Electronic Supplementary Information

Poly(anhydride) nanoparticles act as the effective adjuvants to elicit persistent immune response

Caixia Liu‡a, Qiuxai Shen‡a, Wenwen Zhenga, Yao Lva, Xinyu Chena, Xiaoheng Lia, Qiqi Zhua, Xiaoling Guoa, Renshan Ge*a and Chao Li*a

^a. The Second Affiliated Hospital and Yuying Children's Hospital of Wenzhou Medical University, 109 Xueyuan West Road, Wenzhou 325027, P. R. China. E-mail: dishboy@163.com; r_ge@yahoo.com.

‡These authors contributed equally to this work.

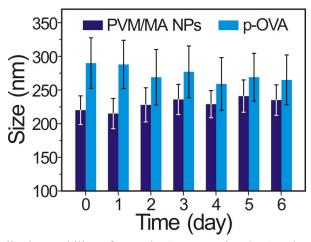


Fig. S1 The size distribution stability of PVM/MA NPs and p-OVA. The PVMMA NPs and p-OVA nanoparticles were resuspended in PBS (pH: 7.4) at room temperature, the particle size distribution were measured every day in the following week. The data showed as mean \pm SD (n = 3).

Table S1. Primer sequences for RT-PCR (5' to 3')

Target mRNA	Forward	Reverse
IFN-γ	CCTTTGGACCCTCTGACTTGA	GATGCAGTGTGTAGCGTTCAT
IL-17A	CTCCAGAAGGCCCTCAGACTAC	GGGTCTTCATTGCGGTGG
TNF-α	TGAGGTCAATCTGCCCAAGT	TGGACCCTGAGCCATAATCC
IL-10	GAAGACCCTCAGGATGCGG	CCTGCTCCACTGCCTTGCT
IL-6	GGAGCCCACCAAGAACGATA	ACCAGCATCAGTCCCAAGAA
GAPDH	TGTGTCCGTGGATCTGA	TTGCTGTTGAAGTCGCAGGAG