

Dielectric Phase Transition Triggered by the order-disorder Transformation of Cyclopropylamine in a layered Organic-Inorganic Halide Perovskite

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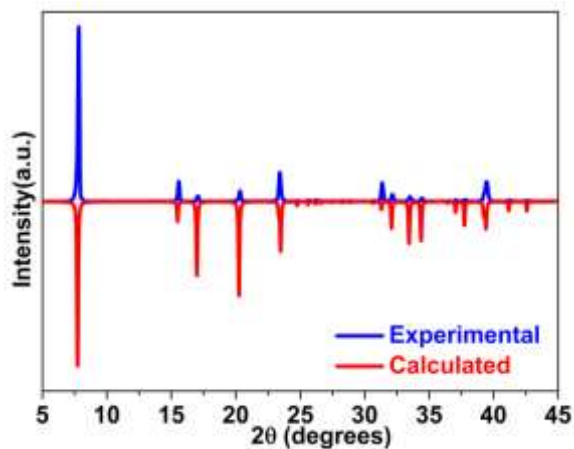


Figure S1. Experimental and calculated powder X-ray diffraction patterns of CPA at room temperature.

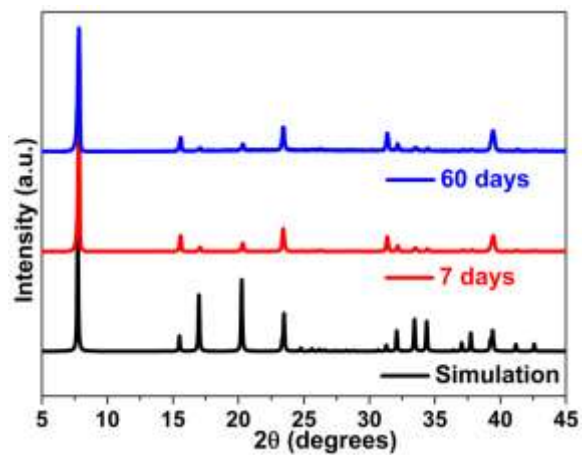


Figure S2. PXRD patterns of CPA recorded after 7/60 days at room temperature.

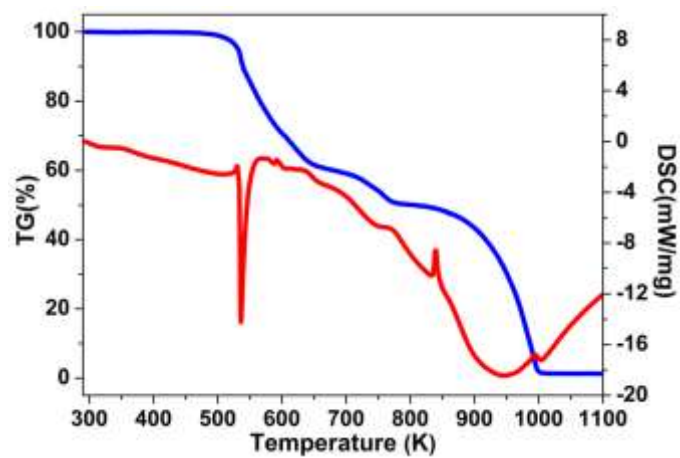


Figure S3. The TG curves of CPA with heating rate 10 K/min.

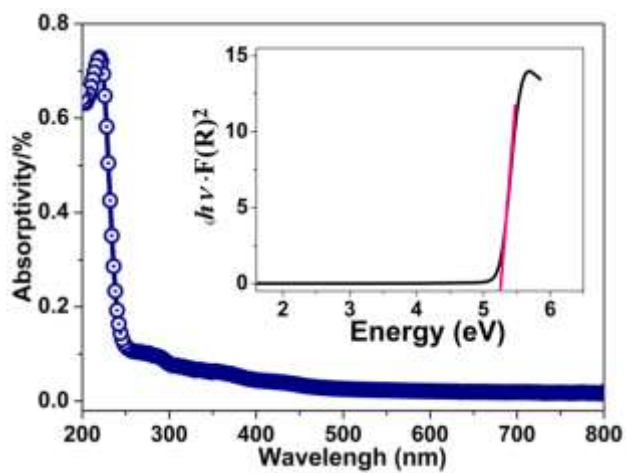
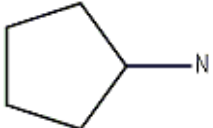
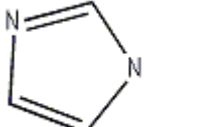
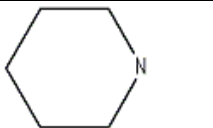
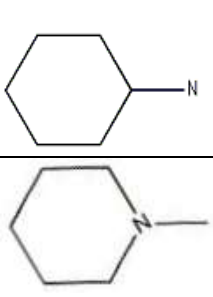
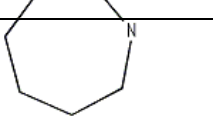
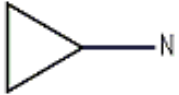


Figure S4. Ultraviolet-Vis diffuse reflectance spectrometry for CPA. Inset: Calculated band gap of CPA.

Table S1. Organic-inorganic hybrid phase transition compounds based on various cyclic organic amines.

Cyclic amines	Organic cation	Compound formula	Transformation temperature	Ref.		
Five-membered ring		$[\text{C}_5\text{H}_9\text{NH}_3][\text{CdCl}_3]$	290 K	[1]		
		$[\text{C}_3\text{N}_2\text{H}_5]_3[\text{Sb}_2\text{Br}_{11}]$	125 K; 145 K; 353 K	[2]		
		$[\text{C}_3\text{N}_2\text{H}_5]_3[\text{Sb}_2\text{I}_9]$	292 K; 325 K	[3]		
		$[\text{C}_3\text{N}_2\text{H}_5]_3[\text{Bi}_2\text{I}_9]$	275 K; 325 K			
		$[\text{C}_3\text{N}_2\text{H}_5]_3[\text{Bi}_2\text{Br}_{11}]$	155 K; 355 K	[4]		
Six-membered ring		$[\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{NH}_2]_2[\text{SbCl}_5]$	338 K	[5]		
		$[\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{NH}_2]_2[\text{SbBr}_5]$	365 K	[6]		
		$[\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{NH}_2]_2[\text{BiCl}_5]$	342 K			
		$[\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{NH}_2]_2[\text{BiBr}_5]$	362 K			
		$[\text{C}_6\text{H}_{11}\text{NH}_3]_2\text{PbBr}_4$	360 K	[7]		
		$[\text{C}_6\text{H}_{13}\text{NH}]_2[\text{ZnBr}_4]$	345 K	[8]		
		$[\text{C}_6\text{H}_{14}\text{N}][\text{FeBr}_4]$	340 K	[9]		
		$[\text{C}_6\text{H}_{14}\text{N}](18\text{-crown-6})[\text{ClO}_4]$	250 K	[10]		
		Seven-membered		$[\text{C}_6\text{H}_{11}\text{NH}_3]_2[\text{PbBr}_3]$	338 K	[11]

ring		$[\text{C}_6\text{H}_{11}\text{NH}_3]_2[\text{SbCl}_5]$	335 K	[12]
Three-membered ring		$[\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{NH}_3]_2[\text{CdCl}_4]$	273 K	CPA

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Table S2. Crystal data and structure refinement for compound CPA.

Empirical formula	$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{CdCl}_4$	$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{CdCl}_4$
Temperature	100 K	280 K
Formula weight	370.41	370.41
Crystallographic system	monoclinic	orthorhombic
Space group	$P2_1/c$ $a = 11.9475(7)$	$Cmca$ $a = 7.5746(7)$

	$b = 7.2805(4)$	$b = 22.852(2)$
	$c = 7.6597(5)$	$c = 7.5728(6)$
	$\beta = 108.539(2)$	$\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90.00$
Unit cell dimensions	$V = 631.69(7)$	$V = 1310.8(2)$
Z, Calculated density	2, 1.9471 g/cm ³	4, 1.877 g/cm ³
$F(000)$	364.0	728.0
Theta range for data collection	5.596-55.19°	6.454-55.072°
	$-15 \leq h \leq 14$	$-9 \leq h \leq 9$
Limiting indices	$-9 \leq k \leq 9$	$-29 \leq k \leq 27$
	$-9 \leq l \leq 9$	$-9 \leq l \leq 9$
Reflections collected / unique	7996/1446 [$R_{int} = 0.0457$]	3665/808 [$R_{int} = 0.0366$]
Completeness	98.9%	99.2%
Data / restraints / parameters	1446/0/63	808/36/45
Goodness-of-fit	1.137	1.099
Final R indices [$I > 2\sigma(I)$]	$R_1 = 0.0370$	$R_1 = 0.0635$

Table S3. N-H...Cl Hydrogen bonds of CPA at LTP.

D-H...A	d(D-H)	d(H...A)	< DHA	d(D..A)
N1-H1A...Cl2 ^{#1}	0.910	2.309	168.68	3.207
N1-H1B...Cl1 ^{#2}	0.910	2.462	146.05	3.256
N1-H1B...Cl2 ^{#3}	0.910	2.757	125.15	3.365
N1-H1C...Cl1	0.910	2.292	176.73	3.201

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

^{#1} -X+1, Y+1/2, -Z+3/2 ^{#2} X, -Y+1/2, Z-1/2 ^{#3} -X+1, -Y+1, -Z+1

Table S4. N-H...Cl Hydrogen bonds of CPA at HTP.

D-H...A	d(D-H)	d(H...A)	< DHA	d(D..A)
N1-H1A...Cl1 ^{#1}	0.890	2.470	171.31	3.353
N1-H1B...Cl1 ^{#2}	0.890	2.874	128.17	3.495
N1-H1C...Cl1 ^{#3}	0.890	2.877	127.89	3.495
N1-H1C...Cl2 ^{#4}	0.890	2.568	140.49	3.303

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

^{#1} X+1/2, Y, -Z+3/2 ^{#2} -X+3/2, -Y+1, Z-1/2 ^{#3} -X+2, -Y+1, -Z+1 ^{#4} X+1/2, Y, -Z+1/2

Table S5. Cl-Cd-Cl Bond angles of compound CPA at LTP and HTP.

LTP			
Bond Angle	(°)	Bond Angle	(°)
Cl(11)-Cd(1)-Cl(1)	180.0	Cl(11)-Cd(1)-Cl(2)	92.15
Cl(1)-Cd(1)-Cl(22)	86.98	Cl(22)-Cd(1)-Cl(21)	91.63
Cl(1)-Cd(1)-Cl(21)	92.15	Cl(23)-Cd(1)-Cl(21)	88.37
Cl(11)-Cd(1)-Cl(23)	86.98	Cl(22)-Cd(1)-Cl(2)	88.37
Cl(11)-Cd(1)-Cl(21)	87.85	Cl(23)-Cd(1)-Cl(22)	180.0
Cl(1)-Cd(1)-Cl(23)	93.02	Cl(23)-Cd(1)-Cl(2)	91.63
Cl(1)-Cd(1)-Cl(2)	87.85	Cl(21)-Cd(1)-Cl(2)	180.0
Cl(11)-Cd(1)-Cl(22)	93.02		

HTP			
Bond Angle	(°)	Bond Angle	(°)
Cl(11)-Cd(1)-Cl(12)	90.50	Cl(21)-Cd(1)-Cl(12)	89.85
Cl(13)-Cd(1)-Cl(1)	90.50	Cl(21)-Cd(1)-Cl(13)	90.15
Cl(12)-Cd(1)-Cl(1)	89.50	Cl(2)-Cd(1)-Cl(12)	90.15
Cl(12)-Cd(1)-Cl(13)	180.0	Cl(2)-Cd(1)-Cl(11)	89.85
Cl(11)-Cd(1)-Cl(1)	180.0	Cl(2)-Cd(1)-Cl(1)	90.15
Cl(11)-Cd(1)-Cl(13)	89.50	Cl(21)-Cd(1)-Cl(1)	89.85
Cl(2)-Cd(1)-Cl(13)	89.85	Cl(2)-Cd(1)-Cl(21)	180.0
Cl(21)-Cd(1)-Cl(11)	90.15		

Table S6. Cd-Cl Bond lengths of compound CPA at LTP and HTP.

LTP			
Bond	(Å)	Bond	(Å)
Cd(1)-Cl(11)	2.5429(14)	Cd(1)-Cl(22)	2.6878(14)
Cd(1)-Cl(1)	2.5429(14)	Cd(1)-Cl(23)	2.6878(14)
Cd(1)-Cl(2)	2.7036(14)	Cl(2)-Cd(14)	2.6878(14)
Cd(1)-Cl(21)	2.7036(14)		

HTP			
Bond	(Å)	Bond	(Å)
Cd(1)-Cl(1)	2.6899(4)	Cd(1)-Cl(2)	2.491(4)
Cd(1)-Cl(11)	2.6899(4)	Cd(1)-Cl(23)	2.491(4)
Cd(1)-Cl(12)	2.6899(4)	Cl(1)-Cd(14)	2.6899(4)
Cd(1)-Cl(13)	2.6899(4)		