

Electronic Supplementary Information

Integrating Metallic Nanoparticles of Au and Pt with MoS₂-Cds Hybrids for High-Efficient Photocatalytic Hydrogen Generation via Plasmon-Induced Electron and Energy Transfer

Kai Chen,^{‡a,b} Liang Ma,^{‡a} Jia-Hong Wang,^{‡a} Zi-Qiang Cheng,^a Da-Jie Yang,^{a,b} Ying-Ying Li,^a Si-Jing Ding,^{*a} Li Zhou^{*a} and Qu-Quan Wang^{*a,b}

^aKey Laboratory of Artificial Micro- and Nano-structures of the Ministry of Education,
School of Physics and Technology, Wuhan University, Wuhan 430072, P. R. China.

^bThe Institute for Advanced Studies, Wuhan University, Wuhan 430072, P. R. China.

*Email: qqwang@whu.edu.cn (Q.-Q. Wang); zhouli@whu.edu.cn (L. Zhou);
sjding@whu.edu.cn (S.-J. Ding).

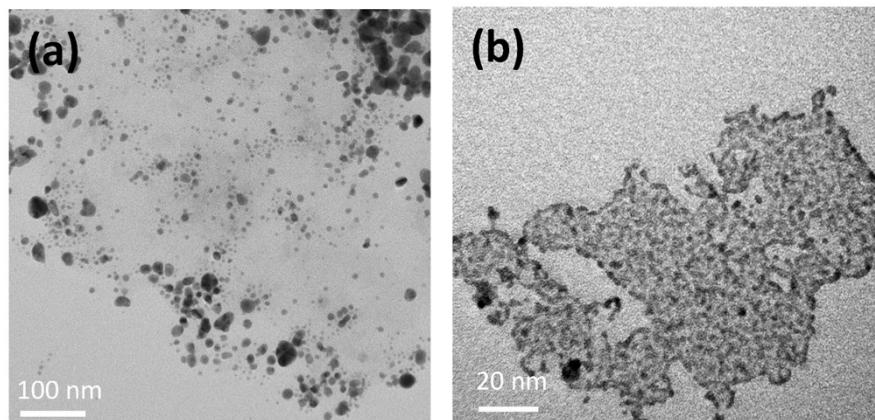


Figure S1. TEM images of MoS₂/Au (a) and MoS₂/Pt (b) hybrids.

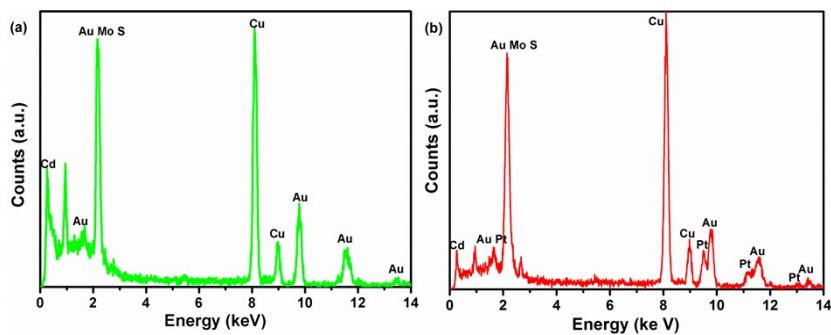


Figure S2. EDX spectra of (MoS₂-CdS)/Au (a) and Pt/MoS₂-CdS/Au (b) hybrids and the contents ratio

of the Pt, MoS₂ and Au is about Pt: MoS₂: Au = 2: 1: 17 .

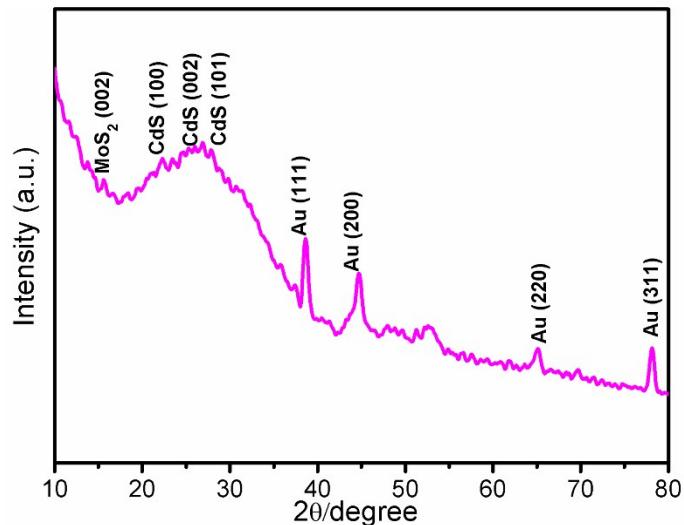


Figure S3. XRD pattern of (MoS₂-CdS)/Au hybrids.

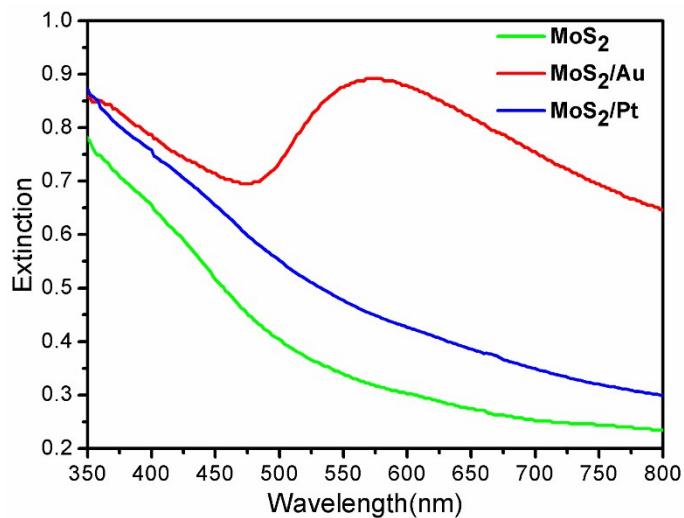


Figure S4. Extinction spectra of the as-synthesized samples of monolayer MoS₂ nanosheets, MoS₂/Au and MoS₂/Pt hybrids.

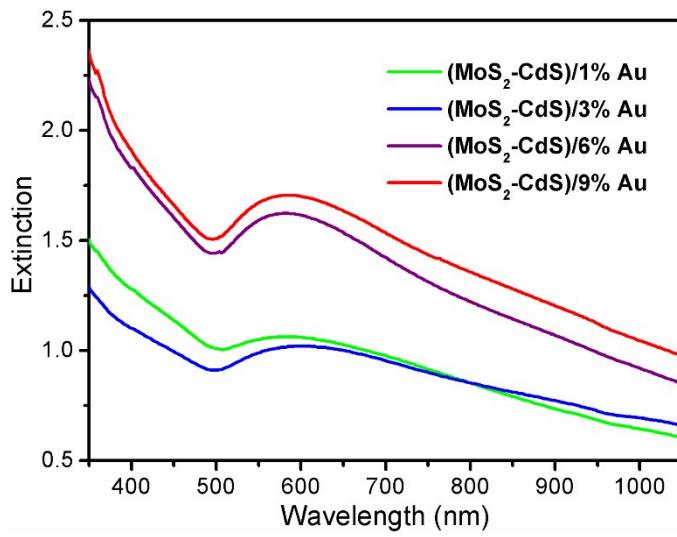


Figure S5. Extinction spectra of (MoS₂-CdS)/Au hybrids with different quality percentages of Au.

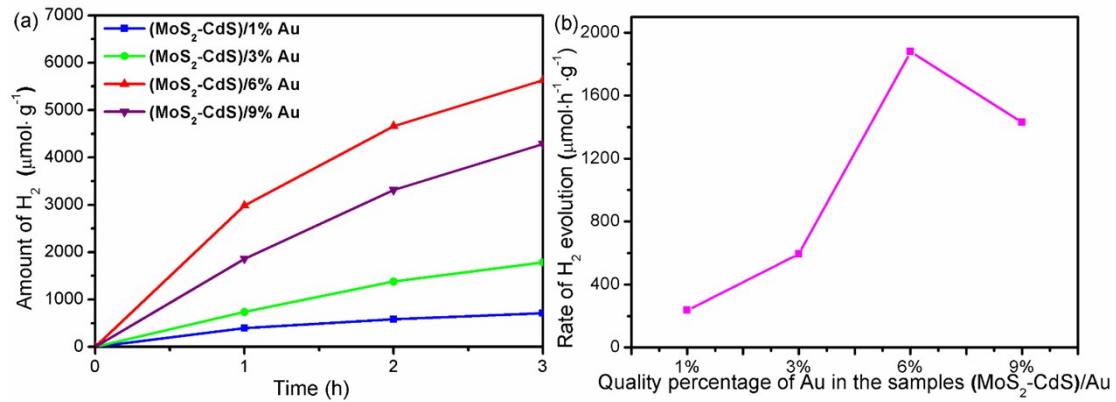


Figure S6. (a) Time-dependent photocatalytic H₂ evolution for (MoS₂-CdS)/Au hybrids with different quality percentages of Au. (b) Comparison of the H₂ evolution rate under visible light irritation for (MoS₂-CdS)/Au hybrids with different quality percentages of Au.

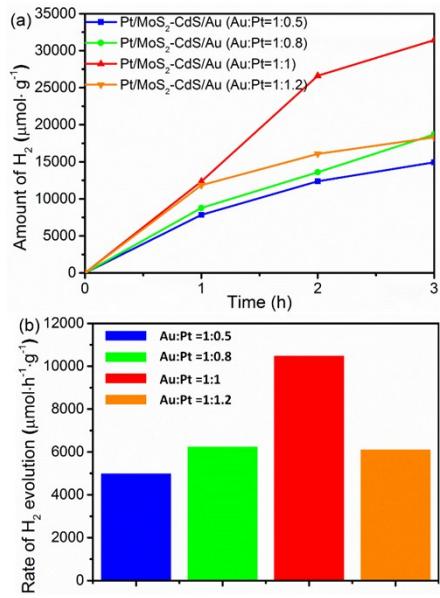


Figure S7. Photocatalytic activity of the as-synthesized samples for H₂ evolution reaction. Time-dependent photocatalytic H₂ evolution for different loading ratio of Pt and Au in the obtained Pt/MoS₂-CdS/Au hybrid structures (a); Comparison of the average H₂ evolution rate in 3 hours under visible light irritation for different loading ratio of Pt and Au in the obtained Pt/MoS₂-CdS/Au hybrid structures (b).

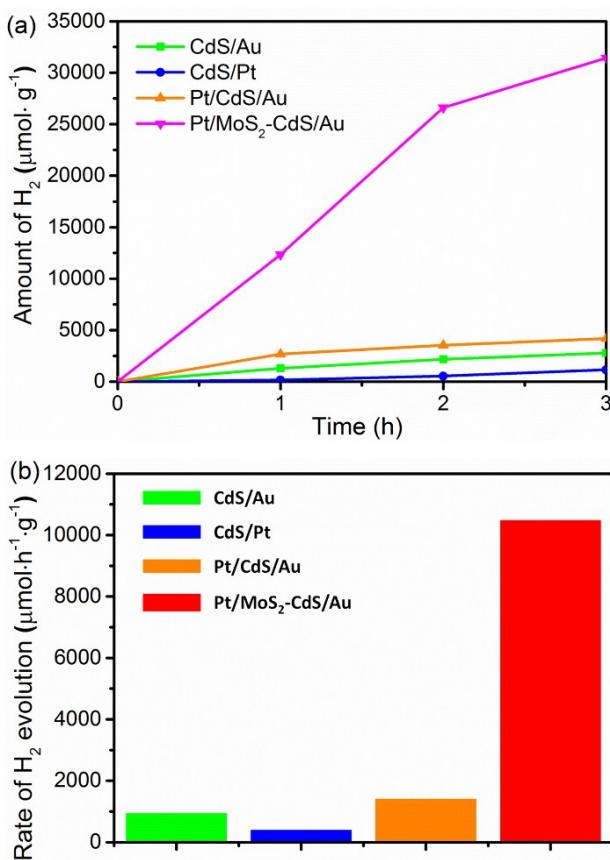


Figure S8. Photocatalytic activity of the as-synthesized samples for H_2 evolution reaction. Time-dependent photocatalytic H_2 evolution for CdS/Au, CdS/Pt, Pt/CdS/Au and Pt/ $(\text{MoS}_2\text{-CdS})/\text{Au}$ heterostructures (a); Comparison of the average H_2 evolution rate in 3 hours under visible light irritation for CdS/Au, CdS/Pt, Pt/CdS/Au and Pt/ $(\text{MoS}_2\text{-CdS})/\text{Au}$ heterostructures (b).

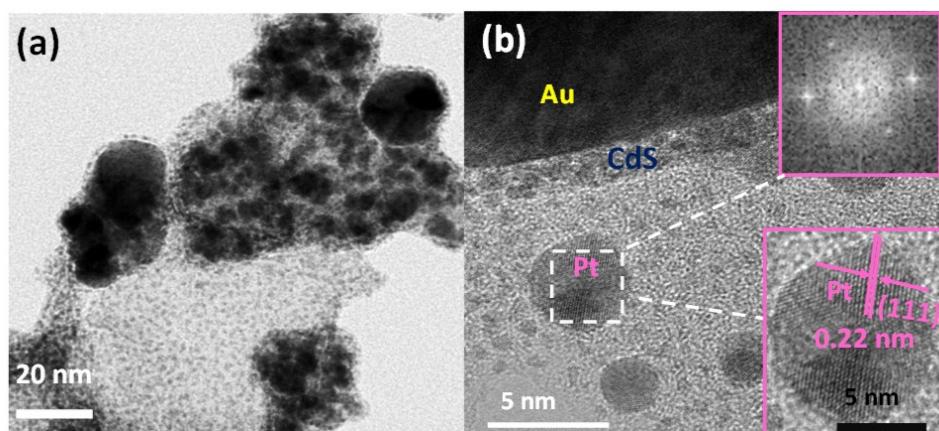


Figure S9. TEM (a) and HRTEM (b) images of Pt/MoS₂-CdS/Au heterostructure.

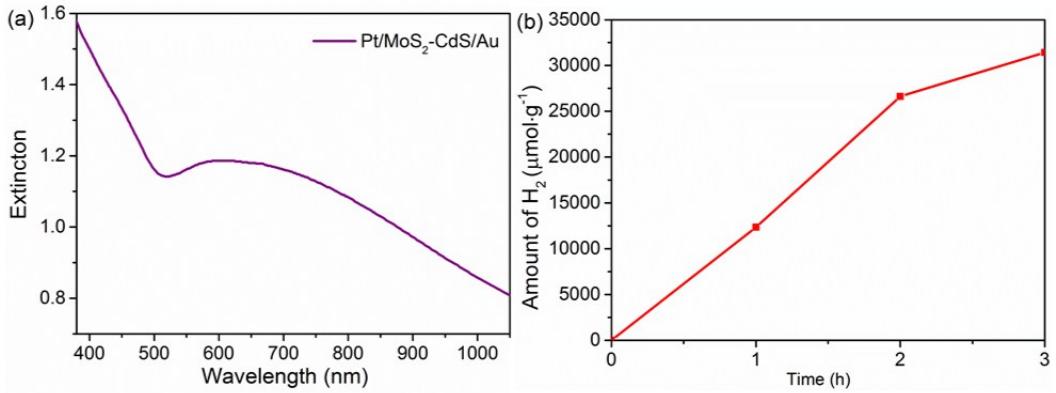


Figure S10. Extinction spectra (a) and Time-dependent photocatalytic H₂ evolution (b) for Pt/MoS₂-CdS/Au heterostructure.

The expression of enhancement factors:

$$EF_{Au} = \frac{\text{HER_rate}[(MoS_2 - CdS) / Au]}{\text{HER_rate}[MoS_2 - CdS]} = \frac{e_p \alpha_{CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2} + \alpha_{Au} (k_{Au \rightarrow CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2} + k_{Au \rightarrow MoS_2})}{\alpha_{CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2}},$$

$$= e_p + \frac{\alpha_{Au} (k_{Au \rightarrow CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2} + k_{Au \rightarrow MoS_2})}{\alpha_{CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2}} = e_p + EF_{Hot_Sulfide}$$

where $EF_{Hot_Sulfide} = \frac{\alpha_{Au} (k_{Au \rightarrow CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2} + k_{Au \rightarrow MoS_2})}{\alpha_{CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2}}$

$$EF_{Pt} = \frac{\text{HER_rate}[(MoS_2 - CdS) / Pt]}{\text{HER_rate}[MoS_2 - CdS]} = \frac{\alpha_{CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2} + \alpha_{CdS} (k_{CdS \rightarrow Pt} + k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2} k_{MoS_2 \rightarrow Pt})}{\alpha_{CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2}},$$

$$= 1 + \frac{\alpha_{CdS} (k_{CdS \rightarrow Pt} + k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2} k_{MoS_2 \rightarrow Pt})}{\alpha_{CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2}}$$

$$EF_{Au+Pt} = \frac{\text{HER_rate}[Pt / MoS_2 - CdS / Au]}{\text{HER_rate}[MoS_2 - CdS]}$$

$$= \frac{e_p \alpha_{CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2} + e_p \alpha_{CdS} (k_{CdS \rightarrow Pt} + k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2} k_{MoS_2 \rightarrow Pt})}{\alpha_{CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2}} + \frac{\alpha_{Au} (k_{Au \rightarrow CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2} + k_{Au \rightarrow MoS_2}) (1 + k_{MoS_2 \rightarrow Pt}) + \alpha_{Au} k_{Au \rightarrow Pt}}{\alpha_{CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2}},$$

$$= e_p + \frac{e_p \alpha_{CdS} (k_{CdS \rightarrow Pt} + k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2} k_{MoS_2 \rightarrow Pt})}{\alpha_{CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2}} + \frac{\alpha_{Au} (k_{Au \rightarrow CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2} + k_{Au \rightarrow MoS_2})}{\alpha_{CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2}},$$

$$+ \frac{\alpha_{Au} (k_{Au \rightarrow CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2} + k_{Au \rightarrow MoS_2}) k_{MoS_2 \rightarrow Pt} + \alpha_{Au} k_{Au \rightarrow Pt}}{\alpha_{CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2}},$$

$$= e_p EF_{Pt} + EF_{Hot_Sulfide} + EF_{Hot_Pt}$$

$$= EF_{Au} + e_p (EF_{Pt} - 1) + EF_{Hot_Pt}$$

$$EF_{Hot_Pt} = \frac{\alpha_{Au} (k_{Au \rightarrow CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2} + k_{Au \rightarrow MoS_2}) k_{MoS_2 \rightarrow Pt} + \alpha_{Au} k_{Au \rightarrow Pt}}{\alpha_{CdS} k_{CdS \rightarrow MoS_2}}$$

here