

Supplementary Information for

Colorimetric Selective Cu²⁺ Detection by Lanthanide based Hybrid Complexes Associated with a Single Crystal Growth Mediated Transformation

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Table S1: Selected bond lengths [Å] of the compounds **1** and **2** with estimated standard deviations in parentheses.

1: H₂[Dy₂(PABA)₄(bpy)₂(NO₃)₂].(bpy)₂(EtOH)₂(NO₃)₂			
Bond Label	Distances (Å)	Bond Label	Distances (Å)
O1-Dy1	2.386(7)	N4-Dy1	2.543(8)
O2-Dy1	2.709(7)	O2-Dy1 A	2.320(7)
O3-Dy1	2.335(7)	O4-Dy1 A	2.302(7)
O5-Dy1	2.462(8)	Dy1-O2 A	2.320(7)
O6-Dy1	2.522(7)	Dy1-O4 A	2.302(7)
N7-Dy1	2.925(10)	Dy1-Dy1 A	3.9241(9)
N3-Dy1	2.594(8)		
2: H₂[Nd₂(3-nba)₂(DMF)₂(CH₃CO₂)₄(H₂O)₂].(CH₃CO₂)₂			
O1-Nd1	2.422(4)	O8-Nd1A	2.427(3)
O2-Nd1A	2.433(4)	O8-Nd1	2.653(4)
O1W-Nd1	2.455(4)	O11-Nd1	2.466(4)
O3-Nd1	2.566(4)	Nd1-O8A	2.427(4)
O4-Nd1	2.511(4)	Nd1-O2A	2.433(4)
O7-Nd1	2.520(4)	Nd1-Nd1A	4.0767(8)

Table S2. Important stretching frequency peaks observed in the IR spectrum of compound **1**

Compound	$\nu(\text{OH}) + \nu(\text{N-H})$	$\nu(\text{C-H})$	ν^{l}	$\nu(\text{N-H})_{\text{def}}$	$\nu(\text{C}=\text{C})$	$\nu(\text{N}=\text{O})$
1	3469 3364	3072	1677	1602	1602 1513	1470 _{asym} 1308 _{sym}

	3209			1524	1036 _{bidentate}
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Table S3. The bands observed in the solid state UV spectra of the compounds **1** and **2**.

Compound	UV bands (nm)	Assignments
1	290-305	$\pi - \pi^*$ of ligand
	370	n- π^* of ligand
	760	${}^6\text{H}_{15/2} \rightarrow {}^6\text{F}_{3/2}$
	810	${}^6\text{H}_{15/2} \rightarrow {}^6\text{F}_{5/2}$
	912	${}^6\text{H}_{15/2} \rightarrow {}^6\text{F}_{7/2}$
2	250-300	$\pi - \pi^*$ of ligand
	348	n- π^* of ligand
	470	${}^4\text{I}_{9/2} \rightarrow {}^4\text{G}_{11/2}, {}^2\text{G}_{9/2}, {}^2\text{K}_{15/2}$
	520	${}^4\text{I}_{9/2} \rightarrow {}^4\text{G}_{7/2}, {}^3\text{K}_{13/2}$
	583	${}^4\text{I}_{9/2} \rightarrow {}^4\text{G}_{5/2}$
	683	${}^4\text{I}_{9/2} \rightarrow {}^4\text{F}_{9/2}$
	745	${}^4\text{I}_{9/2} \rightarrow {}^4\text{F}_{7/2}, {}^4\text{S}_{3/2}$
	801	${}^4\text{I}_{9/2} \rightarrow {}^4\text{F}_{5/2}, {}^2\text{H}_{9/2}$
	870	${}^4\text{I}_{9/2} \rightarrow {}^4\text{F}_{5/2}$

Table S4: Assignment of PL bands in the solid/ solution state photoluminescence spectra of **1** and **2**.

Compound	PL bands (nm)		Assignments
	Solid	EtOH solution	
1	350-450 (centred at 394)	300-400 (centred at 350)	L→M charge transfer band, Ligand radiative relaxation
	479	479	${}^4\text{F}_{9/2} \rightarrow {}^6\text{H}_{15/2}$
	572	571	${}^4\text{F}_{9/2} \rightarrow {}^6\text{H}_{13/2}$
	750	703	${}^4\text{F}_{9/2} \rightarrow {}^6\text{H}_{9/2} / {}^4\text{I}_{15/2} \rightarrow {}^6\text{H}_{9/2}$
2	350-450		L→M charge transfer band, Ligand radiative relaxation

Table S5: ICP-OES analysis of metal exchange studies of **1** and **2**.

No	Sample	Salt	Conc	Analyte	Cation 1 (ppm)	Cation 2 (ppm)	Cation 3 (ppm)
A	1-Dy	Cu(NO ₃) ₂	0.5 M	Supernatant	Cu - Saturated	Dy- 54	None
B				Crystals	Cu - 19	Dy- 4	None
C		CuSO ₄	0.5 M	Crystals	Cu - 57	Dy-6	None
D				Supernatant	Cu - Saturated	Dy-69	None
E		AgNO ₃	0.5 M	Crystals	Dy - 1	Ag-6	None
F				Supernatant	Dy - 30	Ag-3000	None
G		CuCl ₂	0.5 M	Crystals	Cu - 47	Dy-0.6	None
H				Supernatant	Cu - Saturated	Dy-48	None
I	2-Nd	Cu(NO ₃) ₂	0.5 M	Crystals	Cu - 90	Nd-8	None
J				Supernatant	Cu - Saturated	Nd-170	None
K		CuSO ₄	0.5 M	Crystals	Cu - 49	Nd-4	None
L				Supernatant	Cu - Saturated	Nd-91	None
M		CuCl ₂	0.5 M	Crystals	Cu - 87	Nd-5	None
N				Supernatant	Cu - Saturated	Nd-145	None
Mixed Solvent Study							
P	2-Nd	Cu, Ni, Co, Zn, Au, Cd	~ 0.1 M each	Crystals	Cu -18	Nd-44	None
Q				Supernatant-a	Nd -72	All other cations present	
R				Supernatant-b	Nd -54	All other cations present	
T	1-Dy	Cu, Ni, Co, Zn, Au, Cd	~ 0.1 M each	Crystals	Cu -4	Dy-13	Au-5
U				Supernatant-a	Dy -12	All other cations present	
V				Supernatant-b	Dy -3	All other cations present	

Table S6. Crystal data and structure refinement for **2_Cu exchanged**: C₂₈H₃₂Cu₂N₄O₂₄ at 100 K.

Empirical formula	C ₂₈ H ₃₂ Cu ₂ N ₄ O ₂₄
Formula weight	935.65
Temperature	100(2) K
Wavelength	0.71073 Å
Crystal system	Monoclinic
Space group	<i>P</i> 21/ <i>c</i>
Unit cell dimensions	$a = 17.3672(15)$ Å, $\alpha = 90^\circ$ $b = 7.1242(6)$ Å, $\beta = 101.285(5)^\circ$ $c = 14.5591(13)$ Å, $\gamma = 90^\circ$
Volume	1766.5(3) Å ³
<i>Z</i>	2
Density (calculated)	1.759 g/cm ³
Absorption coefficient	1.309 mm ⁻¹
F(000)	956
Crystal size	0.140 x 0.050 x 0.040 mm ³
θ range for data collection	2.853 to 24.997°
Index ranges	-20 ≤ <i>h</i> ≤ 20, 0 ≤ <i>k</i> ≤ 8, 0 ≤ <i>l</i> ≤ 17
Reflections collected	3011
Independent reflections	3011
Completeness to $\theta = 24.997^\circ$	97.2%
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²
Data / restraints / parameters	3011 / 277 / 288
Goodness-of-fit	1.073
Final R indices [<i>I</i> > 2σ(<i>I</i>)]	R _{obs} = 0.0623, wR _{obs} = 0.1544
R indices [all data]	R _{all} = 0.1013, wR _{all} = 0.1795
Extinction coefficient	0.0039(11)
Largest diff. peak and hole	1.511 and -0.709 e ⁻ Å ⁻³

$R = \sum ||F_o| - |F_c|| / \sum |F_o|$, $wR = \{ \sum [w(|F_o|^2 - |F_c|^2)^2] / \sum [w(|F_o|^4)] \}^{1/2}$ and $w = 1 / [\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0729P)^2 + 15.6912P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2) / 3$

Table S7: Study of the detection limit of Cu²⁺ (CuCl₂) detection by 2

Sample	Salt	Concentration	Analyte	Cu (ppm)	Nd (ppm)
2 (Nd crystal)	CuCl ₂	10 ⁻¹ M	Crystal	Saturated	150
			Solution	Saturated	Saturated
		10 ⁻² M	Crystal	40	Saturated
			Solution	Saturated	250
		10 ⁻³ M	Crystal	5	Saturated
			Solution	106	200
		10 ⁻⁴ M	Crystal	3	Saturated
			Solution	10	140
		10 ⁻⁵ M	Crystal	1.9	Saturated
			Solution	2	150

Figures

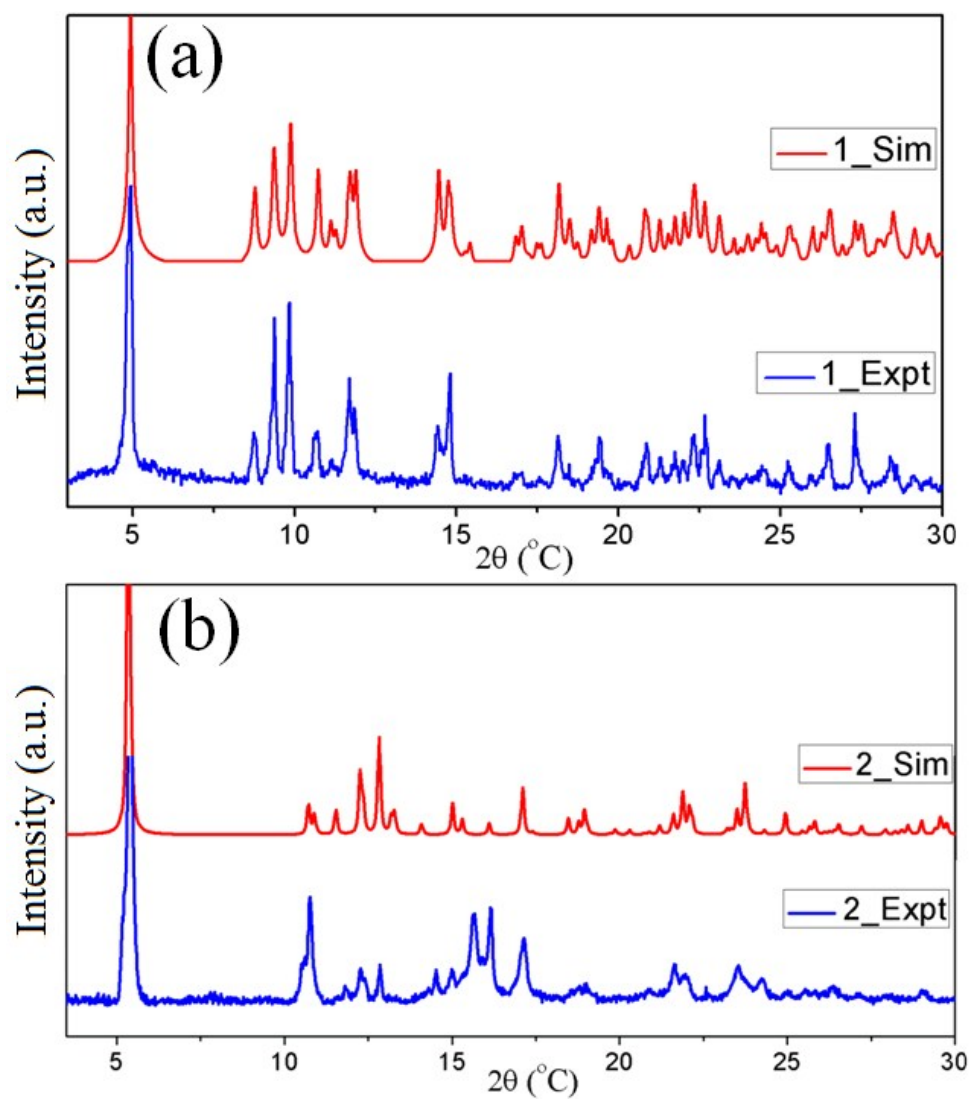


Figure S1. Comparison of experimental and simulated PXRD patterns of the bulk samples of (a) 1 and (b) 2

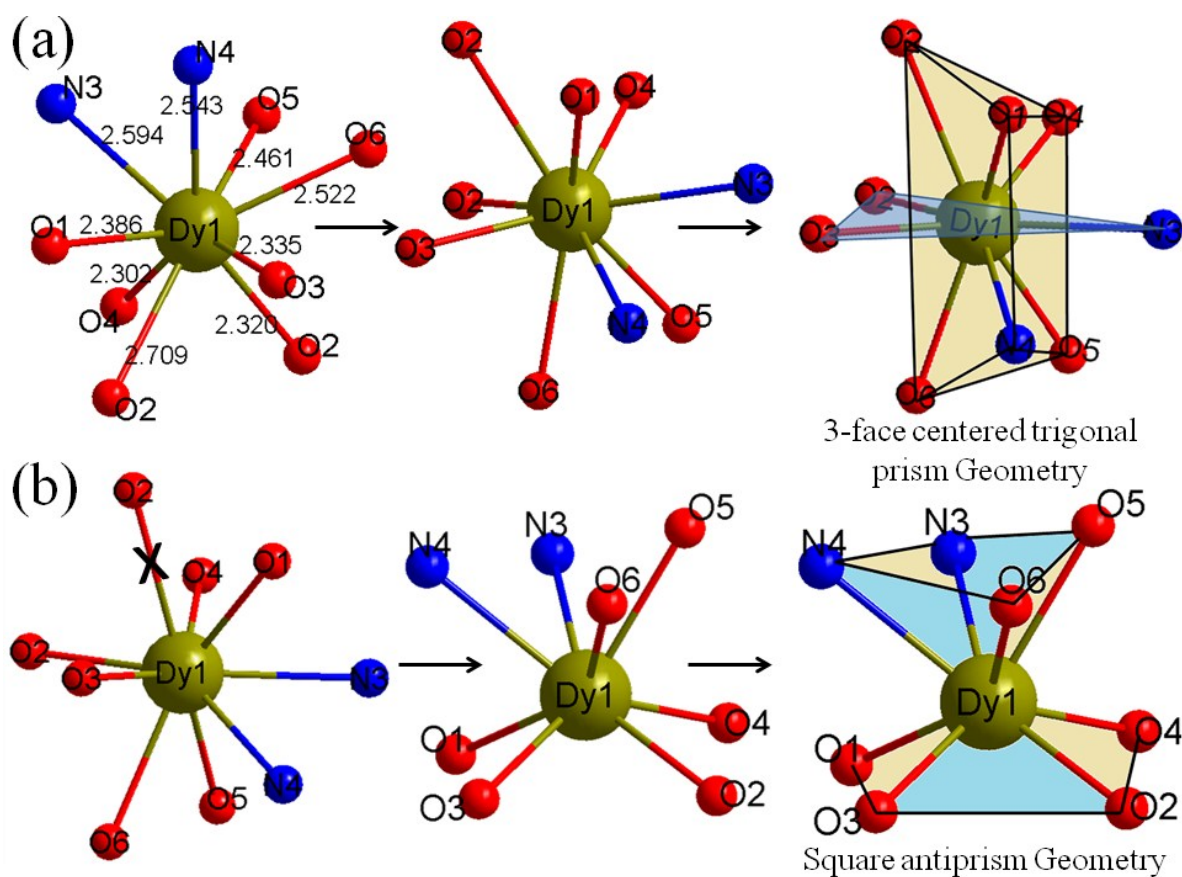


Figure S2. Coordination geometry of Dy in the compound **1**. (a) 3-face centred Trigonal prism geometry when 9 coordinating oxygens are considered and (b) Square antiprism geometry of **1** considering 8 coordinating oxygens (removing O2: bond distance 2.71 Å)

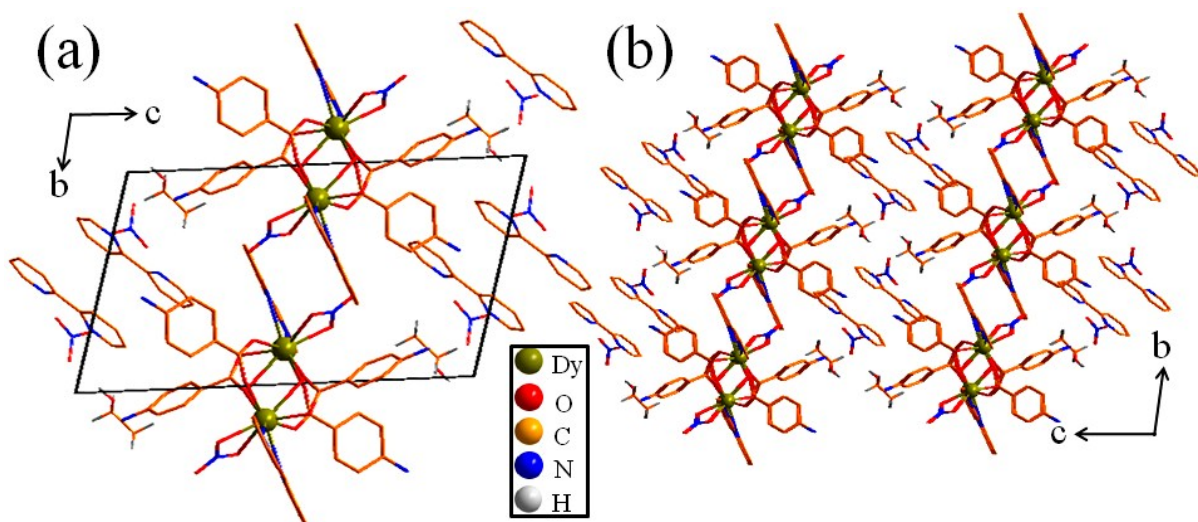


Figure S3. (a) Unit cell and (b) super cell of **1**.

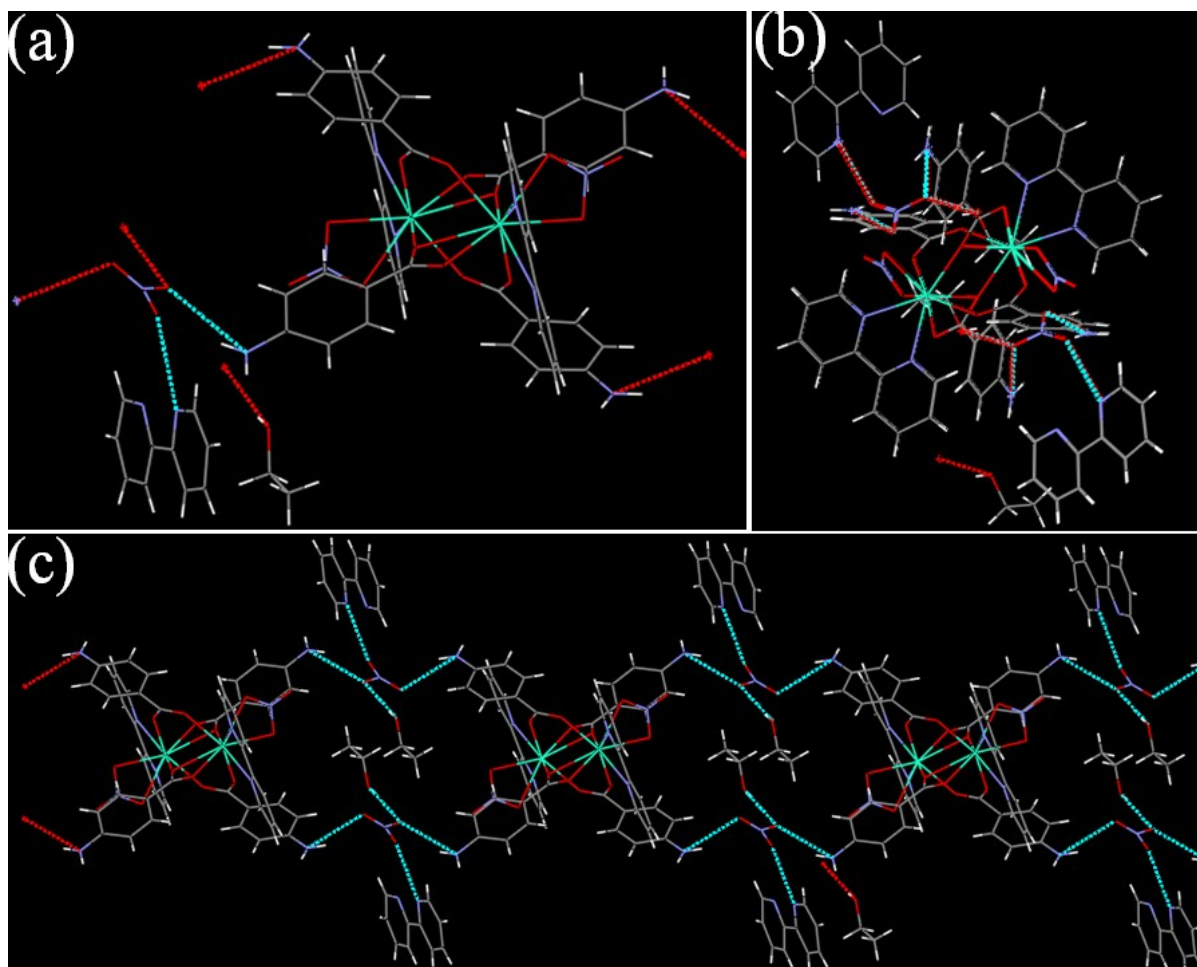


Figure S4. Hydrogen bonding in compound **1**.(a) and (b) H-bonding/ C-H O interactions shown as red dashed lines in the dinuclear unit of **1** and (c) 2D crystal growth due to H-bonding/ C-H O interactions in **1**.

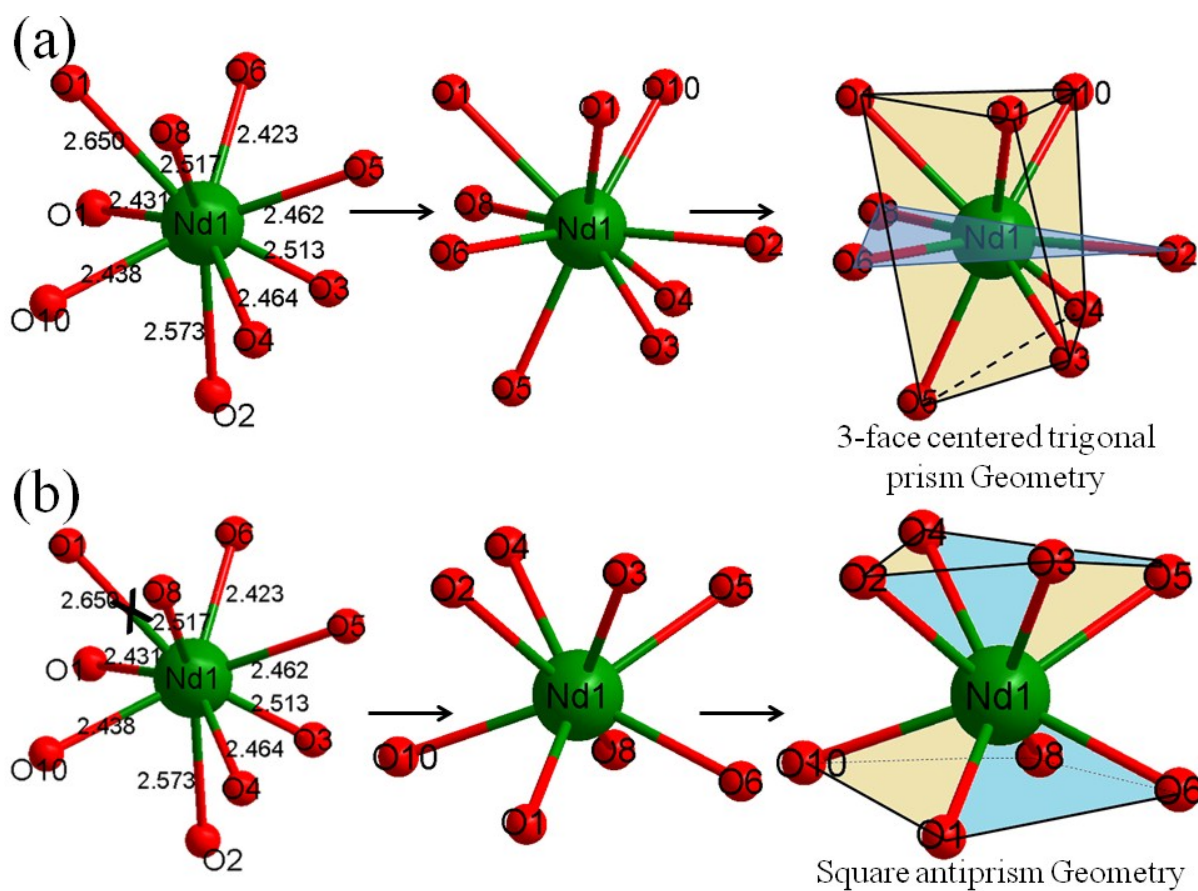


Figure S5. Coordination geometry of Nd in **2**. (a) 3-face centred Trigonal prism geometry of Nd centre when 9 coordinating oxygens are considered and (b) Square antiprism geometry of Nd centre considering 8 coordinating oxygens (removing O1: bond distance 2.66 Å)

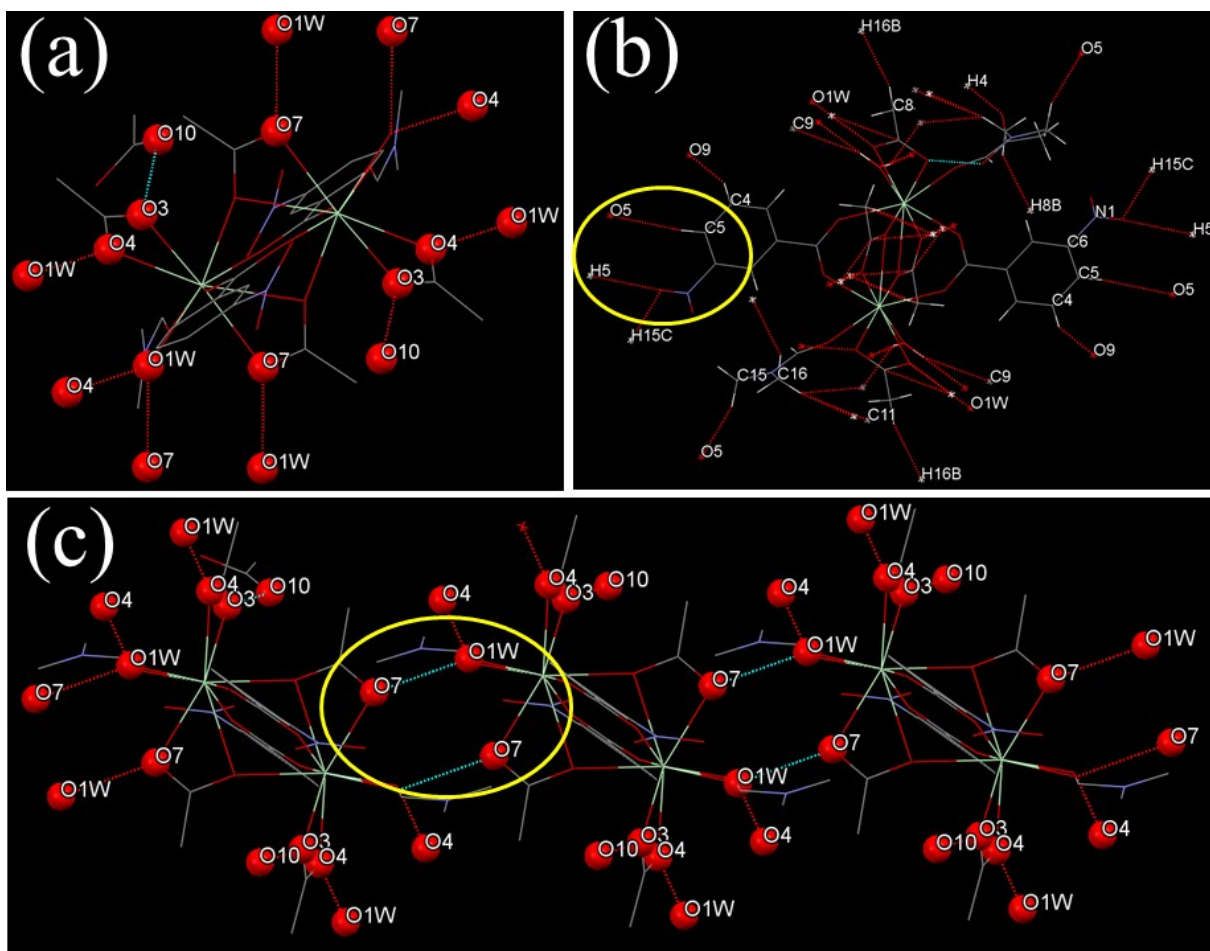


Figure S6. Hydrogen bonding and C-H...O interactions in compound 2 (a) H-bonding shown as red dashed lines in dinuclear unit of 2, (b) C-H...O interactions in 2. (c) H-bonding shown as dashed red line (also highlighted in yellow circle) in a chain of dinuclear units of 2 .

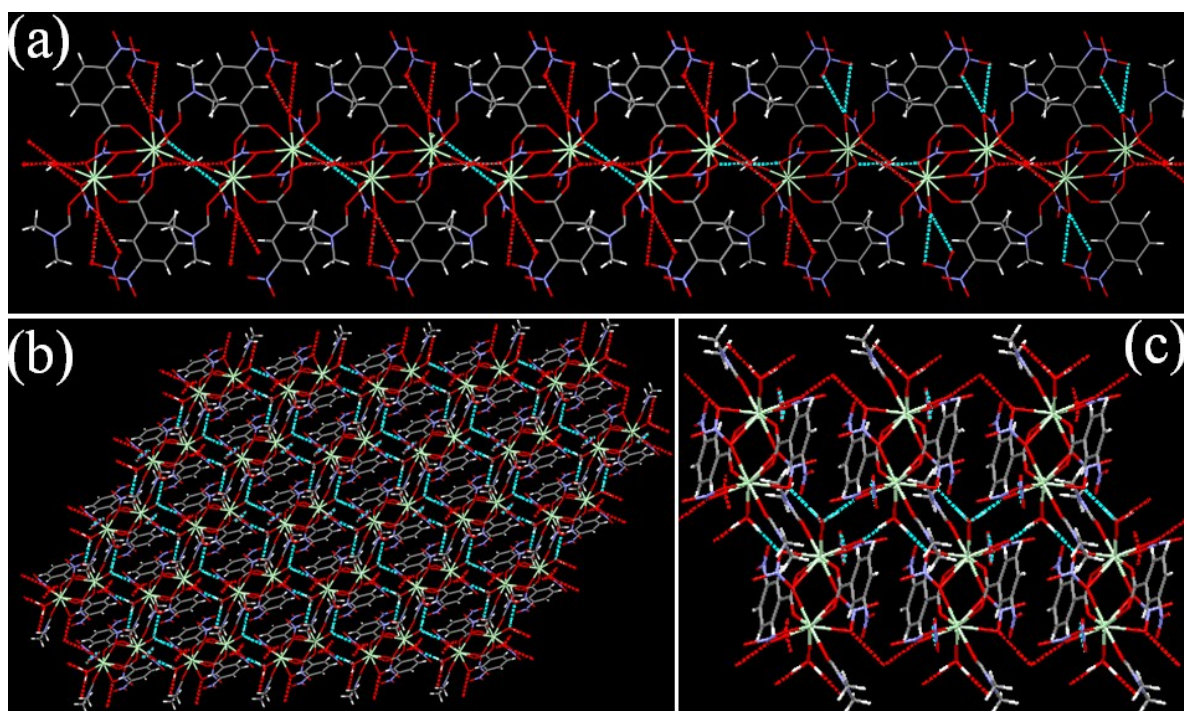


Figure S7. Hydrogen bonding and C-H-O interactions in the crystal packing of compound **2** (a), (b) and (c) showing growth of the crystal structure along various directions arising from H-bonding and C-H O interactions.

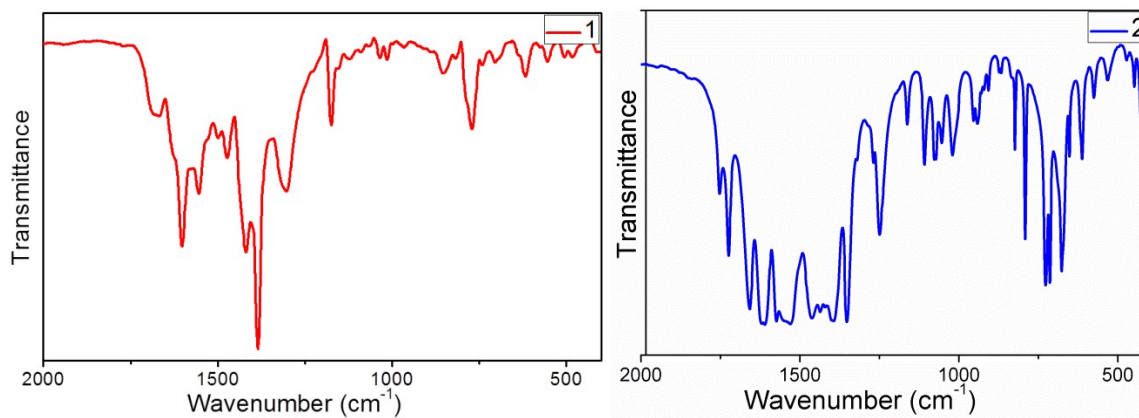


Figure S8. IR spectra of 1 (left) and 2 (right). The spectra shows all the stretching frequencies in the two compounds corresponding to the organic moieties present in the respective structures.

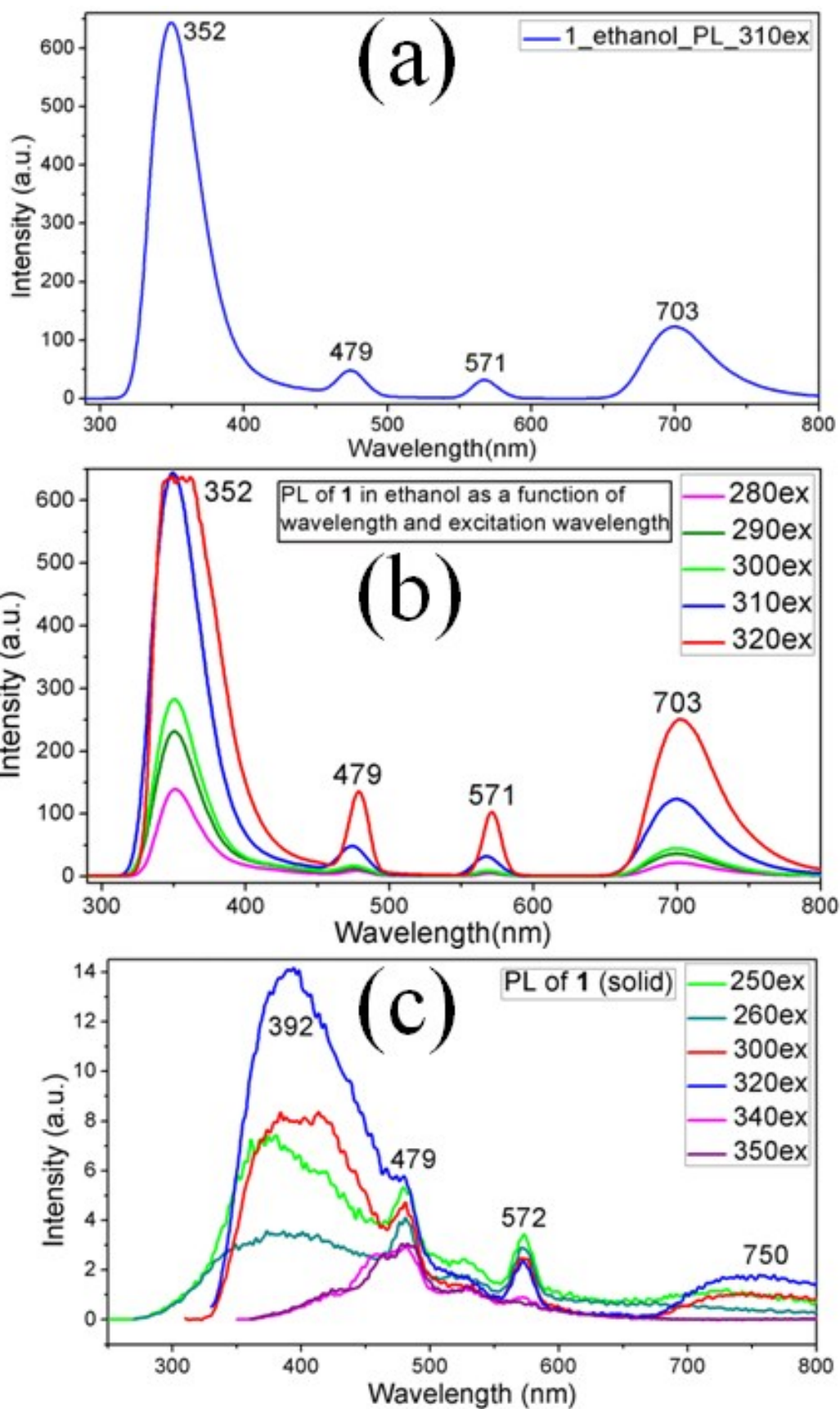


Figure S9. PL of 1. (a) PL in ethanol, (b) PL of 1 in ethanol as a function of wavelength and (c) PL of 1 (solid).

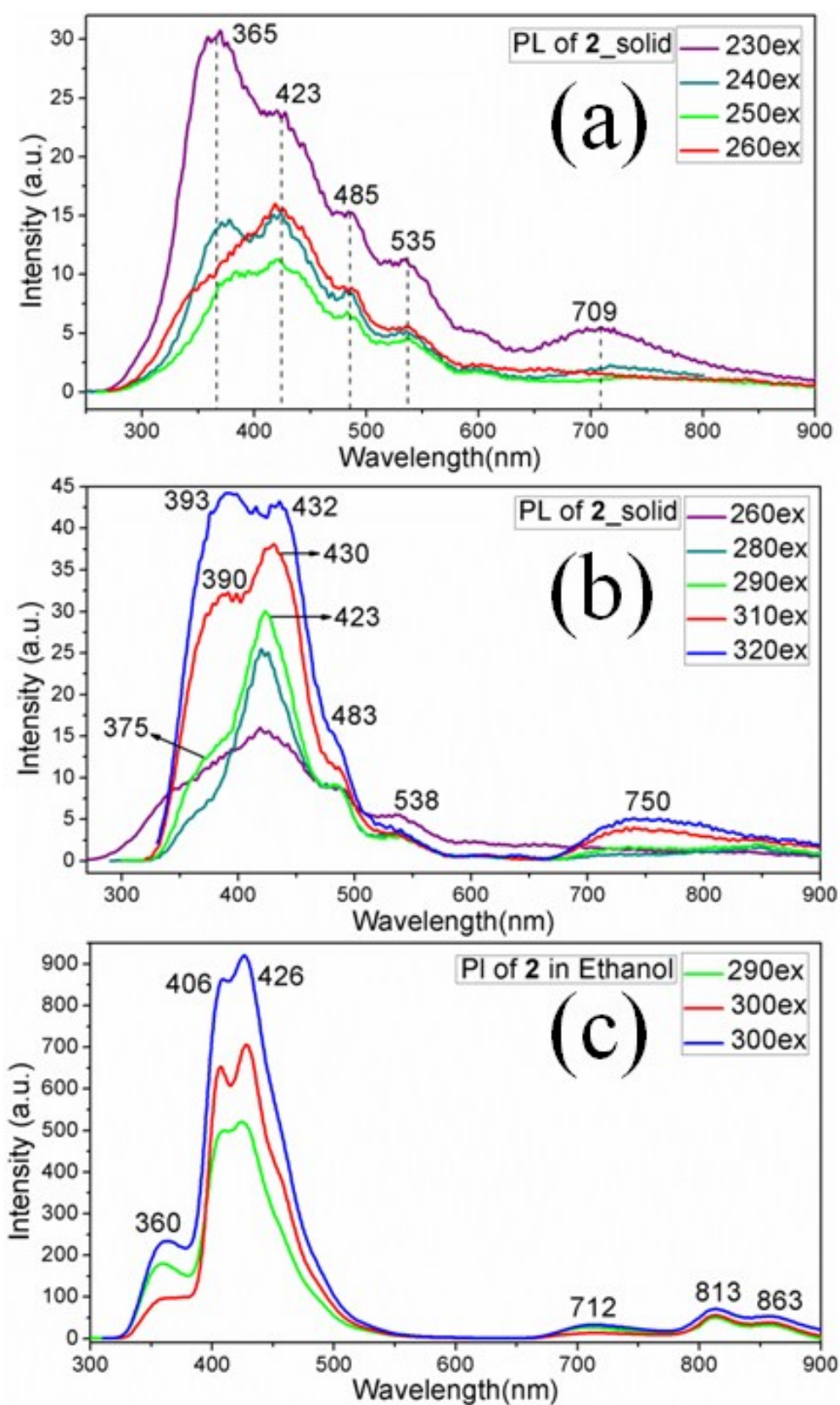


Figure S10. PL of 2. (a) PL of 2 (solid) as a function of wavelength, (b) PL of 2 (solid) as a function of wavelength and (c) PL of 2 in ethanol as a function of wavelength.

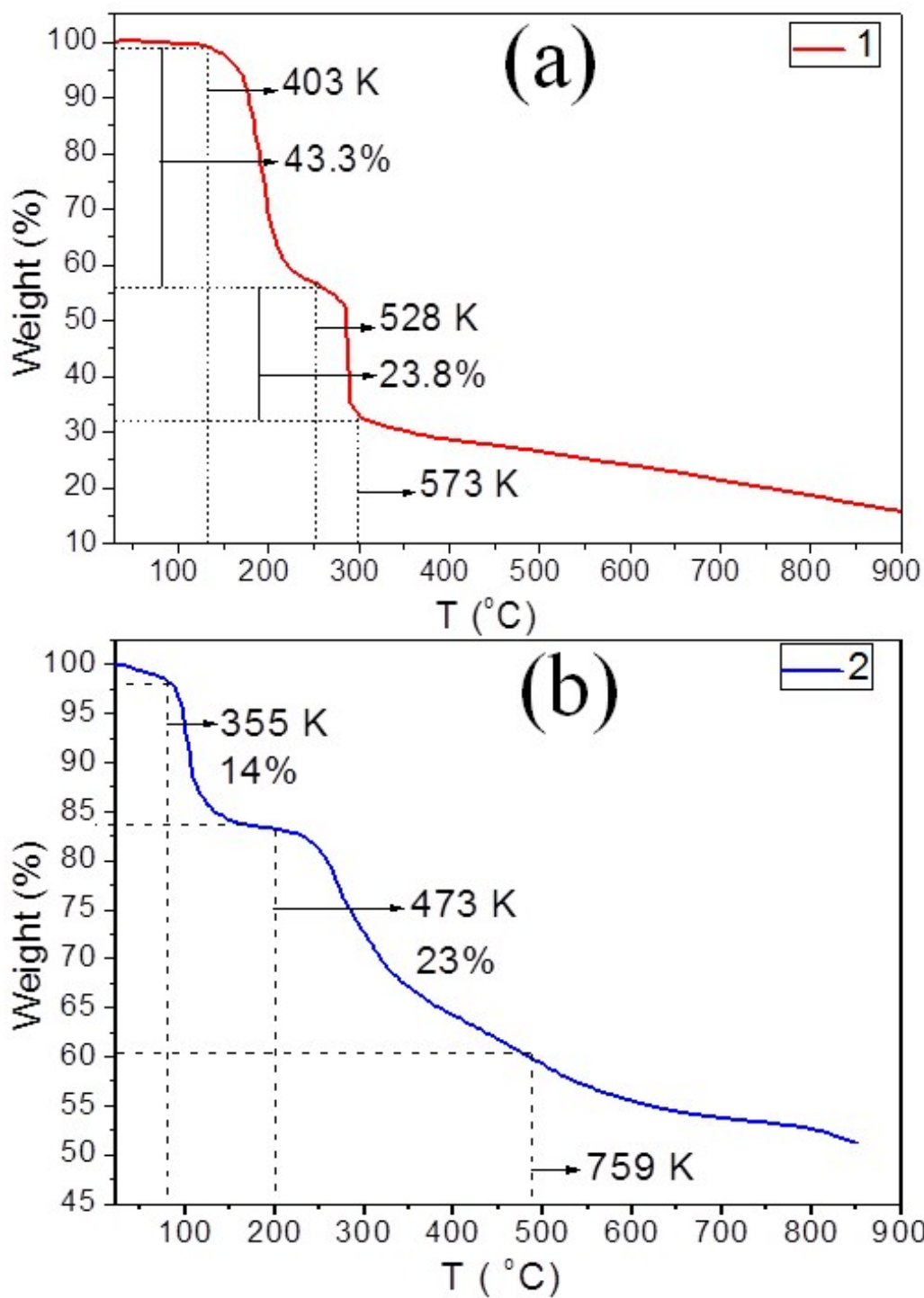


Figure S11. Thermogravimetric plot of the compounds **1** (a) and **2** (b). The weight loss percentages at various temperatures are marked.

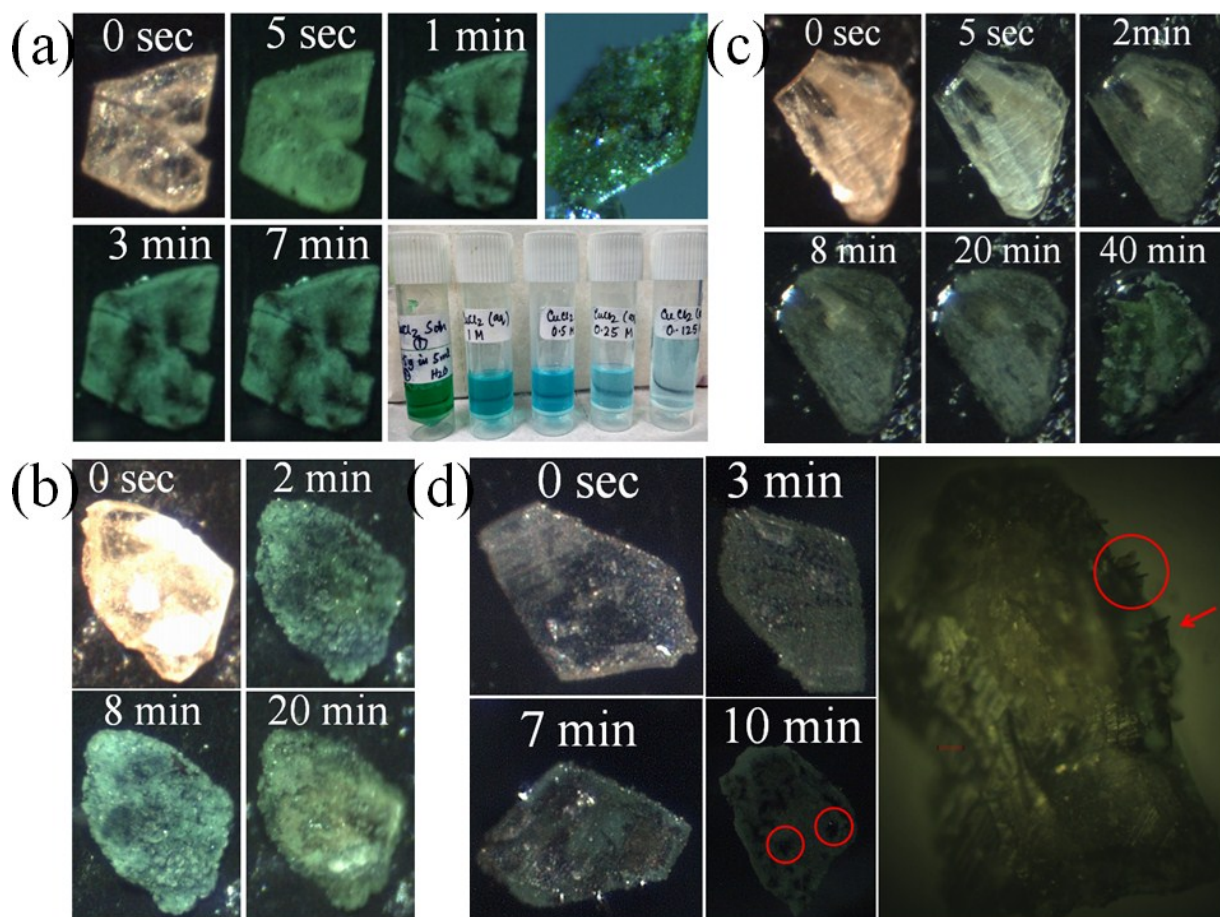


Figure S12. Cu^{2+} sensing study on single crystals of Compound **1** at different concentrations of CuCl_2 . (a) In 2 M CuCl_2 , (b) Compound **1** in 1 M CuCl_2 , (c) Compound **1** in 0.5 M and (d) Compound **1** in 0.25 M CuCl_2 .

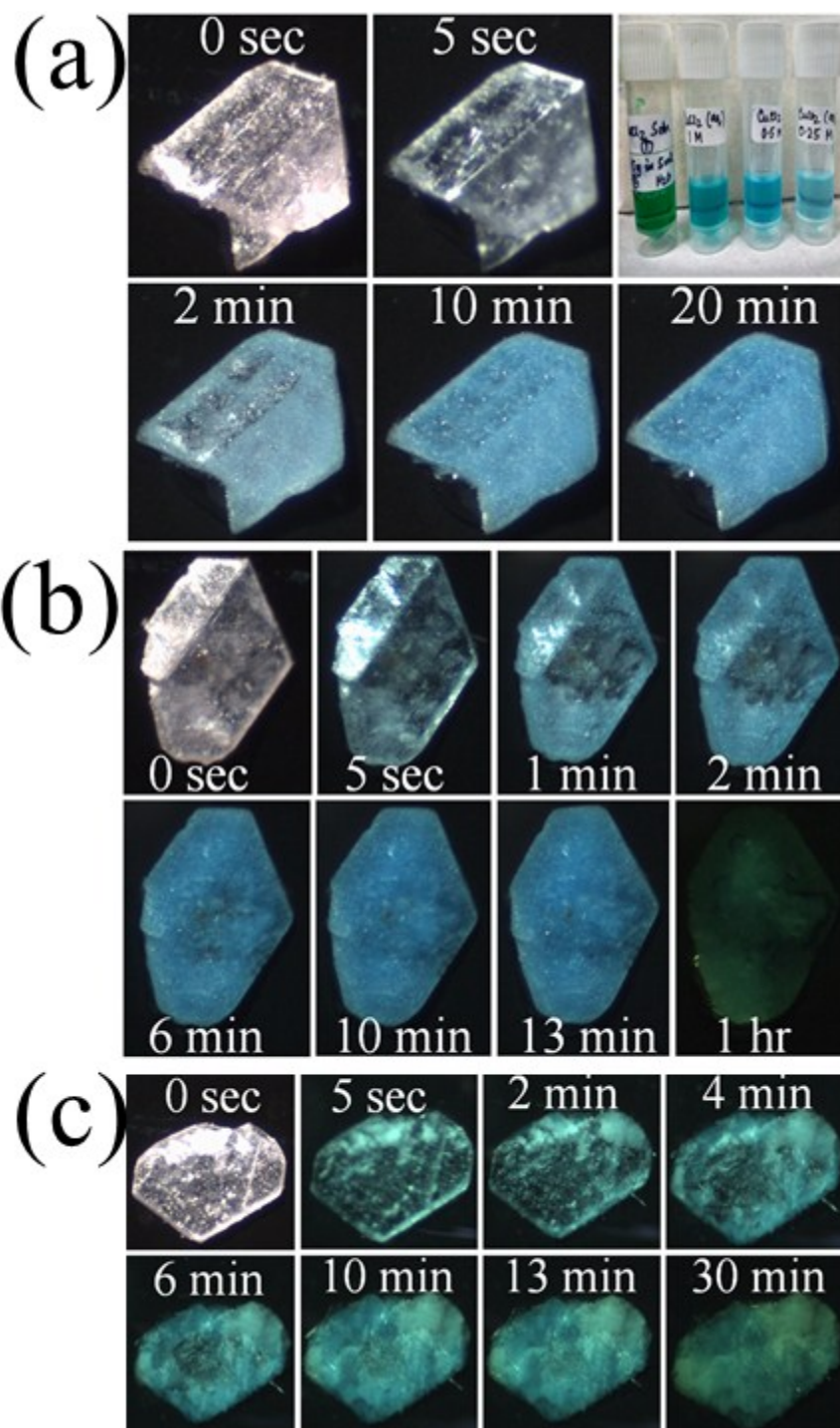
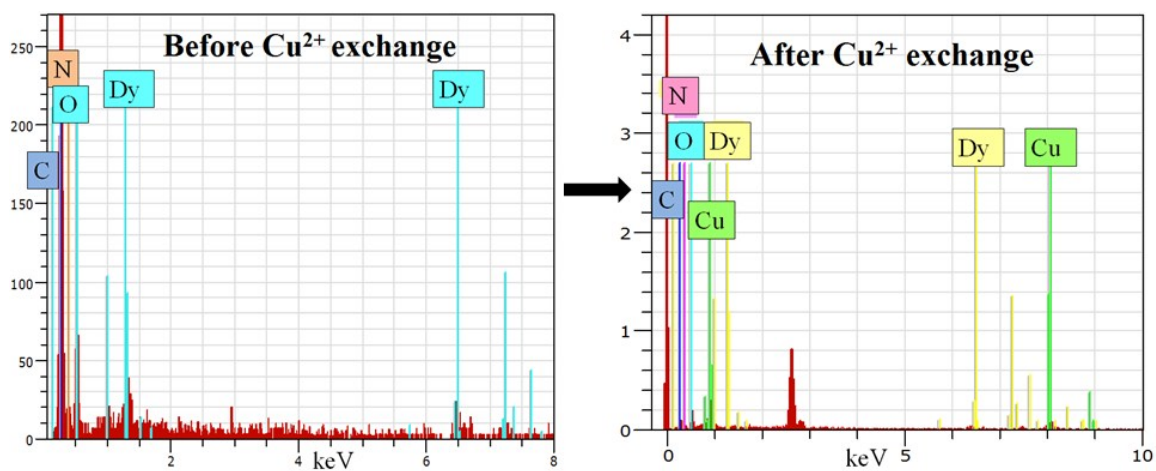


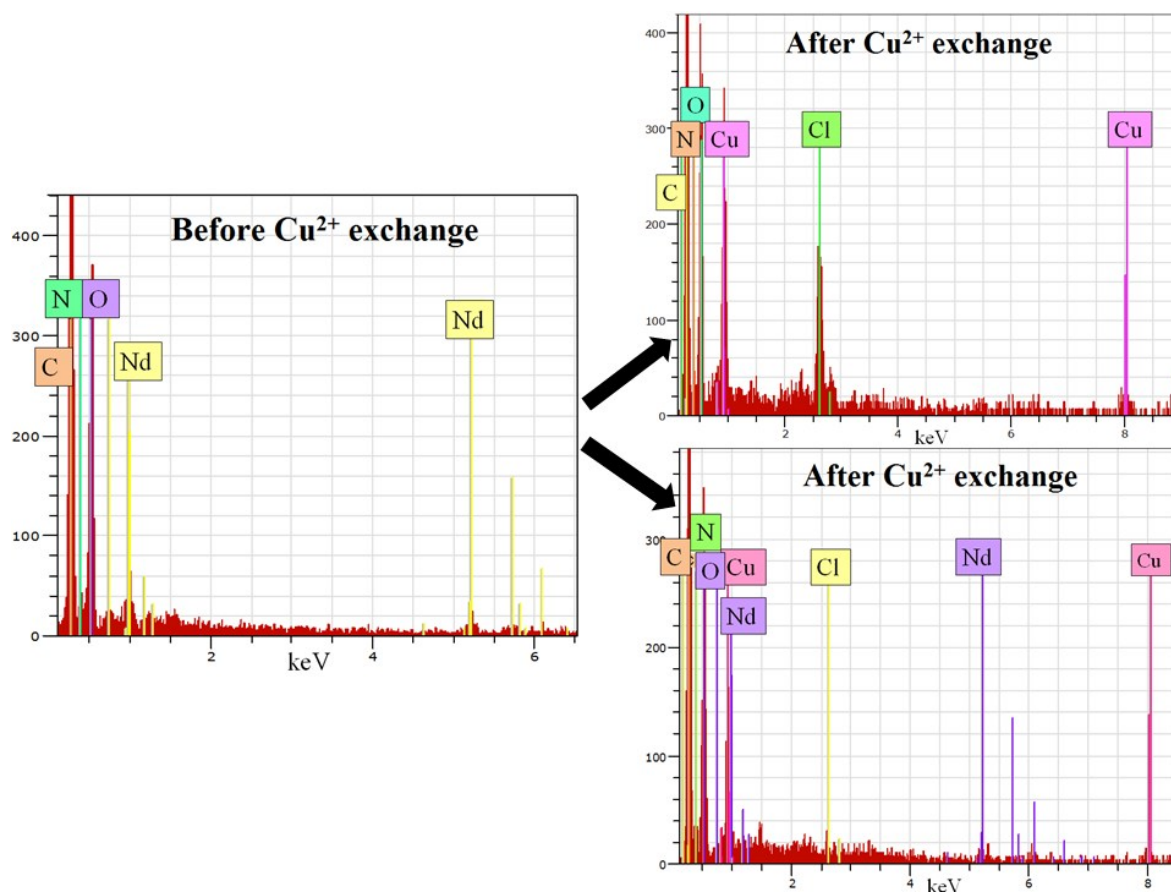
Figure S13. Cu^{2+} sensing study on single crystals of Compound **2** at different concentrations of CuCl_2 . (a) Compound **2** in 0.5 M CuCl_2 , (b) Compound **2** in 1 M CuCl_2 and (c) Compound **2** in 2 M CuCl_2 .



Elements	Before Cu ²⁺ exchange (At %)	After Cu ²⁺ exchange (At %)
C	65.35	52.54
Dy	2.48	0.89
O	20.82	17.67
N	11.34	7.24
Cu	0.00	21.65
Cl	0.00	0.00

Elements	Before Cu ²⁺ exchange (At %)	After Cu ²⁺ exchange (At %)
Dy	100.0	1.07
Cu	0.00	98.93

Figure S14. EDS of **1** before (left) and after (right) Cu²⁺ exchange along the compositions obtained shown in tables below.



Elements	Before Cu ²⁺ exchange (At %)	After Cu ²⁺ exchange (At %)
C	49.50	61.49
Nd	1.97	0.00
O	37.66	18.44
N	10.86	4.00
Cu	0.00	16.00
Cl	0.00	0.07

Elements	Before Cu ²⁺ exchange (At %)	After Cu ²⁺ exchange (At %)
Nd	100.0	0
Cu	0.00	100.0

Figure S15. EDS of 2 before (left) and after (right) Cu²⁺ exchange along the compositions obtained shown in tables below.

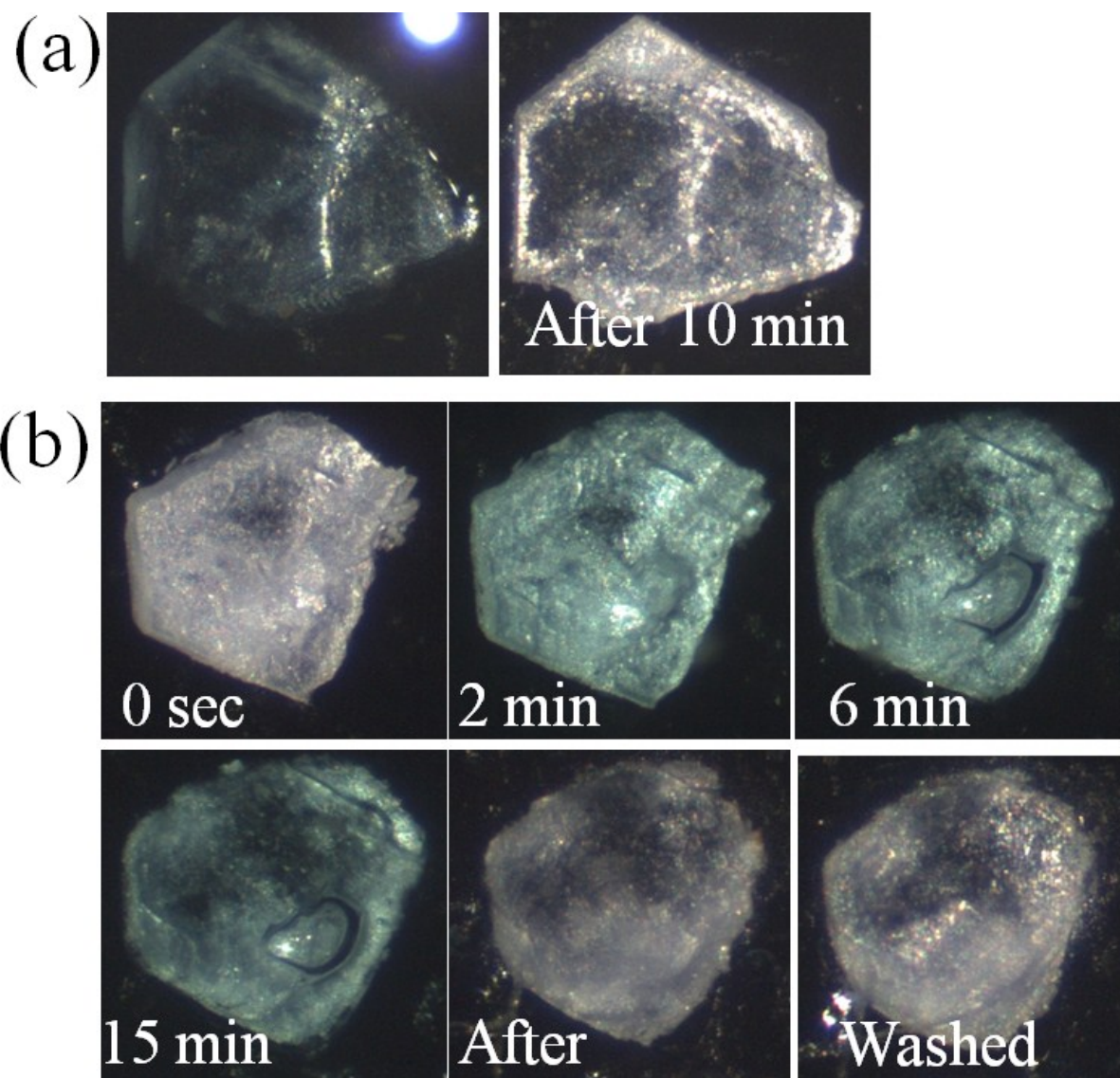


Figure S16. Ni²⁺ exchange studies on **2**. (a) Compound **2** in 0.5 M NiCl₂ at different intervals of time and (b) Compound **2** in 1 M NiCl₂ at different intervals of time.

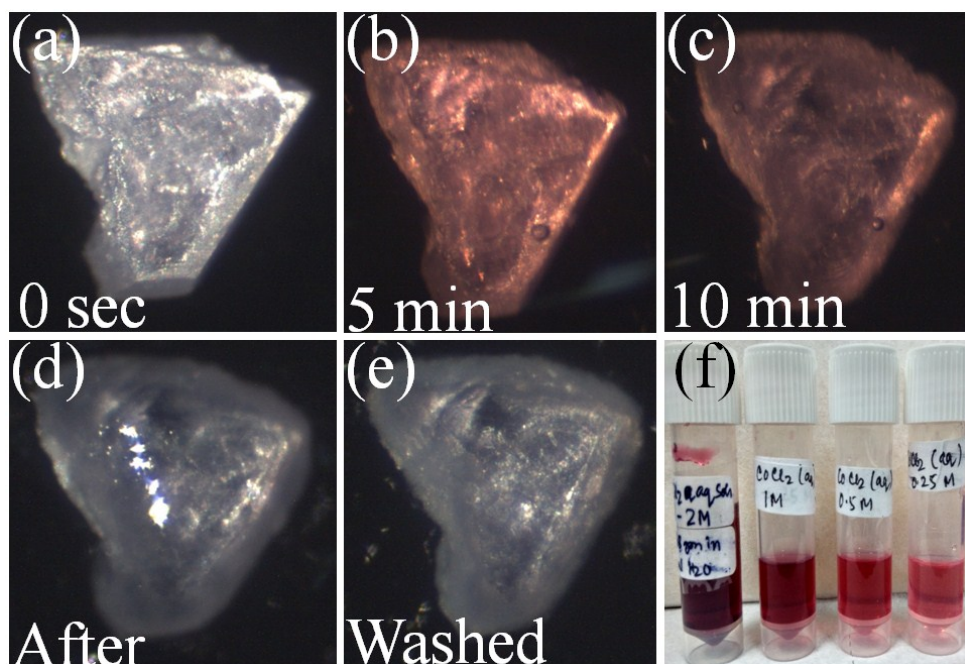


Figure S17. Compound **2** in 1 M CoCl_2 after various intervals of time. (a) Pristine crystal of **2**. The red colour that is seen in (b) and (c) are of the solution, as the crystals are inside the red solution of CoCl_2 , (d) Crystal after being taken out of the solution and (e) Crystal after being thoroughly washed with water.

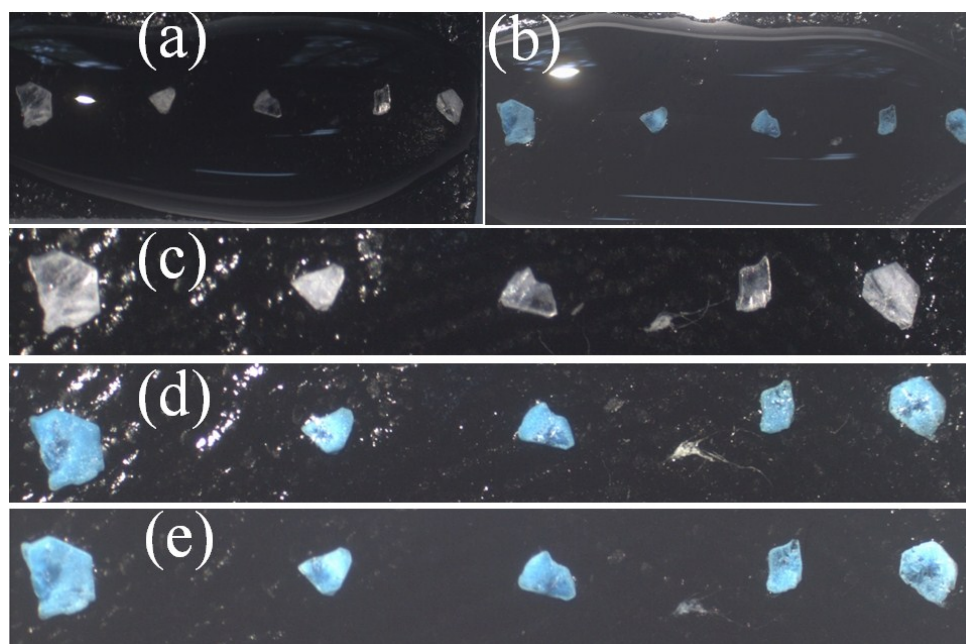


Figure S18. Compound **2** in Solution of mixed salts (0.5 m of each of CuCl_2 , CoCl_2 , NiCl_2). (a) Immediately after addition of the solution, (b) After 5 mins, (c) Pristine crystals of **2**, (d) After 10 mins, (e) After washing thoroughly with deionized water.

Reference

1. X.-W. Lei, G.-H. Zhong, L.-H. Li, C.-L. Hu, M.-J. Li and J.-G. Mao, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2009, **48**, 2526-2533.