

Supporting Information

Synthesis, Structure and Magnetic properties of $(\text{Eu}_{1-x}\text{Mn}_x)\text{MnO}_{3-\delta}$

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1. The refinement details of the X-ray diffraction data for M1 to M7

The Powder X-ray powder diffraction data collected at room temperature for M1 to M7 are refined using GSAS software. The refinement details listed in Table S1 and S2. The corresponding Rietveld plots are shown in Figure S1, S2, ..., S8.

Table S1 Rietveld refinement details of the X-ray diffraction data for M1, M2, M3 and M4 in *Pnma*

	M1	M2	M3	M4
Lattice parameter (Å)	a=5.8522(2), b=7.4580(3), c=5.3481(2)	a=5.8323(2), b=7.4610(3), c=5.3448(2)	a=5.8122(2), b=7.4647(2), c=5.3415(2)	a=5.7891(2), b=7.4700(3), c=5.3389(2)
Atom	x, y, z	x, y, z	x, y, z	x, y, z
Eu/Mn ^a	0.0783(2), 0.2500, 0.9820(3)	0.0768(2), 0.2500, 0.9826(3)	0.0768(2), 0.2500, 0.9819(3)	0.0746(2), 0.2500, 0.9825(2)
Mn	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.5000	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.5000	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.5000	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.5000
O1	0.4876(3), 0.2500, 0.0892(3)	0.4814(3), 0.2500, 0.0920(2)	0.4801(2), 0.2500, 0.0936(3)	0.4710(2), 0.2500, 0.0968(3)
O2	0.3183(2), 0.0385(2), 0.7146(3)	0.3247(2), 0.0406(2), 0.7205(3)	0.3297(2), 0.0394(2), 0.7188(2)	0.3268(2), 0.0455(3), 0.7246(3)
R factor ^b	R _{wp} =0.021, R _p =0.012	R _{wp} =0.020, R _p =0.011	R _{wp} =0.019, R _p =0.011	R _{wp} =0.019, R _p =0.010

^aThe occupancy of Eu/Mn is 1.000/0.000 for M1, 0.975/0.025 for M2, 0.950/0.050 for M3, 0.925/0.075 for M4.

^bR_p is $\sum(|I_0 - I_C|) / \sum(I_0)$, and R_{wp} is weighted R factors for X-ray diffraction data.

Table S2 Rietveld refinement details of the X-ray diffraction data for M5, M6 and M7

	M5	M6	M7
Phase 1	Eu _{1-x} Mn _x MnO ₃	Eu _{1-x} Mn _x MnO ₃	Eu _{1-x} Mn _x MnO ₃
Lattice parameter (Å)	a=5.7625(2), b=7.4740(3), c=5.3359(2)	a=5.7391(2), b=7.4791(3), c=5.3328(2)	a=5.7405(2), b=7.4786(3), c=5.3321(2)
Space group	<i>Pnma</i>	<i>Pnma</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Atom	x, y, z	x, y, z	x, y, z
Eu/Mn	0.0714(2), 0.2500, 0.9837(2)	0.0710(2), 0.2500, 0.9838(2)	0.0713(2), 0.2500, 0.9855(2)
Mn	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.5000	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.5000	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.5000
O1	0.4679(2), 0.2500, 0.1125(2)	0.4929(2), 0.2500, 0.1264(2)	0.4739(2), 0.2500, 0.1136(2)
O2	0.3351(2), 0.0442 (1), 0.7341(2)	0.3155(2), 0.0451(1), 0.7220(2)	0.3195(3), 0.0460(2), 0.7176(3)
Phase 2			Mn ₃ O ₄
Lattice parameter (Å)			a=5.7649(1), c=9.4860(1)
Space group			<i>I 4₁/a m d</i>
Atom			x, y, z
Mn1			0.0000, 0.2500, 0.8750
Mn2			0.0000, 0.5000, 0.5000
O			0.0000, 0.4746 (1), 0.2627(1)
R factor ^c	R _{wp} =0.019, R _p =0.010	R _{wp} =0.021, R _p =0.012	R _{wp} =0.023, R _p =0.013

^aThe occupancy of Eu/Mn is 0.900/0.100 for M5, 0.875/0.125 for M6, 0.874/0.126 for M7.

R_p is $\text{sum}(|I_0 - I_C|) / \text{sum}(I_0)$, and R_{wp} is weighted R factors for X-ray diffraction data.

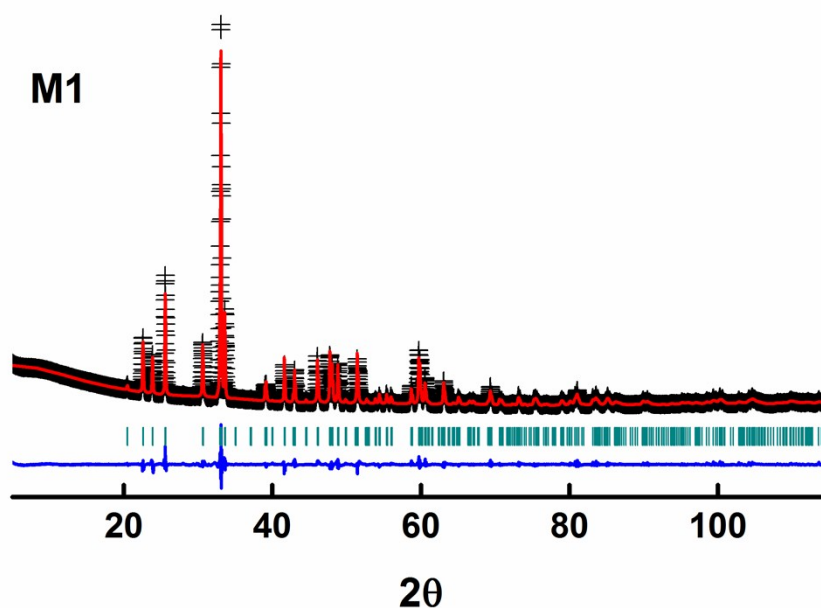


Figure S1 Rietveld plots of powder X-ray diffraction patterns ($\lambda_1=1.5405 \text{ \AA}$ and $\lambda_2=1.5443 \text{ \AA}$) for M1 at room temperature. The symbol + represents the observed value, the solid line represents the calculated value; the marks below the diffraction patterns are the calculated reflection positions, and the difference curve is shown at the bottom of the figure.

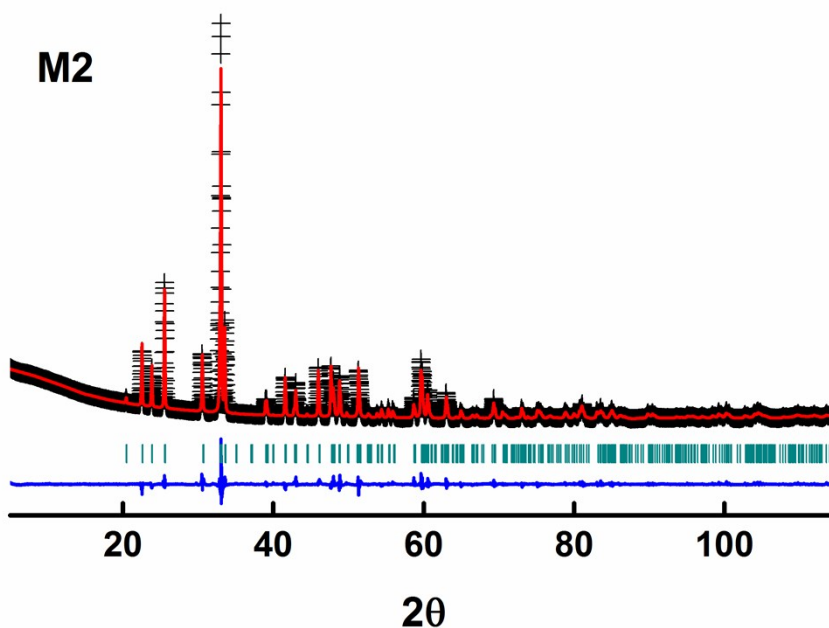


Figure S2 Rietveld plots of powder X-ray diffraction patterns ($\lambda_1=1.5405 \text{ \AA}$ and $\lambda_2=1.5443 \text{ \AA}$) for M2 at room temperature. The symbol + represents the observed value, the solid line represents the calculated value; the marks below the diffraction patterns are the calculated reflection positions, and the difference curve is shown at the bottom of the figure.

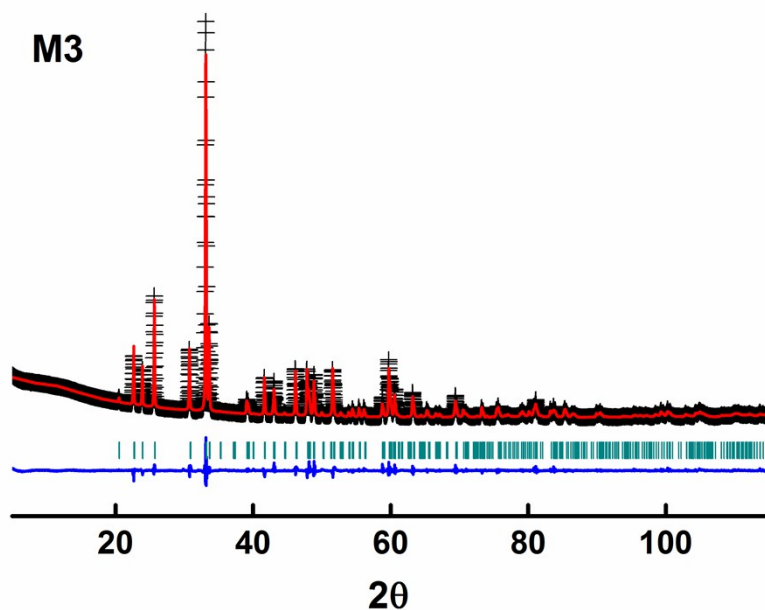


Figure S3 Rietveld plots of powder X-ray diffraction patterns ($\lambda_1=1.5405 \text{ \AA}$ and $\lambda_2=1.5443 \text{ \AA}$) for M3 at room temperature. The symbol + represents the observed value, the solid line represents the calculated value; the marks below the diffraction patterns are the calculated reflection positions, and the difference curve is shown at the bottom of the figure.

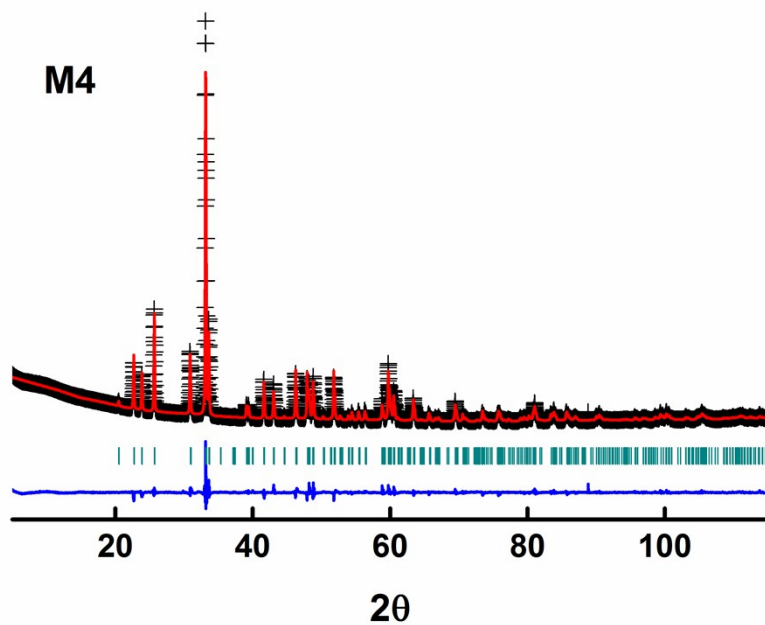


Figure S4 Rietveld plots of powder X-ray diffraction patterns ($\lambda_1=1.5405 \text{ \AA}$ and $\lambda_2=1.5443 \text{ \AA}$) for M4 at room temperature. The symbol + represents the observed value, the solid line represents the calculated value; the marks below the diffraction patterns are the calculated reflection positions, and the difference curve is shown at the bottom of the figure.

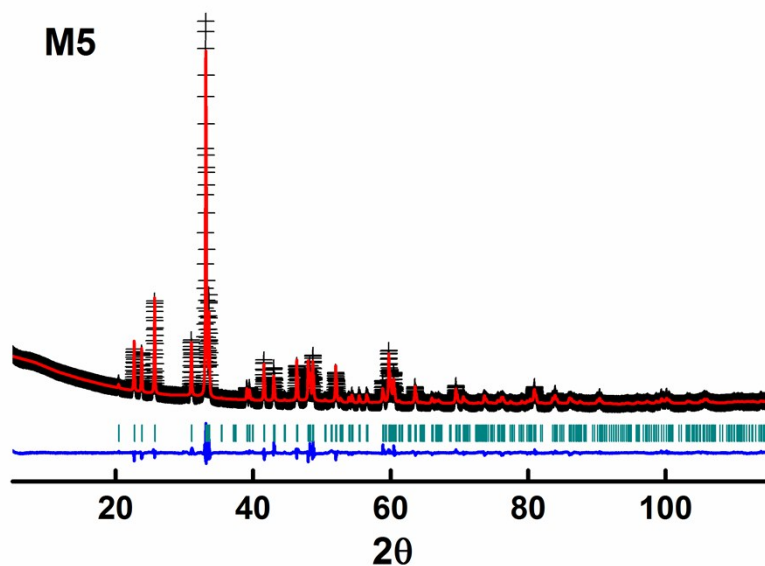


Figure S5. Rietveld plots of the X-ray diffraction data for M5 around room temperature. The symbol + represents the observed value, the solid line represents the calculated value, the marks below the diffraction patterns are the calculated reflection positions, and the difference curve is shown at the bottom of the figure.

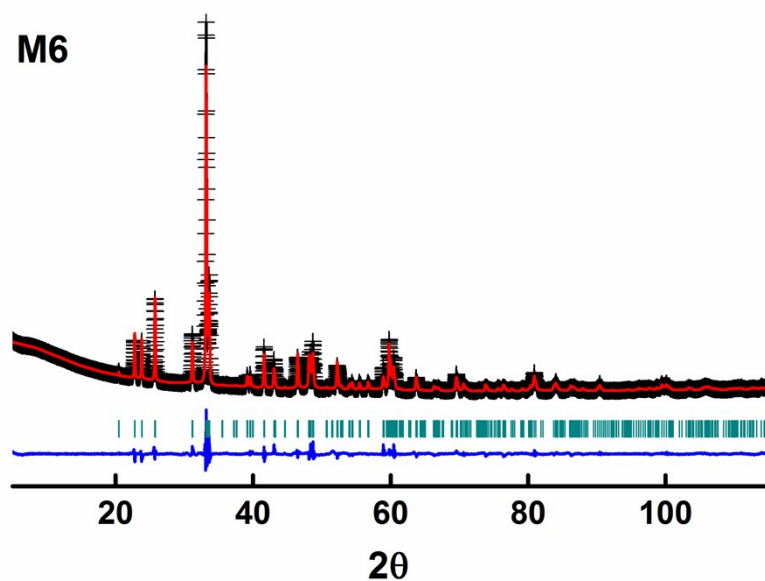


Figure S6 Rietveld plots of the X-ray diffraction data for M6 around room temperature. The symbol + represents the observed value, the solid line represents the calculated value, the marks below the diffraction patterns are the calculated reflection positions, and the difference curve is shown at the bottom of the figure.

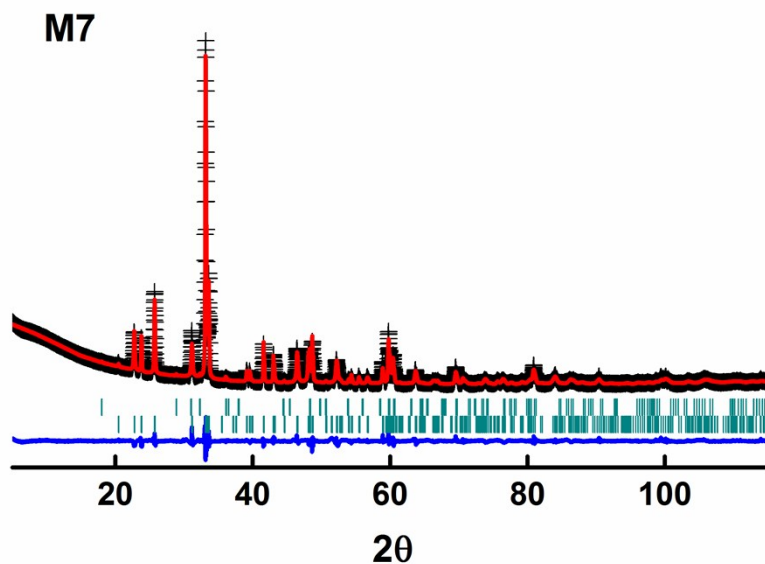


Figure S7 Rietveld plots of powder X-ray diffraction patterns ($\lambda_1=1.5405 \text{ \AA}$ and $\lambda_2=1.5443 \text{ \AA}$) for M8 at room temperature. The symbol + represents the observed value, the solid line represents the calculated value; the marks below the diffraction patterns are the calculated reflection positions for $(\text{Eu}_{1-x}\text{Mn}_x)\text{MnO}_{3-\delta}$ (the second line (from upper to low)), Mn_3O_4 (the first line), and the difference curve is shown at the bottom of the figure.

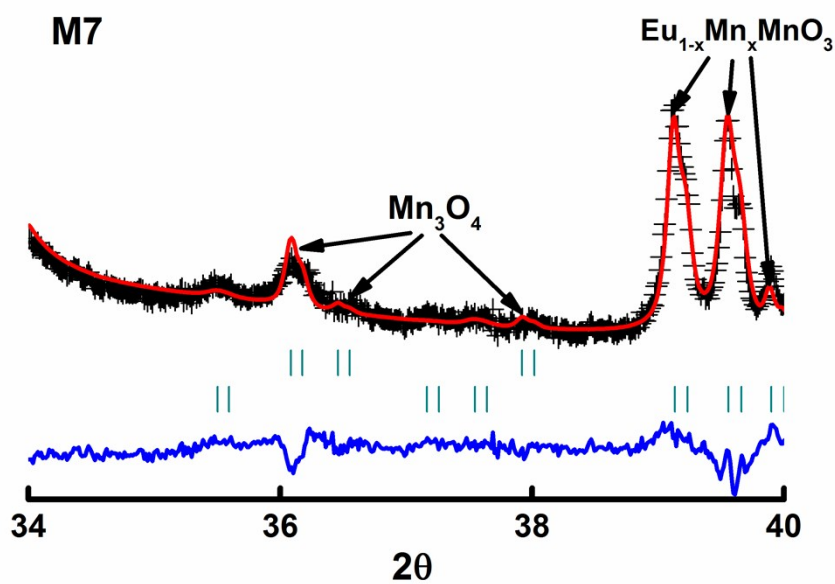


Figure S8 Enlarged figure of Figure S8. The symbol + represents the observed value, the solid line represents the calculated value; the marks below the diffraction patterns are the calculated reflection positions for $(\text{Eu}_{1-x}\text{Mn}_x)\text{MnO}_{3-\delta}$ (the second line (from upper to low)), Mn_3O_4 (the first line), and the

difference curve is shown at the bottom of the figure.

2. Temperature dependence magnetization of M2 to M6

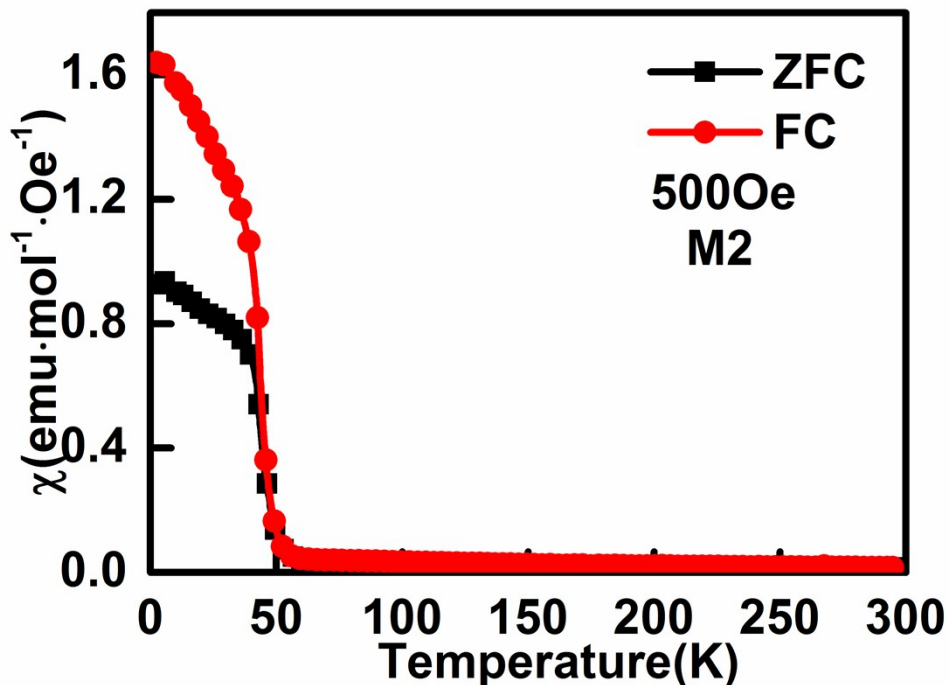


Figure S9 Temperature dependence magnetization of the samples M2 under 500 Oe in ZFC (zero field cooling) and FC modes.

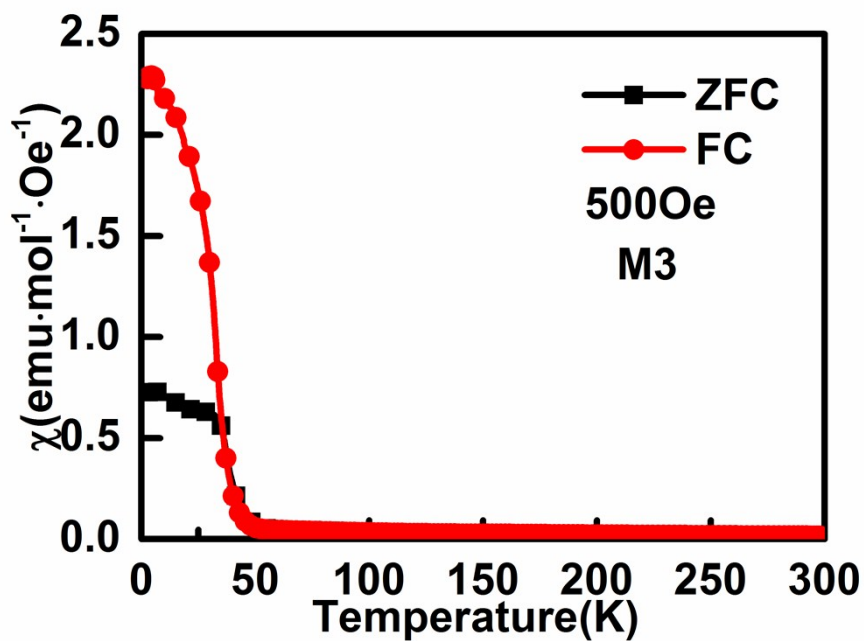


Figure S10 Temperature dependence magnetization of the samples M3 under 500 Oe in ZFC (zero field cooling) and FC modes.

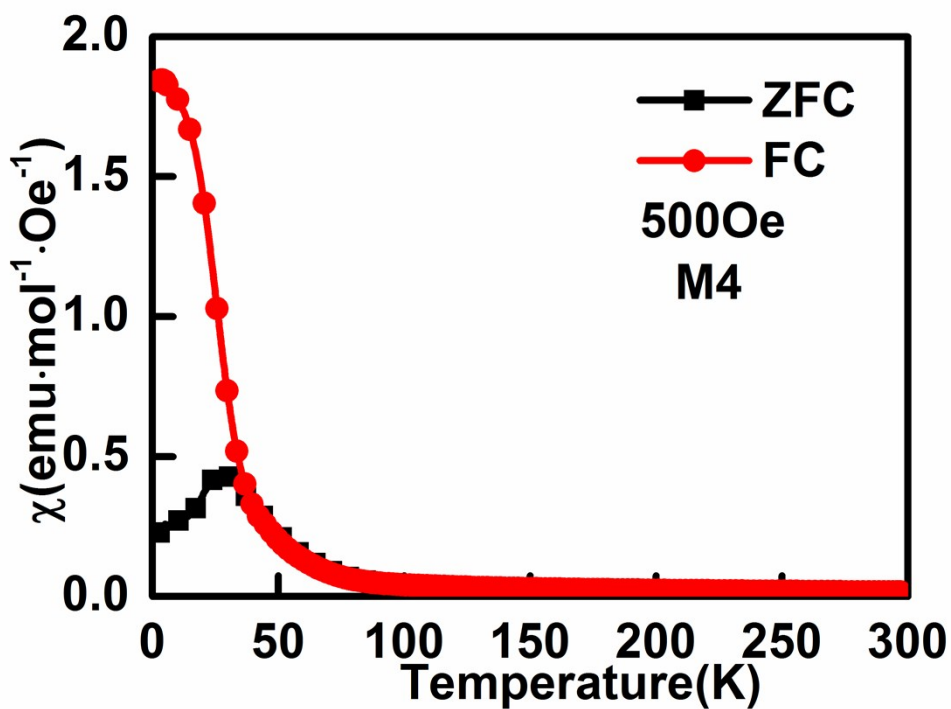


Figure S11 Temperature dependence magnetization of the samples M4 under 500 Oe in ZFC (zero field cooling) and FC modes.

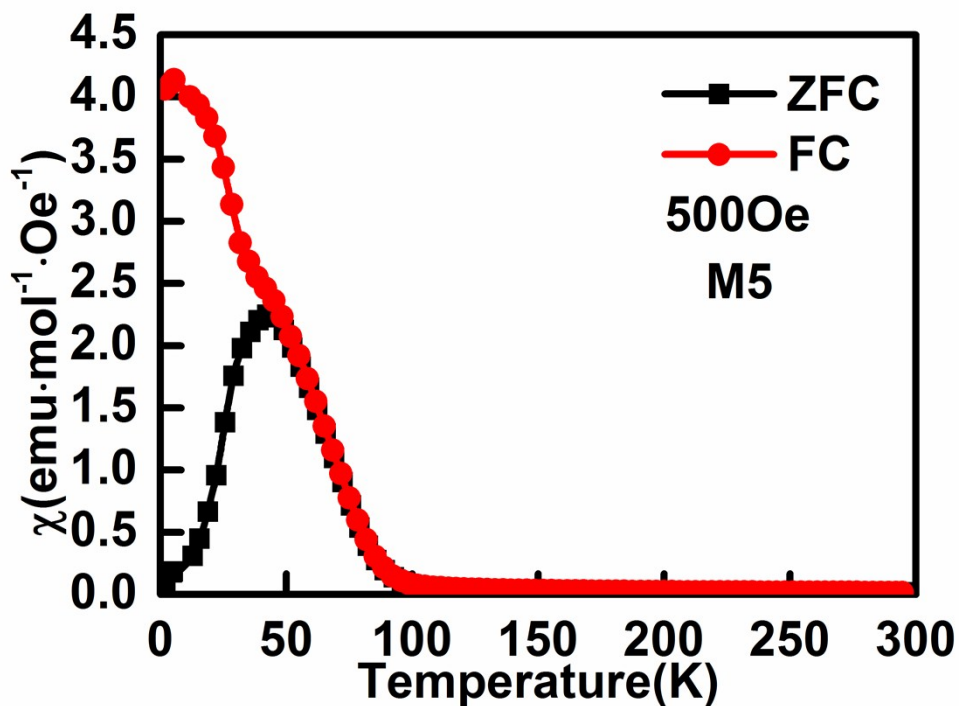


Figure S12 Temperature dependence magnetization of the samples M5 under 500 Oe in ZFC (zero field cooling) and FC modes.

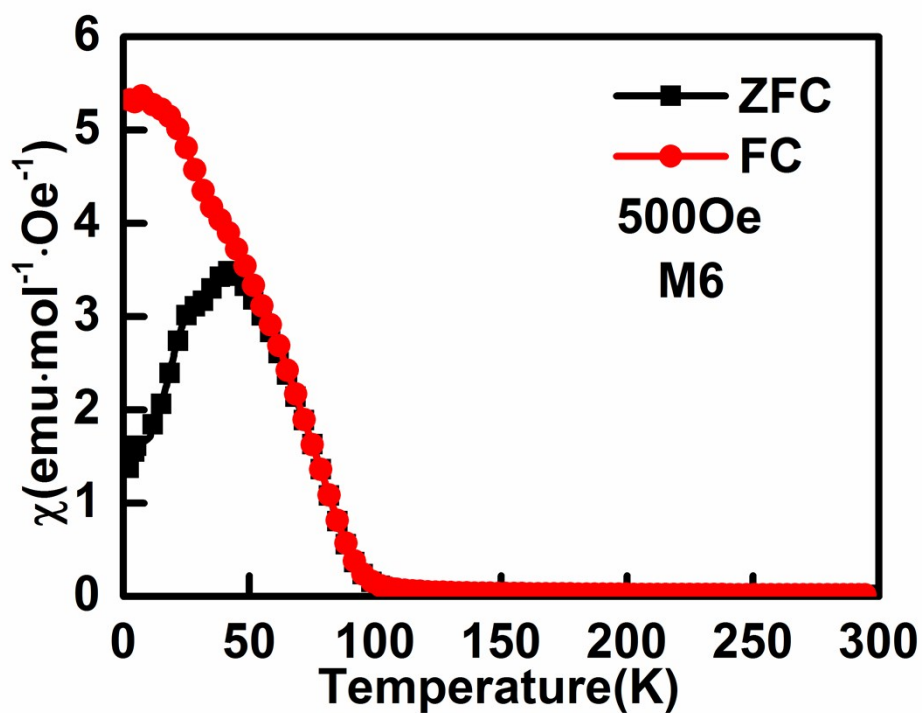


Figure S13 Temperature dependence magnetization of the samples M6 under 500 Oe in ZFC (zero field cooling) and FC modes.

3. The field dependent magnetization (M-H) curves at selected temperatures for M2 to M6.
 - 3.1 M-H curves for M2

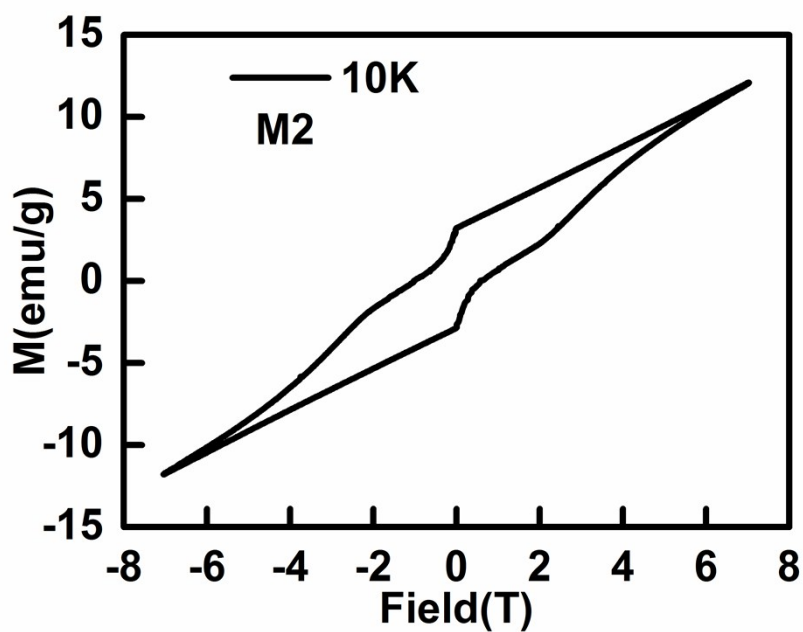


Figure S14 The field dependent magnetization (M-H) of M2 at 10K.

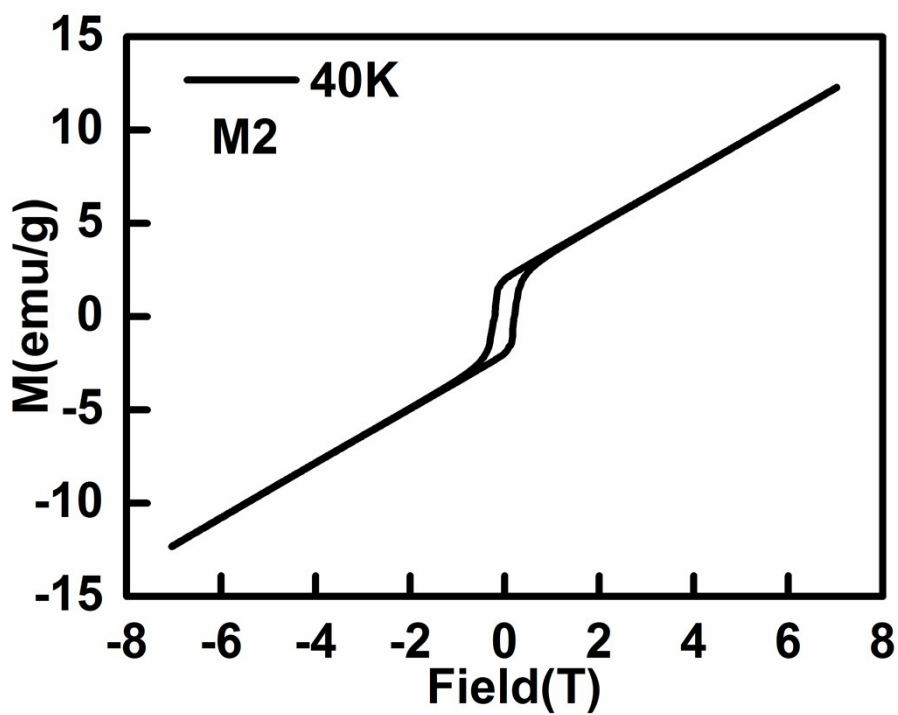


Figure S15 The field dependent magnetization (M-H) of M2 at 40K.

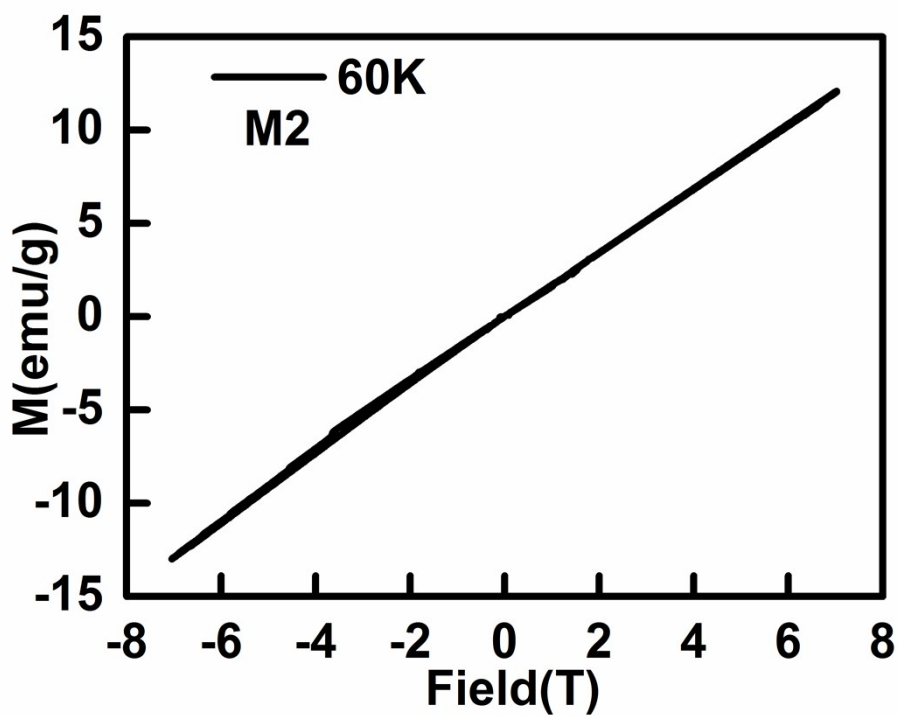


Figure S16 The field dependent magnetization (M-H) of M2 at 60K.

3.2 the M-H curves for M3

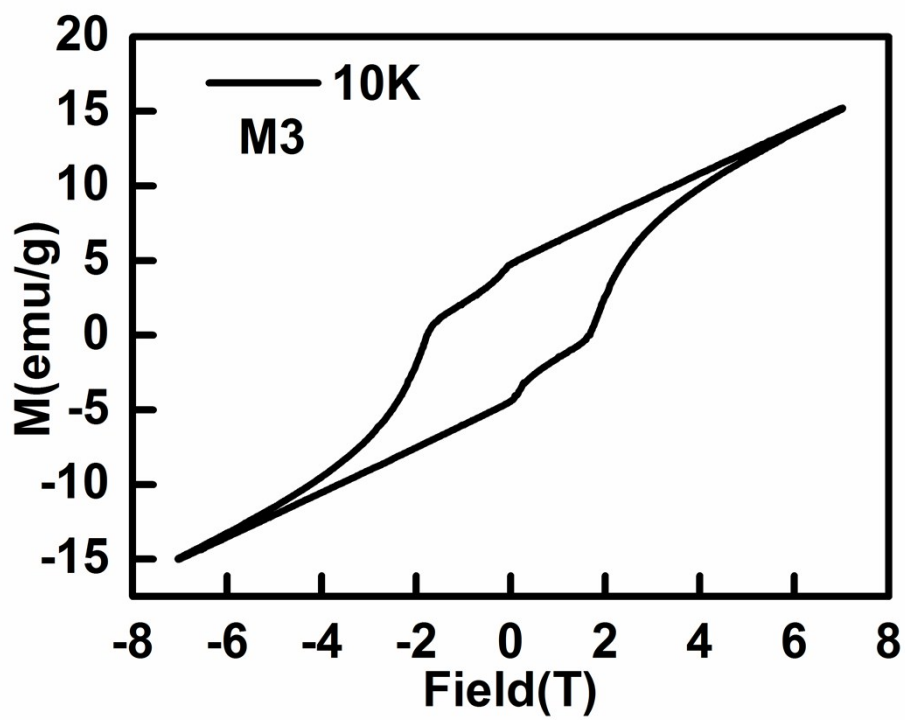


Figure S17 The field dependent magnetization (M-H) of M3 at 10K.

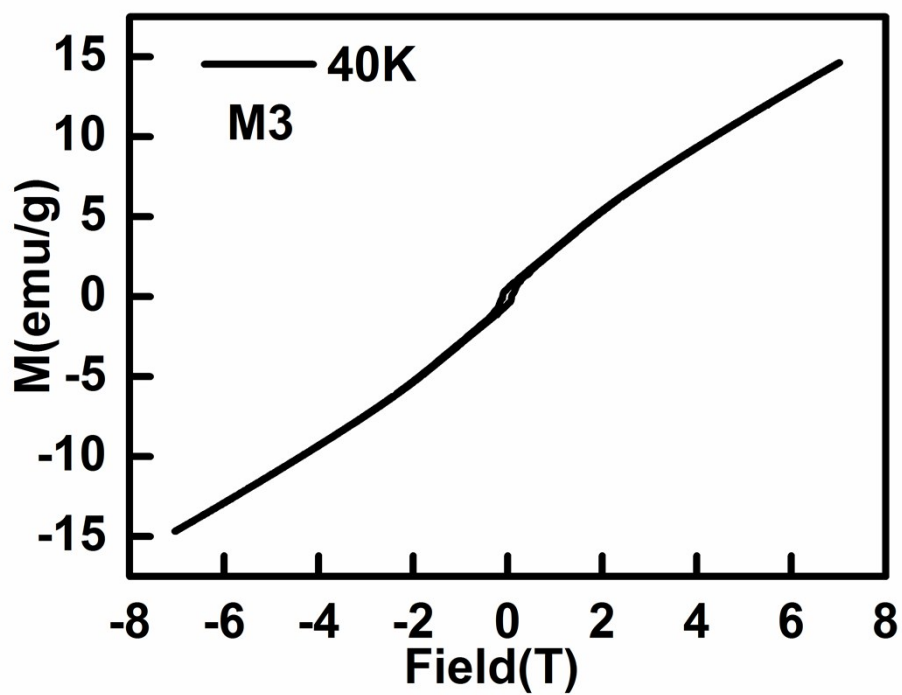


Figure S18 The field dependent magnetization (M-H) of M3 at 40K.

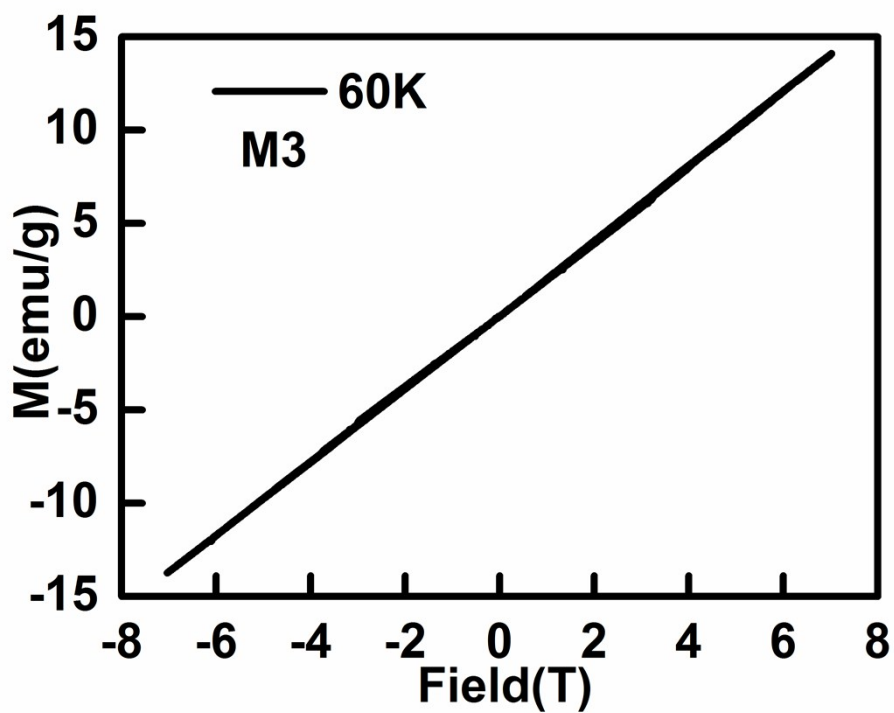


Figure S19 The field dependent magnetization (M-H) of M3 at 60K

3.3 the M-H curves for M4

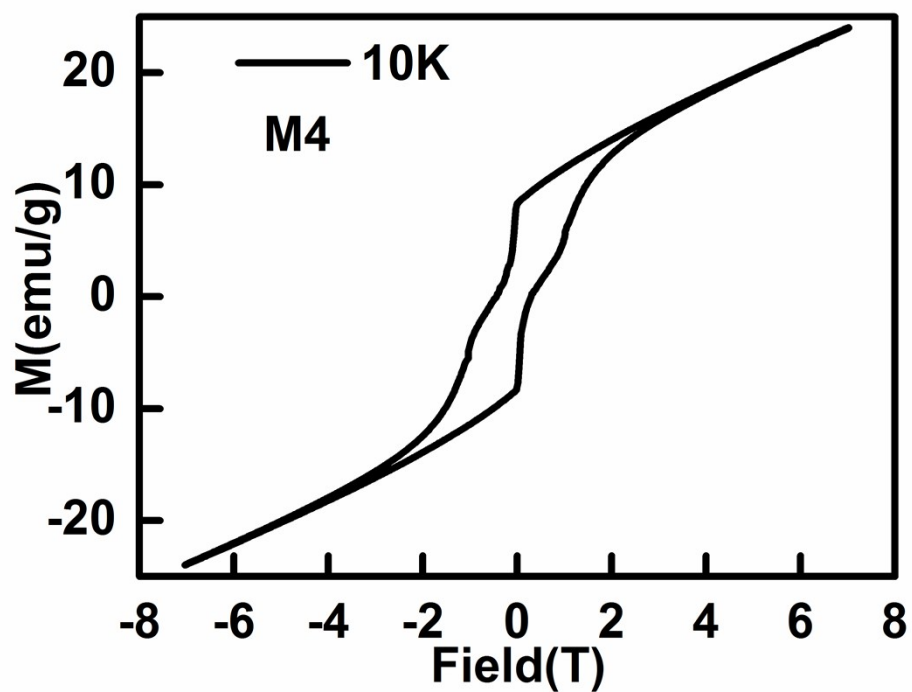


Figure S20 The field dependent magnetization (M-H) of M4 at 10K

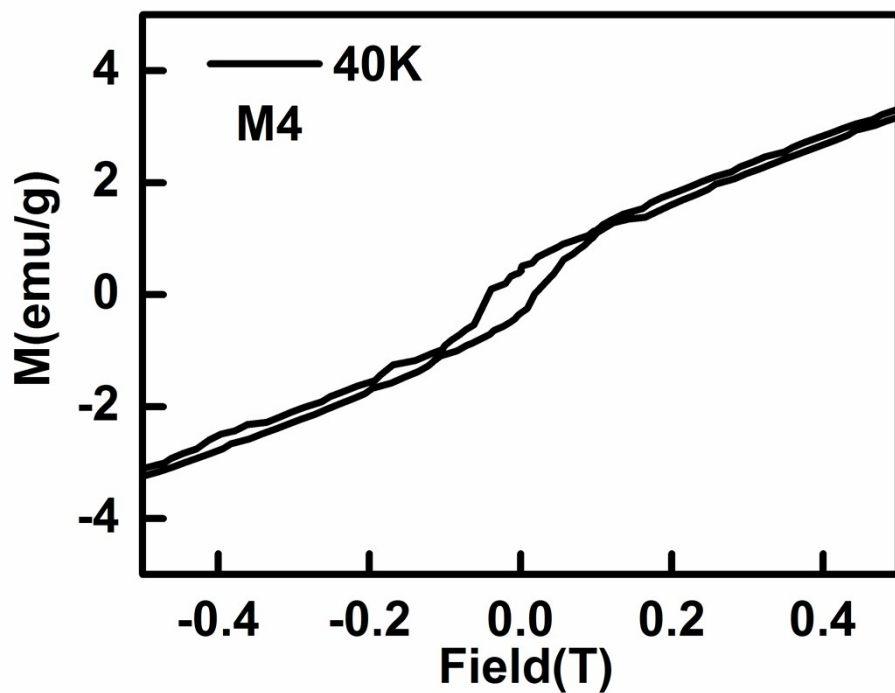


Figure S21 The field dependent magnetization (M-H) of M4 at 40K

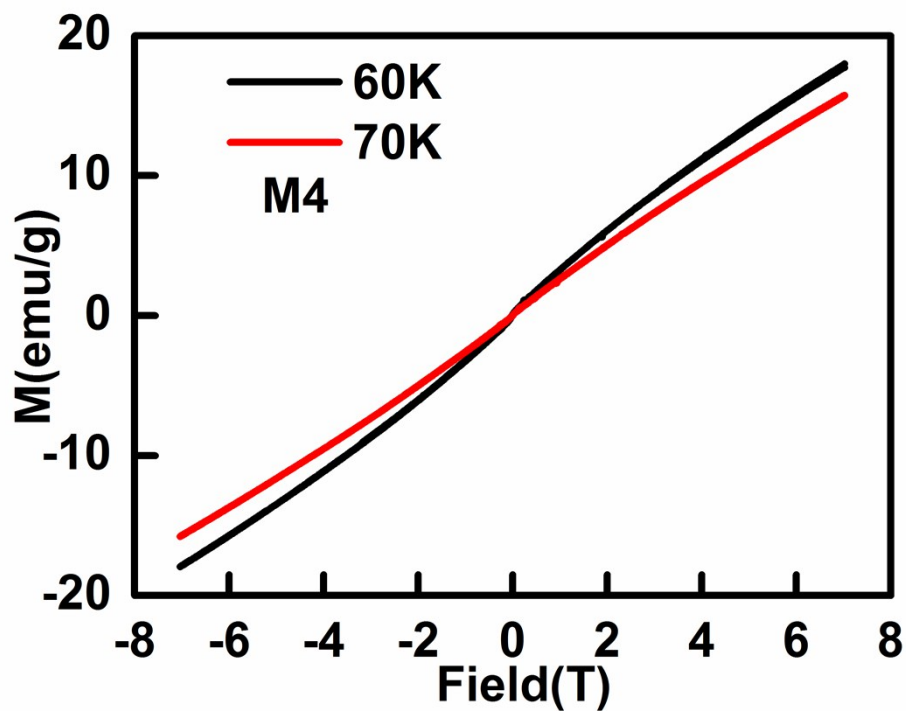


Figure S22 The field dependent magnetization (M-H) of M4 at 60K and 70K.

3.4 the M-H curves for M5

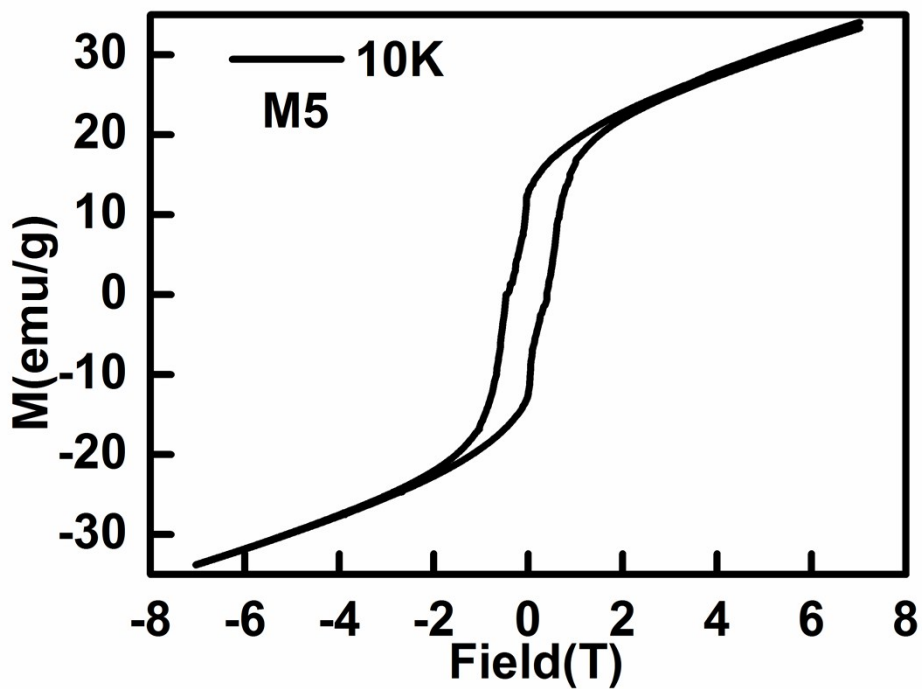


Figure S23 The field dependent magnetization (M-H) of M5 at 10K.

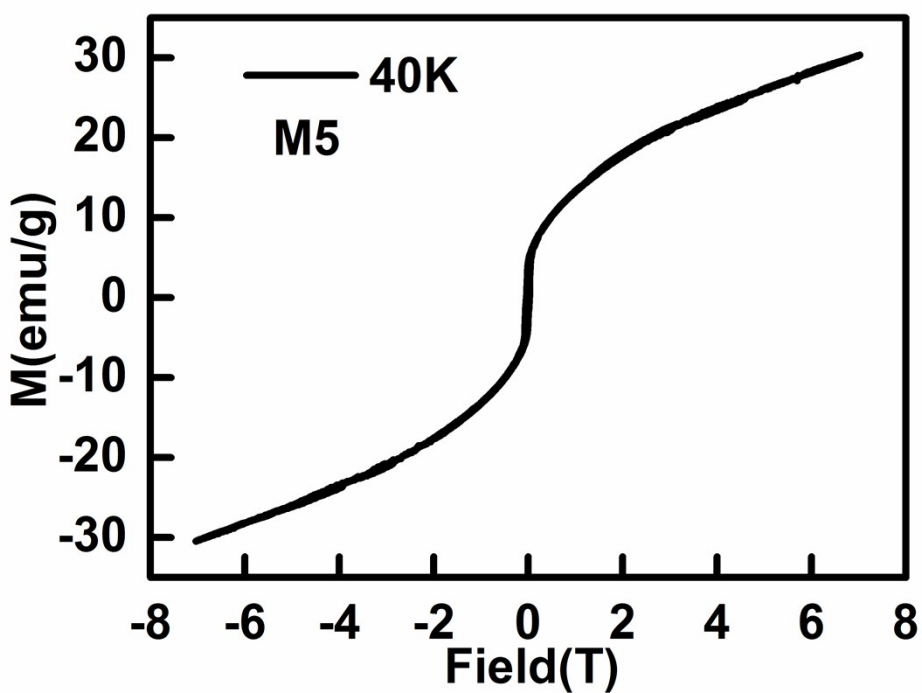


Figure S24 The field dependent magnetization (M-H) of M5 at 40K.

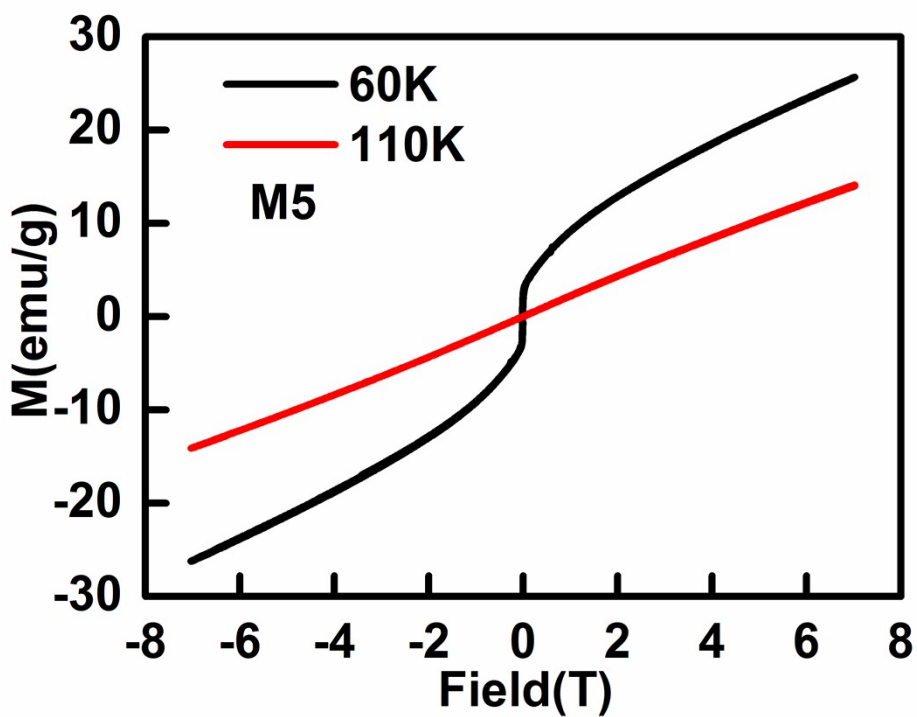


Figure S25 Field dependent magnetization (M-H) of M5 at 60K and 110K.

3.5 the M-H curves for M6

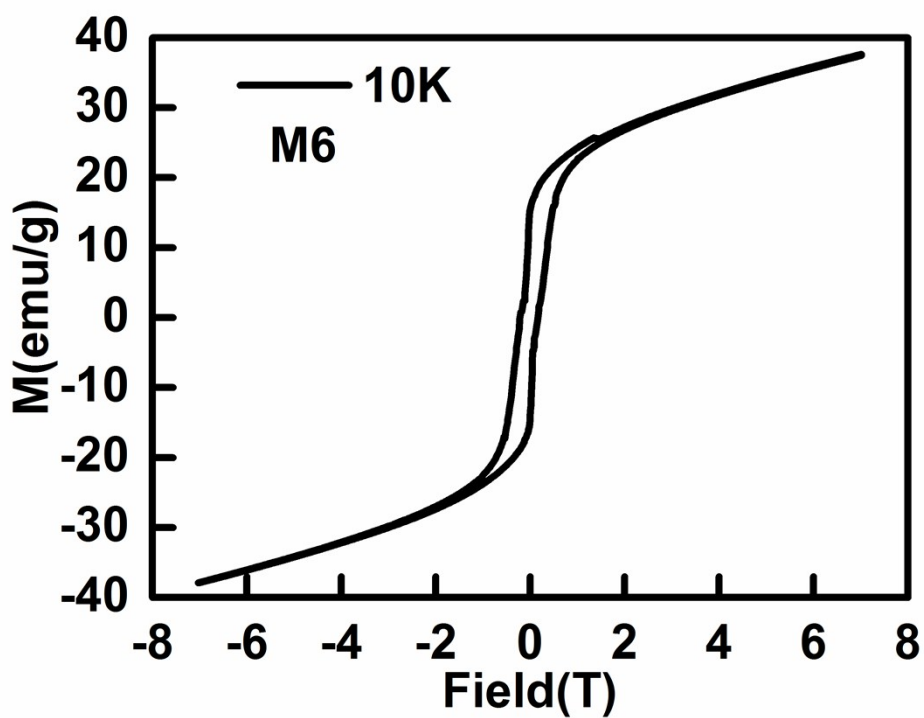


Figure S26 Field dependent magnetization (M-H) of M6 at 10K.

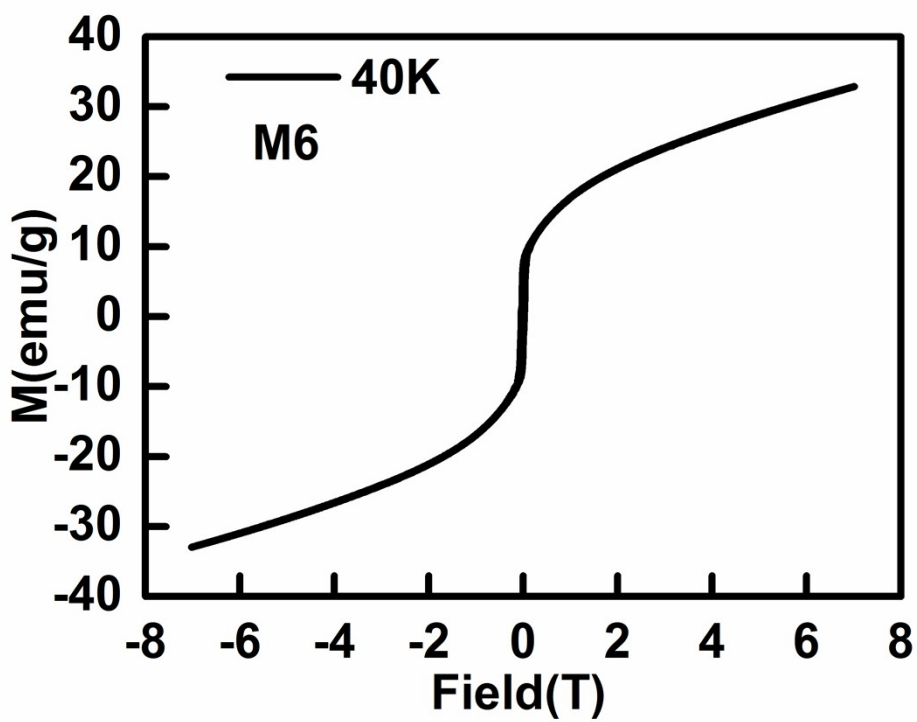


Figure S27 Field dependent magnetization (M-H) of M6 at 40K.

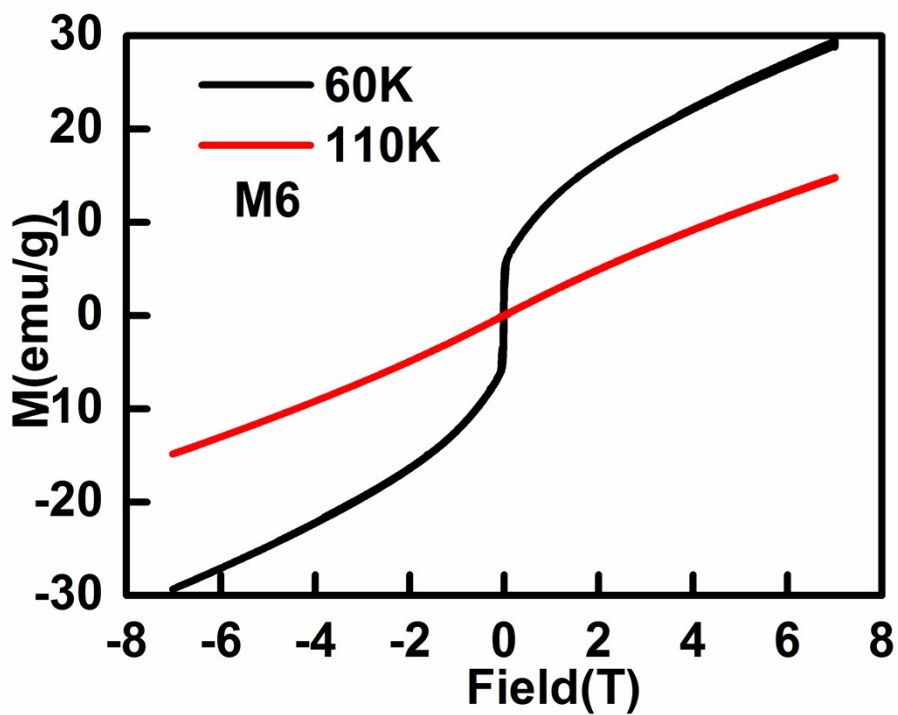


Figure S28 Field dependent magnetization (M-H) of M at 60K and 110K.

4. The X-ray diffraction data and temperature dependence magnetization of M7

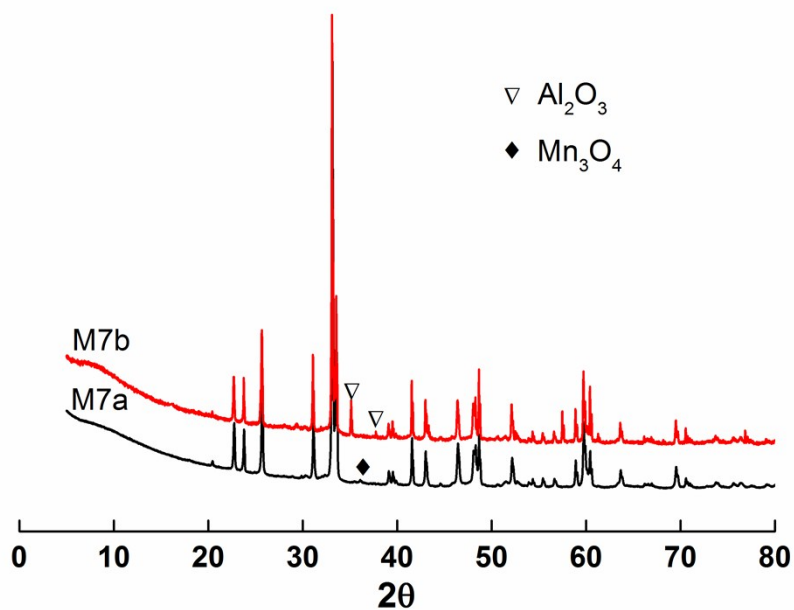


Figure S29 Powder X-ray diffraction patterns of the sample M7. The symbol ‘M7a’ represents the untreated sample, the symbol ‘M7b’ represents with treatment by KOH and KF at 200 °C for about 24 hours, then washing them with water, and finally drying at 100 °C. It is found that the impurity Mn_3O_4 was not detected in sample M7b. However, impurity Al_2O_3 was detected in sample M7b. The symbol \blacklozenge stands for Mn_3O_4 and ∇ reflections for the impurity Al_2O_3 . Thus, the existence of impurity Al_2O_3 have not influence on magnetization because Al^{3+} is not magnetic ion.

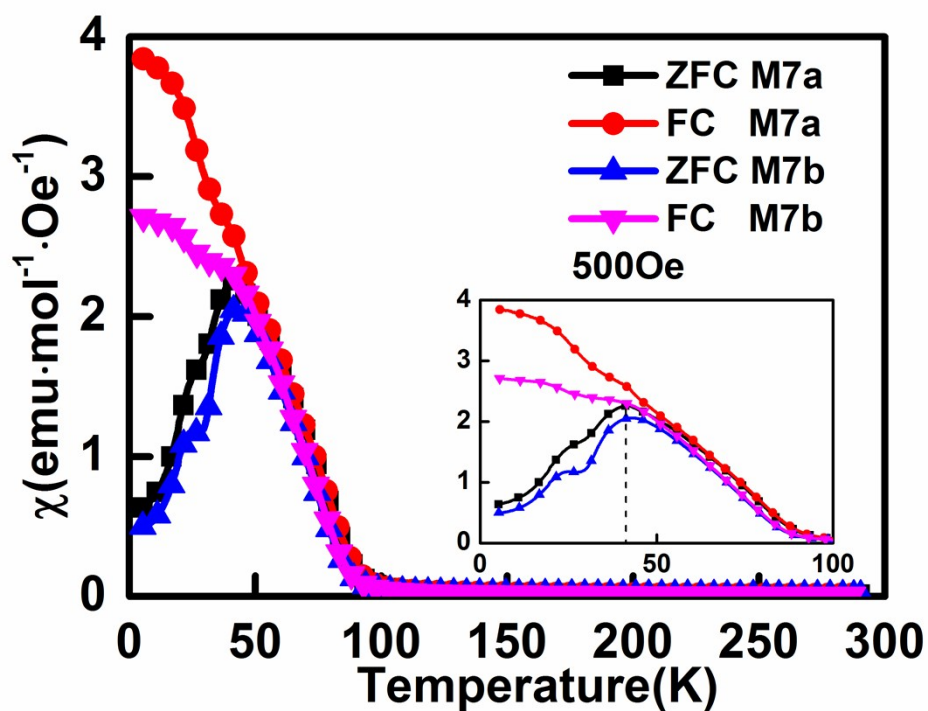


Figure S30 Temperature dependence magnetization of the sample M7 under 500 Oe in ZFC (zero field cooling) and FC modes. The symbol 'M7a' represents the untreated sample, the symbol 'M7b' represents with treatment by KOH and KF at 200 °C for about 24 hours, then washing them with water, and finally drying at 100 °C. It is found that the impurity Mn_3O_4 was not detected in sample M7b.