

# Electronic supplementary information (ESI): Focus on the overlap density of wavefunctions in *GW* approximations

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## S1 PAW datasets

PAW<sup>GS</sup> and PAW<sup>QP</sup> are listed in Table S1. PAW<sup>GS</sup> is a slight modification to the JTH atomic datasets library v1.0 provided with ABINIT code, and PAW<sup>QP</sup> is an extension to PAW<sup>GS</sup> with additional sets of partial waves and projector function.

## S2 Character tables of space group #221

The character tables of the symmorphic space group #221 at high symmetry points and along symmetry axes are summarized in Tables S2-S9. Point group operations  $\{R_\alpha\}$  are described in the Hermann-Mauguin notation. The irreducible representations in the first, second, and third column are given in the notations of the Bilbao Crystallographic Server (Bilbao),<sup>S1,S2</sup> Bouckaert-Smoluchowski-Wigner (BSW),<sup>S3</sup> and point group (PG),<sup>S4</sup> respectively.

### S3 Representation of an atomic orbital

An atomic orbital has the representation of the full rotation group  $\Gamma^{\text{atom}}$ . The character  $\chi^{\text{atom}}$  for an angular quantum number  $l$  and for either proper rotations  $\{\alpha\}$  or improper rotations  $\{\bar{\alpha}\}$  is described as

$$\begin{aligned}\chi_l^{\text{atom}}\{\alpha\} &= \frac{\sin(l + \frac{1}{2})\alpha}{\sin \frac{1}{2}\alpha} \\ \chi_l^{\text{atom}}\{\bar{\alpha}\} &= (-1)^l \frac{\sin(l + \frac{1}{2})\alpha}{\sin \frac{1}{2}\alpha}\end{aligned}\quad (\text{S1})$$

The  $\Gamma^{\text{atom}}$ 's of s, p, and d orbitals for the groups of the wavevector at high symmetry points are summarized in Tables S10-S13 and decomposed into the irreducible representations. This procedure is based on ref. S5.

### S4 Character of an equivalence representation

The character  $\chi^{\text{equiv}}$  of an equivalence representation  $\Gamma^{\text{equiv}}$  for a space group operation  $\{R_\alpha|\mathbf{R}_n\}$  is expressed by the trace of a matrix representation as

$$\chi^{\text{equiv}}\{R_\alpha|\mathbf{R}_n\} = \text{tr}\langle f_{\mathbf{k}}|\{R_\alpha|\mathbf{R}_n\}f_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle \quad (\text{S2})$$

where  $f_{\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{r})$  is written in the form of a Bloch function with a cell-periodic function  $g_{\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{r})$  as

$$f_{\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{r}) = e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{r}}g_{\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{r}) \quad (\text{S3})$$

Here,  $\mathbf{k} \cdot R_\alpha^{-1}\mathbf{r} = R_\alpha\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r}$  and  $R_\alpha\mathbf{k} = \mathbf{k} + \mathbf{K}_\alpha$ , where  $\mathbf{K}_\alpha$  is a reciprocal lattice vector, and

$$\{R_\alpha|\mathbf{R}_n\}f_{\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{r}) = e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_n}e^{i(\mathbf{k}+\mathbf{K}_\alpha)\cdot\mathbf{r}}\{R_\alpha|\mathbf{R}_n\}g_{\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{r}) \quad (\text{S4})$$

Eqn (S2) then results in

$$\chi^{\text{equiv}}\{R_\alpha|\mathbf{R}_n\} = e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_n} \text{tr}\langle g_{\mathbf{k}}|e^{i\mathbf{K}_\alpha\cdot\mathbf{r}}|\{R_\alpha|\mathbf{R}_n\}g_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle \quad (\text{S5})$$

Note that the phase factor  $e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_n}$  comes from the translation operation  $\{\mathbf{R}_n\}$ .

## S5 Equivalence representation of an atomic arrangement

An atomic arrangement is expressed by a Bloch function in the form of eqn (S3) with

$$g_{\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_j \delta(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_j) \quad (\text{S6})$$

where  $\mathbf{r}_j$  is the position of atoms. Eqn (S5) then leads to

$$\chi^{\text{equiv}}\{R_\alpha|\mathbf{R}_n\} = e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_n} \sum_j e^{i\mathbf{K}_\alpha\cdot\mathbf{r}_j} \delta(\{R_\alpha^{-1}|\mathbf{R}_n\}\mathbf{r}_j - \mathbf{r}_j) \quad (\text{S7})$$

The  $\Gamma^{\text{equiv}}$ 's of Ti, Sr, and O<sub>3</sub> atoms for the groups of the wavevector at high symmetry points are summarized in Tables S14-S17 and decomposed into the irreducible representations.

## S6 Equivalence representation of a set of plane waves

Plane waves are sorted by  $|\mathbf{k}+\mathbf{G}|$  and a set of plane waves is expressed by a Bloch function in the form of eqn (S3) with

$$g_{\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_j e^{i\mathbf{G}_j\cdot\mathbf{r}} \quad (\text{S8})$$

where  $\mathbf{G}_j$  is the reciprocal lattice vector. Here,  $\mathbf{G}_j \cdot R_\alpha^{-1}\mathbf{r} = R_\alpha\mathbf{G}_j \cdot \mathbf{r}$  and  $R_\alpha\mathbf{G}_j = \mathbf{G}_j + \mathbf{K}_{\alpha,j}$ , where  $\mathbf{K}_{\alpha,j}$  is a reciprocal lattice vector. Eqn (S5) then leads to

$$\chi^{\text{equiv}}\{R_\alpha|\mathbf{R}_n\} = e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_n} \sum_j \delta(\mathbf{K}_\alpha + \mathbf{K}_{\alpha,j}) \quad (\text{S9})$$

The  $\Gamma^{\text{equiv}}$ 's of sets of plane waves for the groups of the wavevector at high symmetry points are summarized in Tables S18-S21 and decomposed into the irreducible representations. These procedures in Sections S4-S6 are based partially on ref. S5.

Table S1: Description of PAW<sup>GS</sup> and PAW<sup>QP</sup> specifying the state, matching radius  $r_c$ , and reference energy  $E_{\text{ref}}$

Atom	State	PAW <sup>GS</sup>		PAW <sup>QP</sup>	
		$r_c$ ( $a_0$ )	$E_{\text{ref}}$ ( $E_h$ )	$r_c$ ( $a_0$ )	$E_{\text{ref}}$ ( $E_h$ )
Sr	4s	1.81	-1.47	1.81	-1.47
	5s	1.81	-0.13	1.81	-0.13
	5s			1.81	1.50
	4p	2.01	-0.81	2.01	-0.81
	5p	2.01	1.00	2.01	0.25
	5p			2.01	1.00
	5p			2.01	1.75
	4d	2.21	-0.04	2.21	-0.04
	4d			2.21	1.00
	5d	2.21	1.50	2.21	1.50
Ti	3s	2.30	-2.17	2.30	-2.17
	4s	2.30	-0.14	2.30	-0.14
	4s			2.30	1.50
	3p	2.11	-1.31	2.11	-1.31
	4p	2.11	0.75	2.11	0.00
	4p			2.11	1.00
	4p			2.11	1.50
	3d	2.11	-0.08	2.11	-0.08
	4d	2.11	0.75	2.11	0.75
	4d			2.11	1.50
O	4d			2.11	2.25
	2s	1.41	-0.87	1.41	-0.87
	3s	1.41	1.00	1.41	0.50
	3s			1.41	1.50
	2p	1.41	-0.34	1.41	-0.34
	3p	1.41	1.00	1.41	0.75
	3p			1.41	1.50

Table S2: Character table for the group of the wavevector at the  $\Gamma$  point [ $\mathbf{k}_\Gamma = \frac{2\pi}{a}(0, 0, 0)$ ] of the space group #221, which transforms isomorphically to the point group  $m\bar{3}m$  ( $O_h$ )

Bilbao	BSW	PG	$1^a$	$2^b$	$2'^c$	$3^d$	$4^e$	$\bar{1}^f$	$m^g$	$m'^h$	$\bar{3}^i$	$\bar{4}^j$
$\Gamma_1^+$	$\Gamma_1^+$	A <sub>1g</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
$\Gamma_1^-$	$\Gamma_1^-$	A <sub>1u</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
$\Gamma_2^+$	$\Gamma_2^+$	A <sub>2g</sub>	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1
$\Gamma_2^-$	$\Gamma_2^-$	A <sub>2u</sub>	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1
$\Gamma_3^+$	$\Gamma_{12}^+$	E <sub>g</sub>	2	2	0	-1	0	2	2	0	-1	0
$\Gamma_3^-$	$\Gamma_{12}^-$	E <sub>u</sub>	2	2	0	-1	0	-2	-2	0	1	0
$\Gamma_4^+$	$\Gamma_{15}^+$	T <sub>1g</sub>	3	-1	-1	0	1	3	-1	-1	0	1
$\Gamma_4^-$	$\Gamma_{15}^-$	T <sub>1u</sub>	3	-1	-1	0	1	-3	1	1	0	-1
$\Gamma_5^+$	$\Gamma_{25}^+$	T <sub>2g</sub>	3	-1	1	0	-1	3	-1	1	0	-1
$\Gamma_5^-$	$\Gamma_{25}^-$	T <sub>2u</sub>	3	-1	1	0	-1	-3	1	-1	0	1

<sup>a</sup>  $1 : \{1|\mathbf{R}_n\}$ , where  $\mathbf{R}_n = n_1\mathbf{a}_1 + n_2\mathbf{a}_2 + n_3\mathbf{a}_3$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_1 = a(1, 0, 0)$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_2 = a(0, 1, 0)$ , and  $\mathbf{a}_3 = a(0, 0, 1)$ , and  $n_1, n_2$ , and  $n_3$  are integer.

<sup>b</sup>  $2 : \{2_{001}|0\}, \{2_{010}|0\}, \{2_{100}|0\}$ .

<sup>c</sup>  $2' : \{2_{110}|0\}, \{2_{1\bar{1}0}|0\}, \{2_{101}|0\}, \{2_{\bar{1}01}|0\}, \{2_{011}|0\}, \{2_{01\bar{1}}|0\}$ .

<sup>d</sup>  $3 : \{3_{111}^+|0\}, \{3_{\bar{1}\bar{1}\bar{1}}^+|0\}, \{3_{1\bar{1}\bar{1}}^+|0\}, \{3_{\bar{1}\bar{1}1}^+|0\}, \{3_{111}^-|0\}, \{3_{\bar{1}\bar{1}1}^-|0\}, \{3_{1\bar{1}\bar{1}}^-|0\}, \{3_{\bar{1}\bar{1}\bar{1}}^-|0\}$ .

<sup>e</sup>  $4 : \{4_{001}^+|0\}, \{4_{010}^+|0\}, \{4_{100}^+|0\}, \{4_{001}^-|0\}, \{4_{010}^-|0\}, \{4_{100}^-|0\}$ .

<sup>f</sup>  $\bar{1} : \{\bar{1}|0\}$ .

<sup>g</sup>  $m : \{m_{001}|0\}, \{m_{010}|0\}, \{m_{100}|0\}$ .

<sup>h</sup>  $m' : \{m_{110}|0\}, \{m_{1\bar{1}0}|0\}, \{m_{101}|0\}, \{m_{\bar{1}01}|0\}, \{m_{011}|0\}, \{m_{01\bar{1}}|0\}$ .

<sup>i</sup>  $\bar{3} : \{\bar{3}_{111}^+|0\}, \{\bar{3}_{\bar{1}\bar{1}\bar{1}}^+|0\}, \{\bar{3}_{1\bar{1}\bar{1}}^+|0\}, \{\bar{3}_{\bar{1}\bar{1}1}^+|0\}, \{\bar{3}_{111}^-|0\}, \{\bar{3}_{\bar{1}\bar{1}1}^-|0\}, \{\bar{3}_{1\bar{1}\bar{1}}^-|0\}, \{\bar{3}_{\bar{1}\bar{1}\bar{1}}^-|0\}$ .

<sup>j</sup>  $\bar{4} : \{\bar{4}_{001}^+|0\}, \{\bar{4}_{010}^+|0\}, \{\bar{4}_{100}^+|0\}, \{\bar{4}_{001}^-|0\}, \{\bar{4}_{010}^-|0\}, \{\bar{4}_{100}^-|0\}$ .

Table S3: Character table for the group of the wavevector at an X point [ $\mathbf{k}_X = \frac{2\pi}{a}(0, \frac{1}{2}, 0)$ ] of the space group #221, which transforms isomorphically to  $4/mmm$  ( $D_{4h}$ )

Bilbao	BSW	PG	$1^a$	$2_y^b$	$2_h^c$	$2_{h'}^d$	$4_y^e$	$\bar{1}^f$	$m_y^g$	$m_v^h$	$m_d^i$	$\bar{4}_y^j$
$X_1^+$	$X_1^+$	A <sub>1g</sub>	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}^k$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
$X_1^-$	$X_1^-$	A <sub>1u</sub>	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
$X_2^+$	$X_2^+$	B <sub>1g</sub>	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1
$X_2^-$	$X_2^-$	B <sub>1u</sub>	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1
$X_3^+$	$X_4^+$	A <sub>2g</sub>	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1
$X_3^-$	$X_4^-$	A <sub>2u</sub>	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
$X_4^+$	$X_3^+$	B <sub>2g</sub>	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1
$X_4^-$	$X_3^-$	B <sub>2u</sub>	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1
$X_5^+$	$X_5^+$	E <sub>g</sub>	$2 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	-2	0	0	0	2	-2	0	0	0
$X_5^-$	$X_5^-$	E <sub>u</sub>	$2 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	-2	0	0	0	-2	2	0	0	0

<sup>a</sup>  $1 : \{1|\mathbf{R}_n\}$ , where  $\mathbf{R}_n = n_1\mathbf{a}_1 + n_2\mathbf{a}_2 + n_3\mathbf{a}_3$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_1 = a(1, 0, 0)$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_2 = a(0, 1, 0)$ , and  $\mathbf{a}_3 = a(0, 0, 1)$ , and  $n_1, n_2$ , and  $n_3$  are integer.

<sup>b</sup>  $2_y : \{2_{010}|0\}$ .

<sup>c</sup>  $2_h : \{2_{001}|0\}, \{2_{100}|0\}$ .

<sup>d</sup>  $2_{h'} : \{2_{101}|0\}, \{2_{\bar{1}01}|0\}$ .

<sup>e</sup>  $4_y : \{4_{010}^+|0\}, \{4_{010}^-|0\}$ .

<sup>f</sup>  $\bar{1} : \{\bar{1}|0\}$ .

<sup>g</sup>  $m_y : \{m_{010}|0\}$ .

<sup>h</sup>  $m_v : \{m_{001}|0\}, \{m_{100}|0\}$ .

<sup>i</sup>  $m_d : \{m_{101}|0\}, \{m_{\bar{1}01}|0\}$ .

<sup>j</sup>  $\bar{4}_y : \{\bar{4}_{010}^+|0\}, \{\bar{4}_{010}^-|0\}$ .

<sup>k</sup>  $T_{\mathbf{R}_n} = e^{i\pi n_2}$

Table S4: Character table for the group of the wavevector at an M point [ $\mathbf{k}_M = \frac{2\pi}{a}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 0)$ ] of the space group #221, which transforms isomorphically to  $4/mmm$  ( $D_{4h}$ )

Bilbao	BSW	PG	$1^a$	$2_z^b$	$2_h^c$	$2_{h'}^d$	$4_z^e$	$\bar{1}^f$	$m_z^g$	$m_v^h$	$m_d^i$	$\bar{4}_z^j$
$M_1^+$	$M_1^+$	$A_{1g}$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}^k$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
$M_1^-$	$M_1^-$	$A_{1u}$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
$M_2^+$	$M_2^+$	$B_{1g}$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1
$M_2^-$	$M_2^-$	$B_{1u}$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1
$M_3^+$	$M_4^+$	$A_{2g}$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1
$M_3^-$	$M_4^-$	$A_{2u}$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
$M_4^+$	$M_3^+$	$B_{2g}$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1
$M_4^-$	$M_3^-$	$B_{2u}$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1
$M_5^+$	$M_5^+$	$E_g$	$2 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	-2	0	0	0	2	-2	0	0	0
$M_5^-$	$M_5^-$	$E_u$	$2 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	-2	0	0	0	-2	2	0	0	0

<sup>a</sup>  $1 : \{1|\mathbf{R}_n\}$ , where  $\mathbf{R}_n = n_1\mathbf{a}_1 + n_2\mathbf{a}_2 + n_3\mathbf{a}_3$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_1 = a(1, 0, 0)$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_2 = a(0, 1, 0)$ , and  $\mathbf{a}_3 = a(0, 0, 1)$ , and  $n_1, n_2$ , and  $n_3$  are integer.

<sup>b</sup>  $2_z : \{2_{001}|0\}$ .

<sup>c</sup>  $2_h : \{2_{010}|0\}, \{2_{100}|0\}$ .

<sup>d</sup>  $2_{h'} : \{2_{110}|0\}, \{2_{\bar{1}\bar{1}0}|0\}$ .

<sup>e</sup>  $4_z : \{4_{001}^+|0\}, \{4_{001}^-|0\}$ .

<sup>f</sup>  $\bar{1} : \{\bar{1}|0\}$ .

<sup>g</sup>  $m_z : \{m_{001}|0\}$ .

<sup>h</sup>  $m_v : \{m_{010}|0\}, \{m_{100}|0\}$ .

<sup>i</sup>  $m_d : \{m_{110}|0\}, \{m_{1\bar{1}0}|0\}$ .

<sup>j</sup>  $\bar{4}_z : \{\bar{4}_{001}^+|0\}, \{\bar{4}_{001}^-|0\}$ .

<sup>k</sup>  $T_{\mathbf{R}_n} = e^{i\pi(n_1+n_2)}$

Table S5: Character table for the group of the wavevector at an R point [ $\mathbf{k}_R = \frac{2\pi}{a}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$ ] of the space group #221, which transforms isomorphically to the point group  $m\bar{3}m (O_h)$

Bilbao	BSW	PG	$1^a$	$2^b$	$2'^c$	$3^d$	$4^e$	$\bar{1}^f$	$m^g$	$m'^h$	$\bar{3}^i$	$\bar{4}^j$
$R_1^+$	$R_1^+$	$A_{1g}$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}^k$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
$R_1^-$	$R_1^-$	$A_{1u}$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
$R_2^+$	$R_2^+$	$A_{2g}$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1
$R_2^-$	$R_2^-$	$A_{2u}$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1
$R_3^+$	$R_{12}^+$	$E_g$	$2 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	2	0	-1	0	2	2	0	-1	0
$R_3^-$	$R_{12}^-$	$E_u$	$2 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	2	0	-1	0	-2	-2	0	1	0
$R_4^+$	$R_{15}^+$	$T_{1g}$	$3 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	-1	-1	0	1	3	-1	-1	0	1
$R_4^-$	$R_{15}^-$	$T_{1u}$	$3 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	-1	-1	0	1	-3	1	1	0	-1
$R_5^+$	$R_{25}^+$	$T_{2g}$	$3 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	-1	1	0	-1	3	-1	1	0	-1
$R_5^-$	$R_{25}^-$	$T_{2u}$	$3 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	-1	1	0	-1	-3	1	-1	0	1

<sup>a</sup>  $1 : \{1|\mathbf{R}_n\}$ , where  $\mathbf{R}_n = n_1\mathbf{a}_1 + n_2\mathbf{a}_2 + n_3\mathbf{a}_3$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_1 = a(1, 0, 0)$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_2 = a(0, 1, 0)$ , and  $\mathbf{a}_3 = a(0, 0, 1)$ , and  $n_1, n_2$ , and  $n_3$  are integer.

<sup>b</sup>  $2 : \{2_{001}|0\}, \{2_{010}|0\}, \{2_{100}|0\}$ .

<sup>c</sup>  $2' : \{2_{110}|0\}, \{2_{1\bar{1}0}|0\}, \{2_{101}|0\}, \{2_{\bar{1}01}|0\}, \{2_{011}|0\}, \{2_{01\bar{1}}|0\}$ .

<sup>d</sup>  $3 : \{3_{111}^+|0\}, \{3_{\bar{1}\bar{1}\bar{1}}^+|0\}, \{3_{1\bar{1}\bar{1}}^+|0\}, \{3_{\bar{1}\bar{1}1}^+|0\}, \{3_{111}^-|0\}, \{3_{\bar{1}\bar{1}\bar{1}}^-|0\}, \{3_{1\bar{1}\bar{1}}^-|0\}, \{3_{\bar{1}\bar{1}1}^-|0\}$ .

<sup>e</sup>  $4 : \{4_{001}^+|0\}, \{4_{010}^+|0\}, \{4_{100}^+|0\}, \{4_{001}^-|0\}, \{4_{010}^-|0\}, \{4_{100}^-|0\}$ .

<sup>f</sup>  $\bar{1} : \{\bar{1}|0\}$ .

<sup>g</sup>  $m : \{m_{001}|0\}, \{m_{010}|0\}, \{m_{100}|0\}$ .

<sup>h</sup>  $m' : \{m_{110}|0\}, \{m_{1\bar{1}0}|0\}, \{m_{101}|0\}, \{m_{\bar{1}01}|0\}, \{m_{011}|0\}, \{m_{01\bar{1}}|0\}$ .

<sup>i</sup>  $\bar{3} : \{\bar{3}_{111}^+|0\}, \{\bar{3}_{\bar{1}\bar{1}\bar{1}}^+|0\}, \{\bar{3}_{1\bar{1}\bar{1}}^+|0\}, \{\bar{3}_{\bar{1}\bar{1}1}^+|0\}, \{\bar{3}_{111}^-|0\}, \{\bar{3}_{\bar{1}\bar{1}\bar{1}}^-|0\}, \{\bar{3}_{1\bar{1}\bar{1}}^-|0\}, \{\bar{3}_{\bar{1}\bar{1}1}^-|0\}$ .

<sup>j</sup>  $\bar{4} : \{\bar{4}_{001}^+|0\}, \{\bar{4}_{010}^+|0\}, \{\bar{4}_{100}^+|0\}, \{\bar{4}_{001}^-|0\}, \{\bar{4}_{010}^-|0\}, \{\bar{4}_{100}^-|0\}$ .

<sup>k</sup>  $T_{\mathbf{R}_n} = e^{i\pi(n_1+n_2+n_3)}$

Table S6: Character table for the group of the wavevector along a  $\Delta$  axis [ $\mathbf{k}_\Delta = \frac{2\pi}{a}(0, \frac{1}{2}u, 0)$ , where  $0 < u < 1$ ] of the space group #221, which transforms isomorphically to  $4mm (C_{4v})$

Bilbao	BSW	PG	$1^a$	$2^b$	$4^c$	$m_v^d$	$m_d^e$
$\Delta_1$	$\Delta_1$	$A_1$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}^f$	1	1	1	1
$\Delta_2$	$\Delta_2$	$B_1$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	-1	1	-1
$\Delta_3$	$\Delta_{2'}$	$B_2$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	-1	-1	1
$\Delta_4$	$\Delta_{1'}$	$A_2$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	1	-1	-1
$\Delta_5$	$\Delta_5$	$E$	$2 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	-2	0	0	0

<sup>a</sup>  $1 : \{1|\mathbf{R}_n\}$ , where  $\mathbf{R}_n = n_1\mathbf{a}_1 + n_2\mathbf{a}_2 + n_3\mathbf{a}_3$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_1 = a(1, 0, 0)$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_2 = a(0, 1, 0)$ , and  $\mathbf{a}_3 = a(0, 0, 1)$ , and  $n_1, n_2$ , and  $n_3$  are integer.

<sup>b</sup>  $2 : \{2_{010}|0\}$ .

<sup>c</sup>  $4 : \{4_{010}^+|0\}, \{4_{010}^-|0\}$ .

<sup>d</sup>  $m_v : \{m_{001}|0\}, \{m_{100}|0\}$ .

<sup>e</sup>  $m_d : \{m_{101}|0\}, \{m_{\bar{1}01}|0\}$ .

<sup>f</sup>  $T_{\mathbf{R}_n} = e^{i\pi n_2 u}$

Table S7: Character table for the group of the wavevector along a  $\Sigma$  axis [ $\mathbf{k}_\Sigma = \frac{2\pi}{a}(\frac{1}{2}u, \frac{1}{2}u, 0)$ , where  $0 < u < 1$ ] of the space group #221, which transforms isomorphically to  $mm2$  ( $C_{2v}$ )

Bilbao	BSW	PG	$1^a$	$2'^b$	$m_z^c$	$m'^d$
$\Sigma_1$	$\Sigma_1$	$A_1$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}^e$	1	1	1
$\Sigma_2$	$\Sigma_4$	$B_2$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	-1	1	-1
$\Sigma_3$	$\Sigma_3$	$B_1$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	-1	-1	1
$\Sigma_4$	$\Sigma_2$	$A_2$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	-1	-1

<sup>a</sup>  $1 : \{1|\mathbf{R}_n\}$ , where  $\mathbf{R}_n = n_1\mathbf{a}_1 + n_2\mathbf{a}_2 + n_3\mathbf{a}_3$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_1 = a(1, 0, 0)$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_2 = a(0, 1, 0)$ , and  $\mathbf{a}_3 = a(0, 0, 1)$ , and  $n_1, n_2$ , and  $n_3$  are integer.

<sup>b</sup>  $2' : \{2_{110}|0\}$ .

<sup>c</sup>  $m_z : \{m_{001}|0\}$ .

<sup>d</sup>  $m' : \{m_{1\bar{1}0}|0\}$ .

<sup>e</sup>  $T_{\mathbf{R}_n} = e^{i\pi(n_1u+n_2u)}$

Table S8: Character table for the group of the wavevector along a  $\Lambda$  axis [ $\mathbf{k}_\Lambda = \frac{2\pi}{a}(\frac{1}{2}u, \frac{1}{2}u, \frac{1}{2}u)$ , where  $0 < u < 1$ ] of the space group #221, which transforms isomorphically to  $3m$  ( $C_{3v}$ )

Bilbao	BSW	PG	$1^a$	$3^b$	$m_d^c$
$\Lambda_1$	$\Lambda_1$	$A_1$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}^d$	1	1
$\Lambda_2$	$\Lambda_2$	$A_2$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	-1
$\Lambda_3$	$\Lambda_3$	$E$	$2 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	-1	0

<sup>a</sup>  $1 : \{1|\mathbf{R}_n\}$ , where  $\mathbf{R}_n = n_1\mathbf{a}_1 + n_2\mathbf{a}_2 + n_3\mathbf{a}_3$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_1 = a(1, 0, 0)$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_2 = a(0, 1, 0)$ , and  $\mathbf{a}_3 = a(0, 0, 1)$ , and  $n_1, n_2$ , and  $n_3$  are integer.

<sup>b</sup>  $3 : \{3_{111}^+|0\}, \{3_{111}^-|0\}$ .

<sup>c</sup>  $m_d : \{m_{1\bar{1}0}|0\}, \{m_{\bar{1}01}|0\}, \{m_{01\bar{1}}|0\}$ .

<sup>d</sup>  $T_{\mathbf{R}_n} = e^{i\pi(n_1u+n_2u+n_3u)}$

Table S9: Character table for the group of the wavevector along a  $Z$  axis [ $\mathbf{k}_Z = \frac{2\pi}{a}(\frac{1}{2}u, \frac{1}{2}u, 0)$ , where  $0 < u < 1$ ] of the space group #221, which transforms isomorphically to  $mm2$  ( $C_{2v}$ )

Bilbao	BSW	PG	$1^a$	$2_x^b$	$m_z^c$	$m_y^d$
$Z_1$	$Z_1$	$A_1$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}^e$	1	1	1
$Z_2$	$Z_2$	$A_2$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	1	-1	-1
$Z_3$	$Z_4$	$B_2$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	-1	-1	1
$Z_4$	$Z_3$	$B_1$	$1 \cdot T_{\mathbf{R}_n}$	-1	1	-1

<sup>a</sup>  $1 : \{1|\mathbf{R}_n\}$ , where  $\mathbf{R}_n = n_1\mathbf{a}_1 + n_2\mathbf{a}_2 + n_3\mathbf{a}_3$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_1 = a(1, 0, 0)$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_2 = a(0, 1, 0)$ , and  $\mathbf{a}_3 = a(0, 0, 1)$ , and  $n_1, n_2$ , and  $n_3$  are integer.

<sup>b</sup>  $2_x : \{2_{100}|0\}$ .

<sup>c</sup>  $m_z : \{m_{001}|0\}$ .

<sup>d</sup>  $m_y : \{m_{010}|0\}$ .

<sup>e</sup>  $T_{\mathbf{R}_n} = e^{i\pi(n_1u+n_2)}$

Table S10: Representations of s, p, and d orbitals for the group of the wavevector at the  $\Gamma$  point of the space group #221

$m\bar{3}m$	1	2	2'	3	4	$\bar{1}$	$m$	$m'$	$\bar{3}$	$\bar{4}$	Irreducible representations
$\Gamma_s^{\text{atom}}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$\Gamma_1^+$
$\Gamma_p^{\text{atom}}$	3	-1	-1	0	1	-3	1	1	0	-1	$\Gamma_4^-$
$\Gamma_d^{\text{atom}}$	5	1	1	-1	-1	5	1	1	-1	-1	$\Gamma_3^+ \oplus \Gamma_5^+$

Table S11: Representations of s, p, and d orbitals for the group of the wavevector at an X point of the space group #221

$4/mmm$	1	$2_y$	$2_h$	$2_{h'}$	$4_y$	$\bar{1}$	$m_y$	$m_v$	$m_d$	$\bar{4}_y$	Irreducible representations
$X_s^{\text{atom}}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$X_1^+$
$X_p^{\text{atom}}$	3	-1	-1	-1	1	-3	1	1	1	-1	$X_3^- \oplus X_5^-$
$X_d^{\text{atom}}$	5	1	1	1	-1	5	1	1	1	-1	$X_1^+ \oplus X_2^+ \oplus X_4^+ \oplus X_5^+$

Table S12: Representations of s, p, and d orbitals for the group of the wavevector at an M point of the space group #221

$4/mmm$	1	$2_z$	$2_h$	$2_{h'}$	$4_z$	$\bar{1}$	$m_z$	$m_v$	$m_d$	$\bar{4}_z$	Irreducible representations
$M_s^{\text{atom}}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$M_1^+$
$M_p^{\text{atom}}$	3	-1	-1	-1	1	-3	1	1	1	-1	$M_3^- \oplus M_5^-$
$M_d^{\text{atom}}$	5	1	1	1	-1	5	1	1	1	-1	$M_1^+ \oplus M_2^+ \oplus M_4^+ \oplus M_5^+$

Table S13: Representations of s, p, and d orbitals for the group of the wavevector at an R point of the space group #221

$m\bar{3}m$	1	2	2'	3	4	$\bar{1}$	$m$	$m'$	$\bar{3}$	$\bar{4}$	Irreducible representations
$R_s^{\text{atom}}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$R_1^+$
$R_p^{\text{atom}}$	3	-1	-1	0	1	-3	1	1	0	-1	$R_4^-$
$R_d^{\text{atom}}$	5	1	1	-1	-1	5	1	1	-1	-1	$R_3^+ \oplus R_5^+$

Table S14: Equivalence representations of Ti, Sr, and  $O_3$  atoms in  $\text{SrTiO}_3$  for the group of the wavevector at the  $\Gamma$  point of the space group #221

$m\bar{3}m$	1	2	2'	3	4	$\bar{1}$	$m$	$m'$	$\bar{3}$	$\bar{4}$	Irreducible representations
$\Gamma_{\text{Ti}}^{\text{equiv}}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$\Gamma_1^+$
$\Gamma_{\text{Sr}}^{\text{equiv}}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$\Gamma_1^+$
$\Gamma_{O_3}^{\text{equiv}}$	3	3	1	0	1	3	3	1	0	1	$\Gamma_1^+ \oplus \Gamma_3^+$

Table S15: Equivalence representations of Ti, Sr, and  $O_3$  atoms in  $\text{SrTiO}_3$  for the group of the wavevector at an X point of the space group #221

$4/mmm$	1	$2_y$	$2_h$	$2_{h'}$	$4_y$	$\bar{1}$	$m_y$	$m_v$	$m_d$	$\bar{4}_y$	Irreducible representations
$X_{\text{Ti}}^{\text{equiv}}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$X_1^+$
$X_{\text{Sr}}^{\text{equiv}}$	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	$X_3^-$
$X_{O_3}^{\text{equiv}}$	3	3	1	-1	1	1	1	3	1	-1	$X_1^+ \oplus X_2^+ \oplus X_3^-$

Table S16: Equivalence representations of Ti, Sr, and O<sub>3</sub> atoms in SrTiO<sub>3</sub> for the group of the wavevector at an M point of the space group #221

$4/mmm$	1	$2_z$	$2_h$	$2_{h'}$	$4_z$	$\bar{1}$	$m_z$	$m_v$	$m_d$	$\bar{4}_z$	Irreducible representations
$M_{\text{Ti}}^{\text{equiv}}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$M_1^+$
$M_{\text{Sr}}^{\text{equiv}}$	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	$M_4^+$
$M_{\text{O}_3}^{\text{equiv}}$	3	-1	1	1	1	-1	3	1	1	1	$M_1^+ \oplus M_5^-$

Table S17: Equivalence representations of Ti, Sr, and O<sub>3</sub> atoms in SrTiO<sub>3</sub> for the group of the wavevector at an R point of the space group #221

$m\bar{3}m$	1	2	$2'$	3	4	$\bar{1}$	$m$	$m'$	$\bar{3}$	$\bar{4}$	Irreducible representations
$R_{\text{Ti}}^{\text{equiv}}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$R_1^+$
$R_{\text{Sr}}^{\text{equiv}}$	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	$R_2^-$
$R_{\text{O}_3}^{\text{equiv}}$	3	-1	-1	0	1	-3	1	1	0	-1	$R_4^-$

Table S18: Equivalence representations of sets of plane waves  $e^{i(\mathbf{k}_\Gamma + \mathbf{G}) \cdot \mathbf{r}}$  for the group of the wavevector at the  $\Gamma$  point  $[\mathbf{k}_\Gamma = \frac{2\pi}{a}(0,0,0)]$  of the space group #221, which transforms isomorphically to  $m\bar{3}m$  ( $O_h$ ). Plane waves are sorted by  $|\mathbf{k}_\Gamma + \mathbf{G}|$  and labeled by  $\frac{a}{2\pi}\{\mathbf{k}_\Gamma + \mathbf{G}\}$

$\frac{a}{2\pi}\{\mathbf{k}_\Gamma + \mathbf{G}\}$	1	2	$2'$	3	4	$\bar{1}$	$m$	$m'$	$\bar{3}$	$\bar{4}$	Irreducible representations
$\{0,0,0\}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$\Gamma_1^+$
$\{1,0,0\}$	6	2	0	0	2	0	4	2	0	0	$\Gamma_1^+ \oplus \Gamma_3^+ \oplus \Gamma_4^-$
$\{1,1,0\}$	12	0	2	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	$\Gamma_1^+ \oplus \Gamma_3^+ \oplus \Gamma_4^- \oplus \Gamma_5^+ \oplus \Gamma_5^-$
$\{1,1,1\}$	8	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	0	$\Gamma_1^+ \oplus \Gamma_2^- \oplus \Gamma_4^- \oplus \Gamma_5^+$
$\{2,0,0\}$	6	2	0	0	2	0	4	2	0	0	$\Gamma_1^+ \oplus \Gamma_3^+ \oplus \Gamma_4^-$
$\{2,1,0\}$	24	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	$\Gamma_1^+ \oplus \Gamma_2^+ \oplus 2\Gamma_3^+ \oplus \Gamma_4^+ \oplus 2\Gamma_4^- \oplus \Gamma_5^+ \oplus 2\Gamma_5^-$
$\{2,1,1\}$	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	$\Gamma_1^+ \oplus \Gamma_2^- \oplus \Gamma_3^+ \oplus \Gamma_3^- \oplus \Gamma_4^+ \oplus 2\Gamma_4^- \oplus 2\Gamma_5^+ \oplus \Gamma_5^-$
$\{2,2,0\}$	12	0	2	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	$\Gamma_1^+ \oplus \Gamma_3^+ \oplus \Gamma_4^- \oplus \Gamma_5^+ \oplus \Gamma_5^-$
$\{2,2,1\}$	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	$\Gamma_1^+ \oplus \Gamma_2^- \oplus \Gamma_3^+ \oplus \Gamma_3^- \oplus \Gamma_4^+ \oplus 2\Gamma_4^- \oplus 2\Gamma_5^+ \oplus \Gamma_5^-$
$\{3,0,0\}$	6	2	0	0	2	0	4	2	0	0	$\Gamma_1^+ \oplus \Gamma_3^+ \oplus \Gamma_4^-$
$\{3,1,0\}$	24	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	$\Gamma_1^+ \oplus \Gamma_2^+ \oplus 2\Gamma_3^+ \oplus \Gamma_4^+ \oplus 2\Gamma_4^- \oplus \Gamma_5^+ \oplus 2\Gamma_5^-$
$\{3,1,1\}$	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	$\Gamma_1^+ \oplus \Gamma_2^- \oplus \Gamma_3^+ \oplus \Gamma_3^- \oplus \Gamma_4^+ \oplus 2\Gamma_4^- \oplus 2\Gamma_5^+ \oplus \Gamma_5^-$
$\{2,2,2\}$	8	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	0	$\Gamma_1^+ \oplus \Gamma_2^- \oplus \Gamma_4^- \oplus \Gamma_5^+$
$\{3,2,1\}$	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\Gamma_1^+ \oplus \Gamma_1^- \oplus \Gamma_2^+ \oplus \Gamma_2^- \oplus 2\Gamma_3^+ \oplus 2\Gamma_3^- \oplus 3\Gamma_4^+ \oplus 3\Gamma_4^- \oplus 3\Gamma_5^+ \oplus 3\Gamma_5^-$

Table S19: Equivalence representations of sets of plane waves  $e^{i(\mathbf{k}_X + \mathbf{G}) \cdot \mathbf{r}}$  for the group of the wavevector at an X point  $[\mathbf{k}_X = \frac{2\pi}{a}(0, \frac{1}{2}, 0)]$  of the space group #221, which transforms isomorphically to  $4/mmm$  ( $D_{4h}$ ). Plane waves are sorted by  $|\mathbf{k}_X + \mathbf{G}|$  and labeled by  $\frac{a}{2\pi}\{\mathbf{k}_X + \mathbf{G}\}$

$\frac{a}{2\pi}\{\mathbf{k}_X + \mathbf{G}\}$	1	$2_y$	$2_h$	$2_{h'}$	$4_y$	$\bar{1}$	$m_y$	$m_v$	$m_d$	$\bar{4}_y$	Irreducible representations
$\{0, \frac{1}{2}, 0\}^a$	2	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	0	$X_1^+ \oplus X_3^-$
$\{1, \frac{1}{2}, 0\}^b$	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	$X_1^+ \oplus X_2^+ \oplus X_3^- \oplus X_4^- \oplus X_5^+ \oplus X_5^-$
$\{0, \frac{3}{2}, 0\}^c$	2	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	0	$X_1^+ \oplus X_3^-$
$\{1, \frac{1}{2}, 1\}^d$	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	$X_1^+ \oplus X_2^- \oplus X_3^- \oplus X_4^+ \oplus X_5^+ \oplus X_5^-$
$\{1, \frac{3}{2}, 0\}^e$	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	$X_1^+ \oplus X_2^+ \oplus X_3^- \oplus X_4^- \oplus X_5^+ \oplus X_5^-$
$\{1, \frac{3}{2}, 1\}^f$	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	$X_1^+ \oplus X_2^- \oplus X_3^- \oplus X_4^+ \oplus X_5^+ \oplus X_5^-$
$\{2, \frac{1}{2}, 0\}^g$	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	$X_1^+ \oplus X_2^+ \oplus X_3^- \oplus X_4^- \oplus X_5^+ \oplus X_5^-$
$\{2, \frac{1}{2}, 1\}^h$	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$X_1^+ \oplus X_1^- \oplus X_2^+ \oplus X_2^- \oplus X_3^+ \oplus X_3^-$ $\oplus X_4^+ \oplus X_4^- \oplus 2X_5^+ \oplus 2X_5^-$

- $^a \frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are  $(0, 0, 0), (0, \bar{1}, 0)$ .
- $^b \frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are  $(1, 0, 0), (1, \bar{1}, 0), (\bar{1}, 0, 0), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, 0), (0, 0, 1), (0, \bar{1}, 1), (0, 0, \bar{1}), (0, \bar{1}, \bar{1})$ .
- $^c \frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are  $(0, 1, 0), (0, \bar{2}, 0)$ .
- $^d \frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are  $(1, 0, 1), (1, \bar{1}, 1), (1, 0, \bar{1}), (1, \bar{1}, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, 0, 1), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, 1), (\bar{1}, 0, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{1})$ .
- $^e \frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are  $(1, 1, 0), (1, \bar{2}, 0), (\bar{1}, 1, 0), (\bar{1}, \bar{2}, 0), (0, 1, 1), (0, \bar{2}, 1), (0, 1, \bar{1}), (0, \bar{2}, \bar{1})$ .
- $^f \frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are  $(1, 1, 1), (1, \bar{2}, 1), (1, 1, \bar{1}), (1, \bar{2}, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, 1, 1), (\bar{1}, \bar{2}, 1), (\bar{1}, 1, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, \bar{2}, \bar{1})$ .
- $^g \frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are  $(2, 0, 0), (2, \bar{1}, 0), (\bar{2}, 0, 0), (\bar{2}, \bar{1}, 0), (0, 0, 2), (0, \bar{1}, 2), (0, 0, \bar{2}), (0, \bar{1}, \bar{2})$ .
- $^h \frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are  $(2, 0, 1), (2, \bar{1}, 1), (2, 0, \bar{1}), (2, \bar{1}, \bar{1}), (2, 0, 1), (2, \bar{1}, 1), (\bar{2}, 0, \bar{1}), (\bar{2}, \bar{1}, \bar{1}), (1, 0, 2), (1, \bar{1}, 2), (\bar{1}, 0, 2), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, 2), (1, 0, \bar{2}), (1, \bar{1}, \bar{2}), (\bar{1}, 0, \bar{2}), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{2})$ .

Table S20: Equivalence representations of sets of plane waves  $e^{i(\mathbf{k}_M + \mathbf{G}) \cdot \mathbf{r}}$  for the group of the wavevector at an M point  $[\mathbf{k}_M = \frac{2\pi}{a}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 0)]$  of the space group #221, which transforms isomorphically to  $4/mmm$  ( $D_{4h}$ ). Plane waves are sorted by  $|\mathbf{k}_M + \mathbf{G}|$  and labeled by  $\frac{a}{2\pi}\{\mathbf{k}_M + \mathbf{G}\}$

$\frac{a}{2\pi}\{\mathbf{k}_M + \mathbf{G}\}$	1	$2_z$	$2_h$	$2_{h'}$	$4_z$	$\bar{1}$	$m_z$	$m_v$	$m_d$	$\bar{4}_z$	Irreducible representations
$\{\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 0\}^a$	4	0	0	2	0	0	4	0	2	0	$M_1^+ \oplus M_4^+ \oplus M_5^-$
$\{\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1\}^b$	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	$M_1^+ \oplus M_2^- \oplus M_3^- \oplus M_4^+ \oplus M_5^+ \oplus M_5^-$
$\{\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 0\}^c$	8	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	$M_1^+ \oplus M_2^+ \oplus M_3^+ \oplus M_4^+ \oplus 2M_5^-$
$\{\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1\}^d$	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$M_1^+ \oplus M_1^- \oplus M_2^+ \oplus M_2^- \oplus M_3^+ \oplus M_3^-$ $\oplus M_4^+ \oplus M_4^- \oplus 2M_5^+ \oplus 2M_5^-$

- $^a \frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are  $(0, 0, 0), (\bar{1}, 0, 0), (0, \bar{1}, 0), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, 0)$ .
- $^b \frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are  $(0, 0, 1), (\bar{1}, 0, 1), (0, \bar{1}, 1), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, 1), (0, 0, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, 0, \bar{1}), (0, \bar{1}, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{1})$ .
- $^c \frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are  $(1, 0, 0), (\bar{2}, 0, 0), (1, \bar{1}, 0), (\bar{2}, \bar{1}, 0), (0, 1, 0), (0, \bar{2}, 0), (\bar{1}, 1, 0), (\bar{1}, \bar{2}, 0)$ .
- $^d \frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are  $(1, 0, 1), (\bar{2}, 0, 1), (1, \bar{1}, 1), (\bar{2}, \bar{1}, 1), (0, 1, 1), (0, \bar{2}, 1), (\bar{1}, 1, 1), (\bar{1}, \bar{2}, 1), (1, 0, \bar{1}), (\bar{2}, 0, \bar{1}), (1, \bar{1}, \bar{1}), (\bar{2}, \bar{1}, \bar{1}), (0, 1, \bar{1}), (0, \bar{2}, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, 1, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, \bar{2}, \bar{1})$ .

Table S21: Equivalence representations of sets of plane waves  $e^{i(\mathbf{k}_R + \mathbf{G}) \cdot \mathbf{r}}$  for the group of the wavevector at an R point  $[\mathbf{k}_R = \frac{2\pi}{a}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})]$  of the space group #221, which transforms isomorphically to  $m\bar{3}m$  ( $O_h$ ). Plane waves are sorted by  $|\mathbf{k}_R + \mathbf{G}|$  and labeled by  $\frac{a}{2\pi}\{\mathbf{k}_R + \mathbf{G}\}$

$\frac{a}{2\pi}\{\mathbf{k}_R + \mathbf{G}\}$	1	2	2'	3	4	$\bar{1}$	$m$	$m'$	$\bar{3}$	$\bar{4}$	Irreducible representations
$\{\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\}^a$	8	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	0	$R_1^+ \oplus R_2^- \oplus R_4^- \oplus R_5^+$
$\{\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\}^b$	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	$R_1^+ \oplus R_2^- \oplus R_3^+ \oplus R_3^- \oplus R_4^+ \oplus 2R_4^- \oplus 2R_5^+ \oplus R_5^-$
$\{\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\}^c$	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	$R_1^+ \oplus R_2^- \oplus R_3^+ \oplus R_3^- \oplus R_4^+ \oplus 2R_4^- \oplus 2R_5^+ \oplus R_5^-$
$\{\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\}^d$	8	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	0	$R_1^+ \oplus R_2^- \oplus R_4^- \oplus R_5^+$
$\{\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\}^e$	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	$R_1^+ \oplus R_2^- \oplus R_3^+ \oplus R_3^- \oplus R_4^+ \oplus 2R_4^- \oplus 2R_5^+ \oplus R_5^-$
$\{\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\}^f$	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$R_1^+ \oplus R_1^- \oplus R_2^+ \oplus R_2^- \oplus 2R_3^+ \oplus 2R_3^- \oplus 3R_4^+ \oplus 3R_4^- \oplus 3R_5^+ \oplus 3R_5^-$

<sup>a</sup>  $\frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are  $(0, 0, 0), (0, \bar{1}, 0), (0, 0, \bar{1}), (0, \bar{1}, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, 0, 0), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, 0), (\bar{1}, 0, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{1})$ .

<sup>b</sup>  $\frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are

$(1, 0, 0), (1, \bar{1}, 0), (1, 0, \bar{1}), (1, \bar{1}, \bar{1}), (\bar{2}, 0, 0), (\bar{2}, \bar{1}, 0), (\bar{2}, 0, \bar{1}), (\bar{2}, \bar{1}, \bar{1}), (0, 1, 0), (\bar{1}, 1, 0), (0, 1, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, 1, \bar{1}), (0, \bar{2}, 0), (\bar{1}, \bar{2}, 0), (0, \bar{2}, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, \bar{2}, \bar{1}), (0, 0, 1), (0, \bar{1}, 1), (\bar{1}, 0, 1), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, 1), (0, 0, \bar{2}), (0, \bar{1}, \bar{2}), (\bar{1}, 0, \bar{2}), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{2})$ .

<sup>c</sup>  $\frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are

$(1, 1, 0), (1, \bar{2}, 0), (1, 1, \bar{1}), (1, \bar{2}, \bar{1}), (\bar{2}, 1, 0), (\bar{2}, \bar{2}, 0), (\bar{2}, 1, \bar{1}), (\bar{2}, \bar{2}, \bar{1}), (1, 0, 1), (1, 0, \bar{2}), (1, \bar{1}, 1), (1, \bar{1}, \bar{2}), (\bar{2}, 0, 1), (\bar{2}, 0, \bar{2}), (\bar{2}, \bar{1}, 1), (\bar{2}, \bar{1}, \bar{2}), (0, 1, 1), (0, \bar{2}, 1), (\bar{1}, 1, 1), (\bar{1}, \bar{2}, 1), (0, 1, \bar{2}), (0, \bar{2}, \bar{2}), (\bar{1}, 1, \bar{2}), (\bar{1}, \bar{2}, \bar{2})$ .

<sup>d</sup>  $\frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are  $(1, 1, 1), (1, \bar{2}, 1), (1, 1, \bar{2}), (1, \bar{2}, \bar{2}), (\bar{2}, 1, 1), (\bar{2}, \bar{2}, 1), (\bar{2}, 1, \bar{2}), (\bar{2}, \bar{2}, \bar{2})$ .

<sup>e</sup>  $\frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are

$(2, 0, 0), (2, \bar{1}, 0), (2, 0, \bar{1}), (2, \bar{1}, \bar{1}), (\bar{3}, 0, 0), (\bar{3}, \bar{1}, 0), (\bar{3}, 0, \bar{1}), (\bar{3}, \bar{1}, \bar{1}), (0, 2, 0), (\bar{1}, 2, 0), (0, 2, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, 2, \bar{1}), (0, \bar{3}, 0), (\bar{1}, \bar{3}, 0), (0, \bar{3}, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, \bar{3}, \bar{1}), (0, 0, 2), (0, \bar{1}, 2), (\bar{1}, 0, 2), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, 2), (0, 0, \bar{3}), (0, \bar{1}, \bar{3}), (\bar{1}, 0, \bar{3}), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{3})$ .

<sup>f</sup>  $\frac{a}{2\pi}\mathbf{G}$ 's are

$(2, 1, 0), (2, \bar{2}, 0), (2, 1, \bar{1}), (2, \bar{2}, \bar{1}), (\bar{3}, 1, 0), (\bar{3}, \bar{2}, 0), (\bar{3}, 1, \bar{1}), (\bar{3}, \bar{2}, \bar{1}), (2, 0, 1), (2, 0, \bar{2}), (2, \bar{1}, 1), (2, \bar{1}, \bar{2}), (\bar{3}, 0, 1), (\bar{3}, 0, \bar{2}), (\bar{3}, \bar{1}, 1), (\bar{3}, \bar{1}, \bar{2}), (1, 2, 0), (\bar{2}, 2, 0), (1, 2, \bar{1}), (\bar{2}, 2, \bar{1}), (1, \bar{3}, 0), (\bar{2}, \bar{3}, 0), (1, \bar{3}, \bar{1}), (\bar{2}, \bar{3}, \bar{1}), (0, 2, 1), (0, 2, \bar{2}), (\bar{1}, 2, 1), (\bar{1}, 2, \bar{2}), (0, \bar{3}, 1), (0, \bar{3}, \bar{2}), (\bar{1}, \bar{3}, 1), (\bar{1}, \bar{3}, \bar{2}), (0, 1, 2), (0, \bar{2}, 2), (\bar{1}, 1, 2), (\bar{1}, \bar{2}, 2), (0, 1, \bar{3}), (0, \bar{2}, \bar{3}), (\bar{1}, 1, \bar{3}), (\bar{1}, \bar{2}, \bar{3}), (1, 0, 2), (\bar{2}, 0, 2), (1, \bar{1}, 2), (\bar{2}, \bar{1}, 2), (1, 0, \bar{3}), (\bar{2}, 0, \bar{3}), (1, \bar{1}, \bar{3}), (\bar{2}, \bar{1}, \bar{3})$ .

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