Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for New Journal of Chemistry. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry and the Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique 2018

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

Sensitive detection of enrofloxacin by an electrochemiluminescence immunosensor based on gold-functionalized C₆₀ and Au@BSA nanoflowers

Wanlu Chen^a, Rong Zhou^a, Xun Yao^b, Kang Zhao^a, Anping Deng^{a*}, Jianguo Li^{a*}

 ^a The Key Lab of Health Chemistry & Molecular Diagnosis of Suzhou, College of Chemistry, Chemical Engineering & Materials Science, Soochow University, Suzhou 215123, China
^b Zhangjiagang Entry-Exit Inspection & Quarantine Bureau, Zhangjiagang 215600, P. R. China

* Correspondence authors: J.G. Li, Telephone: +86 51265882195, Fax: +86 51265882195, E-mail address: lijgsd@suda.edu.cn; A.P. Deng, Telephone: +86 51265882362, Fax: +86 51265882362, E-mail address: denganping@suda.edu.cn

Results and discussion

Repeatability and stability of the immunosensor

Seven assembled electrodes were determined 10 ng mL⁻¹ Enro in pH 7.4 PBS buffer containing 0.1 M $K_2S_2O_8$ and the resulting signal was shown in below. The RSD was 4.8% indicated that this sensor has acceptable reproducibility.



Table S1 ECL signal of 7 assembled electrodes

Fig. S1 Seven assembled electrodes were determined 10 ng mL⁻¹ Enro in pH 7.4 PBS buffer containing $0.1 \text{ M K}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_8$.