# **Electronic Supplementary Information**

# Two rare meroterpenoidal rotamers from *Ganoderma* applanatum

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#### 1. The <sup>13</sup>C NMR calculation of 1 and 2

#### **Computational Methods**

The CONFLEX 7 searches based on molecular mechanics with MMFF94S force fields were performed for model compounds of 3'R,6'R,7'S,10'S,11'R and 3'R,6'R,7'S,10'R,11'S. All of the predominant conformers (90%) were optimized by DFT calculation at B3LYP/6-311 G (d, p) level with the PCM in MeOH. All the above calculations were carried out with the Gaussian 09 package of programs. Under the circumstances, the calculation of their <sup>13</sup>C NMR chemical shifts at MPW1PW91-SCRF/6-311+G (2d, p) level with the PCM in MeOH was performed. Boltzmann averaging over all accessible conformers according to

$$\overline{\sigma}^{x} = \frac{\sum_{\text{confSi}} \sigma_{i}^{x} g_{i} \exp(-E_{i}/RT)}{\sum_{\text{confSi}} g_{i} \exp(-E_{i}/RT)}$$

Where  $\overline{\sigma}^x$  is the Boltzmann-averaged calculated shielding constant for portion x,  $\sigma_i^x$  is the shielding constant for portion x in conformer i, and Ei is the potential energy of conformer i (relative to the global minimum) kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>, obtained from a single-point solvent calculation on the pas-phase structures as discussed previously. R is the molar gas constant (8.3145 J K<sup>-1</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup>),  $g_i$  is the degeneracy of conformer i, and the temperature T was taken as 298.15 K.

Chemical shifts were then calculated according to

$$\delta_{\rm calc}^x = \frac{\sigma_{\rm ref} - \overline{\sigma}^x}{1 - 10^{-6} \sigma_{\rm ref}}$$

Where  $\delta^{x}_{calc}$  is the calculated chemical shift for portion *x* (in ppm),  $\overline{\sigma}^{x}$  is the shielding constant for carbon *x* as calculated above (again in ppm) and  $\sigma_{ref}$  is the shielding constant for the carbon in tetramethylsilane (TMS). This last value was obtained by minimizing TMS in MeOH at the MPW1PW91-SCRF/6-311+G (2d, p) level and calculating the shielding constant for this structure again at the MPW1PW91-SCRF/6-311+G (2d, p) level; the value obtained was  $\sigma_{ref} = 188.0549$  ppm.

The parameters a and b of the linear regression  $\delta_{calcd} = a\delta_{exptl} + b$ ; the correlation coefficient,  $R^2$ ; the mean absolute error (MAE) defined as  $\Sigma n |\delta_{calcd} - \delta_{exptl}|/n$ ; the corrected mean absolute error (CMAE), defined as  $\Sigma n |\delta_{corr} - \delta_{exptl}|/n$ , where  $\delta_{corr} =$ 

 $(\delta_{calcd} - b)/a$  and therefore corrects for systematic errors were presented.

**Table S1**. Comparison of MPW1PW91-SCRF/6-311+G (2d, p) calculated chemical shifts of (3'R,6'R,7'S,10'S,11'R)-1 and (3'R,6'R,7'S,10'R,11'S)-1 with the <sup>13</sup>C NMR experimental data ( $\delta$  in ppm) of 1 in MeOH.

	1	(3' <i>R</i> ,6' <i>R</i> ,7' <i>S</i> ,10' <i>S</i> ,11' <i>R</i> )-1		(3' <i>R</i> ,6' <i>R</i> ,7' <i>S</i> ,10' <i>R</i> ,11' <i>S</i> )- <b>1</b>	
No.	$\delta_{ ext{exptl}}$	$\delta_{ m corr}$	$arDelta \delta_{ m C}{}^a$	$\delta_{ m corr}$	$\varDelta \delta_{ m C}{}^a$
1	156.4	157.8	1.4	161.5	5.1
2	120.0	119.3	0.7	121.8	1.8
3	115.3	115.3	0.0	118.2	2.9
4	150.8	148.8	2.0	152.4	1.6
5	126.5	125.5	1.0	128.5	2.0
6	119.9	118.8	1.1	121.3	1.4
1'	205.1	206.3	1.2	211.4	6.3
2'	45.4	42.6	2.8	44.5	0.9
3'	54.3	56.5	2.2	57.9	3.6
4'	35.8	32.0	3.8	32.2	3.6
5'	31.5	34.5	3.0	36.3	4.8
6'	74.7	78.9	4.2	81.4	6.7
7'	55.6	62.5	6.9	65.1	9.5
8'	68.9	67.4	1.5	68.5	0.4
9′	185	186.2	1.2	191.3	6.3
10'	106.8	104.2	2.6	107.2	0.4
11′	77.8	77.2	0.6	77.7	0.1
12'	67.7	65.7	2.0	66.9	0.8
13'	62.2	60.3	1.9	61.1	1.1
CMAE			2.1		3.1

 $a\Delta \overline{\delta_{\rm C}} = |\delta_{\rm corr} - \overline{\delta_{\rm exptl}}|$ 

**Table S2**. Comparison of MPW1PW91-SCRF/6-311+G (2d, p) calculated chemical shifts of (3'R,6'R,7'S,10'S,11'R)-2 and (3'R,6'R,7'S,10'R,11'S)-2 with the <sup>13</sup>C NMR experimental data ( $\delta$  in ppm) of 2 in MeOH.

	2	(3' <i>R</i> ,6' <i>R</i> ,7' <i>S</i> ,10' <i>S</i> ,11' <i>R</i> )-2		(3' <i>R</i> ,6' <i>R</i> ,7' <i>S</i> ,10' <i>R</i> ,11' <i>S</i> )- <b>2</b>	
No.	$\delta_{ ext{exptl}}$	$\delta_{ m corr}$	$\varDelta \delta_{ m C}{}^a$	$\delta_{ m corr}$	$\varDelta \delta_{ m C}{}^a$
1	156.4	157.8	1.4	157.7	1.3
2	120.1	119.3	0.8	118.9	1.2
3	115.3	115.4	0.1	115.5	0.2
4	150.8	148.8	2.0	148.8	2.0
5	126.3	125.6	0.7	125.5	0.8
6	119.9	118.9	1.0	118.5	1.4
1′	205.1	206.2	1.1	206.3	1.2
2'	45.3	42.7	2.6	43.6	1.7
3'	54.5	56.7	2.2	56.6	2.1
4′	35.6	32.2	3.4	31.6	4.0
5'	31.9	34.7	2.8	35.6	3.7
6'	74.9	79.0	4.1	79.5	4.6
7'	55.5	62.7	7.2	63.7	8.2
8'	68.8	67.5	1.3	67.0	1.8
9′	185	186.1	1.1	186.8	1.8
10'	106.8	104.3	2.5	104.8	2.0
11'	78.2	77.3	0.9	76.0	2.2
12'	67.6	65.8	1.8	65.5	2.1
13'	63.6	60.4	3.2	59.8	3.8
CMAE			2.1		2.4

 $^{a}\Delta\overline{\delta_{\rm C}} = |\delta_{\rm corr} - \delta_{\rm exptl}|$ 

### 2. HPLC peak areas of a mixture of (-)-1 and (-)-2 at varied temperatures

Table S3. HPLC peak areas of a mixture of (-)-1 and (-)-2 at varied temperatures

Temperature	(-)-1	(-)-2	Proportion
15 °C	11233	4312	2.6:1
30 °C	11665	4477	2.6:1
45 °C	11598	4530	2.6:1

#### **3.** Supplementary Figures







Figure S4. HMBC spectrum of  $\mathbf{1}$  in pyridine- $d_5$ 



Figure S5. <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY spectrum of  $\mathbf{1}$  in pyridine- $d_5$ 





Figure S7. HREIMS spectrum of 1







Figure S10. HSQC spectrum of 1 in methanol- $d_4$ 



Figure S12. <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY spectrum of **1** in methanol- $d_4$ 







Figure S14. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **2** in methanol- $d_4$ 







Figure S17. HMBC spectrum of  $\mathbf{2}$  in methanol- $d_4$ 



Figure S18. <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY spectrum of **2** in methanol- $d_4$ 



Enlarged ROESY spectrum of 2 (middle-field region) in methanol- $d_4$ 



Enlarged ROESY spectrum of 2 (H-3/H-11') in methanol- $d_4$ 



Figure S20. HREIMS spectrum of 2