Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

Hybrid luminescent porous silicon for efficient drug loading and release

Ali Ghafarinazari¹, Marina Scarpa², Gianni Zoccatelli³, Mauro Comes Franchini⁴, Erica Locatelli⁴, Nicola Daldosso¹

¹ Fluorescence Laboratory, Department of Computer Science, University of Verona, Strada le Grazie 15, 37134 Verona, Italy

² Department of Physics and Istituto Nazionale Biostrutture Biosistemi, University of Trento, Via Sommarive 13, 38123 Trento, Italy

³ Department of Biotechnolgy, University of Verona, Strada le Grazie 15, 37134 Verona, Italy

⁴ Department of Industrial Chemistry, University of Bologna, Viale Risorgimento 4, 40136 Bologna, Italy

Email: nicola.daldosso@univr.it (Nicola Daldosso)

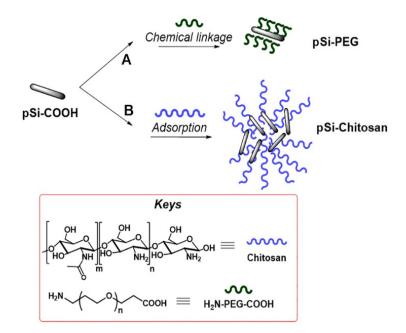


Figure S1. Schematic representation of the pSi surface functionalization procedure.

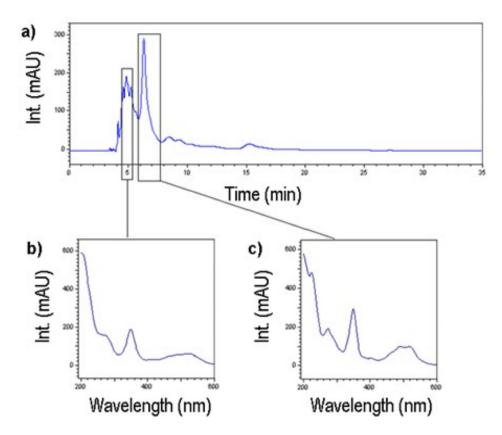


Figure S2. HPLC trace of compounds released from hydroxocobalamin (OH-Cbi) by UV detection at 168 – 351 nm (a). Optical density at times of 289 s (b) and 380 s (c).

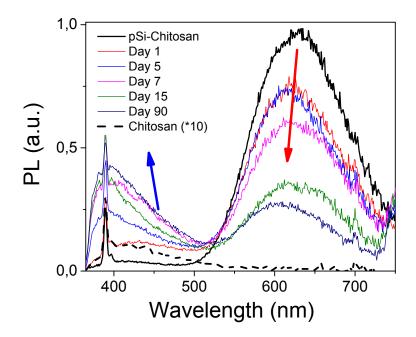


Figure S3. Optical emission spectra of pSi-Chitosan sample after suspension in PBS as a function of time (after 1 day and up to 90 days).

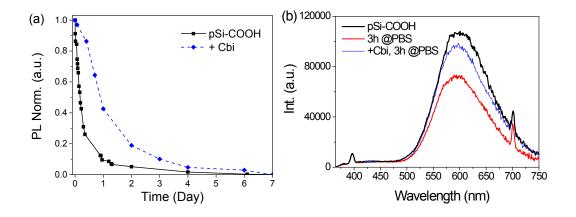


Figure S4. a) influence of Cbi loading on reduction of pSi-COOH PL intensity into PBS. b) PL spectrum of pSi-COOH initially and after 3 h of incubation in PBS, and effect of Cbi loading.