

Supporting Information

Silver doped reduced graphene oxide as promising plasmonic photocatalyst for oxidative coupling of benzylamines under visible light irradiation

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Calculation: -

The identification of product was done by gas chromatography-mass spectrometry (GC-MS). (Fig. S1) The conversion of benzylamine, yield and selectivity of imine were analysed based on the following equations:

$$\text{Conversion (\%)} = [(C_0 - C_{\text{benzylamine}})/C_0] \times 100$$

$$\text{Yield (\%)} = C_{\text{imine}}/C_0 \times 100$$

$$\text{Selectivity (\%)} = [C_{\text{imine}}/(C_0 - C_{\text{benzylamine}})] \times 100$$

Where C_0 is the whole quantity of benzylamine in the reaction mixture before irradiation; $C_{\text{benzylamine}}$ is the amount of benzylamine in the solution after irradiation for 12 h; C_{imine} is the amount of imine in the solution after irradiation for 12 h.

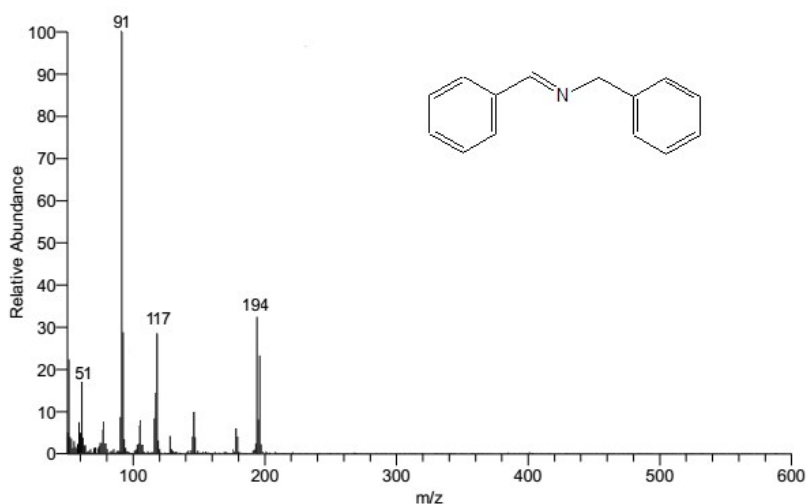


Fig. S13: GC-MS of the product obtained from oxidative coupling of benzylamine using Ag@rGO photocatalyst after 12 h irradiation time.

Table S1: A comparison of the Ag@rGO with literature known photocatalyst for the oxidation of benzylamine

Entry	Photocatalyst	T [°C]	Oxidant	Product Yield [%] ^a or [$\mu\text{mol g}^{-1} \text{h}^{-1}$] ^b	Ref. No.
1	Ag@rGO	RT	O ₂	97 ^a	This work
2	Cu ₂ O/CQD	RT	O ₂	95 ^a	[1]
3	Au/TiO ₂	RT	Air	883 ^b	[2]
4	Au-Pd/ZrO ₂	45 °C	O ₂	198 ^b	[3]
5	Fe(bpy) ₃ /npg-C ₃ N ₄	RT	O ₂	94 ^a	[4]
6	BiVO ₄ /g-C ₃ N ₄	RT	O ₂	1089 ^b	[5]
7	WS ₂	50 °C	O ₂	94 ^a	[6]
8	WO ₃	RT	O ₂	950 ^b	[7]

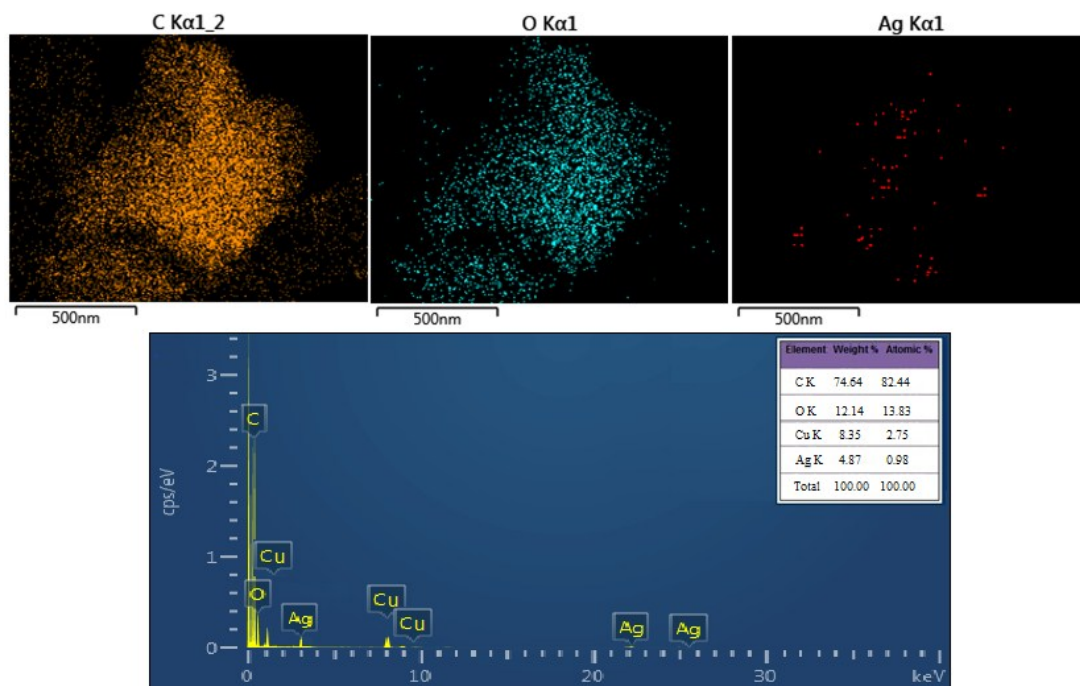


Fig. S2: EDX Pattern of Ag@rGO showing elemental composition

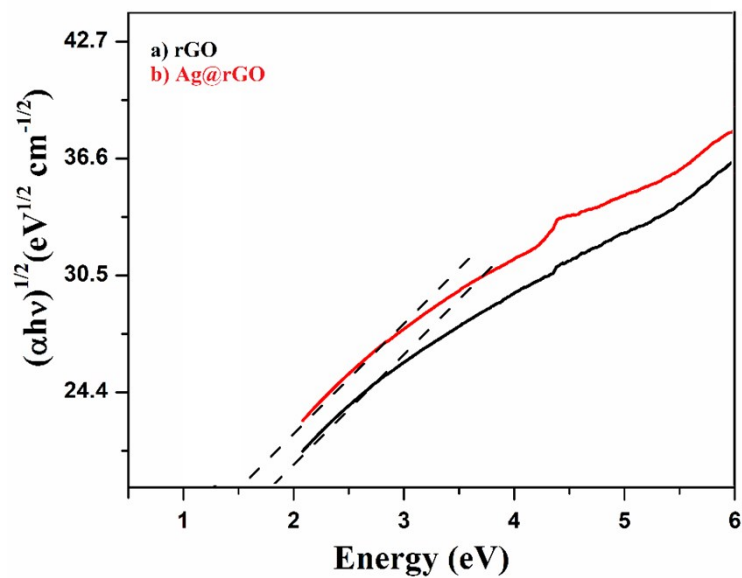


Fig. S3: Tauc plot for band gap determination of a) rGO, b) Ag@rGO.

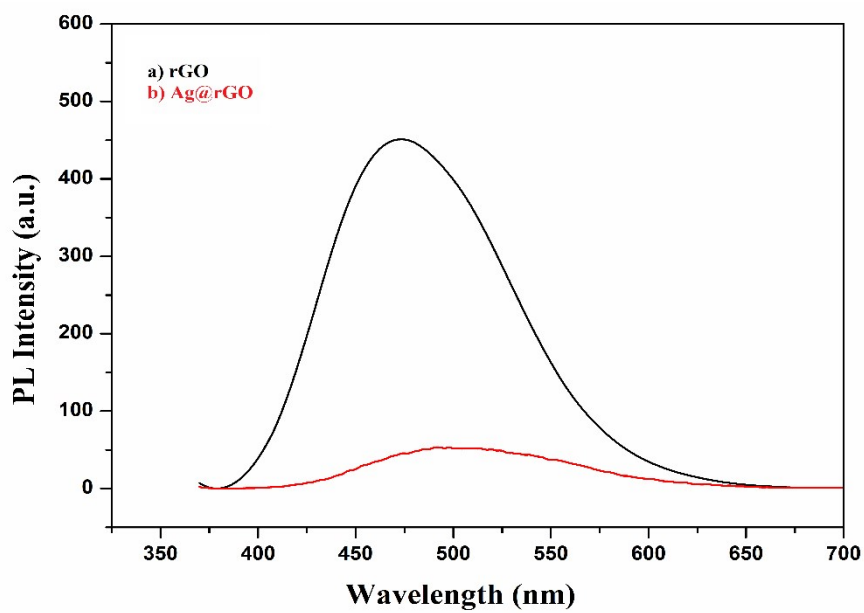


Fig. S4: PL spectra of a) rGO, b) Ag@ rGO photocatalyst.

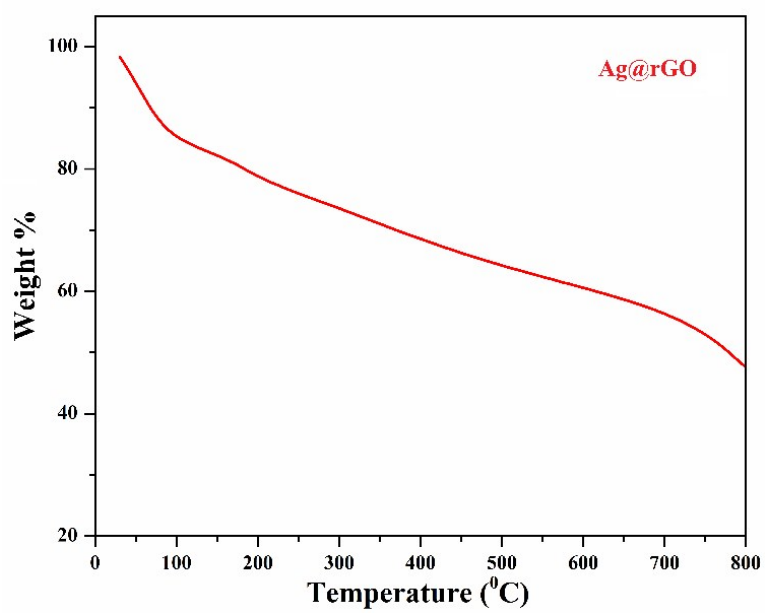


Fig. S5: TGA diagram of Ag@rGO.

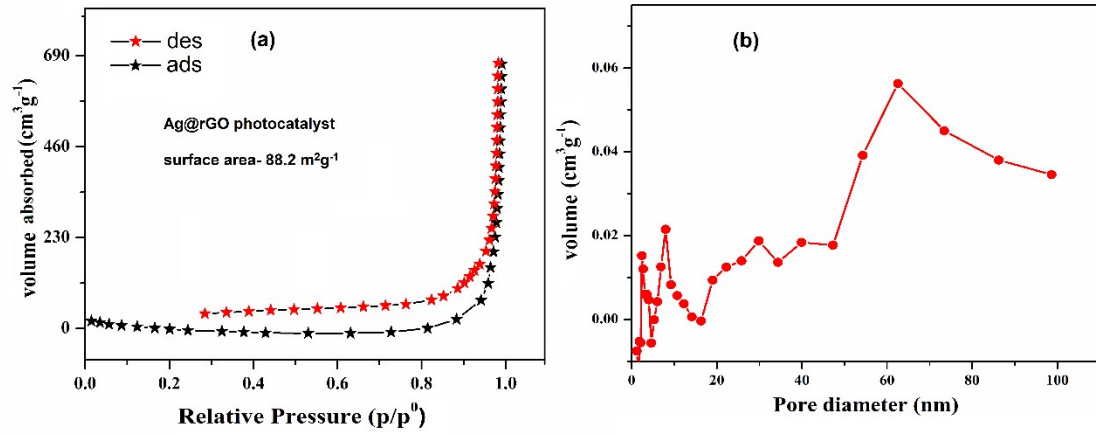


Fig. S6: N_2 adsorption-desorption isotherms; b) BJH pore size distribution curves of Ag@rGO.

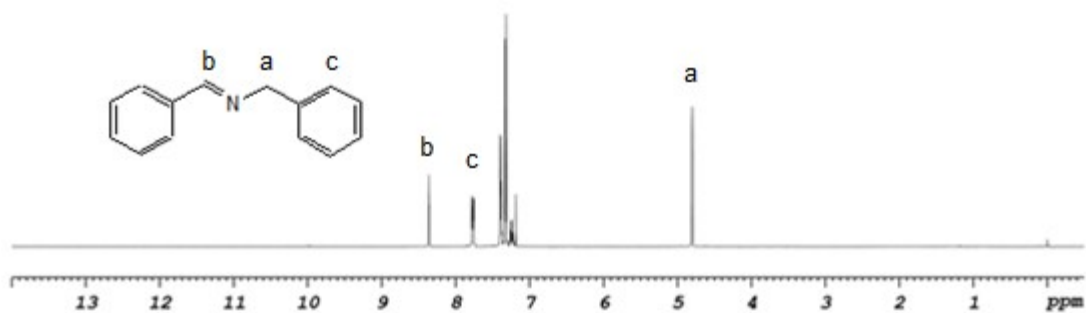


Fig. S7: ¹H NMR of N-benzylidenebenzylamine.

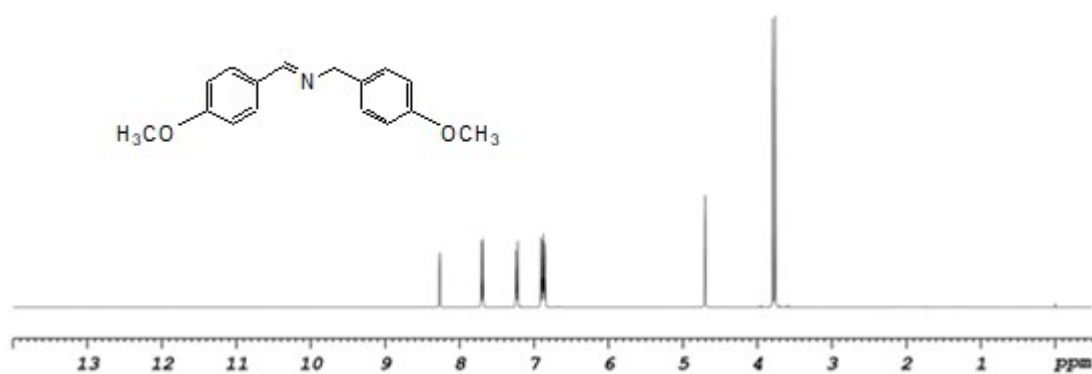


Fig. S8: ¹H NMR of N-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-p-methoxybenzylamine.

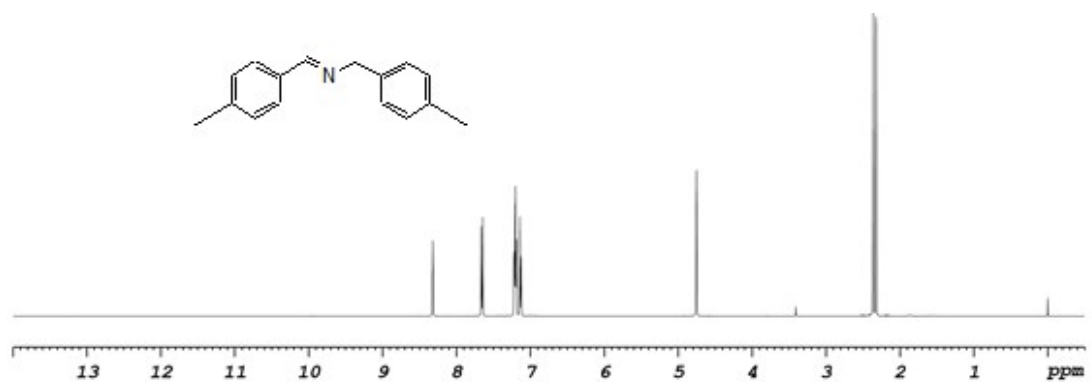


Fig. S9: ¹H NMR of N-(4-methylbenzylidene)-p-methylbenzylamine.

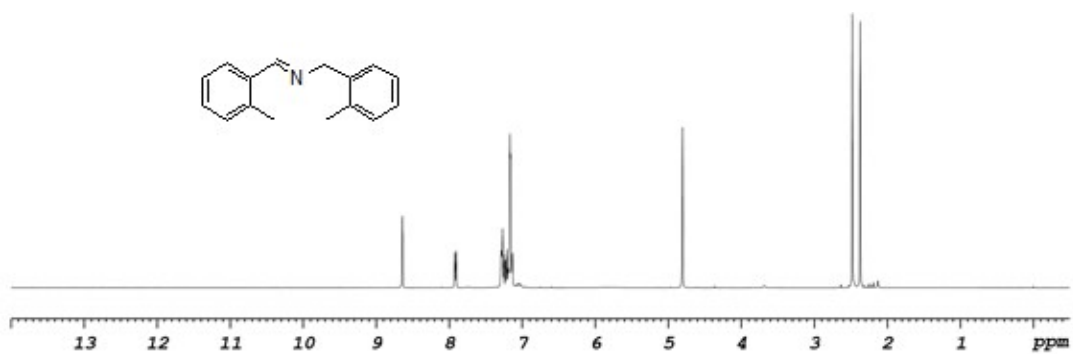


Fig. S10: ^1H NMR of N-(2-methylbenzylidene)-o-methylbenzylamine.

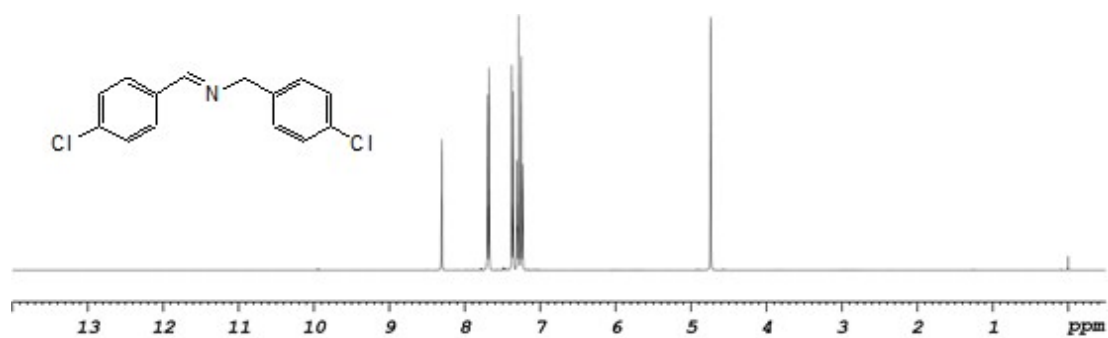


Fig. S11: ^1H NMR of N-(4-chlorobenzylidene)-p-chlorobenzylamine.

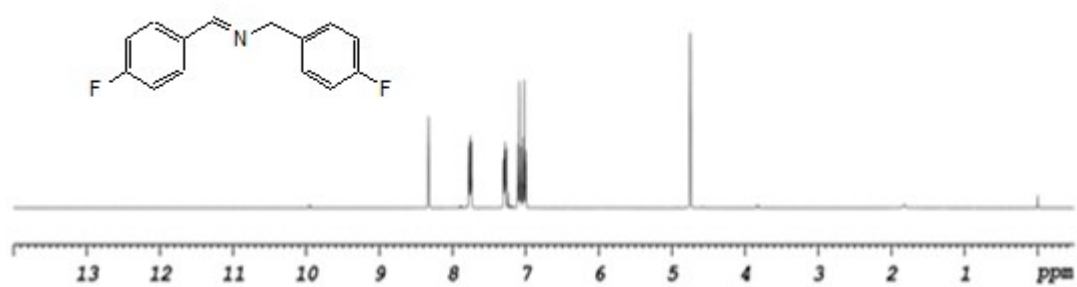


Fig. S12: ^1H NMR of N-(4-bromobenzylidene)-p-fluorobenzylamine.

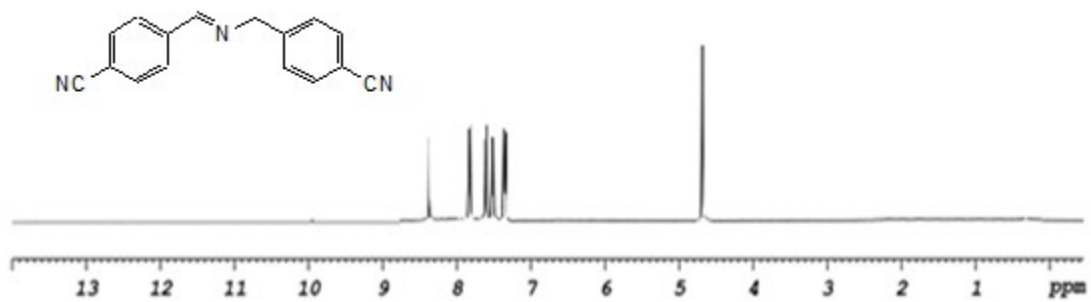


Fig. S13: ¹H NMR of N-(4-cyanobenzylidene)-p-fluorobenzylamine.

References:

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