Supporting information

High-performance carbon molecular sieve membranes for gas separation and solvents dewatering by pervaporation

P. H. Tchoua Ngamou*^{a,b}, M. E. Ivanova ^{a,b}, O. Guillon ^{a,b} and W.A. Meulenberg ^{a,b,c}

^aForschungszentrum Jülich GmbH, Institute of Energy and Climate Research, Materials Synthesis and Processing (IEK-1), D-52425 Jülich, Germany.

^bJülich Aachen Research Alliance: JARA-Energy, Forschungszentrum Jülich GmbH, D-52425 Jülich, Germany.

^cInorganic Membranes, Faculty of Science and Technology, University of Twente, P. O. Box 217, 7500 *AE Enschede, The Netherlands.*

*Email - p.tchoua@fz-juelich.de



Fig. S1 N2- permeance from permporosimetry measurements with N_2/H_2O on a tubular α -Al2O3- support coated with two γ -Al₂O₃ layers.



Fig. S2 N1s XPS spectra of the α -Al₂O₃/ γ -Al₂O₃-supported polyimide membrane before (bottom graph) and after (top graph) the heat treatment at 700°C.



Fig. S3 O1s XPS spectra of the α -Al₂O₃/ γ -Al₂O₃-supported polyimide membrane prior (bottom graph) and after (top graph) pyrolysis at 700°C.



Fig. S4 Single gas permeation through α -Al₂O₃/ γ -Al₂O₃-supported CMS membranes produced within one batch tested at 200°C with a feed pressure of 2bar. Gas permeances are measured for three samples with error less than 5 %.

Table S1. Permselectivities of the α -Al₂O₃ / γ -Al₂O₃-supported CMS membranes

Permeance ratios	M-1	M-2	M-3	Knudsen selectivity
H_2/CO_2	23.30	24.06	23.65	4.67
H_2/N_2	129.70	113.94	121.44	3.73
H_2/CH_4	227.74	195.06	211	2.8



Fig. S5 Arrhenius plots for the permeance of H₂, CO₂, N₂ and CH₄ through the α -Al₂O₃ / γ -Al₂O₃ supported CMS membrane.