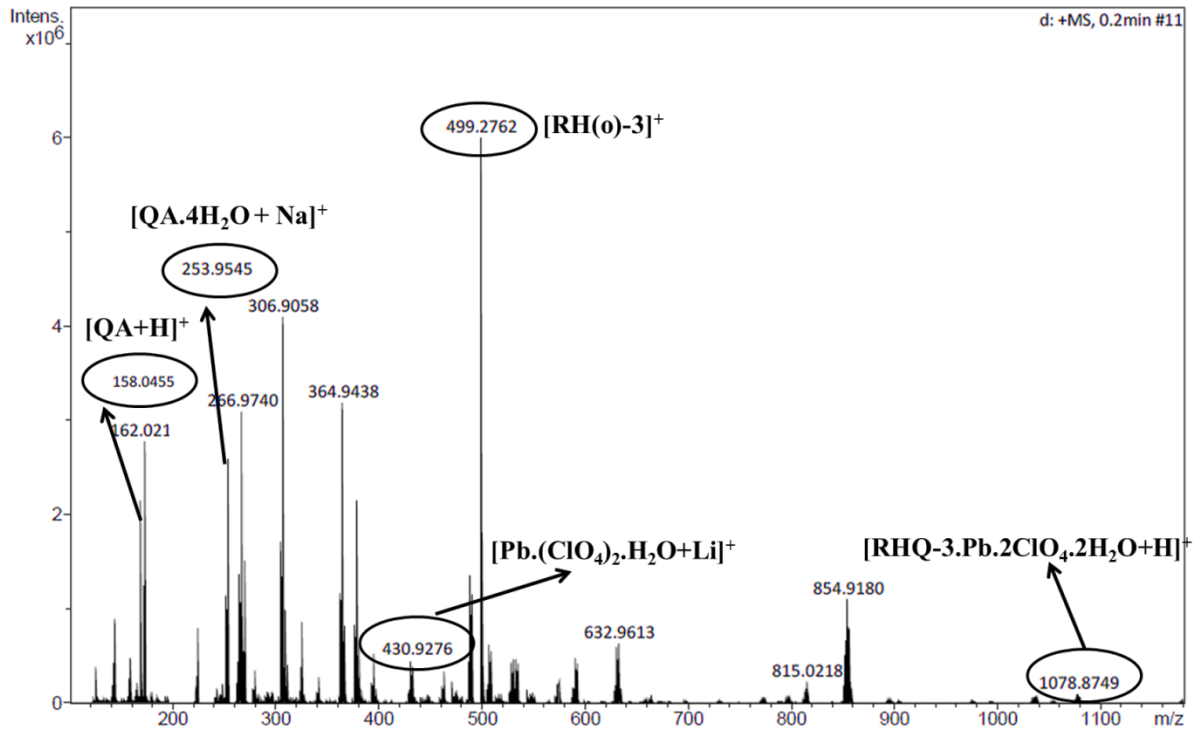


Fig. S48 Mass spectrum of RHQ-3 in presence of Pb^{2+} .

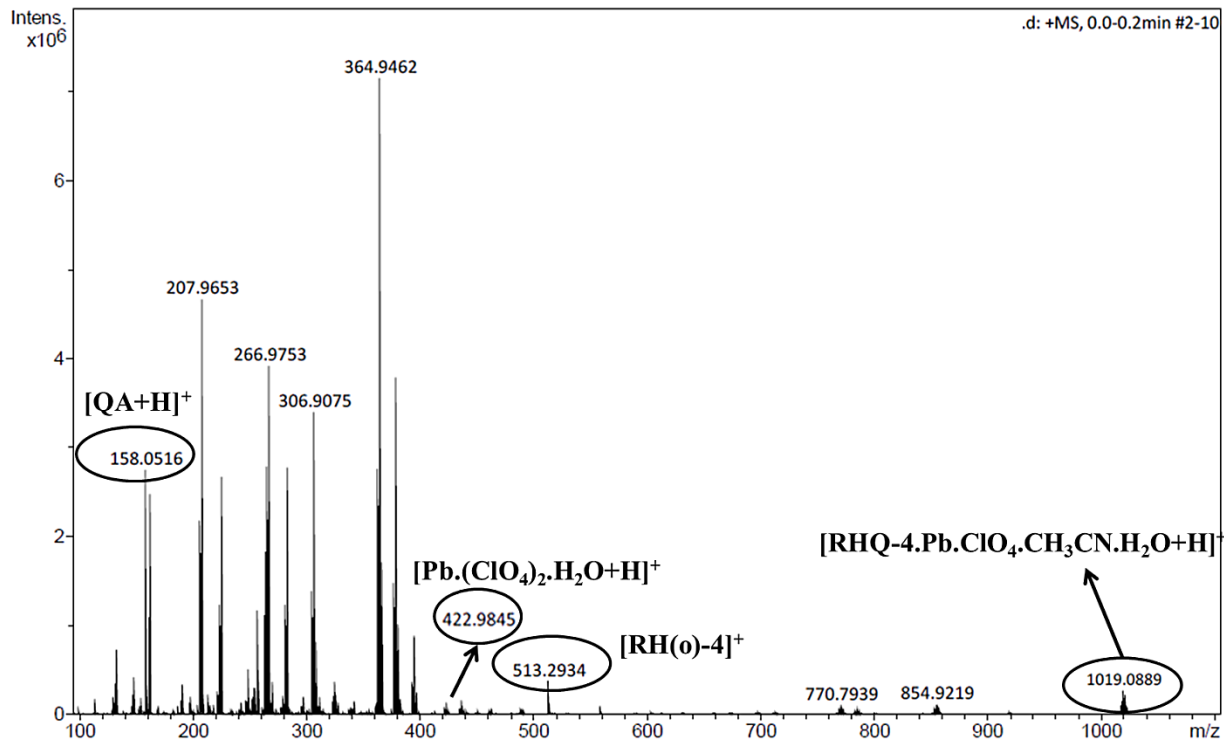
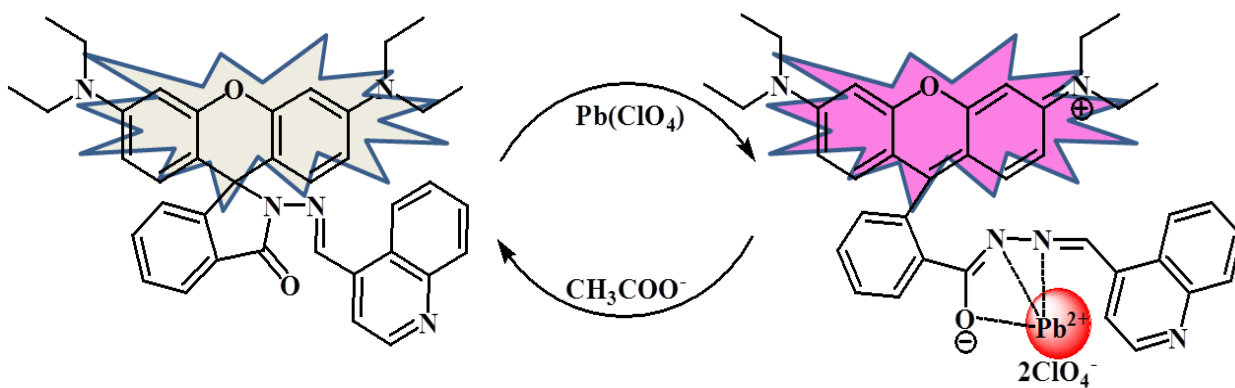


Fig. S49 Mass spectrum of RHQ-4 in presence of Pb^{2+} .

Plausible mechanism of chemosensing



Scheme 1 Plausible mechanism of Pb^{2+} binding with RHQ-1.

Anion sensing

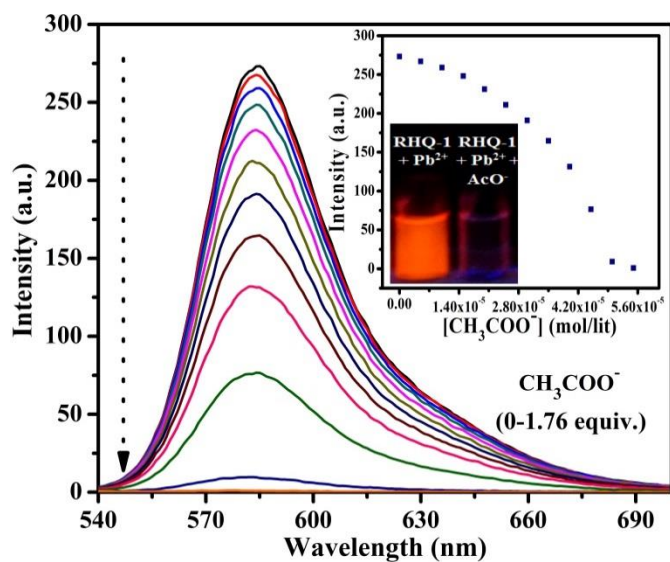


Fig. S50 Fluorescence spectra of **RHQ-1+Pb²⁺** ensemble (1 × 10⁻⁵ M) upon addition of 0.061 equiv. of CH₃COO⁻ in CH₃CN:H₂O (9.5:0.5 %, v/v).

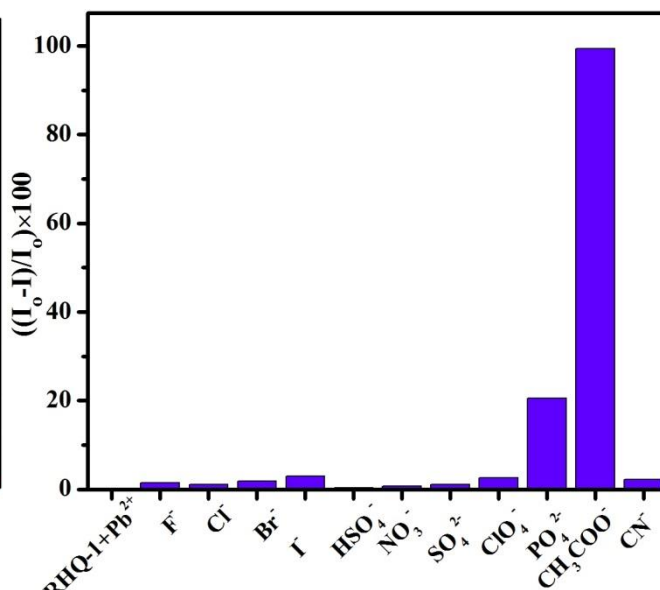


Fig. S51 Comparison of fluorescence intensity at 586 nm of **RHQ-1+Pb²⁺** ensemble on addition of various anions. $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 530$ nm.

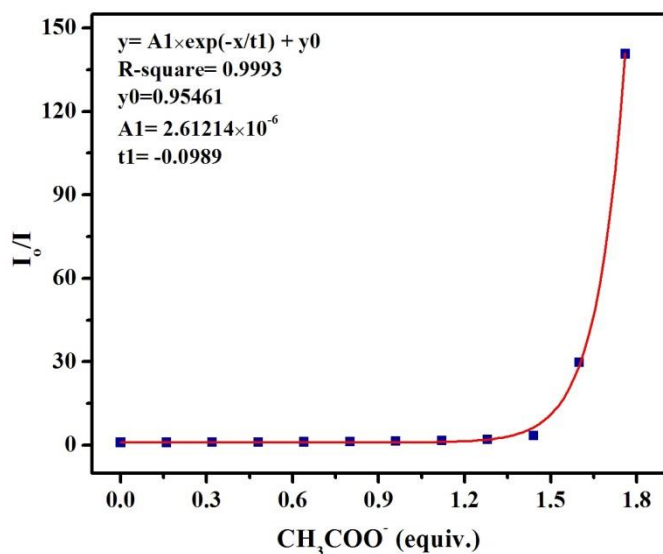


Fig. S52 Stern-Volmer plot of **RHQ-1+Pb²⁺** ensemble on the addition of different amounts of CH₃COO⁻.

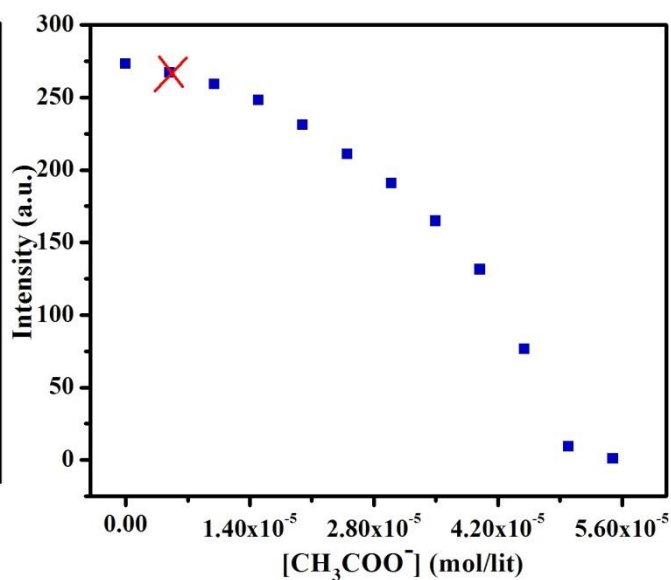


Fig. S53 Detection limit of **RHQ-1+Pb²⁺** ensemble for the detection of CH₃COO⁻.

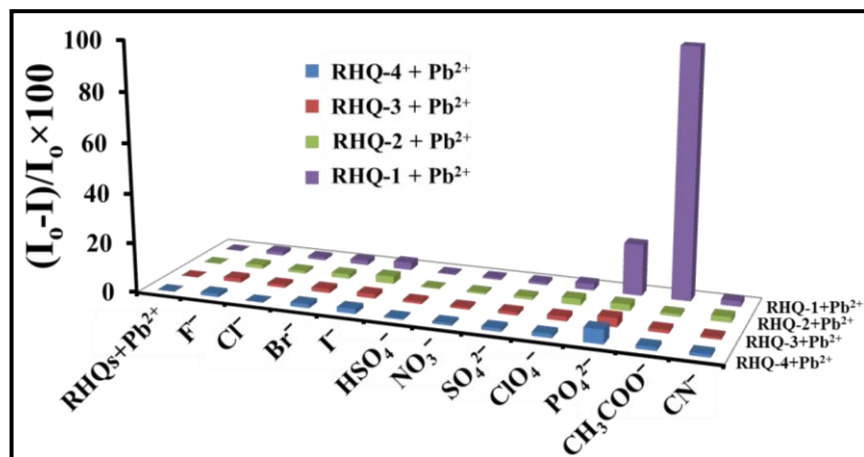


Fig. S54 Comparison of fluorescence intensity at 586 nm of **RHQs+Pb²⁺** ensemble on addition of various anions, $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 530$ nm.

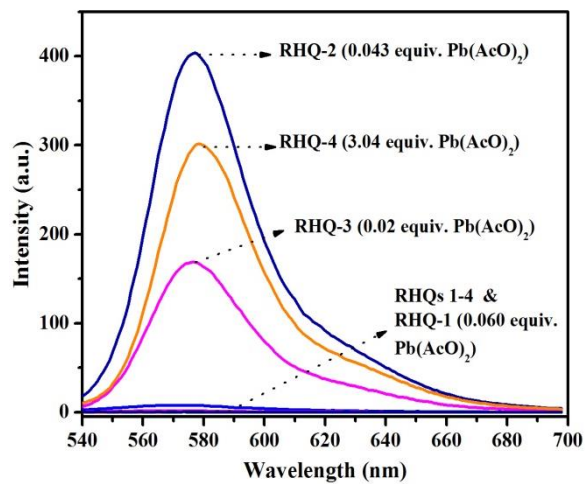


Fig. S55 Fluorescence spectra of **RHQs 1-4** (1×10^{-5} M) upon addition of 0.060, 0.043, 0.020 and 3.04 equiv. of $\text{Pb}(\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_2$ in $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}:\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (9.5:0.5 %, v/v) respectively.

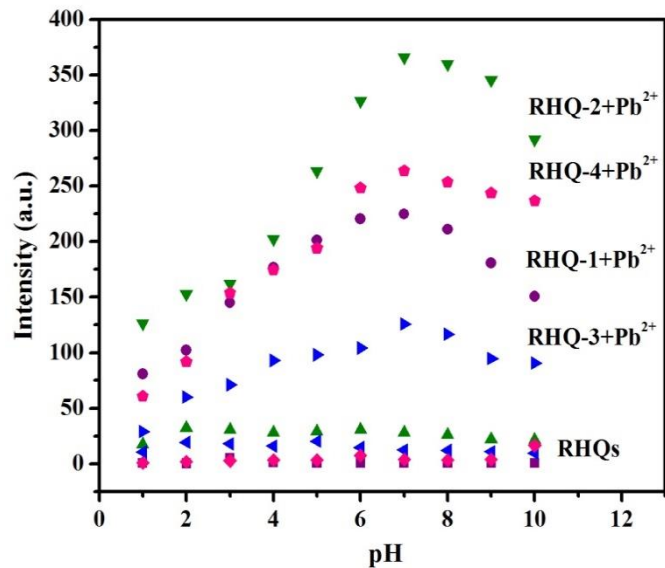


Fig. S56 Effect of pH on fluorescence intensity of **RHQs 1-4** ($1 \times 10^{-5} \text{M}$) and **RHQs 1-4+Pb²⁺** in Tris-HCl buffered (0.05M) solution.

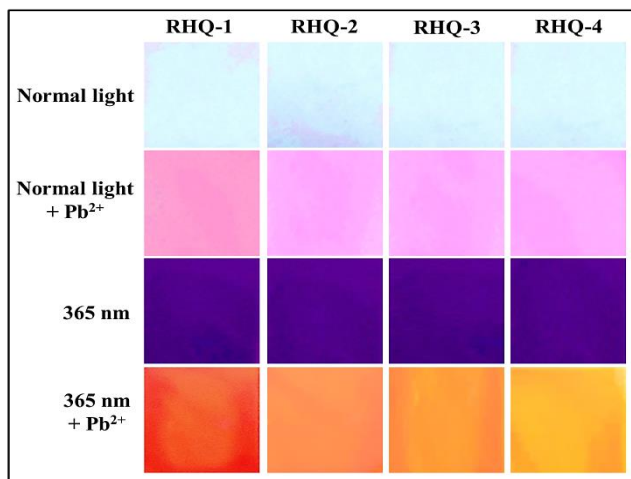


Fig. S57 (upper two rows): under normal light; (lower two rows) under UV light (365 nm). Test strips coated with **RHQs** viewed under normal light and 365 nm in absence and presence of **Pb²⁺**.

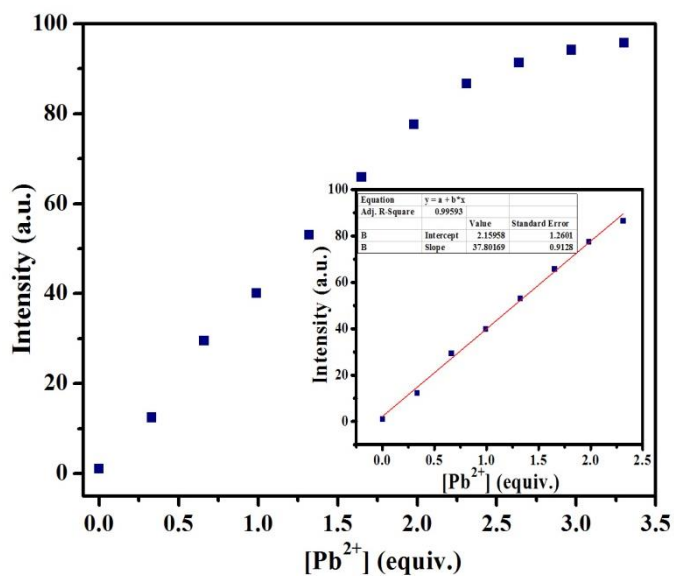


Fig. S58 Detection limit of **RHQ-1** (1×10^{-5} M) towards the detection of Pb^{2+} in tap water.

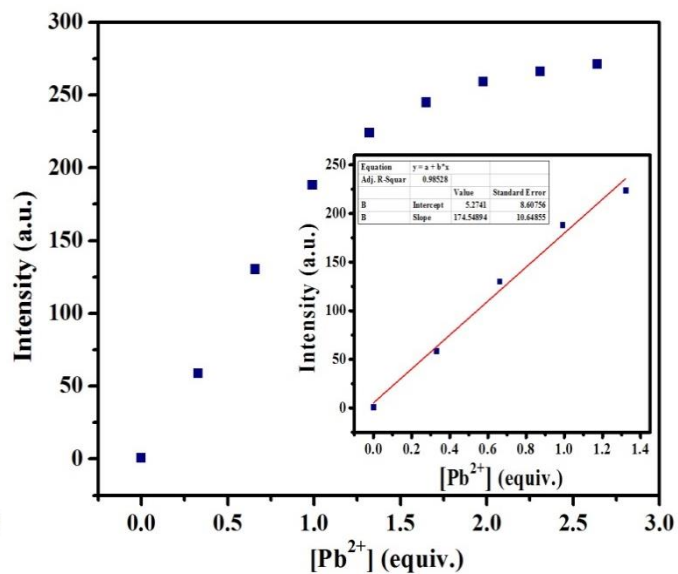


Fig. S59 Detection limit of **RHQ-2** (1×10^{-5} M) towards the detection of Pb^{2+} in tap water.

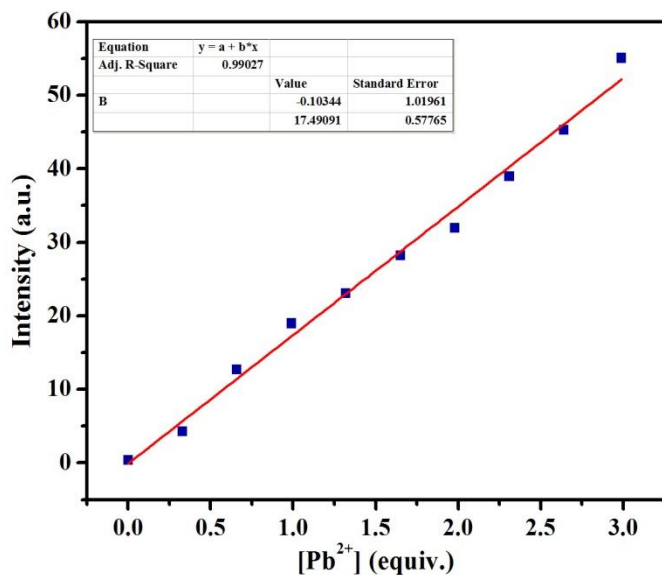


Fig. S60 Detection limit of **RHQ-3** (1×10^{-5} M) towards the detection of Pb^{2+} in tap water.

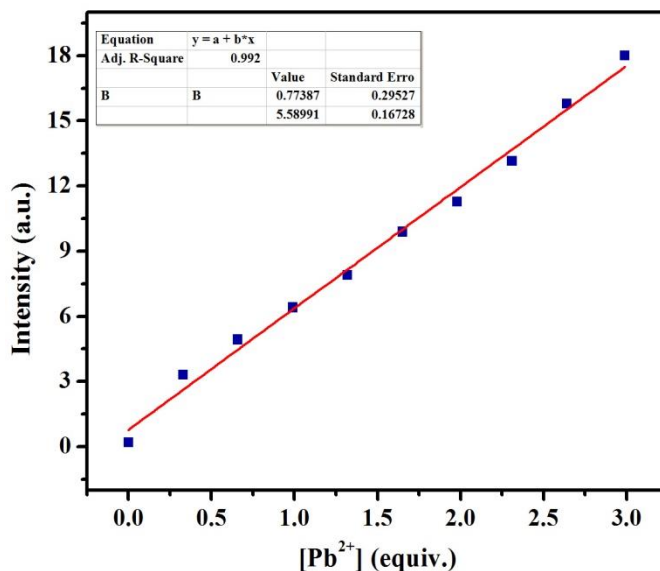


Fig. S61 Detection limit of **RHQ-4** (1×10^{-5} M) towards the detection of Pb^{2+} in tap water.

Comparison of detection limits

The detection limits of **RHQ-1, RHQ-2, RHQ-3 & RHQ-4** towards Pb^{2+} in tap water were determined from the following equation:

$$\text{DL} = 3 \cdot \text{SD} / \text{S}$$

Where SD is the standard deviation of the blank solution (**RHQ-1, RHQ-2, RHQ-3 & RHQ-4**, 10 μM) detected for 10 times; S is the slope of the calibration curve.

S. No.	Standard Deviation	Slope	(3×Standard deviation)/Slope	Detection Limit	Detection Limit
1.	0.83	174.54894×10^6	0.0142×10^{-6}	1.42×10^{-8} M	14.2 nM
2.	0.74	37.80169×10^6	0.0587×10^{-6}	5.87×10^{-8} M	58.7 nM
3.	0.82	17.49091×10^6	0.1406×10^{-6}	1.40×10^{-7} M	0.14 μM
4.	0.80	5.58991×10^6	0.4293×10^{-6}	4.29×10^{-7} M	0.42 μM

Table S1. Comparison of **RHQs** with various reported rhodamine-based and other chemosensors for Pb^{2+} .

Derivative	Solvent System	Sensing	Detection limit	Application For Pb^{2+} detection in Tap water	Reference
Our system (RHQs 1-4)	ACN:H ₂ O	Pb^{2+}	17 nm, 6.91 nM , 9.82 nM and 3 μM	14.2 nM , 58.7 nM, 0.14 μM and 0.42 μM	Present work
RDP-1	HEPES	Pb^{2+}	15 nM		O. Sunnapu <i>et al.</i> , <i>RSC Adv.</i> 2016 , <i>6</i> , 656.
L	ACN:H ₂ O	Pb^{2+} Fluorimetric & Cu^{2+} colorimetric	Pb^{2+} (2.5×10^{-7} M) & Cu^{2+} (5.8×10^{-7} M)		M. Li <i>et al.</i> , <i>Dalton Trans.</i> 2015 , <i>44</i> , 17326.
Sensor 1	CHCl_3 : THF	Pb^{2+}			L.-Q. Li <i>et al.</i> , <i>Spectrochimica Acta Part A: Molecular and Biomolecular Spectroscopy</i> 2014 , <i>122</i> , 722.
R1	MeOH:H ₂ O	Pb^{2+} (Absorbance in Tris-HCl) and Cd^{2+} (Fluorescence HEPES)			L. Xu <i>et al.</i> , <i>RSC Advances</i> 2012 , <i>2</i> , 6323.
Chemosensor 1	ACN	Pb^{2+}	10^{-4} M		H. Ju <i>et al.</i> , <i>Talanta</i> 2011 , <i>83</i> , 1359.
RPU	Mixed ACN:H ₂ O	Pb^{2+} & Hg^{2+}	7 nM and 35 nM		Zhi-Qiang <i>et al.</i> , <i>Chem. Commun.</i> 2010 , <i>46</i> , 3765.
LF1	HEPES	Pb^{2+}			Q. He <i>et al.</i> , <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i> 2006 , <i>128</i> , 9316.
1	ACN	Pb^{2+}			J. Y. Kwon <i>et al.</i> , <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i> 2005 , <i>127</i> , 10107.
Probe 1	H ₂ O:THF	Pb^{2+}	10 nM	Pb^{2+} using calibration method	A. Chatterjee <i>et al.</i> , <i>RSC Adv.</i> , 2014, 4 , 47076