## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Atomic layer deposition of Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> on MoS<sub>2</sub>, WS<sub>2</sub>, WSe<sub>2</sub>, and *h*-BN: surface coverage and adsorption energy

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**Fig. S1**. AFM topography image of the thick ALD-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> film (~10 nm) deposited on Si at 250 °C.



**Fig. S2**. Selected local cross-sectional TEM images of the thick ALD-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> films (~10 nm) conformally deposited on (a)  $MoS_2$ , (b)  $WS_2$ , (c)  $WSe_2$ , and (d) *h*-BN flakes at 250 °C.



**Fig. S3.** Binary contrast images converted from the SEM images in Fig. 3. The ALD-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> films (0.9-1.1 nm) were deposited on (a–c) MoS<sub>2</sub>, (d–f) WS<sub>2</sub>, (g–i) WSe<sub>2</sub>, and (j–l) *h*-BN flakes at various temperatures (150, 200, and 250 °C). The scale bar is 500 nm.



**Fig. S4.** AFM-measured surface coverage of the thick ALD-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> films (~10 nm) deposited on MoS<sub>2</sub>, WS<sub>2</sub>, WSe<sub>2</sub>, and *h*-BN flakes at various temperatures (150, 200, and 250 °C). The coverage was quantified using 10 line (height) profiles arbitrarily selected from the measured AFM data (Fig. 2) using the following criteria. The standard deviation ( $\sigma$ ) was defined as a root mean square (RMS) surface roughness obtained from the local regions with conformal film coating for each samples (see Table S1), and we defined deposition failure when the film thickness at a specific point was less than the expected thickness (10 nm) by 3 $\sigma$ .

Substrate	Temp. (°C)	RMS <sub>total</sub> * (nm)	RMS <sub>local</sub> ** (nm)
MoS <sub>2</sub>	150	0.315	0.224
	200	2.879	0.329
	250	2.880	0.347
WS <sub>2</sub>	150	0.410	0.306
	200	1.211	0.355
	250	2.098	0.359
WSe <sub>2</sub>	150	0.389	0.312
	200	0.544	0.295
	250	0.507	0.333
<i>h-</i> BN	150	0.947	0.440
	200	1.867	0.363
	250	2.420	0.451

**Table S1**. RMS values obtained from the AFM images in Fig. 2. The thick ALD-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> films (~10 nm) were deposited on MoS<sub>2</sub>, WS<sub>2</sub>, WSe<sub>2</sub>, and *h*-BN flakes at various temperatures.

\* RMS values obtained from a total scanned area of 1  $\mu m \times 1 \ \mu m.$ 

\*\* RMS values obtained from selected local areas with a conformal ALD-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> ( $\sim$ 10 nm) coating.

**Table S2**. Parameters  $(1-\theta \text{ and } E_{ads})$  extracted from the SEM-measured surface coverage of the thin ALD-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> films (0.9–1.1 nm) deposited on MoS<sub>2</sub>, WS<sub>2</sub>, WSe<sub>2</sub>, and *h*-BN flakes at various temperatures (150, 200, and 250 °C). 1- $\theta$  was directly obtained from the SEM image (Fig. 3 and S3), whereas  $E_{ads}$  was extracted from the slope in Fig. 4(b).

Substrate	Temp. (°C)	1- <i>θ</i>	$ E_{ads} $ (J)	R <sup>2</sup> *
MoS <sub>2</sub>	150	0.245		
	200	0.343	2.29×10 <sup>-20</sup> (0.14 eV)	0.99
	250	0.522		
WS <sub>2</sub>	150	0.144		
	200	0.235	3.50×10 <sup>-20</sup> (0.22 eV)	0.98
	250	0.458		
WSe <sub>2</sub>	150	0.107		
	200	0.189	4.09×10 <sup>-20</sup> (0.26 eV)	0.98
	250	0.412		
<i>h-</i> BN	150	0.439		
	200	0.474	7.15×10 <sup>-21</sup> (0.05 eV)	0.93
	250	0.557		

\* R<sup>2</sup> is the coefficient of determination after the linear fitting.