Supporting Information

In situ aqueous synthesis of genetically engineered polypeptide capped Ag₂S quantum dots for second near-infrared

fluorescence/photoacoustic imaging and photothermal therapy

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[6H]: HHHHHH

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[P]: APQMLRELQETNAALQDVRELLRQQVKEITFLKNTVMESDAS
[A]: SGDLENEVAQLEREVRSLEDEAAELEQKVSRLKNEIEDLKAE
[C<sub>10</sub>]: [AGAGAGPEG]<sub>10</sub>
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Fig. S1 The sequences of the polypeptides used in the study.

Fig. S2 The colloidal stability of CPCC-Ag₂S QDs. The CPCC-Ag₂S QDs were dispersed in PBS, fetal bovine serum (FBS), and cell culture media (DMEM), and the hydrodynamic diameter of samples were measured at different time using a Malvern Zetasizer Nano ZS90 (Malvern Instruments Ltd., Malvern, UK).



Fig. S3 The effect of the cysteine number of polypeptide on the QY of Ag₂S QDs.



Fig. S4 The photothermal therapy effect of CPCC-Ag₂S QD *in vivo*.



Fig. S5 The cell viability of HeLa cells incubation with different concentration of CPCC-Ag₂S QD.