Sub-stoichiometric WO_{2.9} for formaldehyde sensing and treatment: a first principles

study

Dandan Wang,⁺ Dongxue Han,^{*,+} Lei Liu,[‡] and Li Niu⁺

[†]State Key Laboratory of Electro analytical Chemistry, c/o Engineering Laboratory for Modern Analytical Techniques,

Changchun Institute of applied Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Science, Changchun, 130022, Jilin, China.

[‡]State Key Laboratory of Luminescence and Applications, Changchun Institute of Optics, Fine Mechanics and Physics,

Chinese Academy of Sciences, No.3888 Dongnanhu Road, Changchun, 130033, Jilin , China.

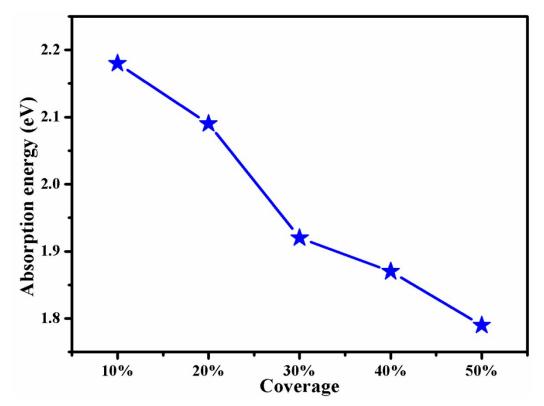


Figure S1. Coverage-dependent absorption energies of HCHO on WO2.9 (010) surface in configurations of type I.

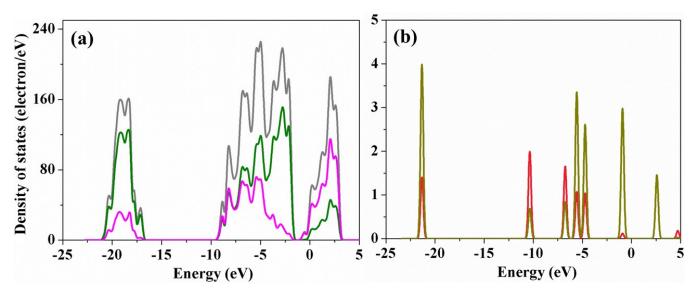


Figure S2. (a) The total density of states (TDOS) for $WO_{2.9}$ (010) surface (Gray curve) and DOS projected on the O atoms (Olive curve) and on the W atoms (Pink curve); (b) DOS projected (PDOS) on the C_F atom of HCHO molecule (Magenta curve) and on the O_F atom of HCHO molecule (Dark yellow curve). The Fermi level of $WO_{2.9}$ (010) surface is assigned at 0 eV.

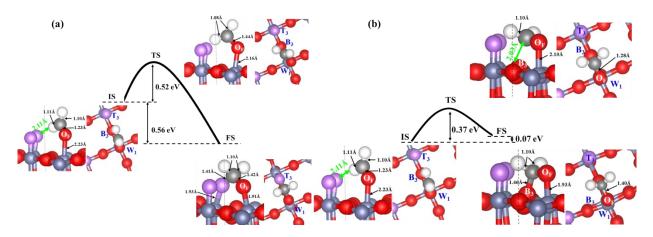


Figure S3. The barriers and the corresponding transition states of (a) the Type I and (b) the type III adsorption configurations transformed from type IV.

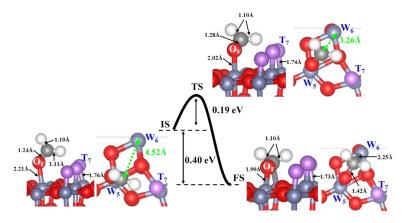


Figure S4. The minimum energy path for HCHO absorption configuration transform from type IV to type II.