

Supporting Information

A novel colorimetric and ratiometric fluorescent probe for targeting detection of hypochlorous acid based on HClO-mediated anthracene-hydrazone to anthracene-triazole transformation

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Fig. S1 ¹H NMR of probe **B-CIO**;

Fig. S2 ¹³C NMR of probe **B-CIO**;

Fig. S3 MS of probe **B-CIO**;

Fig. S4 Fluorescent spectra of compound **C-CIO** (a) and probe **B-CIO** (b) in DMF/H₂O (v/v) mixtures with different water fraction (f_w) at $\lambda_{ex} = 336$ nm.

Fig. S5 ¹H NMR (400 MHz) spectra of **B-CIO** (black) in DMSO-*d*₆ and **C-CIO** (red) in CDCl₃;

Fig. S6 MS of probe **C-CIO**;

Fig. S7 Plot of the fluorescence intensity at $F_{434\text{ nm}}/F_{570\text{ nm}}$ against NaClO concentrations.

Table S1 Parameter of probe **B-CIO** and compound **C-CIO** of B3LYP /6-311+G (d, p)

Fig. S1

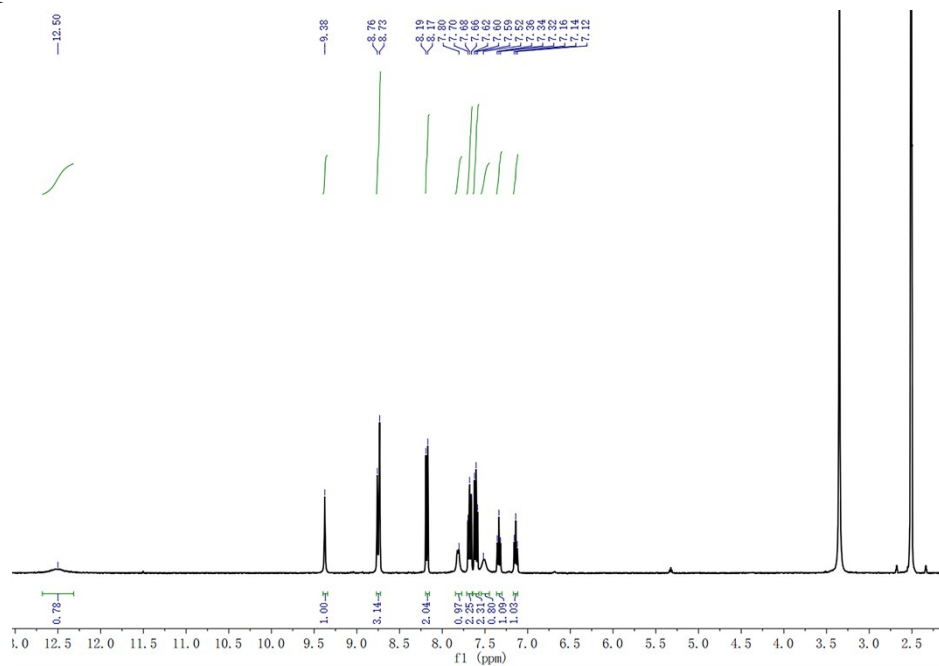


Fig. S1 ^1H NMR of probe **B-C10** in $\text{DMSO-}d_6$;

Fig. S2

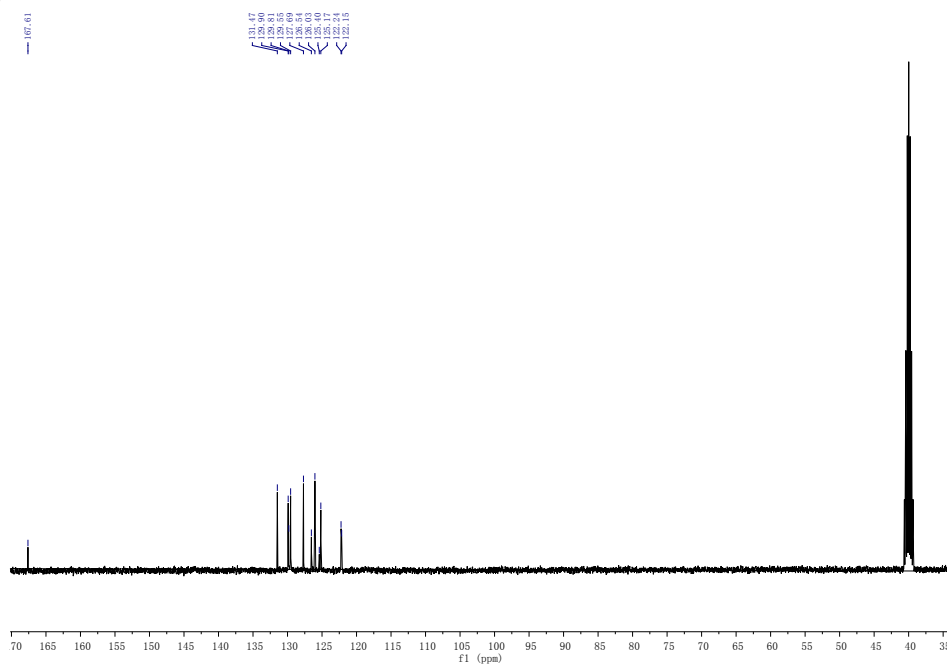


Fig. S2 ^{13}C NMR of probe **B-C10** in $\text{DMSO-}d_6$;

Fig. S3

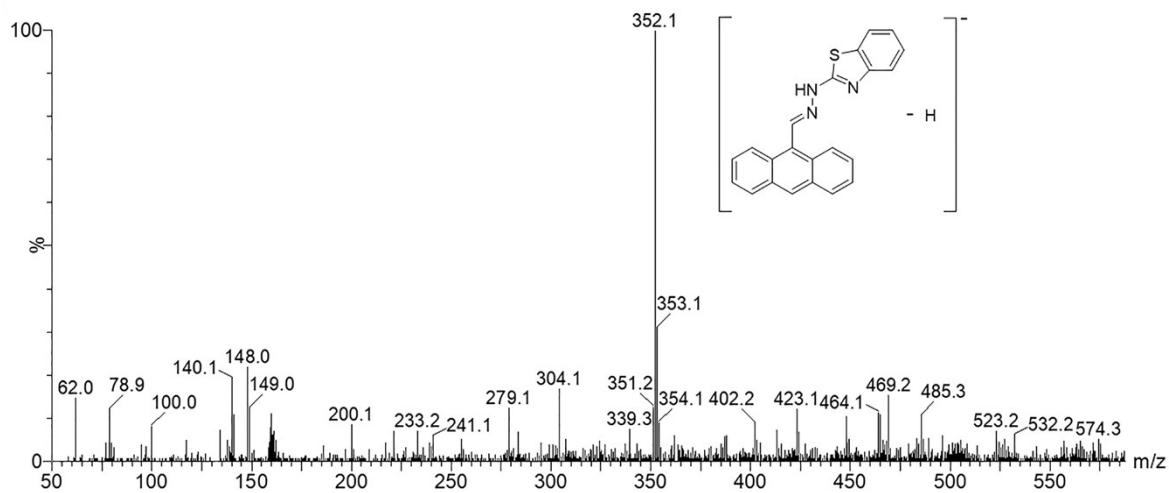
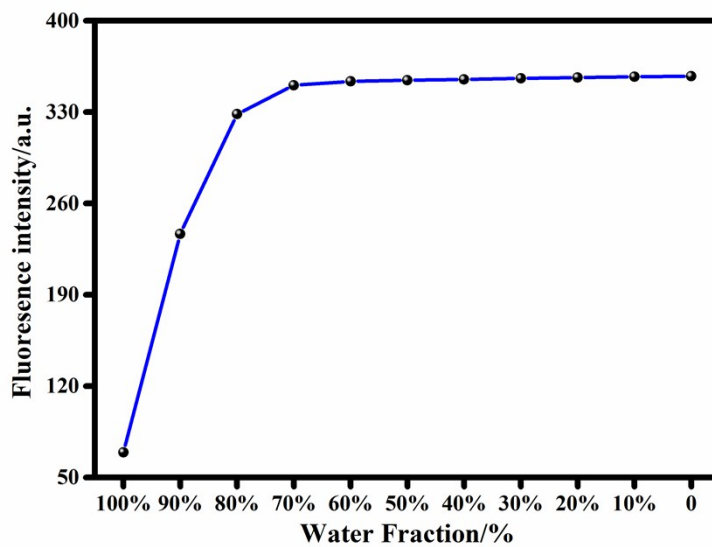


Fig. S3 MS of probe B-C10;

Fig. S4
(a)



(b)

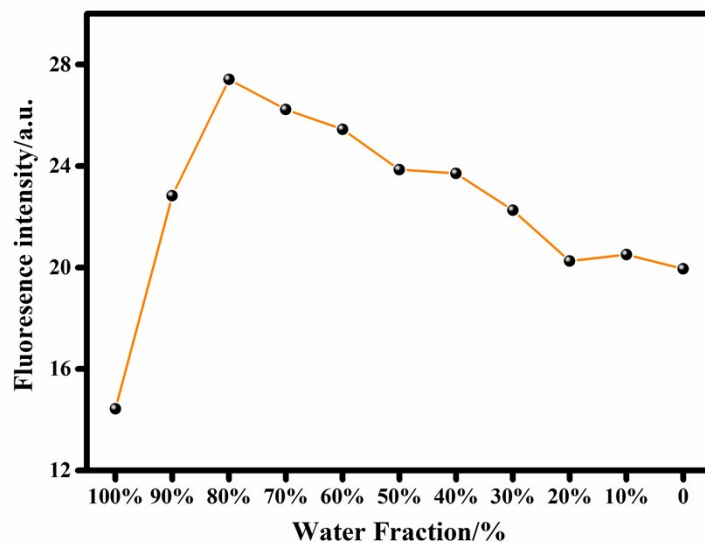


Fig. S4 Fluorescent spectra of compound **C-CIO** (a) and probe **B-CIO** (b) in DMF/H₂O (v/v) mixtures with different water fraction (f_w) at $\lambda_{ex} = 336$ nm.

Fig. S5

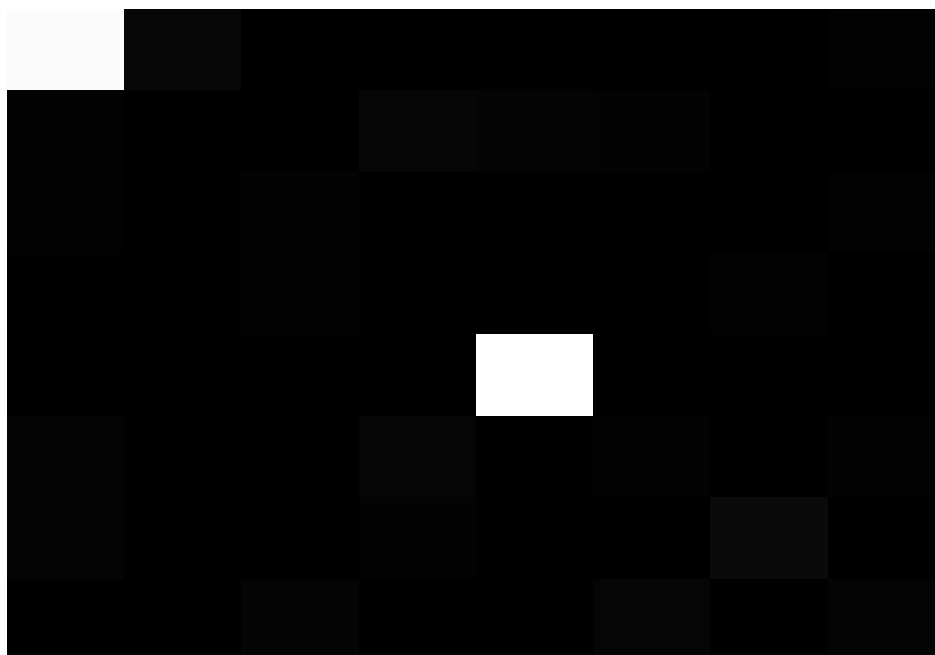


Fig. S5 ¹H NMR (400 MHz) spectra of **B-CIO** (black) in DMSO-*d*₆ and **C-CIO** (red) in CDCl₃;

Fig. S6

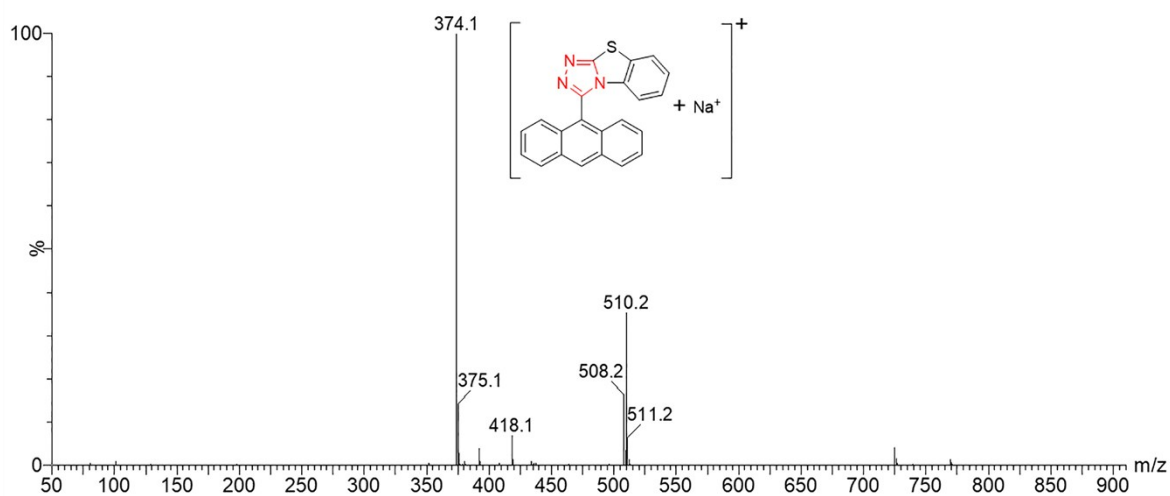


Fig. S6 MS of probe C-ClO;

Fig. S7

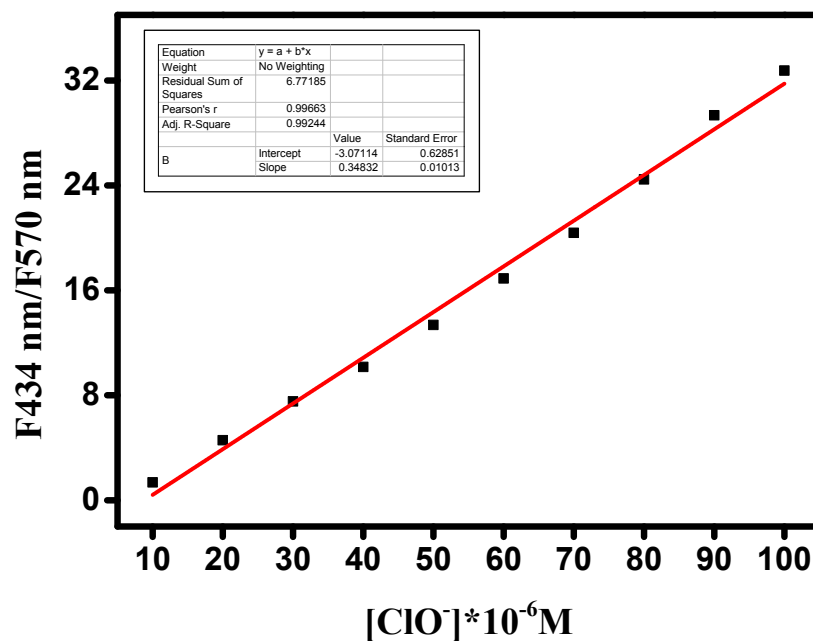


Fig. S7 Plot of the fluorescence intensity at $F_{434 \text{ nm}}/F_{570 \text{ nm}}$ against NaClO concentrations.

Table S1

	electronic transitions	DFT//B3LYP/6-311+G(d,p)				
		excitation energy (eV)	λ (nm)	f	composition	CI
Probe	S0→S1	2.7876 eV	444.77 nm	f=0.3441	HOMO→LUMO	0.70290
	S0→S2	3.4659 eV	357.72 nm	f=0.0177	HOMO-1→LUMO	0.65415
					HOMO→LUMO+1	0.25035
	S0→S3	3.6636 eV	338.43 nm	f=0.1155	HOMO-3→LUMO	-0.31440
					HOMO-1→LUMO	-0.21772
					HOMO→LUMO+1	0.51988
					HOMO→LUMO+3	0.26849
	S0→S4	3.6926 eV	335.76 nm	f=0.0790	HOMO-3→LUMO	0.41682
					HOMO-1→LUMO	-0.12611
					HOMO→LUMO+1	0.38910
HOMO→LUMO+3					-0.37893	

(a)

	electronic transitions	DFT//B3LYP/6-311+G(d,p)				
		excitation energy (eV)	λ (nm)	f	composition	CI
Probe+C1O ⁻	S0→S1	3.0643 eV	404.61 nm	f=0.1073	HOMO→LUMO	0.69962
	S0→S2	3.5654 eV	347.74 nm	f=0.0023	HOMO-1→LUMO	0.70161
	S0→S3	3.7783 eV	328.15 nm	f=0.0020	HOMO-2→LUMO	0.49106
					HOMO→LUMO+1	-0.25917
					HOMO→LUMO+2	0.15862
					HOMO→LUMO+3	0.40246
	S0→S4	3.9105 eV	317.05 nm	f=0.0078	HOMO-2→LUMO	0.14548
					HOMO→LUMO+1	0.64719
					HOMO→LUMO+2	0.13785
					HOMO→LUMO+3	0.18462

(b)

Table S1 Selected electronic excitation energies (eV) and oscillator strengths (f), configurations of the low-lying excited states of (a) the probe **B-C1O** and (b) the compound **C-C1O**