## **Electronic Supplementary Information**

## Novel Rod-Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>:Eu<sup>3+</sup>@0.01YVO<sub>4</sub>:Eu<sup>3+</sup> with Open Core/Shell Nanostructure and "Off-and-On" Fluorescent Performance

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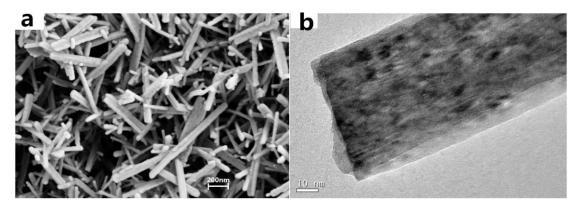
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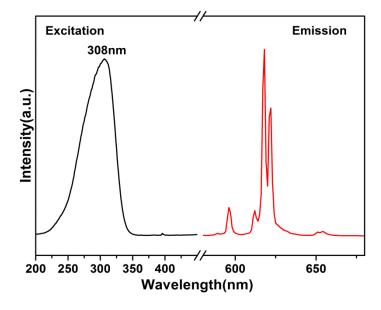
<sup>b</sup> College of Information & Optoelectronic Science and Engineering, South China Normal University;

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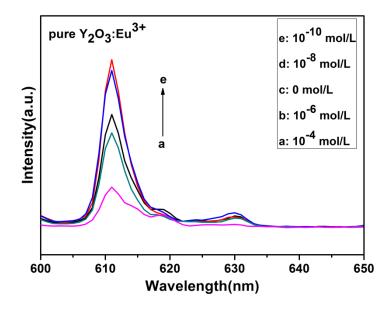
510006, China.



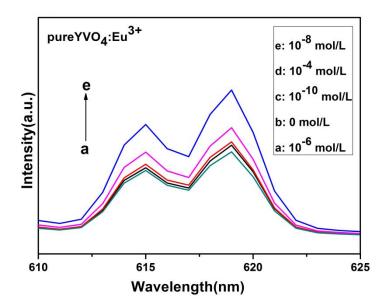
**S1.** SEM and HR-TEM images of  $Y_2O_3$ :Eu<sup>3+</sup>@ 0.4 YVO<sub>4</sub>:Eu<sup>3+</sup>.



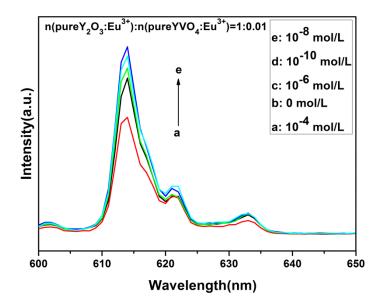
**S2**. Excitation (left) and emission (right) spectra of Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>:Eu<sup>3+</sup>@0.4YVO<sub>4</sub>:Eu<sup>3+</sup>.



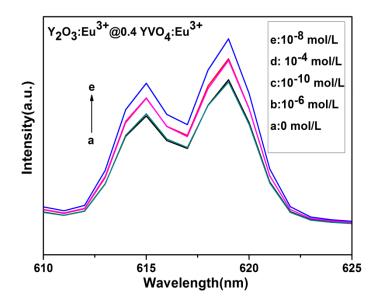
**S3.** Fluorescence response of pure  $Y_2O_3$ : Eu<sup>3+</sup> in the presence of increasing concentration of Cu<sup>2+</sup>.



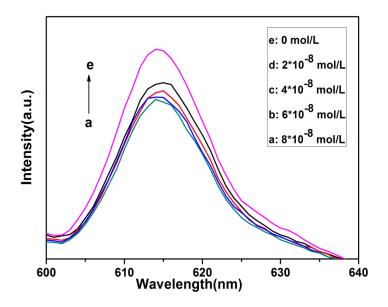
**S4.** Fluorescence response of pure  $YVO_4$ : Eu<sup>3+</sup> in the presence of increasing concentration of Cu<sup>2+</sup>.



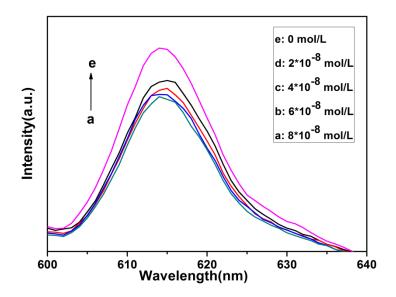
**S5.** Fluorescence response of  $Y_2O_3$ :Eu<sup>3+</sup>and 0.01YVO<sub>4</sub>:Eu<sup>3+</sup> in the presence of increasing concentration of Cu<sup>2+</sup>.



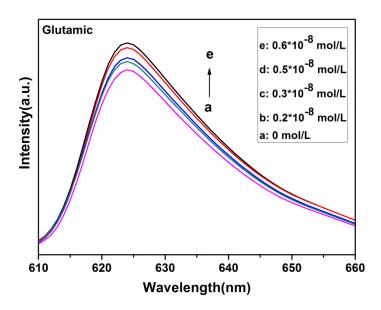
**S6.** Fluorescence response of  $Y_2O_3$ :Eu<sup>3+</sup>@ 0.4YVO<sub>4</sub>:Eu<sup>3+</sup> in the presence of increasing concentration of Cu<sup>2+</sup>.



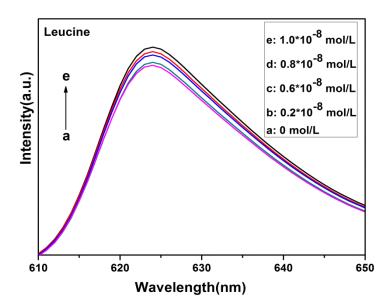
**S7.** Fluorescence response of  $rod-Y_2O_3:Eu^{3+}$  @ 0.01YVO<sub>4</sub>:Eu<sup>3+</sup> in the presence of increasing concentration of Cu<sup>2+</sup> (2, 4, 6and 8\* 10<sup>-8</sup> mol/L).



**S8** Fluorescence response of  $rod-Y_2O_3:Eu^{3+}$  @ 0.01YVO<sub>4</sub>: $Eu^{3+}$  in the presence of increasing concentration of  $Cu^{2+}(2, 4, 6and 8* 10^{-10} mol/L)$ .



**S9.** Fluorescence response of  $rod-Y_2O_3:Eu^{3+} @ 0.01YVO_4:Eu^{3+}-Cu^{2+}$  (10<sup>-8</sup> mol/L) in the presence of increasing concentration of glutamic.



**S10.** Fluorescence response of  $rod-Y_2O_3$ : Eu<sup>3+</sup>@ 0.01YVO<sub>4</sub>: Eu<sup>3+</sup>-Cu<sup>2+</sup> (10<sup>-8</sup> mol/L) in the presence of increasing concentration of leucine.