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## **Supporting Information**

Sustainable rose multiflora derived nitrogen/oxygen-enriched micro-

/mesoporous carbon as low-cost competitive electrode towards high-performance

#### electrochemical supercapacitors

Qiuli Chen<sup>a, †</sup>, Jinfeng Sun<sup>b, †</sup>, Zhengluo Wang<sup>a</sup>, Zhiwei Zhao<sup>a</sup>, Yanru Zhang<sup>a</sup>, Yang

Liu<sup>b</sup>, Linrui Hou<sup>b</sup>, \*, Changzhou Yuan<sup>b</sup>, \*

<sup>a</sup> School of Materials Science & Engineering, Anhui University of Technology, Ma'anshan, 243002, P. R. China

<sup>b</sup> School of Materials Science & Engineering, University of Jinan, Jinan, 250022, P. R.

China

\*Corresponding authors

Tel/Fax: +86-531-82769410

Email: mse\_houlr@ujn.edu.cn (Prof. L. R. Hou)

mse\_yuancz@ujn.edu.cn; ayuancz@163.com (Prof. C. Z. Yuan)

<sup>†</sup> Theses authors contributed equally to this work



Fig. S1. Typical XRD pattern of the NOC-K product



Fig. S2. CP plots of the NOC-K in 6 M KOH aqueous electrolyte

**Table S1** Comparisons between the NOC-K electrode and other carbon electrodes in electrochemical performance in various electrolytes and different tesing systems as indicated

Carbons	SC (F g <sup>-1</sup> )	Current density	Mass loading	SED (Wh kg <sup>-1</sup> )	SPD (W kg <sup>-1</sup> )	Ref.
Newspaper-based C	~180 a	2 mV s <sup>-1 a</sup>	10 mg <sup>a</sup>	/	/	1
Coconut-shell based C	~228 a	5 mV s <sup>-1</sup> a	$\sim$ 5 mg cm <sup>-2</sup> a	/	/	2
	~48 b	1 A g <sup>-1</sup> <sup>b</sup>	/	~9.6 <sup>b</sup>	/	2
Prawn shells-based C	~315 a	0.2 A g <sup>-1</sup> a	~3.5 mg <sup>a</sup>	/	/	2
	/	0.05 A g <sup>-1 b</sup>	$\sim$ 7.0 mg <sup>b</sup>	$\sim 7.8$ <sup>b</sup>	/	5
Pomelo peel-based C	~342 a	0.1 A g <sup>-1</sup> a	$2 \text{ mg}^a$	/	/	Δ
	~68 <sup>b</sup>	0.2 A g <sup>-1 b</sup>	4 mg <sup>b</sup>	~9.4 <sup>b</sup>	96 <sup>b</sup>	-
Chestnut shell-based C	~59.6 <sup>b</sup>	0.1 A g <sup>-1 b</sup>	4.0 mg <sup>b</sup>	~6.7 <sup>b</sup>	9000 <sup>b</sup>	5
Bamboo-based C	~301 a	0.1 A g <sup>-1</sup> <sup>a</sup>	$2 \text{ mg cm}^{-2 a}$	/	/	6
Cotton-based C	~314 a	0.1 A g <sup>-1 a</sup>	10 mg <sup>a</sup>	/	/	7
Lotus seedpod shell- based C	~165 a	0.5 A g <sup>-1 a</sup>	8 mg <sup><i>a</i></sup>	/	/	8
Corn stover-based C	~211.6 <i>a</i>	1 A g <sup>-1</sup> a		/	/	9
- Endothelium corneum Gigeriae galli-based C	~198 a	1 A g <sup>-1 a</sup>	/	/	/	10
coffee grounds-based C	~175 a	1 A g <sup>-1</sup> a	$2 \text{ mg cm}^{-2 a}$	/	/	11
Lignin-based C	~286.7 <sup>b</sup>	$0.2 \text{ Ag}^{-1 b}$	/	~8.9 b	51.92 <sup>b</sup>	12
Loofah sponge network-	~304 a	1 A g <sup>-1 a</sup>	$\sim 4 \text{ mg}^a$	/	/	
based C	~51.5 <sup>c</sup>	$1 \text{ A g}^{-1 c}$	/	~10 <sup>c</sup>	~500 °	13
•	~298.0 <i>a</i>	$10 \text{ mV s}^{-1 a}$	$\sim 4.5 \text{ mg cm}^{-2 a}$	/		
Biowaste corncob C	~30.0 <sup>b</sup>	1 A g <sup>-1</sup> <sup>b</sup>	~4.5 mg cm <sup>-2</sup> $^{b}$	~5.3 <sup>b</sup>	~8276 <sup>b</sup>	14
	/	/	/	$\sim 15^{d}$	$\sim 2827 d$	
-	~236.0 a	1 A g <sup>-1</sup> a	3 mg <sup><i>a</i></sup>	/	/	
Cashmere-C	~32.0 <sup>b</sup>	1 A g <sup>-1</sup> <sup>b</sup>	6 mg <sup>b</sup>	~3.4 <sup>b</sup>	/	15
	~18.0 <sup>e</sup>	1 A g <sup>-1</sup> <sup>e</sup>	2.4 mg <sup>e</sup>	~17.9 <sup>e</sup>	~125 e	
Nitrogen-rich carbon	~371 a	0.5 A g <sup>-1</sup> <sup>a</sup>	1 mg <sup><i>a</i></sup>	/	/	
sphere	/	/	$2 \text{ mg}^{b}$	~9.97 <sup>b</sup>	~125 b	16
-F	~81 e	0.5 A g <sup>-1</sup> e	/	~50.6 °	~400 e	
	$\sim 306^{a}$	$1 \text{ A g}^{-1} a$	2.4 mg <sup><i>a</i></sup>	/ 0. <b>2</b> h	/ 100 h	17
Shiltake mushroom C	/	/	/	$\sim 8.2^{\circ}$	$\sim 100^{\circ}$	1 /
Carbon nonoshoota	75.9 d	5 A ~-1 d	2.5 mad	~31.7	~0230 *	10
	~23.8 *	<u>3 A g <sup>1</sup> a</u>	5.5 mg *	~22.4 *	/	10
N-doped graphene-C	~58 °	I A g <sup>-1</sup> e	/	~30.4 °	~1000 °	19
Porous carbon	~54 <sup>d</sup>	1 A g <sup>-1</sup> d	$0.8 \text{ mg cm}^{-2} d$	~20 d	~500 d	20
	~281.6 <sup>a</sup>	$l A g^{-l a}$	$5^{a}$		/	Our
NOC-K	~36.8°	$1 \text{ A } \text{g}^{-1} ^{v}$	0 / 2 e	$\sim 1.9^{\circ}$	~500 °	work
	~33.1 °	10 A g · ·	0.43	~38.9 °	$\sim 14000^{\circ}$	

**Notes**: *a* for 6M KOH (3-electrode system); *b* for 6M KOH (2-electrode symmetric cell); *c* for 1 M Et<sub>4</sub>NBF<sub>4</sub>-PC (2-electrode symmetric cell); *d* for 1 M TEABF<sub>4</sub>-AN (2-electrode symmetric cell); *e* for 1M TEABF<sub>4</sub>/PC (2-electrode symmetric cell)

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#### Table S2

#### The parameter value of fitting EIS

Samples	R <sub>s</sub> (Ohm)	R <sub>ct</sub> (Ohm)
NOC	~0.6	~6.4
NOC-K	~0.4	~1.6



**Fig. S4**. Cycling performance of the NOC-K based symmetric device with 1 M  $TEABF_4/PC$  organic electrolyte in the voltage range from 0.0 to 3.0 V



Fig. S5. Cycling performance of the NOC-K based symmetric device with 1 M  $TEABF_4/PC$  organic electrolyte in the voltage range from 0.0 to 2.5 V