

Supplementary Information for

Iron Oxide Encapsulated by Copper-apatite: An efficient Magnetic Nanocatalyst for *N*-arylation of Imidazole with Boronic acid

Othmane Amadine,^{a*} Younes Essamlali,^a Abdallah Amedlous,^{a,b} Mohamed

Zahouily ^{a,b**}

a VARENA Center, MASCIR Foundation, Rabat Design, Rue Mohamed El Jazouli, Madinat El Irfane, 10100-Rabat, Morocco. E-mail: m.zahouily@mascir.com

b Laboratoire de Matériaux, Catalyse et Valorisation des Ressources Naturelles, URAC 24, FST, Université Hassan II-Casablanca, Morocco

Table of Contents

1. General Procedure for the Coupling of boronic acid with Imidazole	S2
2. General Procedure for the Coupling of boronic acid with Indole	S2
3. ¹ H NMR Spectra of <i>N</i> -arylImidazole	S3
4. ¹ H NMR Spectra of <i>N</i> -arylIndole	S9

1. **General Procedure for the *N*-arylation of imidazole :** In a 50 mL round-bottomed flask, imidazole (1 mmol), phenylboronic acid (1.2 mmol), K₂CO₃ (1.5 mmol) and Fe₃O₄@Cu-apatite (15 mol%) were added and stirred in MeOH under air at 60°C for the required time, monitoring by TLC. After completion, the mixture was diluted with H₂O and the product was extracted with EtOAc (3 times). The combined extracts were washed with brine (3 times) and dried over Na₂SO₄. The product was purified using column chromatography (60–120 mesh silica gels, eluting with EtOAc– hexane).
2. **General Procedure for the *N*-arylation of indole :** In a 50 mL round-bottomed flask, indole (1 mmol), phenylboronic acid (1.2 mmol), K₂CO₃ (1.5 mmol) and Fe₃O₄@Cu-apatite (15 mol%) were added and stirred in MeOH under air at 60°C for the required time, monitoring by TLC. After completion, the mixture was diluted with H₂O and the product was extracted with EtOAc (3 times). The combined extracts were washed with brine (3 times) and dried over Na₂SO₄. The product was purified using column chromatography (60–120 mesh silica gels, eluting with EtOAc– hexane).
3. **The structures of the prepared products were confirmed by ¹H NMR and assigned on the basis of their spectral data in comparison with those reported in the literature.**

***N*-Phenylimidazole (Table 4, entry 1) :** ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ 8.36 (s, 1H), 7.88 (t, 1H), 7.46 (q, *J*= 5.8 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (t, 2H), 7.33 (t, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H).

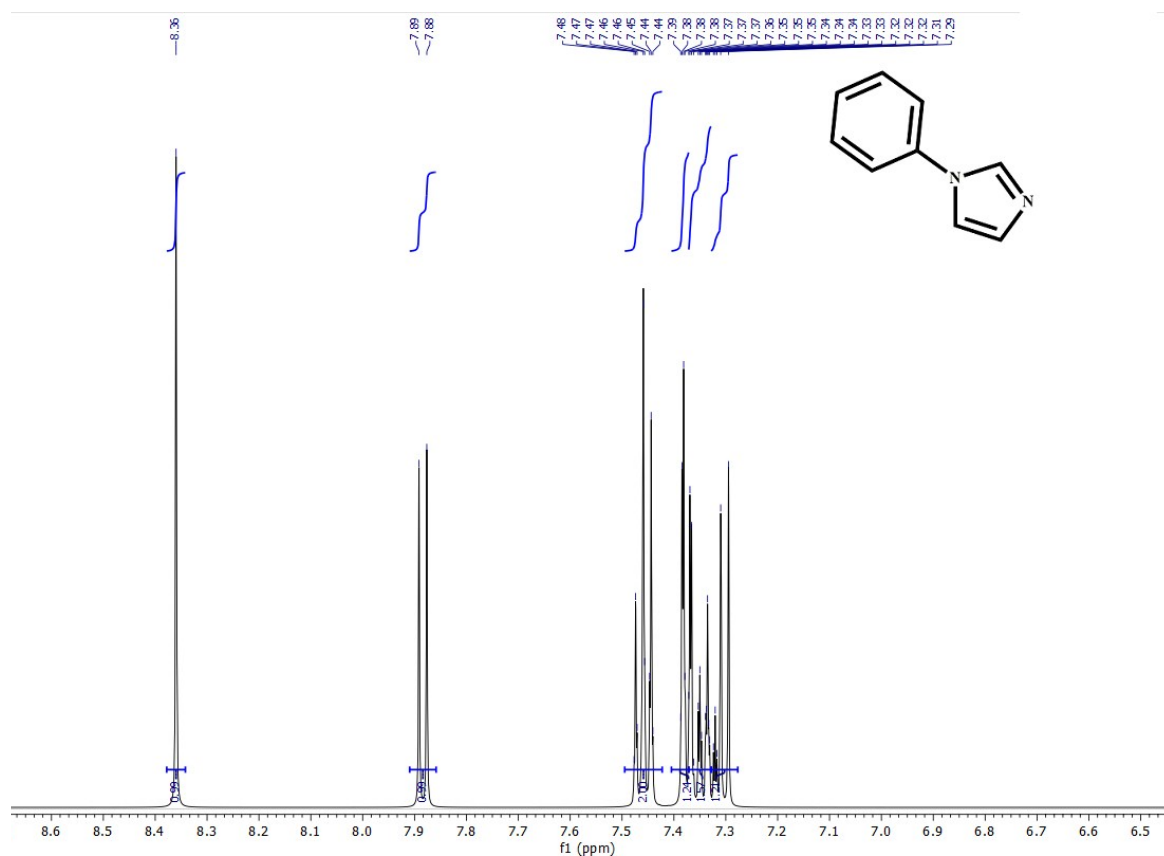


Fig. S1: ¹H NMR spectrum of the *N*-Phenylimidazole

1-*p*-Tolyl-1*H*-imidazole (Table 4, entry 2) : ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ8.36 (s, 1H), 7.31 (s, 1H), 7.25 (d, *J*= 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J*= 7.2Hz, 2H), 7.15 (s, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H). M/Z= 158.

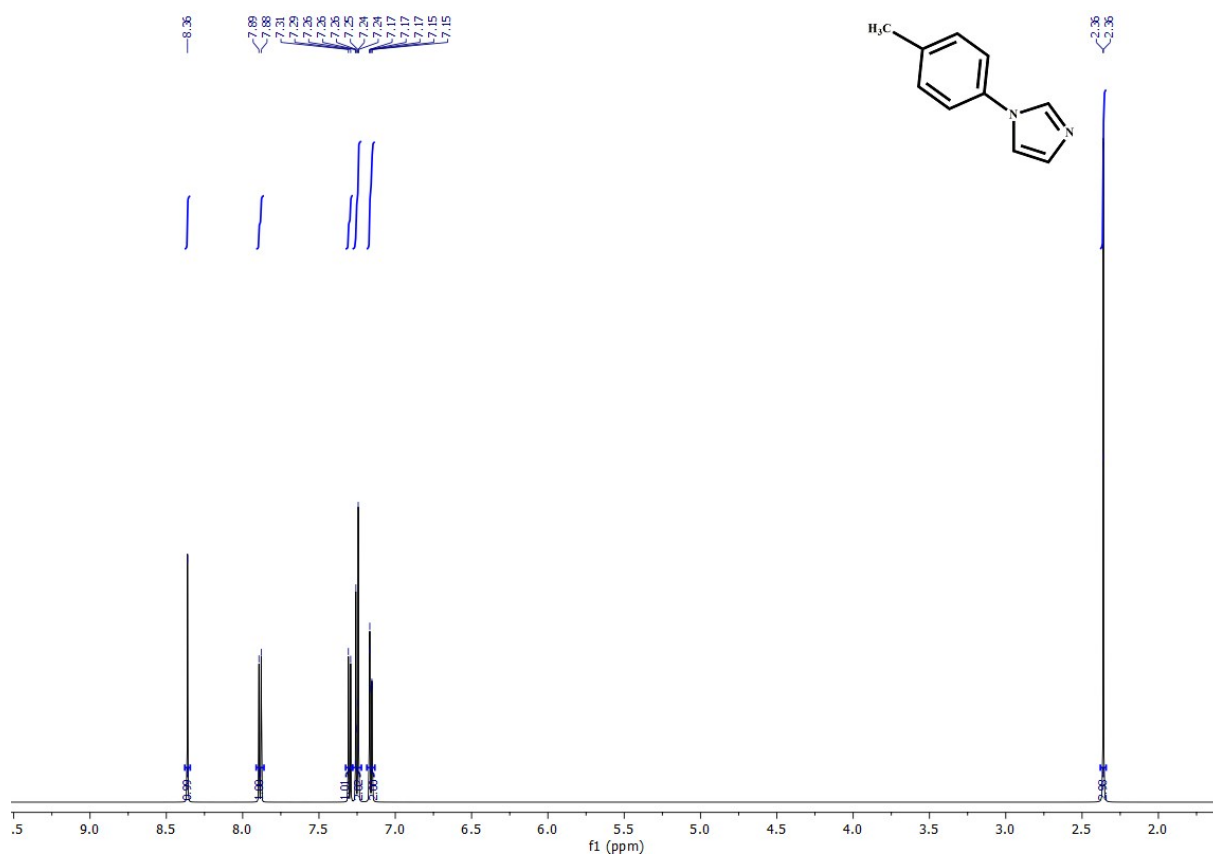


Fig. S2: ^1H NMR spectrum of the 1-*p*-Tolyl-1*H*-imidazole

1-*m*-Tolyl-1*H*-imidazole (Table 4, entry 3): ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz): δ 8.36 (s, 1H), 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 7.25 (t, 2H), 7.20 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.04 (1H, s), 2.36 (3H, s).

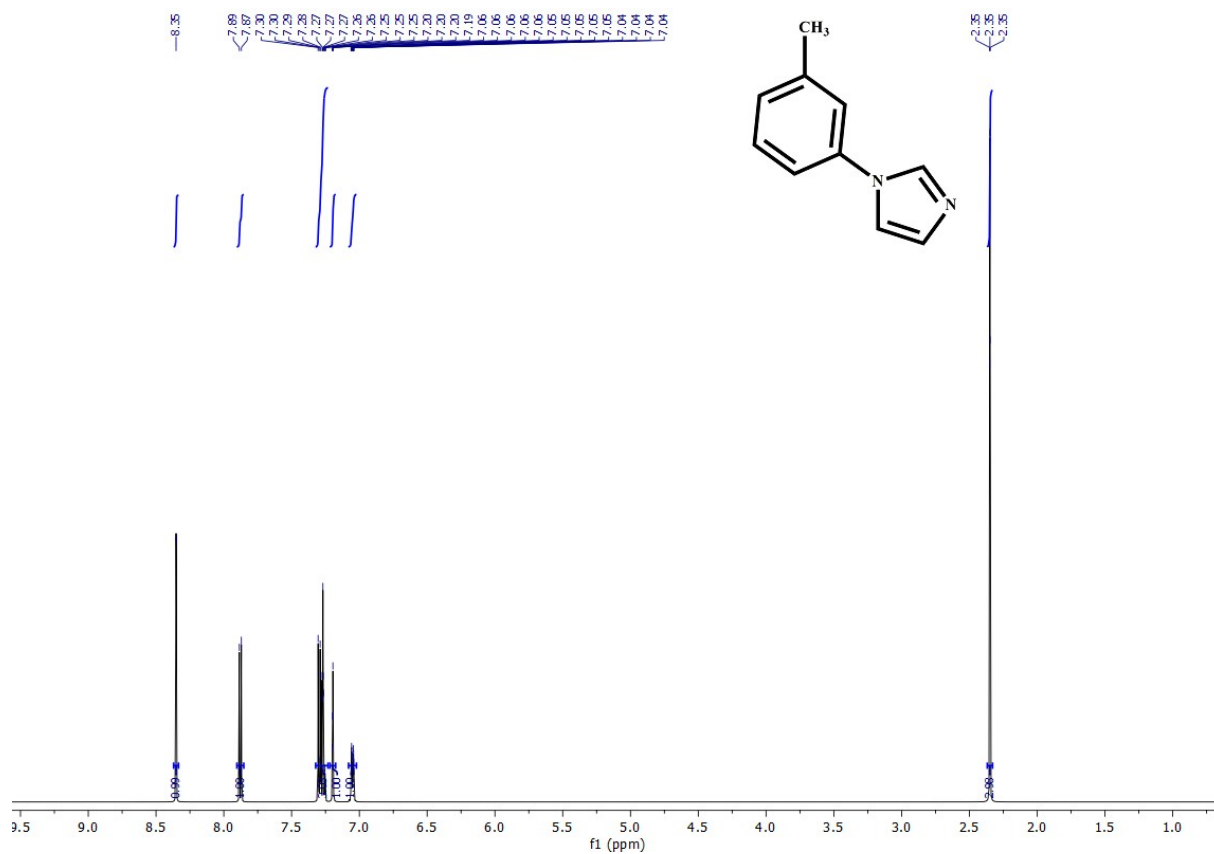


Fig. S3: ^1H NMR spectrum of the 1-m-Tolyl-1H-imidazole

1-ortho-Tolyl-1H-imidazole (Table 4, entry 4): ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 8.32 (bs, 1H), 7.33-7.30 (m, 3H), 7.29-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.15 (bs, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H).

1-(4-Methoxy-phenyl)-1H-imidazole (Table 4, entry 5): ^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 8.36 (s, 1H), 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.29 (d, $J=8.8$ Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, $J=8.8$ Hz, 3H), 3.80 (s, 3H).

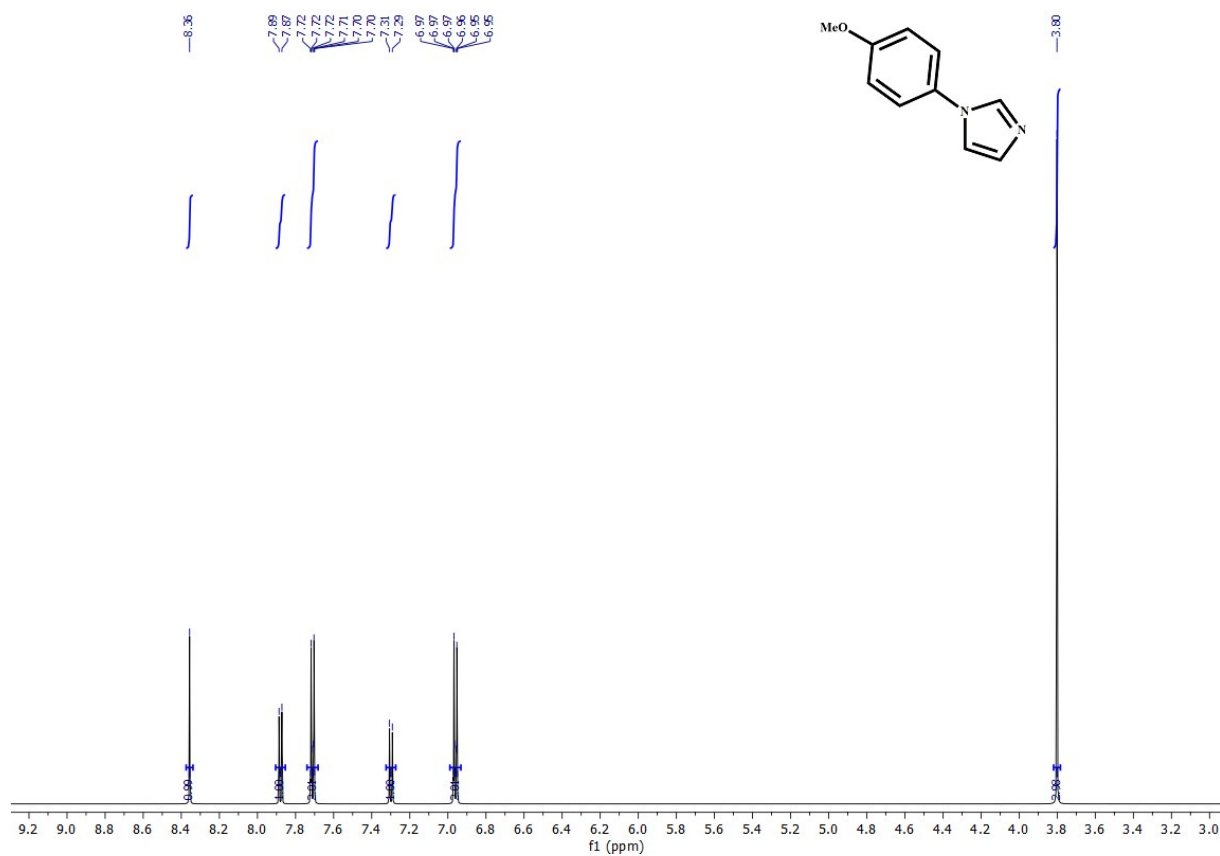


Fig. S5: ^1H NMR spectrum of the 1-(4-Methoxy-phenyl)-1H-imidazole

1-(4-Nitrophenyl)-1*H*-imidazole (Table 4, entry 6) : ^1H NMR ($\text{CDCl}_3\text{-}d_6$): δ 8.36-8.26 (m, 2 H), 7.89 (s, 1 H), 7.58-7.55 (m, 2 H), 7.32 (s, 1 H), 7.31 (d, $J= 8.8$ Hz, 1 H).

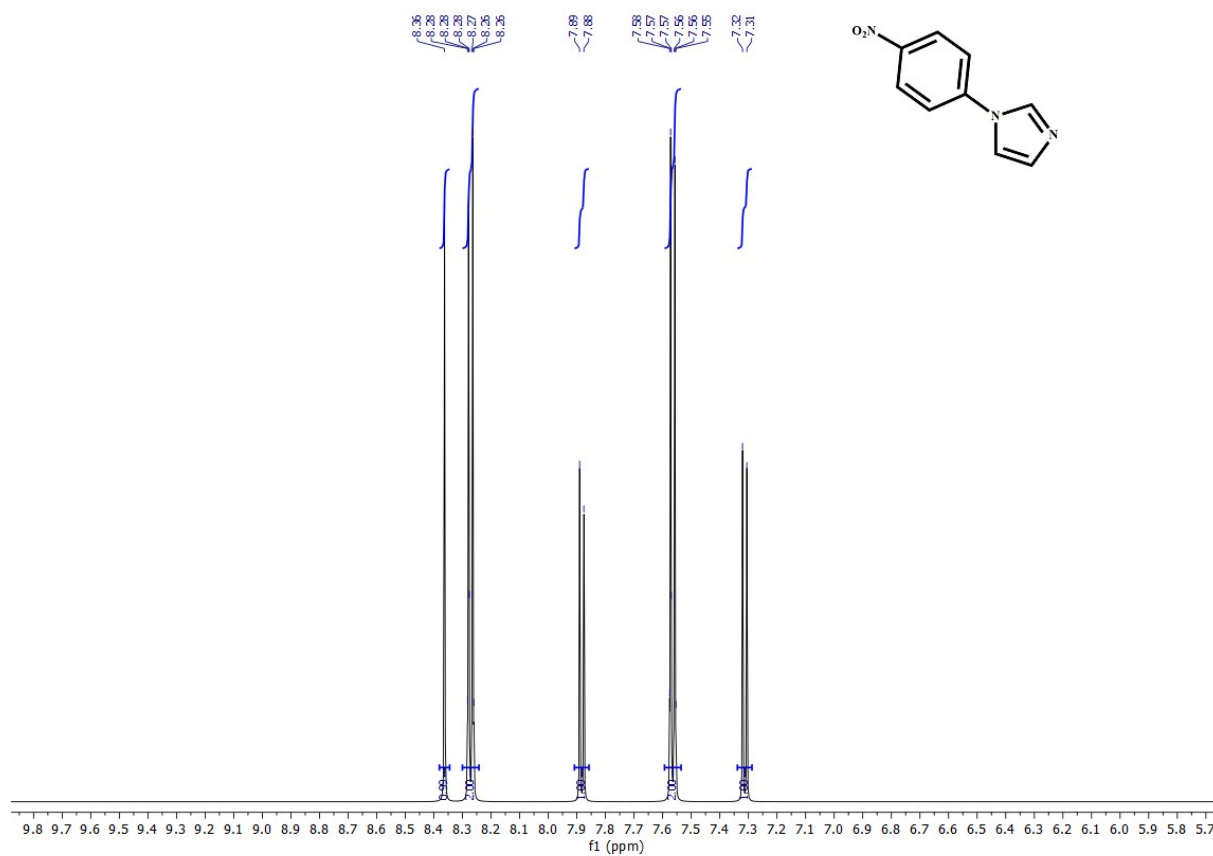


Fig. S6: ^1H NMR spectrum of the 1-(4-Nitrophenyl)-1*H*-imidazole

N-(4-Methylphenyl)indole (Table 4, entry 8) : $^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ 7.76 (d, J) 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, J) 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, J) 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.36-7.34 (m, 3H), 7.23 (t, J) 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (t, J) 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (d, J) 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H).

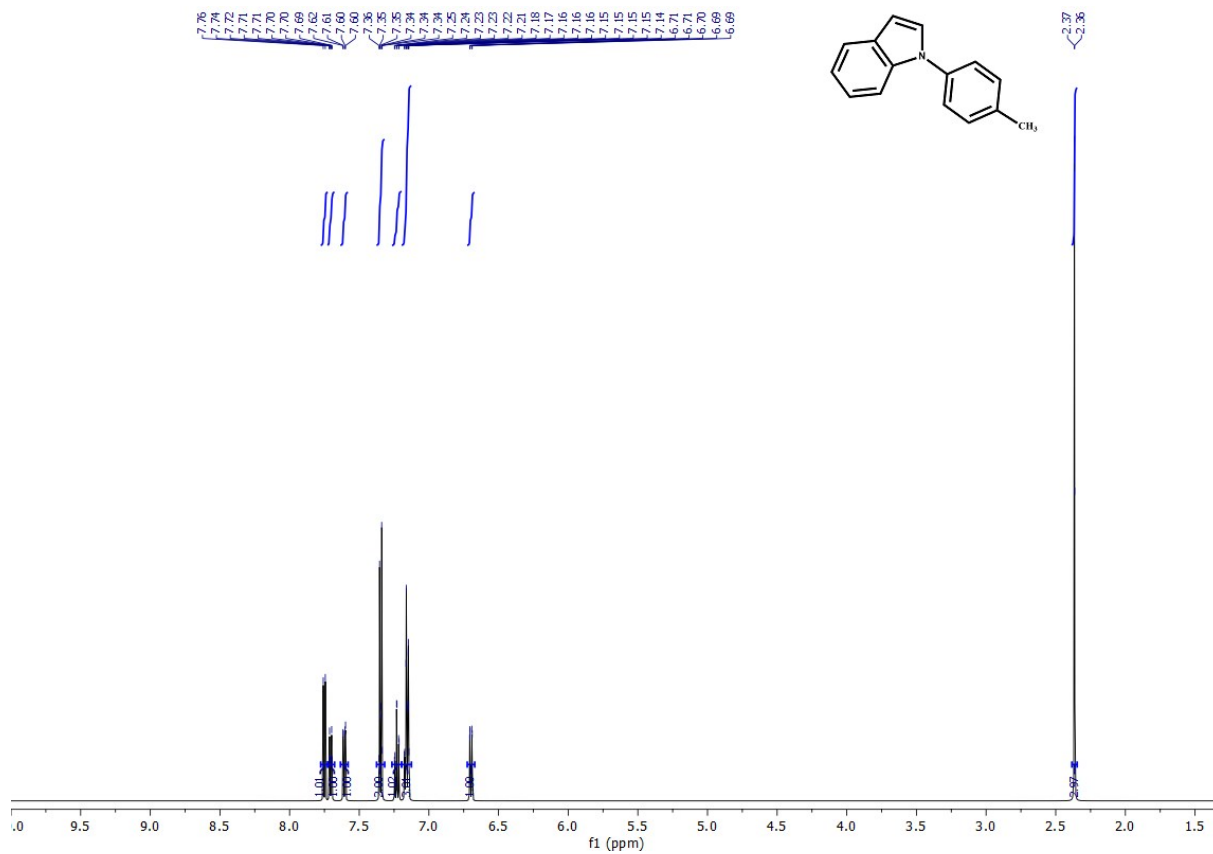


Fig. S8: $^1\text{H NMR}$ spectrum of the N-(4-Methylphenyl)indole

1-(2-Methylphenyl)indole (Table 4, entry 10): ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ : 7.76—7.62 (m, 1H), 7.31—7.20 (m, 4H), 7.18—7.15 (m, 3H), 7.14—7.12 (m, 1H), 6.67 (d, $J = 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H).

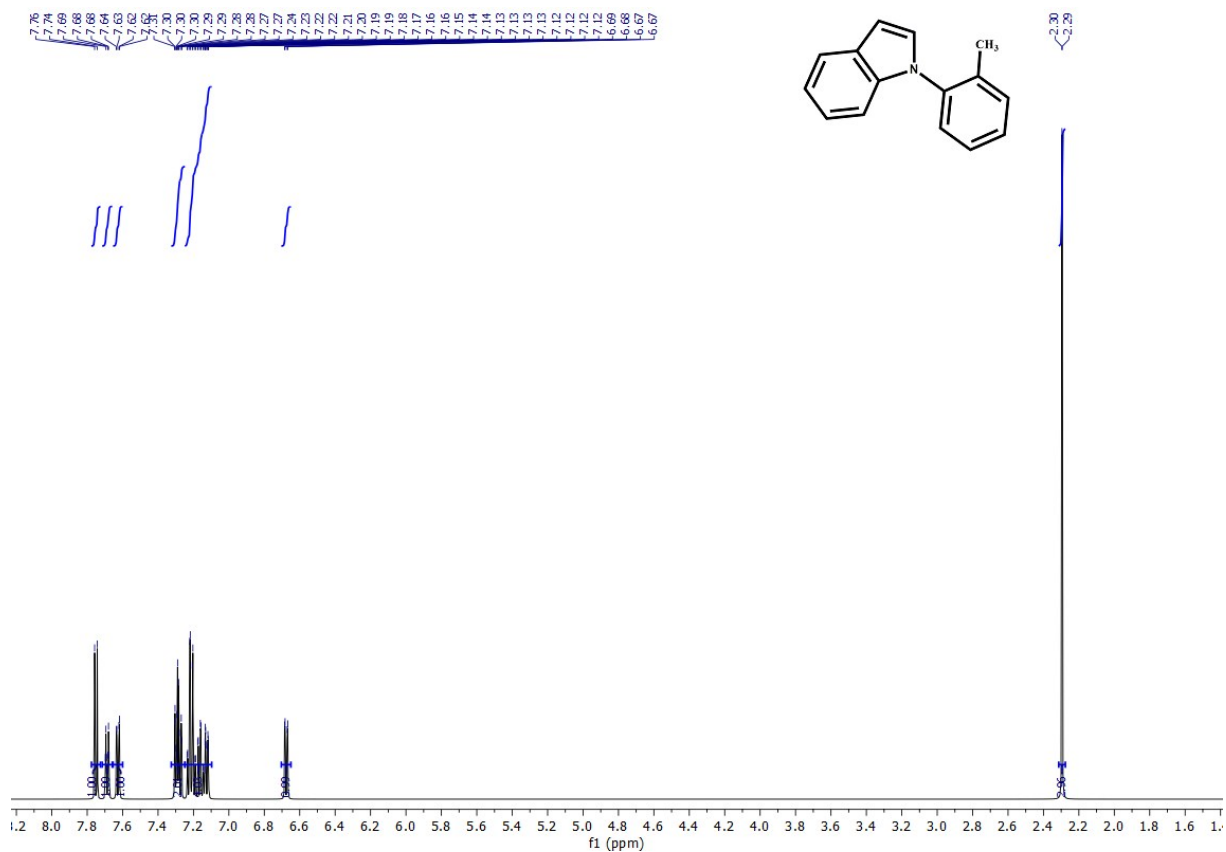


Fig. S10: ^1H NMR spectrum of the N-(2-Methylphenyl)indole

