## **Supporting Information**

## Seed-mediated synthesis of Au@PtCu nanostars with rich twin defects as efficient and stable electrocatalysts for methanol oxidation reaction

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Sample	Precursors			Au/Pt/Cu	Surface chemical
No.	[mmol]		atomic ratio	formula	
	[HAuCl <sub>4</sub> ]	$[H_2PtCl_6]$	$[Cu(NO_3)_2]$		
1	0.006	0.02	0.006	1:2.29:0.72	Pt <sub>3.2</sub> Cu
2	0.006	0.02	0.012	1:3.53:1.55	Pt <sub>2.3</sub> Cu
3	0.006	0.02	0.020	1:2.72:2.43	Pt <sub>1.1</sub> Cu
4	0.006	0.02	0.040	1:3.76:3.23	Pt <sub>1.2</sub> Cu
5	0.006	0.02	0.060	1:3.27:2.79	Pt <sub>1.2</sub> Cu
6	0.006	0.02	0.080	1:3.31:2.86	Pt <sub>1.2</sub> Cu
7	0.006	0.02	0.100	1:2.71:2.25	Pt <sub>1.2</sub> Cu
8	0.000	0.02	0.060	0:1.00:0.84	Pt <sub>1.2</sub> Cu
9	0.006	0.02	0.000	1:2.96:0.00	Au@Pt <sub>3</sub>

Table S1. ICP-AES data of the Au@PtCu decahedra, Au@Pt NPs and PtCu nanobranches.

**Table S2.** ECSAs, specific activity, mass activity and  $I_f/I_b$  ratios of Au@PtCu decahedra, Au@Pt NPs, PtCu nanobranches, and commercial Pt/C catalysts.

Sample	ECSA ( $m^2/g_{Pt}$ )	Specific activity (mA cm <sup>-2</sup> )	Mass activity (A mg <sup>-1</sup> )	$I_f / I_b$
Au@Pt <sub>1.2</sub> Cu	16.8	1.06	0.18	2.0
Au@Pt <sub>3.2</sub> Cu	15.3	0.53	0.08	1.8
Au@Pt <sub>3</sub>	46.5	0.153	0.07	2.1
Pt <sub>1.2</sub> Cu	11.7	0.267	0.03	2.7
Pt/C	63.1	0.18	0.11	1.2

Electrode materials	Specific activity	Mass activity	Reference
	(times vs.	(times vs.	
	commercial Pt/C)	commercial Pt/C)	
Au@Pt <sub>1.2</sub> Cu nanostars	5.9	1.6	this work
PtCu octahedra	4.74	7.53	1
Pd@Pt hexapods	5.8	2.6	2
star-like PtCu/rGO NCs	١	3*	3
PtCu NCs	6.2	2.37	4
PtCu@TiO2NCs	١	1	5
urchin-like PtCu NCs	١	1.5	6
PtCu hexapod concave	2.5	\	7
NCs			
porous PtCu NCs	9.8	10.5	8

Table S3. Comparison of Au@PtCu nanostars to recently reported catalysts for MOR.

\* compared with Pt/rGO NCs



**Figure S1.** (a) TEM and (b) HRTEM images of the Au seeds. The inset in (a) corresponds to the size distribution.



**Figure S2.** (a) TEM image of the Au@Pt<sub>1.2</sub>Cu nanostars and (b) the corresponding size distribution with a schematic illustration for the size definition of the nanostar.



Figure S3. XPS spectra of the  $Au@Pt_3$  NPs for (a) Au 4f and (b) Pt 4f orbitals, respectively.



Figure S4. XPS spectra of Au@Pt<sub>1.2</sub>Cu nanostars for Au 4f orbital.



**Figure S5.** TEM images of Au@PtCu decahedra prepared using the standard procedure by maintaining the amount of Au seeds constant, except for the different Pt/Cu molar ratios fed in the synthesis: (a) 1/0.3, (b) 1/0.6, (c) 1/1, (d) 1/2, (e) 1/4, and (f) 1/5.



Figure S6. TEM images of (a)  $Au@Pt_3$  NCs prepared in the absence of Cu precursors and (b)  $Pt_{1,2}Cu$  nanobranches in the absence of Au seeds.



Figure S7. XRD patterns of Au@Pt<sub>1.2</sub>Cu nanostars, Au@Pt<sub>3</sub> NPs, and Pt<sub>1.2</sub>Cu nanobranches.



**Figure S8.** TEM images of Au@PtCu nanocrystals prepared using the standard procedure, except for the reaction temperature: (a) 160, (b) 180, (c) 200, and (d) 220 °C.



**Figure S9.** TEM images of Au@PtCu nanostars that were prepared using the standard procedure, except for the difference in the amounts of CTAB: (a) 0 and (b) 100 mg.



**Figure S10.** TEM image Au@PtCu nanostars prepared using the standard procedure except for using NH<sub>4</sub>Br as the capping agent instead of CTAB.



**Figure S11.** (a) Cyclic voltammograms (CVs) recorded at room temperature with a sweep rate of 50 mV s<sup>-1</sup> in N<sub>2</sub>-saturated 0.1 M HClO<sub>4</sub> for Au@Pt<sub>1.2</sub>Cu nanobranches. (b, c) CVs in a 0.1 M HClO<sub>4</sub> + 1 M CH<sub>3</sub>OH solution at a scan rate of 50 mV/s for MOR normalized by surface area ( $i_s$ , mA/cm<sup>2</sup><sub>Pt</sub>) and Pt mass ( $i_m$ , mA/ $\mu$ g<sub>Pt</sub>), respectively. (d) Specific and mass activities at the peak position of forward curve.



Figure S12. Chronoamperometric curves of Au@ $Pt_{1.2}$ Cu nanostars and Pt/C obtained at 0.6 V for 10000 s.



**Figure S13.** TEM images of the carbon-supported star-shaped Au@Pt<sub>1.2</sub>Cu catalysts (a) before and (b) after 1500 cycles CV tests.

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