

Supporting Information

Corona discharge-induced reduction of quinones in negative electrospray ionization mass spectrometry

Jiying Pei,^{a,b} Cheng-Chih Hsu,^c Yinghui Wang,^{a,b,*} Kefu Yu^{a,b,*}

^a School of Marine Sciences, Guangxi University, Nanning, 530004, P. R. China

^b Coral Reef Research Center of China, Nanning, 53004, P. R. China

^c Department of Chemistry, National Taiwan University, Taipei 10617, Taiwan

*Contact Information for Corresponding Author:

School of Marine Sciences, Guangxi University, Nanning, Guangxi, 530004, P. R.

China. Yinghui Wang: Tel: (+) 86 771 3227177. E-mail: wyh@gxu.edu.cn.

Key word: Quinone reduction, Corona discharge, Negative electrospray ionization

Table of Contents

Fig. S1 Setup used in the experiment	3
Fig. S2 MS/MS spectra of a) M^- (m/z 176) and b) $[M + H]^-$ (m/z 177) ions of DCBQ	4
Fig. S3 Oxidation pathway of reserpine	5
Fig. S4 Effect of NH_4Ac on DCBQ reduction during negative ESI MS.....	6
Fig. S5 Effect of sheath gas (SF_6) on DCBQ reduction during negative ESI MS.....	7
Fig. S6. Effect of a) NH_4Ac , b) solvent composition and c) sheath gas (N_2) on DCBQ reduction during negative ESI MS with a commercial ESI source.	8
Fig. S7 MS/MS spectra of a) M^- (m/z 158) and b) $[M + H]^-$ (m/z 159) ions of 1,2-NQ	9
Fig. S8 Effect of sheath gas (N_2) on 1,2-NQ reduction in a commercial ESI source with Orbitrap Exactive Plus mass spectrometer.....	10
Fig. S9 a) High resolution and b, c) MS^n mass spectra of DCBQ.....	12

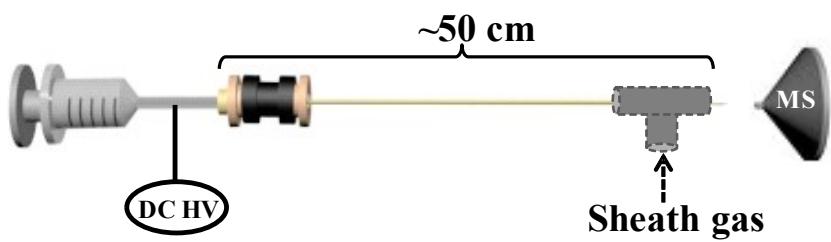


Fig. S1 Setup used in the experiment

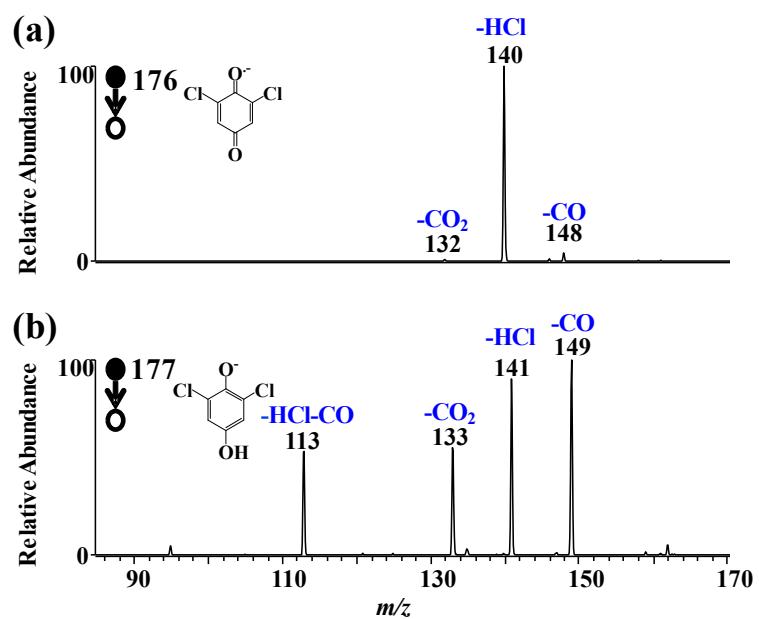


Fig. S2 MS/MS spectra of a) $M^{\cdot-}$ (m/z 176) and b) $[M + H]^{\cdot+}$ (m/z 177) ions of DCBQ

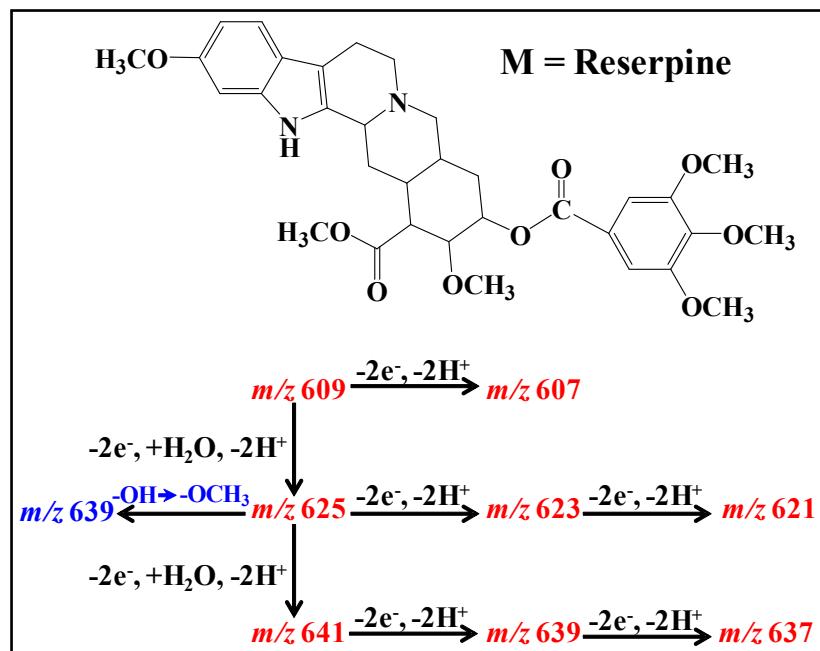


Fig. S3 Oxidation pathway of reserpine

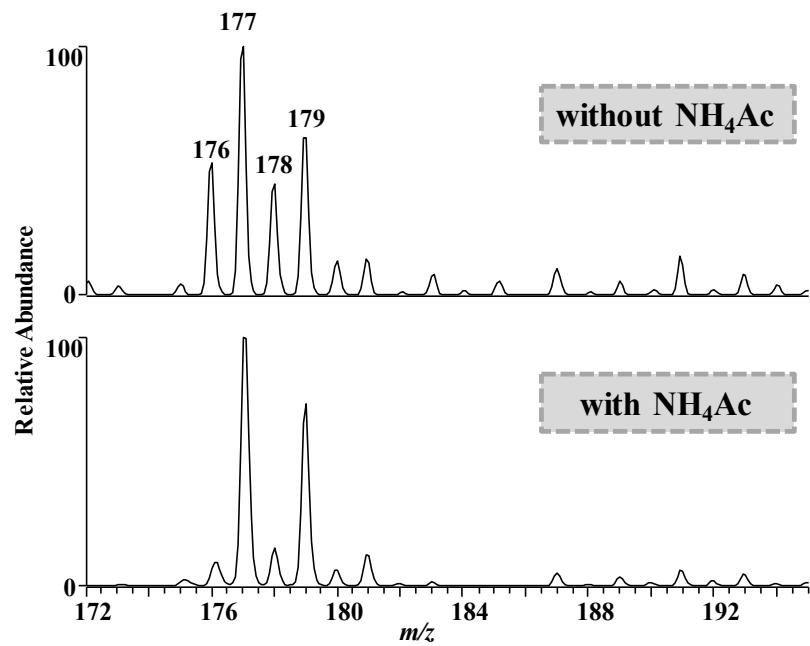


Fig. S4 Effect of NH_4Ac (5 mmol/L) on DCBQ (2 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ in $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (v/v, 1:1)) reduction during negative ESI MS. Spray voltage = 3 kV, flow rate = 2 $\mu\text{L}/\text{min}$.

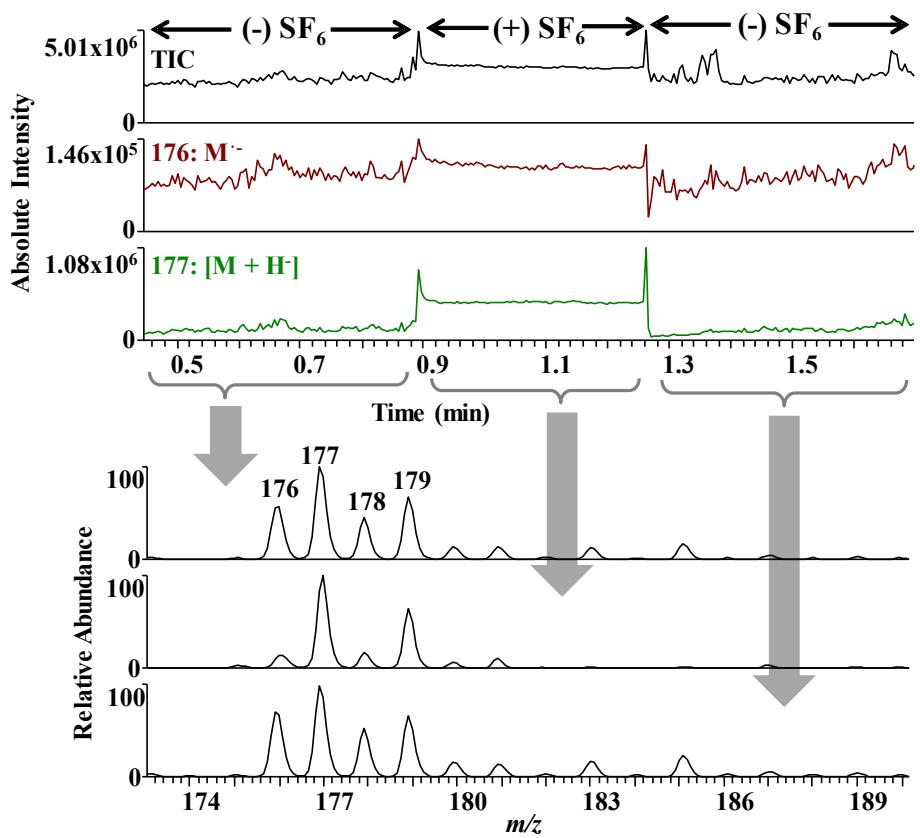


Fig. S5 Effect of sheath gas (SF_6) on DCBQ (2 $\mu\text{g/mL}$ in $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (v/v, 1:1)) reduction during negative ESI MS. Flow rate = 2 $\mu\text{L}/\text{min}$, spray voltage = 3 kV.

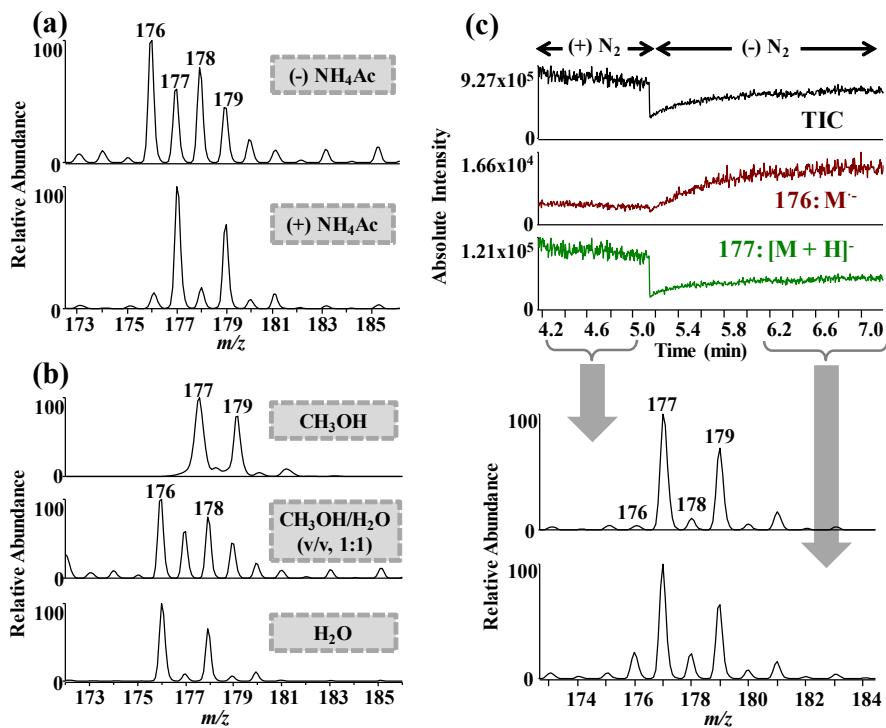


Fig. S6 Effect of a) NH_4Ac , b) solvent composition and c) sheath gas (N_2) on DCBQ (2 $\mu\text{g/mL}$) reduction during negative ESI MS with a commercial ESI source. Conditions: a) flow rate = 2 $\mu\text{L}/\text{min}$, spray voltage = 3 kV, solvent: $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (v/v, 1:1), N_2 flow rate = 5 arb; b) flow rate = 2 $\mu\text{L}/\text{min}$, spray voltage = 3 kV, N_2 flow rate = 5 arb; c) flow rate = 2 $\mu\text{L}/\text{min}$, spray voltage = 5 kV, solvent: $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (v/v, 1:1), $\text{C}_{\text{NH}_4\text{Ac}} = 5 \text{ mmol/L}$, N_2 flow rate = 5 arb.

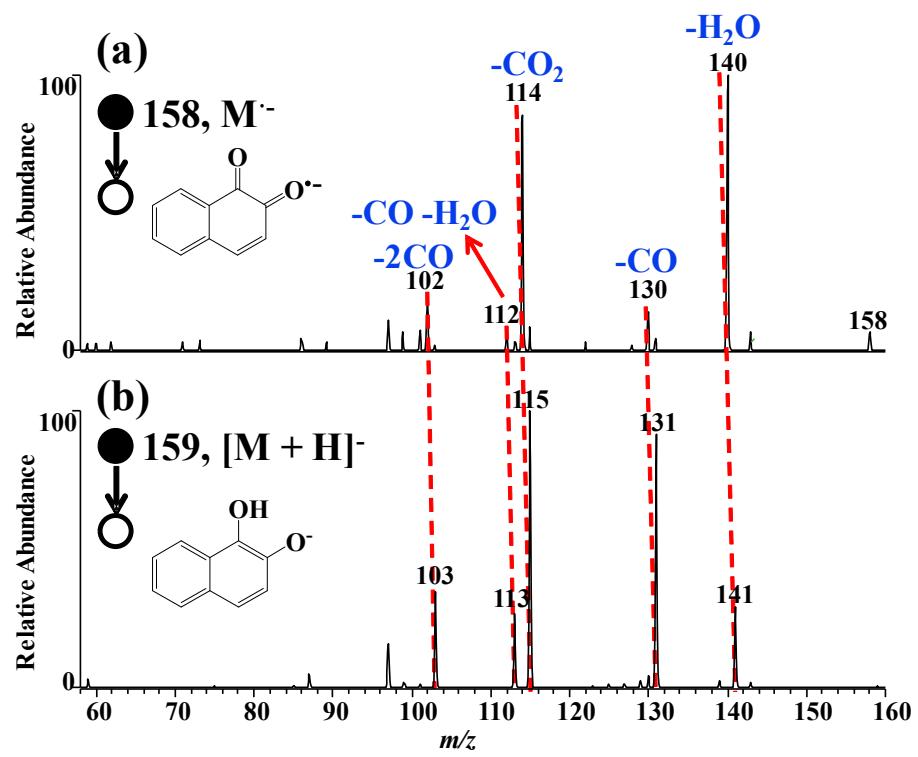


Fig. S7 MS/MS spectra of a) $M\cdot^-$ (m/z 158) and b) $[M + H]^-$ (m/z 159) ions of 1,2-NQ

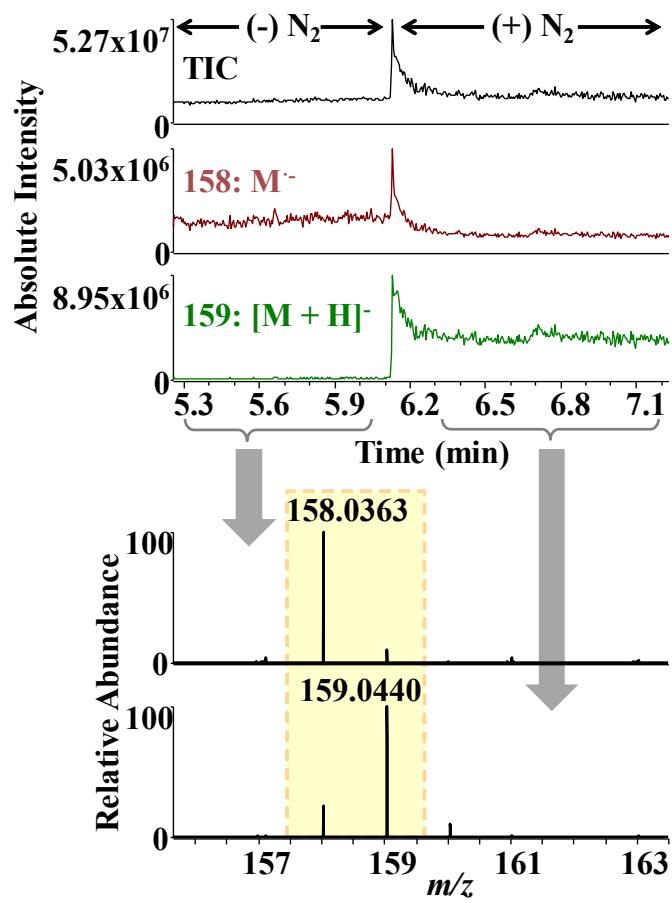


Fig. S8 Effect of sheath gas (N_2) on 1,2-NQ (5 $\mu\text{g/mL}$) reduction in a commercial ESI source with Orbitrap Exactive Plus mass spectrometer. Flow rate = 2 $\mu\text{L}/\text{min}$, spray voltage = 3 kV, solvent: $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (v/v, 1:1), $\text{C}_{\text{NH}4\text{Ac}} = 5 \text{ mmol/L}$.

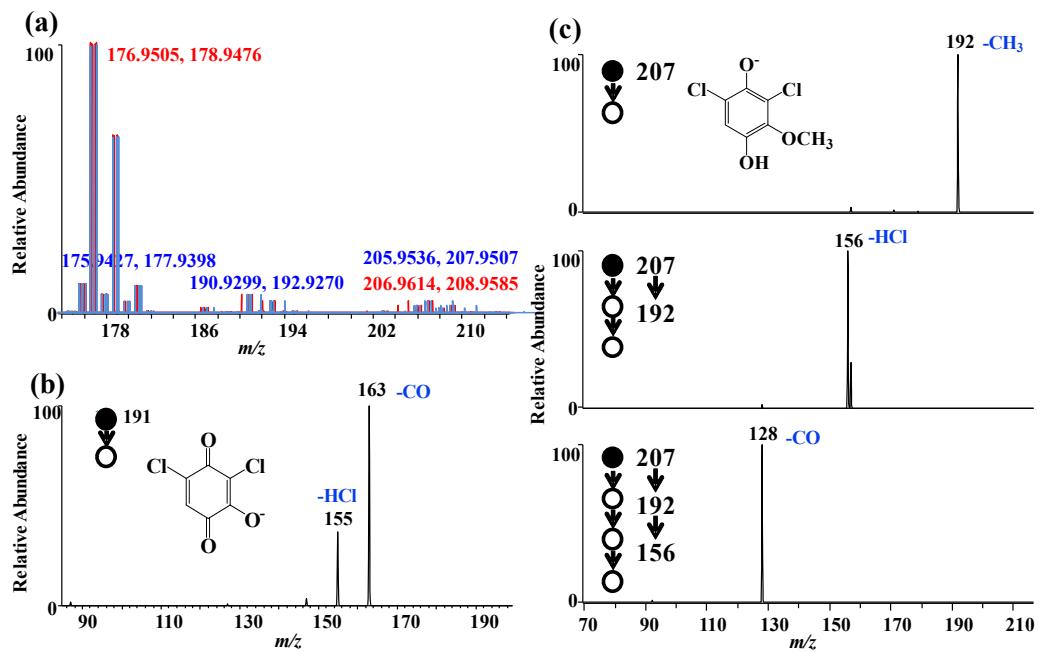


Fig. S9 a) High resolution and (b, c) MS^n mass spectra of DCBQ and the derivatives.