Supporting Information

Orange emissive carbon dots for colorimetric and fluorescent sensing 2, 4, 6trinitrophenol by fluorescence conversion

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Fig. S4. Time resolved luminescence decay curves for CNDs (540 nm excitation) (IRF = instrument response function).



Fig. S5. The structure of nitroaromatics used in the present study



Fig. S6. (A) The evolution of fluorescence spectra of the mixture of CNDs with the addition of TNT. (B) Linear curve of TNT. (C) The photos showed the corresponding color evolutions under UV lamp.



Fig. S7. Effect of nitroaromatic explosives on the fluorescence of CNDs (excitation wavelength 420 nm) under UV lamp for 20 min, the fluorescence spectra show the fluorescence that occurs upon addition of TNP to the solution containing CNDs and corresponding nitroaromatic explosives, respectively.



Fig. S8. Absorption spectra of TNP (black line), the excitation spectrum (red line) and the emission spectrum of CNDs (blue line).

Cell Culture: HeLa cells (human cancer cell lines) were grown in Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's

Medium (DMEM) with 10% fetal bovine serum (FBS), 1% penicillin and streptomycin. HeLa cells were seeded into 12-well plates and incubated for 24 h prior to treatment. Then CNDs and FA were added at a concentration equal to 0.03125 mg/ mL of pure dyes and incubated for 3 h at 37 °C with 5% CO₂. Then the cells were washed three with PBS and fixed with 2.5% glutaraldehyde for 10 min. Discard the glutaraldehyde solution and fully washed the cells with PBS three times. The cells were imaged after washing the culture medium three times with PBS. Then the cells observed under a Leica DM IL LED Fluorescence inverted microscope (FIM).

MTT Assay: HeLa cells were seeded into 96-well plates at a density of 1×10^4 per well in 100 μ L of medium and grown overnight. Then the medium was replaced with medium contain 10, 20, 40, and 50 μ g mL⁻¹ CNDs, and incubated at 37 °C for 24 h. After that, 20 μ L of 0.5 mg/mL MTT solution was added to each cell well. After incubation for 3 h, the medium was then replaced with dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO: 150 μ L) per well and the absorbance was monitored with a microplate reader (Bio-TekELx800) at a wavelength of 490 nm. The cytotoxicity was expressed as the percentage of cell viability relative to untreated control cells.



Fig. S9. Cell viability assays of HeLa cells treated with different concentrations of CNDs.